

英语语法测试练习

English Practical Grammar Test Exercises

外语教学与研究出版社

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赵纯梧(主编)

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2543/06

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外语教学与研究出版社出版

(北京市西三环北路19号)

上海市印刷三厂排版

北京第二新华印刷厂印刷

新华书店北京发行所发行

全国各地新华书店经售

开本 787×1092 1/32 7.5印张 118千字

1987年2月第一版 1987年2月北京第一次印刷

印数 1—48,000册

ISBN 7-5600-0153-X/H·29

书号: 9215·313 定价: 1.20元

前 言

目前升入高等理工科院校的学生，多数都具有较“全面”的英语语法知识，可是他们在使用英语时却常犯语法错误。因此高校公共英语教学仍需进行这方面的工作。一般高校教材中也专门列有语法 (Grammar 或 Structure Study) 的内容。但是我们从教学实践中发现，这部分教学内容如以系统讲课方式进行，多数学生觉其重复而不感兴趣，教学效果亦不佳。后来我们将这部分内容改成语法测试练习课，学生通过测试练习和听教师的测试讲评，使自己的语法知识深化和系统化，效果较好。编者根据近年来的教学实践，编辑此书奉献给从事公共英语教学的同行作为语法教学的辅助用书。本书亦可作为高等院校的学生以及自学英语者进行自我语法测试的参考书。

本书的特点：

一、所列语法专题均为阅读英文资料和参加高一级考试 (如考研究生等) 所必须掌握的内容，其中包括许多自学者感到“伤脑筋”的“省略 (Ellipsis)”和“倒装 (Inversion)”两个专题。

二、每个专题均遵循一定的语法系统性，便于教师在测试练习后组织讲评教学，但也有综合运用部分。故并非语法例句的堆砌。

三、每个专题都包括一篇读物供测试，以补单句缺乏上下文语言环境之不足。

四、每个专题一百条，便于按百分制记分。

五、书后附答案，以供参考。

六、考虑到目前对高等理工科院校学生进行普通英语和科技英语“共核”教学的要求，本书主要选材于科普读物、名人传记、国外英语教材和部分文学读物。

七、附录中收集了1980—1985年攻读硕士学位研究生考试“汉译英”试题。

本书由北京化工学院外语教研室赵纯梧主编，参加编写的有李丰、朱晓苑、许淑华。Exercises No. 1, 3 由朱晓苑编写，No. 2, 4, 5, 9, 12, 15 由李丰编写；No. 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 17 及附录由赵纯梧编写、收集；No. 13 由许淑华编写，No. 16 由许淑华、李丰、赵纯梧合编。

本书编写过程中，得到有关方面的大力支持和帮助，特此致谢。

由于编者水平有限，书中难免有不妥或错误之处，欢迎读者指正。

编 者

1985年5月

Contents

Exercise No. 1 ✓ (Tenses & Voices)	1
Exercise No. 2 ✓ (Noun Clauses)	8
Exercise No. 3 (Adverbial Clauses)	20
Exercise No. 4 (The Infinitive) 不定式	32
Exercise No. 5 ✓ (The Gerund) 动名词	40
Exercise No. 6 (Attributive Clauses) 定语从句	48
Exercise No. 7 (The Participles I) 分词	61
Exercise No. 8 (The Participles II)	72
Exercise No. 9 ✓ (The Non-finites) 非谓语动词	83
Exercise No. 10 ✓ (The Complement) 补语	92
Exercise No. 11 ✓ (Ellipsis) 省略	105
Exercise No. 12 ✓ (Inversion)	119
Exercise No. 13 ✓ (The Subjunctive Mood)	132
Exercise No. 14 ✓ (Uses of "That")	143
Exercise No. 15 ✓ (Uses of "As")	155
Exercise No. 16 (Uses of "It")	168
Exercise No. 17 (Translation Practice [C→E] for Grammar)	179
Appendix I (1980—1985年攻读硕士学位研究生考试“汉译英” 试题)	184
Appendix II Key to English Practical Grammar Test Exercises	187

Exercise No. 1 (Tenses & Voices)

I. Give the missing forms of tenses: (20 marks)

	simple tense	continuous tense	perfect tense	perfect continuous tense
present	do does	(1)	(2)	(3)
past	(4)	was doing were doing	(5)	(6)
future	(7)	shall be doing (8)	shall have done will have done	(9)
past future	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)

The passive voices:

	simple tense	continuous tense	perfect tense
present	am told is told are told	(14)	(15)
past	(16)	was being told were being told	(17)
future	(18)		shall have been told will have been told
past future	(19)		(20)

II. Complete the sentences with the suitable forms of

verbs:

21. They _____ with us for the time being.
a. would stay b. will stay
c. have been staying d. ☒ will be staying
22. The train from this station _____ on time.
☒ a. never leaves b. will never leave
c. is never leaving d. ☒ never left
23. Since the road is wet this morning, _____ last night.
a. it must rain b. it must be raining
☒ c. it must have rained d. ☒ it must have been rain
24. I can't give you an answer before I _____ carefully.
a. have been thinking it over b. have thought it over
c. think it over d. thought it over
25. I _____ them that I think they are making a great mistake.
a. told b. will tell
c. am telling d. ☒ have been telling
26. _____ this lovely bookcase that Jack _____ out of an old packing-case?
a. Do you see, made b. Did you see, had made
☒ c. Have you seen, has made d. Have you seen, made
27. I know you think I'm talking nonsense, Dick. But in time _____.
a. you would realize that I had been right
☒ b. you'll realize that I was right
c. you'll be realizing that I have been right
d. you have realized that I'm right

28. I should very much like to have gone to that party of theirs, but _____.
 a. I'm not invited b. I have not been invited
 c. I was not invited d. I will not be invited
29. He _____ a book, and now he needs a holiday.
 a. has been writing b. was written
 c. will write d. wrote
30. I will help you when I _____ my work.
 a. finish b. will finish
 c. will have finished d. ☒ have finished
31. The manager wants to know if they _____ our letter yet.
 a. will answer b. answered
 c. ☒ have answered d. had answered
32. He told them where he _____ his daughter.
 a. has last seen b. ☒ had last seen
 c. last saw d. was last seeing
33. By 1988, scientists surely _____ a cure for the common cold.
 a. have discovered b. must discover
 c. are discovering d. ☒ will have discovered
34. As it—, the treaty will be legal and binding for twenty years.
 a. writes b. wrote
 c. will be written d. has been written
35. Everyone _____ the cake because there wasn't even a small piece left.

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| a. must like | b. must have liked |
| c. must have been liking | d. had liked |

III. In each of the following sentences there is a mistake.
Can you find it? And can you give the correct version?

36. Come and sit down for a while, Peter. You are digging since lunch time.
37. Why he should have went to the country house I cannot say; but he did go, remaining away the whole day.
38. Oh, good! We are having omelettes for supper, are we? I am loving your wife's omelettes.
39. I'm afraid I shall be away from the office for a while next week. I have to take out ^{have} ~~any~~ tonsils.
40. Why on earth didn't you telephone to say you will be so late?
41. I wish that he wasn't so lazy, he would find learning a language easier and more fun.
42. She had on the dress that I was used to admire more than any other in her possession — a light blue one.
43. A body of volunteers have ~~organ~~ized to aid the helpless in their struggle for survival.
44. If it will not rain tomorrow, we'll have a picnic.
45. It is interested to compare the early stylized art forms of ancient civilizations with the modern abstract forms of today.
46. The regulation requires that everyone who holds a

non-immigrant visa ^(to) reports his address to the federal government in January of each year.

47. Mrs. White, napping contentedly on the sofa, woke up at the sound of the explosion and inquired what happened.

48. He felt bad because he had drunk too much the night before.

49. Before ^{he} ~~he~~ died, the old gentleman who lives in the apartment on the corner used to take his dog for a walk every day.

50. When the time limit was up, the examiner seized the tests from those students who had still ~~been~~ ^{were} working.

51. She thought that she ~~will~~ have to wait in line because there were many people in the office.

52. Even after he had named as the most valuable employee, he could not ~~gather~~ ^{have} enough courage to ask his boss for a raise.

53. He had been studying in the library every night for the last three months. ^{she}

54. She ~~said~~ ^{say} she would rather not to discuss it right now.

55. Her voice hesitated as she admitted what she ~~did~~ ^{had done}.

IV. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of verbs:

A. For the last three days, I (56) (work) hard decorating our new house. When we (57) (move) in three days ago, everything (58) (be) in a mess, but now I (59) (almost finish) the job. Today I (60) (work) since

breakfast and (61) (not, have) anything to eat. Anne (62) (bring) me a sandwich an hour ago but I (63) (tell) her not to come into the kitchen. I (64) (never, forget) what (65) (happen) several years ago when she (66) (try) to help me. I (67) (not, have) many accidents since then but Anne (68) (often, warn) me to be careful. She (69) (warn) me again this morning at breakfast-time, but I (70) (work) for four hours and nothing (71) (go) wrong. Now I (72) (drop) the tin of paint. Has anything like that ever (73) (happen) to you?

- B. If the population of the earth (74) (go) on increasing at its present rate, there (75) (eventually not be) enough resources left to sustain life on the planet. By the middle of the 21st century, if present trends (76) (continue), we (77) (use up) all the oil that (78) (drive) our cars, for example. Even if scientists develop new ways of feeding the human race, the crowded conditions on Earth (79) (make) it necessary for us to look for open space somewhere else. But none of the other planets in our solar system (80) (be) capable of supporting life at present. One possible solution to the problem however, (81) (suggest) recently by an American scientist, Professor Carl Sagan.

Sagan believes that before the Earth's resources (82) (exhaust) completely it (83) (be) possible to change the atmosphere of Venus and so create a new

world almost as large as Earth itself. The difficulty is that Venus is much hotter than the Earth and there (84) \, (be) only a tiny amount of water there.

Sagan proposes that algae, organisms that can live in extremely hot or cold atmospheres and at the same time produce oxygen, (85) (should breed) in conditions similar to those on Venus. As soon as this (86) (do), the algae (87) (place) in small rockets. Spaceships will then fly to Venus and fire the rockets into the atmosphere. In a fairly short time, the algae (88) (break down) the carbon dioxide into oxygen and carbon.

When the algae (89) (do) their work, the atmosphere (90) (become) cooler but before man can set foot on Venus, it will be necessary for the oxygen to produce rain. The surface of the planet (91) (still be) too hot for men to land on it but the rain will eventually fall and in a few years something like Earth (92) (produce) on Venus.

If the experiments are successful, life will become possible there but it (93) (not, be) pleasant at first. When they go to Venus, the first colonists (94) (have to) take plenty of water with them and get used to days and nights lasting 60 Earth-days. But there (95) (also be) some advantages. The colonists (96) (live) longer because their hearts (97) (suffer) less strain than on Earth. Apart from that, they (98) (explore) a new world while those still on Earth (99) (live) in closed,
are (iv) . 7 .

uncomfortable conditions. Perhaps it (100) (be) the only way to ensure the survival of the human race.

Exercise No. 2 (Noun Clauses)

- I. pick out the noun clauses in the following, and describe the functions of each:
- 1-2. That in practice there is this satisfaction is shown by the fact that a man will put loving labour into a hobby that will never earn him any money.
 3. Of even more importance, of course, is that you follow your schedule regularly.
 - 4-5. That a person of this importance should leave his work and go to a child's bedside shows what kind of a man he is.
 6. It was proved that the finds had not been in the ground for thousands of years.
 7. It is a wonderful thought that such a visitor may come among us.
 - 8-9. But it is wellknown that what, when, and how a person eats cause changes in the body.
 10. In the end, what they did would be decided by us.
 11. I will tell you when you are to put the bulb into the ground.

12. It's wonderful how they can help each other in this way.
13. It has been decided where we are going to drill.
14. But the greatest honour of all for Edison was that ordering all the electricity to be stopped for one minute was impossible.
15. The energy is what makes your cells able to do their work.
16. This is where his house was.
17. The moon's gravitational force causes earth's oceans to rise and to fall and that is why we have high and low tides.
- 18-19. Ricalton was soon told why what he found was not important to Edison now.
20. You should think carefully about what you hope to gain from your studies, and why.
21. Can you point out which two young birds will live?
22. You will know which of those birds are the same.
23. She wonders whether you have seen things like these before.
24. Will you find out if I am right?
25. The question became one of whether Man could control the disease he had invented.
26. As soon as he learned to walk, he would walk, without any help, towards whatever he wanted.
- 27-28. I asked him in English who he was, and he told me that he was an English officer.

29. I took it for granted that you'd be home an hour ago.
30. These devices make it certain that the electricity in the wires do not start fires.
31. We think it important that drinking water must be clean.
32. There was a danger that the ground might fall in under the heavy traffic.
33. But he had a very good idea how she could speak to him without being heard.
34. He has a question why this is the best time for an operation.
35. Only I've a notion that perhaps it's not quite healthy down there.

II. Choose the one phrase that best completes the sentence:

36. He couldn't remember _____.
a. what was the formulae
b. which the formulae was
c. which were the formulae
d. ☒ what the formulae were
37. Last week he promised _____ today, but he hasn't arrived yet.
a. that he would have come
b. ☒ what would he have come
c. which he would come
d. ☒ that he would come
38. He is trying all kinds of materials to learn _____

used.

- ☒ a. what of them can be
b. that they can be
☒ c. which of them can be
d. which of them be can
39. He does not know _____.
a. what way is he swimming
☒ b. which way he is swimming
c. which way is he swimming
☒ d. what way he is swimming
40. Crusoe had no calendar to tell him _____.
a. which day it was b. which day was it
c. what day was it ☒ d. what day it was
41. His family had almost forgotten _____ like.
a. how his face was b. which was his face
c. what his face was d. that his face was
☒ c.
42. The true value of life is not in _____, but _____.
☒ a. which we get, what give we
b. what we get, what we give
☒ c. which do we get, what do we give
d. how we get, that we give
43. Then the doctors examined them and found _____.
☒ a. that they were all in good health
b. that were they all in good health
c. which they were all in good health
d. what were they all in good health
44. I wonder _____ used for.