

NEW EDITION
全新

托福考試精解

TOEFL

EXAMINATION
SUCCESSFUL
GUIDE

BY DAVID ATKINSON

1

全新 托福考試精解

美加服務中心
編譯

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全新托福考試精解

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前 言

托福考試原為美國教育機構，測驗非英語系國家學生語文之標準，沿用以來美國各大學紛紛採用，不失為一可行的辦法。

本中心向以輔導青年學子，協助其留學進修為職志，特不惜心血，動員全體教授全力搜集編撰歷屆托福試題，作為教材，供同學研讀，本不擬印行專冊，以免同學只記考古題，不注重培養本身之實力，而落外人口實。

年來托福測驗方式變更，試題有復古或翻新者多次重現，本中心一本盡善求全之責，特再動員蒐集最新資料，包羅 1976 年 9 月以後之四次考題，配合精選題庫試題，而成模擬試題共十四組，連同正確答案，堪稱市面托福參考書最權威之巨構。

美加服務中心印行

最新托福模擬試題詳解

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新 一 組 托 福 模 擬 試 題 及 原 文

SECTION I

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Time—40 minutes

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

Part A

Directions: For each problem in Part A, you will hear a short statement. The statements will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, and you must listen carefully in order to understand what the speaker says. When you hear a statement, read the four sentences in your test book and decide which one is closest in meaning to the statement you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Example I.

You will hear: John dropped the letter in the mailbox.

Sample Answer

☐ A ☒ B ☐ C ☐ D

You will read: (A) John sent the letter.
(B) John opened the letter.
(C) John lost the letter.
(D) John destroyed the letter.

Sentence (A), "John sent the letter," means most nearly the same as the statement "John dropped the letter in the mailbox." Therefore you should choose answer (A).

Example II.

You will hear: James relaxed with a sigh of relief when he heard the news.

Sample Answer

☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

You will read: (A) The news was very disappointing.
(B) The news made James very sad.
(C) The news was better than expected.
(D) The news made James extremely nervous.

Sentence (C), "The news was better than expected," is closest in meaning to the sentence "James relaxed with a sigh of relief when he heard the news." Therefore you should choose answer (C).

1. (A) John was afraid of it.
(B) John was sorry for that.
(C) John was capable to do it.
(D) John was disobeying his teacher.
2. (A) He didn't get the prize.
(B) He got the prize.
(C) He won the prize.
(D) He didn't want the prize.
3. (A) Dr. Brown couldn't react quickly.
(B) Dr. Brown kept his car under control.
(C) Dr. Brown's car went out of control.
(D) Dr. Brown's car was ruined.
4. (A) I want to sell it.
(B) I liked the T.V. commercial.
(C) I want to buy one.
(D) I went to the paper's advertising office.
5. (A) Charles was right to leave the university.
(B) Charles has gone to a better university.
(C) Charles did very well at the university.
(D) Charles wasn't be returning to the university.
6. (A) Mary likes Geometry.
(B) Mary doesn't seem to be interested in Geometry.
(C) Geometry isn't her most difficult course.
(D) Mary studies Geometry.
7. (A) Mr. White worked hard for his family.
(B) Mr. White owns his own house after 5 years of hard work.
(C) Mr. White works in his own house.
(D) Mr. White paid his land lord a lot of money.
8. (A) Mrs. Sanders never phones Susan.
(B) Susan never phones her monther.
(C) Mrs. Sanders never writes Susan.
(D) Susan never writes her mother.
9. (A) Michael buys fruits at the supermarket.
(B) Michael does most of his shopping at the supermarket.
(C) Michael buys vegetables at the supermarket.
(D) Michael doesn't do very much shopping at the supermarket.
10. (A) We didn't like to see him.
(B) We were astonished to see him.
(C) We were worried to see him.
(D) We all felt happy to see him.
11. (A) Mr. Bankson is a lawyer.
(B) Mr. Bankson is a professor.
(C) Mr. Bankson is a lawyer and a professor.
(D) Mr. Bankson is a lawyer without an office.

Go on to the next page.

12. (A) This happened in a building.
(B) This happened in a forest.
(C) This happened on a city street.
(D) This happened on a train.
13. (A) Mr. Smith is a hunter.
(B) Mr. Smith is a farmer.
(C) Mr. Smith is a cook.
(D) Mr. Smith is a clerk in a meat market.
14. (A) Jack and his sister met in New York yesterday.
(B) Jack's sister arrived from Europe yesterday.
(C) Jack's sister didn't go to Europe after all.
(D) Jack didn't have enough money to go see his sister.
15. (A) Peter and Bob solved the problem together.
(B) Peter was surprised that Bob did not want to do the problem.
(C) Peter quickly solved the problem for Bob.
(D) Bob's speed in doing the problem surprised Peter.
16. (A) Mr. Smith does not have time to do the job.
(B) Mr. Smith does not know how to do the job.
(C) Mr. Smith can do the job very quickly.
(D) Mr. Smith will be late doing the job.
17. (A) John told his friend not to stay.
(B) John decided to stay with his friend.
(C) John wanted his friend to stay.
(D) John agreed not to stay with his friend.
18. (A) Henry likes his father.
(B) Henry is not a professor.
(C) Henry's father is not a professor.
(D) Henry is disliked by his father.
19. (A) Grandmother can't walk around the garden.
(B) Grandmother is able to walk around the garden.
(C) Grandmother listened to Dr. Green.
(D) Grandmother enjoys walking around the garden.
20. (A) Sam came to New York to visit Joe.
(B) Sam stopped in New York to see Joe.
(C) Sam didn't come to New York at all.
(D) Sam came to New York but he didn't visit Joe.

Go on to the next page.

Part B

Directions: In Part B you will hear fifteen short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be spoken just one time. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Listen to the following example:

You will hear:

You will read: (A) At the office.
(B) On his way to work.
(C) Home in bed.
(D) Away on vacation.

Sample Answer

☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D

From the conversation, we know that Bill is sick and will have to remain in bed until Monday. The best answer, then, is (C), "Home in bed." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

- | | |
|--|---|
| 21. (A) not to visit his class.
(B) The class objects her visit.
(C) to visit his class next Monday.
(D) The student will have their examination next Monday. | 24. (A) 10 miles
(B) 10 minutes
(C) 15 minutes
(D) 20 minutes |
| 22. (A) Mr. Smith was sawing the tree.
(B) In the factory
(C) It was the machine.
(D) In his back yard. | 25. (A) Only 5 minutes
(B) 8:30
(C) 8:00
(D) 8:15 |
| 23. (A) colored slides.
(B) camera
(C) film
(D) pictures | 26. (A) in the Chinese restaurant.
(B) in the hotel dining room.
(C) in the Italian restaurant.
(D) the sea food is very good. |

Go on to the next page.

27. (A) to fix the button.
(B) to prepare breakfast.
(C) to wait for the school bus.
(D) at 7:30.
28. (A) He doesn't like it.
(B) He has a tooth ache.
(C) He want's to save it.
(D) He has trouble opening his mouth.
29. (A) to read books.
(B) to return books.
(C) to borrow books.
(D) to read newspapers.
30. (A) They went fishing.
(B) They played golf.
(C) They played bridge.
(D) They bought new fishing rods.
31. (A) he liked his History Professor.
(B) he did not like his History Professor.
(C) he took too many subjects.
(D) he did not like Logic.
32. (A) She didn't like to dance.
(B) She had a toothache.
(C) She had some homework to do.
(D) She had a see the dentist.
33. (A) Plato and Aristotle
(B) Karl Marx
(C) Dr. Smith's lecture
(D) History of Western Political thought
34. (A) he liked to work.
(B) he worked in an insurance company.
(C) he needed money.
(D) he didn't like to travel.
35. (A) The husband seldom noticed his wife's hair style before.
(B) The wife is overwhelmed by her husband's compliment.
(C) The husband hasn't told the truth.
(D) The wife just came back from the hairdresser's.

Go on to the next page.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks and conversations. After each talk or conversation, you will be asked some questions. The talks and questions will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, so you will have to listen carefully in order to understand and remember what the speaker says.

When you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and fill in (blacken) the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Listen to this sample talk:

Now listen to the first question on the sample talk:

You will hear:

- You will read:
- (A) A popular hobby.
 - (B) The state of New Mexico.
 - (C) An unusual kind of animal.
 - (D) New kinds of clubs to join.

Sample Answer

☐ ☒ ☐ ☐

The best answer to the question "What is the topic of the talk?" is (A), "A popular hobby." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

Now listen to the second question on the sample talk:

You will hear:

- You will read:
- (A) A person who likes to join clubs.
 - (B) A person who works in a state park.
 - (C) A person who finds and steals unusual rocks.
 - (D) A person who likes to look for unusual rocks.

Sample Answer

☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

The best answer to the question "Which of the following is the best description of a rock hound?" is (D), "A person who likes to look for unusual rocks." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

36. (A) Georgia
(B) Johnson
(C) Jackson
(D) Oak
37. (A) Things may own property.
(B) Oak trees grow old.
(C) Many people love trees.
(D) Trees sign deeds.
38. (A) It was sturdy.
(B) It was old.
(C) It was an oak.
(D) He loved it.
39. (A) in California
(B) in Washington.
(C) in Georgia.
(D) in Jackson's ville.
40. (A) no fuel.
(B) ice on the wings.
(C) engine trouble.
(D) no food.
41. (A) near a village.
(B) near an airport.
(C) on the water.
(D) far from help.
42. (A) the rest of the night.
(B) until the next noon.
(C) one day.
(D) two days.
43. (A) New England.
(B) Britain.
(C) Newfoundland.
(D) Alaska.
44. (A) none
(B) less than two
(C) two
(D) more than two
45. (A) aluminum ponder
(B) no sign of the wreck
(C) Captain Mackey
(D) the wreck
46. (A) many hours.
(B) one full day.
(C) two full day.
(D) three full day.
47. (A) a doctor
(B) supplies
(C) me chanics
(D) a murse
48. (A) He did poorly on chemistry.
(B) He got a a on physics.
(C) He didn't Know Mr. Browa.
(D) He didn't want to.
49. (A) the boy student.
(B) the teacher.
(C) the principal.
(D) the supervisor.
50. (A) He is confident that she will get it.
(B) He doesn't know her well enough to say.
(C) He ignored the whole thing.
(D) He said he could help.

S T O P

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK
ON THIS SECTION ONLY.
DO NOT WORK ON ANY OTHER SECTION IN THE TEST.

SECTION II
STRUCTURE AND WRITTEN EXPRESSION
Time — 25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

Part A

Directions: In Part A each problem consists of an incomplete sentence. Four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), (D), are given beneath the sentence. You are to choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Example I.

If John needs a pencil, he can use one -----.

- (A) of me
- (B) my
- (C) mine
- (D) of mine

Sample Answer

☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D

In English, the sentence should read, "If John needs a pencil, he can use one of mine." Therefore you should choose (D).

Example II.

Henry remembered Mary's birthday
and -----.

- (A) her sent a gift
- (B) sent her a gift
- (C) to her a gift sent
- (D) a gift to her sent

Sample Answer

☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

The sentence should read, "Henry remembered Mary's birthday and sent her a gift." Therefore you should choose (B).

As soon as you understand the directions, begin work on the problems.

1. Take an umbrella when you go to Seattle, for it rains ----- there.
 (A) frequently
 (B) as frequent
 (C) most of times
 (D) much time
2. The principal responsibility of managing the dormitory rests with the students -----.
 (A) itself
 (B) of itself
 ✓ (C) themselves
 (D) their selves
3. If I had hurried, I ----- the train.
 (A) would catch
 (B) could catch
 ✓ (C) would have caught
 (D) had caught
4. My brother seldom does his homework in the morning. -----
 (A) So does John
 (B) John is too
 (C) John doesn't too
 (D) Nor does John
5. My coat looks rather shabby, so I ought to have it -----.
 (A) clean and press
 (B) cleaning and pressing
 ✓ (C) cleaned and pressed
 (D) cleaning and pressed
6. Mary keeps talking about the party---she had a very good time, ----- she?
 (A) hadn't
 (B) had
 (C) didn't
 (D) weren't
7. I would have told him the answer had it been possible, but I ----- so busy then.
 (A) had been
 (B) were
 ✓ (C) was
 (D) would be
8. It is necessary that an efficient worker ----- his work on time.
 (A) accomplishes
 (B) can accomplish
 (C) accomplish
 (D) has accomplished
9. My hair style is not in vogue, but I am used to ----- my hair long.
 (A) having
 (B) wearing
 (C) growing
 (D) reserving
10. I didn't go to the party, but I do wish I ----- there.
 (A) was
 (B) were
 ✓ (C) had been
 (D) went

Go on to the next page.

11. I like black coffee so much because the stronger it is, -----.
- (A) I like it better
 - (B) the more I like
 - (C) the better I like it
 - (D) I like it more
12. I didn't ask him to do such a hard job. In fact, I don't expect him ----- impossibilities.
- (A) did
 - (B) do
 - (C) to do
 - (D) does
13. Dick killed the dog. I'll ask him why -----.
- (A) did he do that
 - (B) he did that
 - (C) he did
 - (D) he has done so
14. Tom isn't the tallest boy in the class, but he is taller than ----- students.
- (A) any of the
 - (B) some
 - (C) any other
 - (D) some of the
15. ----- the drought in Kansas has become less serious.
- (A) It is apparently that
 - (B) It appears that
 - (C) It must have been that
 - (D) There is appearance that

Go on to the next page.

Part B

Directions: Each problem in Part B consists of a sentence in which four words or phrases are underlined. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A),(B),(C),(D). You are to identify the one underlined word or phrase that should be corrected or rewritten. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the problem and mark your answer.

Example I.

At first the old woman seemed unwilling

A

to accept anything that was offered her by

B

C

my friends and I.

D

Sample Answer

☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D

Answer (D), the underlined pronoun I, would not be accepted in carefully written English; the form me should be used after by. Therefore, the sentence should read, "At first the old woman seemed unwilling to accept anything that was offered her by my friends and me." To answer the problem correctly, you would choose (D).

Example II.

After they had chose the books they

A

wished to read, the instructor told them

B

C

the principal points he wanted them

to note.

D

Sample Answer

☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

Answer (A), the underlined phrase had chose, should not be used in carefully written English. You may occasionally hear that phrase in spoken English, but it is not acceptable in careful writing; the form chosen should be used after had. Therefore, the sentence should read, "After they had chosen the books they wished to read, the instructor told them the principal points he wanted them to note." To answer the problem correctly, you would choose (A).

As soon as you understand the directions, begin work on the problems.