BOOK 2

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英 语

第二册

王正尧 主编

朱宝雄 李慧琴 盛建元 编写

华东师范大学 公共外语教研室 1983 年

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EAQS 26 再版说明

本教材系由华东师范大学公共外语教研室英语教材编写组负责编写。1981年开始试用,1983年1月由华东师大邀请使用本教材的部分高校代表来校讨论,征求了他们对教材的意见后加以修改。1983年9月修订再版。参加修改的除主编和编写人员外,还有江鸿恩同志。修改稿经彭荣仁、吴遐龄两位先生审阅。周缵武先生参加了部分审阅工作。

承蒙本校澳大利亚教师 Mrs Helen Cornish 审阅了全稿, 並提出了许多宝贵意见,特此志谢。

由于编者水平有限,诚恳希望使用本教材的同志给予指正。

华东师范大学公共外语教研室 英语教材编写组 1983年 上海

INTRODUCTION

This set of books is designed for use in a twoyear course serving those non-English majors at universities.

The course is divided into four volumes. Each consists of eight units in which texts, grammar, reading materials and a great variety of oral and written exercises are provided.

The reader will find the following features that distinguish the present books from others.

- 1. It is written chiefly in English, with a view to facilitating the mastery of the English language by actually using it.
- 2. Preliminary lessons with revision exercises are given at the beginning of each volume for the students to go over what they have learned before.
- 3. Materials in all four volumes are mostly from well-known books, in order to present English in its best form, and from current periodicals to make the course more interesting.
- 4. Each book is accompanied by a Teacher's Manual, and a cassette tape recording.

It is estimated that by the end of the course the

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students will have learned approximately 4,500 words and phrases. They will have acquired a knowledge of English grammar and be able to read intermediate level books, to converse with English speaking people on topics of everyday life and to write, for example, a simple letter without much difficulty.

Our books, though revised, are by no means void of errors and shortcomings. We cordially welcome comments and criticisms from teachers and students.

Finally, we wish to express our sincere thanks to all our colleagues for their help in making this course a reality.

Textbook Compiling Group ESP Department East China Normal University

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PRELIMINARY LESSONS

(General Review of Book One)

Part One

Vocabulary

1. Put in the missing letters:

pat_nt t_mp__t_re
ben_fi_al b_rb_r
behav__r im_edi_tely
m_d_c_ne qu__r_l
Brit_n lan_a_e
Ru_i_n ch_i_t's
pres_ri_e a_co_d_ng

2. In these sets of words three words have the same vowel sound but one does not. Underline the one that does not.

Exa	mple: say	said lay	great	***
1)	rise	wise	sick	sight
2)	year	bear	hear	dear
3)	early	learn	ears	thirdly
4)	frozen	rose	choose	nose
5)	once	enough	abov e	joke
·6)	were .	chair	pair	their

7)	road	showed	load	broad			
8)	tool	took	cool	pool			
9)	laid	said	paid	afraid			
10)	sweat	meat	seat	heat			
3. Un	derline th	e one wo	rd or phra	se that does			
not	belong w	vith the ot	hers.				
Exa	mple: mi	nute perce	nt century i	nonth			
1)	hot	warm	green	cold			
2)	cough	flu	clinic	headache			
3)	snow	grass	flower	tree			
4)	pond	lake	river	steam			
5)	rain	sun	thunder	lightning			
6)	earth	moon	sun	ice			
7)	like	enjoy	assume	be fond of			
8)	get	give	obtain	acquire			
9)	ring up	call on	call up	telephone			
10)	e xamine	attend to	look after	take care of			
4. Giv	e the cor	responding	words:				
1)	sharp-v	7.	2) pati	ent—adv.			
3)	sleep-a	dj.	4) pres	scribe—n.			
5)	hot—n.	No. 2 programme	6) kno	w—n.			
7)	medicine	—adj.	8) thou	ught—v.			
9)	rich—n.		10) bea	uty—adj.			
5. Giv	e the cor	rect form	of the word	in brackets			
for	for each sentence:						
Exa	mple: (ki	nd) Thank	you for you	ır kindness			
1)	(benefit)	Early	rising is	to health.			
,	÷						

	2)	(anger)	On hear	ing t	he news, Tom got <u>e</u>
	3)	(prepare)	The stu	dents	s are making for
		•	the par	ty.	
	4)	(behaviour)	The yo	ung	man always with
			great co	ompo	sure.
	5)	(gay)	Children	n of	ften playafter
			school.		٠. ٠
	6)	(lose)	The peo	ople i	n that village suffered
			great_	la	ist year because of
			the flo	od.	
	7)	(strong)	They a	re no	t equal in
	8)	(different)	There	is no	greatbetween
			the two	thin	gs.
6.	Wr	ite words w	ith opp	osite	meanings to the fol-
	lov	wing:			
	1)	patiently		2)	indoors
	3)	happy		4)	normal
	5)	same		6)	strong
	•	empty	*.	8)	remember
	9)	lose		10)	wrong
7.		ose the app	-	ansv	wers:
	•	speed up			
		A be quick			
			fast	\mathbf{D}	cause to go faster
	•	keep fit			
			althy	В	in good health
	(C healthy		D	stay in good health

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3)	proper
	A sure B suitable
	C certain D special
4)	gradually
	A slowly B little and little
	C step by step D generally
5)	a couple of weeks
	A quite a few weeks B many weeks
	C two or three weeks D one week
6)	assume the airs of a grown-up man
	A pretend the airs of a grown-up man
	B pretend to be a grown-up man
	C look just like a grown-up man
	D have the airs of a grown-up man
7)	presently
	A lately B later
	C some time later D in a little while
8)	surgery
	A chemist's B operation room
	C clinic D optician's
9)	a great number of
	A large quantity of B a great deal
·	C a large size of D a great many
10)	I'll call a doctor.
	A I'll ask a doctor.
	B I'll visit a doctor.
	C I'll see a doctor.

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- D I'll telephone a doctor.
- 11) feel quite oneself

A feel happy

B feel good

C feel well

D feel better

- 12) Sunday school is
 - A a school where children study science on Sunday.
 - B a school where children study language on Sunday.
 - C a school where children study different subjects on Sunday.
 - D a school where children are given religious education on Sunday.
- 8. Correct the mistakes in the following sentences:
 - 1) The doctor wanted me to eat the medicine he prescribed.
 - 2) Yesterday I had a temperature, but it was not very hot.
 - 3) My sister is not fond of swimming, too.
 - 4) I'm telling you that to your own benefit.
 - 5) My father was in the habit of going to bed very lately when he was young.
 - 6) I have made some progress under the help of my teachers.
 - 7) During his stay in China, Mr Johnson got acquainted to quite a few Chinese scientists.
 - 8) "Mr Smith isn't in. Would you please call him

up sometimes tomorrow?" I said on the phone.

9. A Crossword Puzzle

						سوچاند در پ دس		
	1			2				3
4					~	5	6	
7			8		, -		,	
9								10
11			12			13	14	
	15	16			17			
18		19			20			21
22				23				
				`	24	25	8	
26	27		28	29		30	₩.	
	31					32	14	

 8) The past form of SLEEP is 9) is half of two. 11) Two letters meaning NORTHEAST are 13) A young boy or a young girl is s called a 	Acŗ	OSS
7) Two letters meaning ALL RIGHT are 8) The past form of SLEEP is 9) is half of two. 11) Two letters meaning NORTHEAST are 13) A young boy or a young girl is scalled a 15) Have you that letter yet? No, but it soon. 19) This soup is hot, isn't? 20) We wear shoes our feet. 22) The past form of HAVE is 23) The opposite of YES is 24) The past form of KEEP is 26) Children like play games. 28) He's hungry, and I, too. 30) She needs piece of paper. 31) The number between eight and ten is 32) Would you like coffee or? Down 2) The past form of TELL is 3) I've lost my pen. Have you seen?	1)	The opposite of WEST is
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4) He will be here?		
	4)	He will be here?