"托福"听力 '89-'92

全身心听力法续篇

刘亚平 编著

0 2

"托福"听力 '89—'92 ——全身心听力法续篇

刘亚平 编著



测绘出版社 1992.5.12

(京)新登字 065 号

责任编辑:许嘉平 封面设计:赵培璧

01142/17

"托福"听力 '89 一'92 一全身心听力法续篇 刘亚平编著,

测绘出版社出版·发行 测绘出版社印刷厂印刷 新华书店总店科技发行所经销

开本 787×1092 1/32・印张 13.75・字数 360 千字 1992 年 7 月第一版・1992 年 7 月第一次印刷 印数:00 001-11 000 册・定价:8.00 元 ISBN 7-5030-0552-1/H・11

前言

只有弱者才会产生一种寻找"灵丹妙药"的幻想。如今社会上的确有一些热衷于"托福"的求学者,缺的偏偏是坐在案首,踏踏实实地求学的精神。化了大量的精力与财力收集了五花八门的"托福"书籍与磁带,大陆的,港台的,甚至美国原版的,应有尽有。另一方面,又四处托人情、找关系,到处听课。中国人讲的、美国人教的;单位办的、私人请的;各式各样的班一个又一个,大有当年的王孙公子求仙问道的劲头。

何苦呢?"托福"也是一门学问,是科学、是艺术,同样来不得半点虚假。我们是要阐明有关"托福"的技巧方法,某些技巧方法可能在短期内掌握并见效一时。但这些决不是天方夜谭里的阿拉丁神灯。这些技巧方法必须建立在对"托福"意识、"托福"精神、"托福"观念识别扬弃的基础上;必须建立在对我们自身固有的思想文化融会贯通的基础上;必须建立在洋为中用、古为今用的基础上。

托福是一个美好的词。但我们不是托美国人的福,不是托某个教师、某本教材的福。我们要托福我们自己。我们要托福中华民族的今天和明天。为此,我们要准备承受痛苦。

而"托福我们自己",我们只能实事求是:听懂、"听不懂";读懂、"读不懂",选对就是好猫。

刘 亚 平 北京联合大学外国语师范学院 一九九一年十二月十一日

目 录

第一组	扁	试论九十	-年代的"托福"听力	(1)
第二组	扁	TOEFL	89. 1—TOEFL 91. 10 ······	(29)
	1.	TOEFL	89. 1			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及音带原文	(29)
	2.	TOEFL	89. 5			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及音带原文	(56)
	3.	TOEFL	89.8			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及音带原文	(82)
	4.	TOEFL	89.10			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及音带原文	(11.	j
	5.	TOEFL	90. 1			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案			
				(138)
	6.	TOEFL	90.5			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案			
		***********		(164)
	7.	TOEFL	90.8			
		解题指南	,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案			
		•••••		(190)

8. TOEFL 90. 10	
解题指南,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案	
	(216)
9. TOEFL 91. 1	
解题指南,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案	
师也捐出,少次是开日来人民安务上办了了日来	(941)
	(241)
10. TOEFL 91. 5	
解题指南,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案	
***************************************	(266)
11. TOEFL 91. 8	
解题指南,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案	
	(291)
12. TOEFL 91. 10	
解题指南,多项选择答案及配套填空练习与答案	
	(317)
第三编 听力词语检索	(017)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(0 . 0 .
	(343)
附录: I. TOEFL 92.1 及答案	(405)
I.TOEFL 92.5 及答案	(420)

第一编 试论九十年代的"托福"听力

九十年代的"托福"无疑是八十年代"托福"的延续和发展。作为一种语言考试形式,当今的"托福"遵循着世界上万事万物的生存规律:渊于传统,不断更新。为此,"托福"应试者所关注的首要问题是:九十年代的"托福"听力与八十年代的"托福"听力相比较,究竟有哪些共同点,又有哪些新变化。

考生应从八十年代的"托福"题入手。尤其是:《全身心听力法》一书所推荐的听力"老三篇"至今仍不失为耳听会意的入门; "蓝眼睛"对照法、"接站"省词去词法、"数学"同化合并法等应试技巧新意尤在; 而听力词法、句法规律依然是获取高分的保证。

从词语的角度来看。纵观 90.1—91.10 八套听力试题,我们不难发现: have left at…, let's、address、is sick of…, precisely、fun、meet、get a check cashed、latest、mess、rent、the other day、is out of 、can't deny、enthusiastic、care…for、used to … be late、sales、ineligible、replace、rarely、major、n't…hear、wonder、right、purchase、top score、sketch、gym、deliver、telephone book (directory)、complete、next to 、error、loan、get…degree、credit、cancel、drop sb. off、spare、review、one step at a time、give sb. a ride、take up……所有这些词语在听力"老三篇"与其他八十年代的"托福"听力中均有出现。可见,从中间开始,为知新而温故,实属必要。

从结构的角度来看。试分析 TOEFL 90.1:

——录音试句: 2. We need to arrive early for the graduation ceremony.

正确选择:(D)It's necessary for us to arrive at the ceremony carly.

说明:此句属《全身心听力法》(以下简称《全身心》)基本句型A-4。《全身心》P56\67。

---录音试句: 3. Sara spends twice as much time as I do.

正确选择:(C)I use the computer half as much as Sara does.

说明:此句为《全身心》220-Ex5-9\16 的句型变换。《全身心》P236\238及 P286

——录音试句:4. Let's listen to what Robert has to say.

正确选择:(B)We should pay attention to Robert.

说明:此句属《全身心》十大句式之三。P170。

——录音试句: 7. Dean Williams was invited by the President to address the faculty.

正确选择:(B) The president asked Dean Williams to speak to the faculty.

说明:此句属《全身心》十大句式之四。P170。

——录音试句:11. That's precisely the kind of camera I brought with me.

正确选择:(A) I brought a camera just like that one.

说明:此句属《全身心》十大句式之六。P171。

——录音试句:12. If he would only give our quizzes back! 正确选择:(C) We wish he would return our quizzes.

说明:此句宜根据《全身心》句法二十则之十四,P173,并结合

——录音试句:13. I didn't mean to cause you so much trouble.

正确选择:(A) I'm sorry to have inconvenienced you.

说明:此句为《全身心》句法二十则之十七。P174。

——录音试句:19. I didn't know that both reports were due today.

正确选择:(B) I thought only one report was due.

说明:此句属《全身心》200 A-13,为其句式变换。P57\69。

——录音试句: 20. The classes should have shorter sessions.

正确选择:(C) The classes are too long.

说明:此句为《全身心》基本句型 200 C-10.P62\75。

——录音试句: 24. W. I'm thinking of taking five courses next semester.

M. Wouldn't four be wiser?

Q. What does the man imply about the courses?

正确答案:(A) Five may be too many.

说明:此题答句为《全身心》十大句式之二。P169。

一一录音试句: 31. M. We' ve sure been having a lot of rain lately.

W. Haven't we ever?

Q. What do we learn from the woman's response?

正确选择:(B) She agrees with the man.

说明:此题答句仍为《全身心》十大句式之二。P169。正确选择

可根据句法省词去词后进行推理而获得。

- 一录音试句:33. W. Did you get the part you tried out for in the play?
 - M. That role was given to someone else, but I got a better part.
 - Q. How does the man probably feel?

正确选择:(A)Happy

说明:此题宜根据《全身心》十大句式之四,P171,推想而知。

——录音试句:35. W. Thanks for the note you left for me.

M. Oh, then, you did get it!

Q. What has the man assumed?

正确选择:(D) The woman hadn't gotten his note.

说明:此题属《全身心》句法二十则之十六。P173。

综上所述,从九十年代第一套"托福"听力试题来看,Part A、B 三十五个选择有十三题可用《全身心听力法》一书所介绍的八十年 代的听力句法规律来解,约占35%。此外,该试题的第6、8、10、15 题属于本书《全身心听力法续篇》所要介绍的句型。所以,结构省词 去词法可指导90.1全部五十道听力试题的约35%。

从对照的角度来看。我们分析统计了 TOEFL 89.1-91.10 的全部十二套听力试题,得出的结论是约 70%—80%的试题均可运用对照这一技巧解题。可见,"蓝眼睛"对照法是"托福"听力正确选择的"临门一脚"。试分析 TOEFL 91.8:

- 1. a loan≈borrow money (C)
- 2. thanks≈appreciate (D)
- 3. begins≈will be (C)
- 4. get her degree≈earn her degree (C)

4

- 5. automobile pollution≈car pollute (B)
- 7. live by herself≈doesn't want a roommate (A)
- 8. lettering on signs≈print(B)
- 9. stood up for≈defend (B)
- 10. skip≈don't want to (go)(C)
- 11. going on vacation≈spend his vacation (A)
- 12. only≈just (D)
- 14. raced≈ran (B)
- 16. was absent≈were not in class (D)
- 17. request≈asked (A)
- 18. did try≈really tried (C)
- 19. appealing≈very good (C)
- 20. tends to keep ··· ≈ seldom tells (D)
- 21. give…a hand≈help (A)
- 23. 24 hours≈for two days (D)
- 24. next week≈the following week (B)
- 25. never understand≈wonders (D)
- 27. worse≈even harder (C)
- 29. spare≈extra (D)
- 30. painters≈art museum (A)
- 31. a "Perfect" grade≈the best score (B)
- 32. confront≈argue (A)
- 33. creative≈inventive (D)
- 34. reviewing≈Go over (B)
- 35. one step at a time≈gradually (D)
- 36. a musical performance≈In a concert hall (B)

- 37. The orchestra≈the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra (D)
- 38. to save≈To raise funds for (B)
- 41. trouble≈problems (C)
- 46. have trouble sleeping≈sleep difficulties (D)
- 47. more difficult≈harder (B)
- 48. strenuously≈vigorous (C)
- 49. insomnia≈to lose sleep (A)
- 50. broadcasting≈a radio station (A)

通过分析还能发现:

- 39. Over 350≈350 (D)
- 40. in the main lobby ≈In the main lobby (C)
- 42. solar energy≈Solar energy (B)
- 43. all four weeks≈Four (B)
- 45. give you a ride≈Let her give him a ride (B)

在"托福"听力 Part C,近年的试题中经常出现"听见什么选什么"的现象,可以说是狭义的对照,而这类选择多出现在 detailed questions.

可见就 TOEFL 91.8 而言,可以对照的题占 85%以上。

真正困惑广大"托福"应试者的是:近年"托福"听力的难度究竟表现在哪儿?或者说,进入九十年代以来,"托福"听力具体有哪些新变化?

在《全身心听力法》一书中,我们论述过,"托福"耳听会意主要 是从背景知识、思维逻辑和语言水平三方面来测试考生的英语成 绩。而今"托福"的难度或变化同样反映在这三方面。

背景知识。相当一部分"托福"听力题的选择是否正确取决于

应试者自身的生活经验和应试者对英美社会文化与科技动态的了 解。"托福"题的新意体现着知识更新和语言的"火"。八十年代初 的听力中时常出现的apple pie、record player、borrow、wonderful、 like 等词语正渐渐地被 pizza、turn-table、loan、terrific、care for 等 所代替。与此同时,为了确保应试者今后能够顺利地进行在西方的 留学,"托福"要求考生了解 slide projector、first-class mail、gym shoes, fuel-efficient, French 102, non-smoking policy, hair dryer, job search, information center, deadline, plagiarism, meal licket、buffet、final paper、faucet 等等。需要特别强调的是:Part C中 通常有一个反映科技新动态的 mini-talk, 这就要求应试者广泛了 解各学科的最新发展。近三年的"托福"考过:volcanic ache、new healthful snack food, MAGLAV, new public television show, acrylic painting, vitalism vs. mechanism, recycling center, "instant" camera, Walkthon, watercolor bruches, barnacle, sleeping difficulfies, shopping malls, highway commuting, snowflake 等。无论是 MAGLAV 还是 barnacle 均体现了当今"托福"的难 度,今后呢?!科技生活形形式式,如果说AIDS太令人惧怕,solar energy automobile electronic acupuncture 或者 laser 还是可能考 的吆。最后,关于英美生活背景,有考生曾经理直气壮地提过一个 有趣的问题:"为了去留学,我才考托福";还没去英美,却要考背 景,倒底是先有鸡才有蛋,还是先有蛋才有鸡?!"为了回答这个问 题,我们不妨分析几道试题:

---TOEFL 89. 1-16

录音试句:I suggest we keep the party for Beth a surprise.

正确选择:(D) I don't think we should tell Beth about the party.

说明:这题涉及的是美国人的习俗。他们送礼给亲朋好友或为亲朋好友开派对,追求的是现场的喜庆情绪,所以事先往往不通知对方。如是,此题选(D)。虽然应试者大多未经历有西方生活,类似场景电影电视里不会绝无仅有。间接经验亦是知识。

---TOEFL 89. 10-31

录音试句:W. Since when do you read the Sunday Time?

M. Since I discovered its big Help Wanted section.

Q. What can we assume about the man?

正确选择:(D) He's interested in finding a job.

说明:Help Wanted section 指报刊上的招聘栏。随着对内搞活、对外开放,国内外报刊的招聘广告早已不足为怪,多浏览中外报刊,Help Wanted 这类词语必然早已尽收眼底。

——TOEFL 90. 1-21

录音试句:M. Oh, oh! Is this radio still under warranty?

W. It should be, I bought it only six monthes ago.

Q. What is the problem?

正确答案:(B) The radio is broken.

说明:"听力要想!"也许我们没学过 under warranty 这个英语词语,但通过上下文,纵观问活答语以及试题提问,我们的 Chinese self 不难推断 under warranty 意为"保修期内"。

试题分析告诉我们:背景知识可通过间接、直接甚至推理等手段来获得;至于鸡与蛋之争,我们认为:有了鸡必有蛋;有了蛋必有鸡。

思维逻辑。思维敏捷、目光深远、判断正确是当代企事业选拔 8 人才的重要标准。九十年代的"托福"为考核应试者的内在素质增加了判断题并加深了其难度。因为判断题一般难以用对照或省词去词的方法加以选择,而需要应试者在短短的十秒钟内基本听懂全句,并快速读完全部四项选择,再经过推理才能作出正确判断。尤其某些选择往往是跳跃式思维的结果。这便是从今往后应试"托福"听力又一困难所在。

试分析 89-91 的若干 TOEFL 试题:

---TOEFL 89. 1-32

录音试句:M. Did you really give away all your science text when you moved?

- W. Only the out-of -date ones.
- Q. What does the woman mean?

选择:(A) She's lent the texts for just a few days.

- (B)She kept the texts that are still up-to-date.
- (C)She's no longer interested in science.
- (D)She moved her science texts away from the other books.

答话人 W 说:Only the out-of -date ones. 意思是:She only gave away the out-of-date texts. 亦就是说:She didn't give away the up-to-date ones. 所以(B)为正确选择。

---TOEFL 89.1-35

- 录音试句:M. Dick seems to think this year's football season will be disappointting.
 - W. That's his opinion. Most others think differently.
 - Q. What does the woman mean?

- 选择:(A)Dick is practically the only one who thinks so.
 - (B) Most people play football differently.
 - (C) Few people are optimistic about the team's chances of winning.
 - (D)Dick is disapointed in football games.

根据答活人的前半句只能断言:Dick thinks so。而后半句则告知:Most others don't think so. 将两者综合起来才可推而得知(A)为正确选择。

—TOEFL 90.8-23

- 录音试句:W. Did you hear that Greg got a job in his uncle's law office.
 - M. Like they say, it's whom you know that counts.
 - Q. What does the woman mean?
- 选择:(A)He hnows someone who can get the woman a job.
 - (B) Greg and his uncle don't like their jobs.
 - (C)Greg only got the job because of his uncle.
 - (D)He doesn't know the woman's uncle.

本题的答话,话中有话,应理解为:To know someone important is, for anyone, important, 另根据发话人所云,Gred's uncle has a law office. 所以 is important; 而 Greg 按常理当然 know his uncle. 因此,That Greg know his uncle who has a law office is important. 为什么呢?因为 Greg got the job in the law office because of his uncle. 结论:(C)为正确选择。

其实,上述类型的判新题,只要基本理解原句,一般不会误选 其它选择,甚至可以通过排除法获得正确选择。真正困难的判断题 10