



研究生实用英语系列教程

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总主审 孔庆炎 卓如飞 杨匡汉

MODEL TESTS

测 试

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FOR GRADUATE STUDENTS

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Practical English Series

for

Graduate Students

测 试 Model Tests

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前 言

1992 年国家教委颁布了《非英语专业研究生英语教学大纲》，我国的研究生英语教学从此进入了一个新阶段。目前，贯彻大纲迫切需要一套相应而适用的教材。为此，我们东北地区的一些高等院校经过会商，一致同意联合本地区院校，共同编写研究生英语教材。东北三省的高校中有 20 余所院校的 50 多位多年从事研究生英语教学的教授、副教授、讲师组成了编审队伍。经过全体编委一年多的艰苦紧张的努力，编成了《研究生实用英语系列教程》。

《研究生实用英语系列教程》严格按照大纲的教学目的，全面提高研究生读、写、译、听、说的能力。系列教程全套共含五种教程，六个分册；即《精读》、《泛读》（上、下）、《写译》、《听说》、《测试》。五种教程既相互配合，形成一个整体，又根据各自特点，自成体系，因此，在使用过程中，可根据各校具体情况，灵活掌握。本系列教程符合学习语言必须进行全面训练的规律，故也可供研究人员、出国人员以及其他的相应层次的英语学习者使用。

《研究生实用英语系列教程》的编写考虑到研究生教学多层次、重应用、高智性的特点，尤其是重应用的特点，我们力图突出本系列教程的实用性，旨在通过本系列教程的学习和训练，培养研究生进行学习、工作、研究和国际交流所需要的语言运用能力。为了强调实用性，本系列教程所含的《阅读》、《写

译》、《听说》等教程中的大量材料均直接选自国外报章、杂志、书籍、广告或其它生活情景的原文或原型材料,使读者在学习过程中有亲临其境和边学边用的感受。通过学习,都能在相应课程的领域内获得不同程度的技能。同时,《测试》教程是严格按照《非英语专业硕士研究生英语学位课程考试大纲》规定编写的,它配合其它各门课程,帮助研究生进行学位课程考试和其它相应的水平考试的训练。

《研究生实用英语系列教程》的选材十分注意思想健康、语言规范、内容新颖、题材广泛、体裁多样。系列教程具有科学性、知识性、趣味性、可读性等特点,使读者增长知识,开阔视野,同时,选用一些富有哲理性的文章,引导学生“运其才智”,适应研究生高智性的要求。本教程的练习不仅数量大,并且形式多种,以帮助读者掌握所学知识,全面发展各项语言运用能力。

《研究生实用英语系列教程》各分册的词汇工作,均依据《研究生英语词汇表》进行的,具有较大的覆盖率和重复率。为了节省篇幅,未列总词汇表,但在《泛读》的不同单元的课文中保留重复词汇,以方便读者。并且,所有词汇均按《研究生英语词汇表》的规定,给出分级词汇标志(*或**)以有利于读者有目的地记忆和使用。

在《研究生实用英语系列教程》的编写过程中,我们得到了参编院校有关领导的亲切关怀和大力支持,我们对他们表示衷心的感谢。参编院校有:哈尔滨工业大学、吉林工业大学、吉林大学、东北大学、大连理工大学、哈尔滨建筑大学、哈尔滨船舶工程学院、大庆石油学院、黑龙江大学、哈尔滨医科大学、哈尔滨科技大学、东北林业大学、长春地质学院、长春光机学

院、吉林工学院、白求恩医科大学、长春邮电学院、辽宁大学、阜新矿业学院、大连医科大学。各分册教程均经有关参编院校的英美等国外专家审校，我们对他们深表谢意。

我们五十多位编审成员，来自二十多所院校，为了一个共同的目的，进行联合编书工作，这确是一段既令人兴奋又经历艰难的历程。我们深知水平有限，更是时间紧迫，因此错漏尽在意料，我们期待着同行和读者的批评指正。我们十分珍惜这段共同合作的经历和友谊，我们将把我们这个共同劳动的结晶的诞生，作为继续合作的开始，愿为不断提高东北地区研究生教学质量，进而为全国研究生教学事业继续做出微薄的贡献而努力。

《研究生实用英语系列教程》编委会

1994. 4.

使用说明

本书为《研究生实用英语系列教程》的测试教程。本教程中所有试题均按《非英语专业硕士研究生英语教学大纲》和《非英语专业硕士研究生英语学位课程考试大纲》的规定和要求,针对全国非英语专业硕士研究生英语学位课程考试设计和编写的。每套试题的形式和题量与国家标准考试样题相同;试题难度、覆盖率、干扰项等均与样题接近。

本教程各份试题的语言材料均选自国外最新出版的原文书刊,由作者悉心整理和精选之后按“两纲”的规定和要求进行拟题。读者若能按试题要求,认真答完每套试题,不仅对于巩固英语基础知识、提高英语综合运用能力以及提高应试能力有帮助,而且可以测出自己的英语水平是否达到了“两纲”要求。

本教程可用于英语学位课程考试前帮助学生提高英语语言综合运用能力,有助于学生通过硕士研究生学位英语考试;亦可用于教学过程中检验学生对其它教程掌握的情况,以便及时调整教学要点和教学方法。

本教程的使用可采取学生课下自测与教师课上指导相结合的方式进行。

编 者

1994. 5.

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TEST 1

PAPER ONE

Part I LISTENING COMPREHENSION (15 minutes, 15 points)

Section A (1 point each)

Directions: In this section, you will hear nine short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be spoken only once. Choose the best answer from the four choices given by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square bracket on your Machine-scoring Answer Sheet.

1. a. Near an art museum. b. At a science exhibit.
c. At a news conference. d. Near a paint store.
2. a. She was the girl's friend.
b. She was the girl's mother.
c. She was the girl's librarian.
d. She was the girl's grandmother.
3. a. to have a cup of coffee.
b. to go to the Northern Airlines counter.
c. to call a friend in the hotel.
d. to make hotel reservations on the phone.
4. a. The first hot dog came from Germany.
b. Hot dog originated in the United States.

10. a. The advantages of refrigeration.
b. Cooking food in the summer.
c. Food spoilage in the summer.
d. Fun in the summer.
11. a. Eat it immediately.
b. Throw it away.
c. Try a little.
d. Cook it thoroughly.
12. a. They have changed much in their way of life.
b. They have not changed much in their way of life.
c. They no longer live in Arctic regions.
d. Their life in the past was miserable.
13. a. The cart. b. The sled.
c. The reindeer. d. The dog.
14. a. He lived with his wife.
b. He lived with his son.
c. He lived with his friend.
d. He lived with his daughter.
15. a. John Alden.
b. Miles Standish.
c. Neither John nor Miles.
d. She had no idea.

Part II VOCABULARY (10 minutes, 10 points)

Section A (0.5 point each)

Directions: There are ten items in this section. Each item is a sentence with one word or phrase underlined. Below the sentence are four words or phrases marked a, b, c and d. Choose the word or phrase that is closest in meaning to the underlined

one. Mark the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square bracket on your Machine-scoring Answer Sheet.

16. The Underground Railroad was an elaborate network of safe houses organized to help slaves escape from bondage before the Civil War.
a. a complicated b. an illegal
c. a secret d. an isolated
17. This proposal might be an incentive for some doctors to perform necessary tests and operations.
a. force b. encourage c. cause d. persuade
18. The army corps carried out the general's order to the letter.
a. in every detail b. in response
c. in the letter d. in writing
19. In China, the business is in a state of transition.
a. development b. change
c. decline d. depression
20. When required by their parents to eat spinach and other green vegetable, many children only do so reluctantly.
a. imitatively b. impatiently
c. unwillingly d. unknowingly
21. If an object is suspended from any point on the vertical line passing through its center of gravity, the object will remain stationary.
a. secure b. flexible c. immobile d. hung
22. The president is on the point of providing the committee with a briefing paper on the plan.

- ☒ a. about to provide ☒ b. reluctant to provide
☐ c. expected to provide ☐ d. anxious to provide
23. Scientific evidence from different disciplines demonstrates that in most humans the left hemisphere of the brain controls language.
- ☐ a. group of followers ☐ b. years
☐ c. countries ☒ d. fields of study
24. The concept of market system caught on quickly.
- ☐ a. proved useful ☐ b. lost vigour
☒ c. became popular ☐ d. was rejected
25. It is necessary that the membership applications should be dispatched immediately.
- ☐ a. disposed of ☒ b. sent off
☐ c. discussed about ☐ d. filled out

Section B (0.5 point each)

Directions: There are ten items in this section. Each item is a sentence with something missing. Below each sentence are four words or phrases marked a, b, c and d. Choose one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Mark the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square bracket on your Machine-scoring Answer Sheet.

26. John took great _____ to please his employer.
- ☒ a. suffer ☐ b. pains
☒ c. effort ☐ d. hurt
27. Now that the boy was earning his own living he could _____ his father's strict rules.
- ☐ a. defy ☒ b. deny
☐ c. deflect ☐ d. decline

28. The phrase ORGANIZATION MAN was first coined in 1965 to describe an individual _____ to a firm's goal.
a. committed ☒ b. disposed
c. inherent ☒ d. credible
29. In buying a suit, a difference of ten cents in prices is _____.
☒ a. accessible b. compatible
c. negligible ☒ d. intelligible
30. The doctor didn't _____ to the patient his hopeless condition.
a. relieve b. retrieve
c. repeal ☒ d. reveal
31. Get a shirt one size larger than you usually wear, because this material _____ when you wash it.
a. fades ☒ b. shrinks
c. reduces ☒ d. retreats
32. The burglar was taken to the Police Station and _____ with breaking and entering.
☒ a. accused b. tried
c. blamed ☒ d. charged
33. In the later 70s, the price of gold rose sharply _____ a world wide sense of insecurity.
a. on behalf of b. in spite of
c. in payment of ☒ d. on account of
34. I thought it was going to rain but it has _____ fine.
☒ a. turned out b. came out
c. brought out ☒ d. stood out

35. When they moved into their new house, they decided to _____ most of their old furniture.

- a. get hold of b. get the best of
c. get away with d. get rid of

Part III CLOZE TEST (10 minutes, 15 points)

Directions: Read the passage through. Then, go back and choose one suitable word or phrase marked a, b, c or d for each blank in the passage. Mark the corresponding letter of the words or phrase you have chosen with a single bar across the square bracket on your Machine-scoring Answer Sheet.

Now there is in America a curious combination of pride in having risen to a position where it is (36) necessary to depend upon manual labor for a living and delight in what one is able to (37) with his hand.

This attitude toward manual labor is seen in many (38) of American life. One is invited to dinner at a home that is not only comfortable but even luxuriously furnished, and in which there is (39) evidence of the fact that the family has been able (40) foreign travel, expensive hobbies, and college education for the children; yet the hostess probably will cook the dinner (41), and will wash the dishes afterward. (42), the dinner will not consist merely of something quickly taken from various cans and a cake or pie bought at the nearby bakery. (43) the contrary, the hostess usually (44) careful preparation of special dishes. (45), she does most of her other household work; and even though her husband may be a professional man, he talks about washing the car, digging in his flower (46), painting the house, or (47) tile on the floor of the recreation room in the basement. His wife may even help him with these things, just (48) he often helps her with the dishwashing. The son who is away at college may wait (49) tables and wash dishes in a restaurant, or during the summer he may work with a construction gang on a new highway in order to earn his next

year's school (50).

36. a. no longer b. no more
c. any more d. any longer
37. a. finish b. manage
c. accomplish d. succeed
38. a. directions b. aspects
c. fields d. areas
39. a. every b. no
c. few d. little
40. a. to afford b. to go
c. to make d. to take
41. a. on herself b. with herself
c. for herself d. by herself
42. a. Similarly b. However
c. Furthermore d. Nevertheless
43. a. on b. to
c. in d. for
44. a. takes pride on b. takes pride in
c. proud of d. proud about
45. a. In addition b. In a sense
c. In a way d. In case
46. a. floors b. fields
c. pots d. beds

47. a. lying b. laying
 c. laid d. lain
48. a. as b. like
 c. because d. for
49. a. on b. for
 c. by d. against
50. a. income b. salary
 c. finance d. expenses

Part IV READING COMPREHENSION (45 minutes, 30 points)

Directions: In this part of the test, there are five short passages for you to read. Read each passage carefully, and then answer the questions or complete the unfinished statements that follow. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d and mark the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square bracket on your Machine-scoring Answer Sheet.

Passage One

Convective flow should be familiar to anyone who has noted the boiling of a heated liquid. The most elementary type of convection can be explained by the fact that heat rises. In the simplest cases, convective flow begins when a fluid is heated from below. As the bottom layer of the fluid is heated, it expands and thus becomes less dense than the layers above. The warmer and lighter bottom layer then tends to rise and the cooler layer tends to sink in a continuous cycle. The same mechanism of convective flow is responsible for the great ocean currents and for the global circulation of the atmosphere. In an ocean, the water is warmed by the sun to a depth of perhaps thirty meters, and evaporation near the water's surface is responsible for the cooling effect.