

21世纪 大学英语

测试课教程1

闵祖传◎主编

21st Century

词汇

复旦大学出版社

COLLEGE ENGLISH

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前 言

《21 世纪大学英语测试课教程 1: 词汇》

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记单词是英语学习中最基本的要求。这不单是考试高分或出国留学所需,也是掌握英语听、说、读、写、译各项能力的基础。词汇量在5 000左右单词的学习者在听、读、译等方面会遇到困难,同时对英语学习信心不足,兴味索然;形成恶性循环。

在英语学习中会出现“加速度滚雪球效应”,同时学习时趣味盎然,信心倍增。

大学生都希望在较短的时间内记住学部大学四级、六级单词,从而顺利通过考试。然而,如何才能在短时间内记住10 000个常用词?如何才能较快地扩大词汇量?

英语单词太多,边学边忘,记不住,怎么办?

笔者多年教学研究发现,多数学习者在记忆英语单词时脱离语境孤立地记忆,是英语学习最大的弊端。对于国内学生,理想的途径是通过精选的例句,在典型的语境中,结合切身的体验,生动地学习英语词语,才能克服易忘的毛病。

因此,笔者结合词语的内涵,遴选出那些有丰富的历史渊源、文化底蕴、生活气息的例句,编辑而成本书,借此帮助学习者提高扩大词汇量的效率。本书绝大多数的例句都是经过六七种可供选择的比较而精选出来的,着重本义,兼顾引申,特别注重从当代的权威词典和书报刊物中直接援引生动、新鲜、活泼、实用、一语上口、一学难忘的例句。

本书主要帮助学习者掌握通过构词法(word formation)中的派生法(derivation)记忆单词的方法,介绍前缀、后缀和词根结合的方法,环绕词根,探索英语词汇的奥秘,以科学的方法大幅度提高学习词汇的效率。本书是一本专门为大学生记忆四级词汇所编写的词汇记忆教材,这词参考 Barnhart 词表和 Barron 词表,精选近年来高层次英语考试中反复出现的常用词。

本书由闵祖传主编,负责拟定全文提纲和最后统稿;苏子波、孙媛、刘莹、陈红莉、杨荣广、陈小勋、蔡晓慧和吕丽生担任副主编;杨贤玉教授负责主审。恳请各位读者在使用本书时提出宝贵意见。

编 者

2012年4月

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act ['ækt]

v. 表演,起作用。n. 行为,法令,一幕

act on 依照(某人的建议行事); act out 实行; in the act of 在做……的过程中

action ['æʃən]

n. 行动,动作(act + ion 名词后缀→作用)

in/out of action 在运转/out of action 不再起作用; take action 采取行动

activate ['æktɪveɪt]

v. 使活动(activ + ate 动词后缀→使活动)

activate the alarm system 触发报警装置

activity ['æktɪvəti]

n. 活动(act + ivity 名词后缀→活动)

The students take positive part in all kinds of activities. 学生们积极参加各种活动。

active ['æktɪv]

a. 活跃的,积极的(act + ive 形容词后缀→活跃的)

on active service 在服役; an active volcano 活火山

actor ['æktə]

n. 演员(act + or 人→演员)

actress ['æktɪs]

n. 女演员(act + ress 女人→女演员)

actual ['æktʃʊəl]

a. 实际的

in actual fact 事实上; the actual cost 实际费用

counteract ['kaʊntə'reɪkt]

v. 抵抗(counter + act →反着办→对抗)

The drug counteracts the effects of the poison. 此药可抵消毒药的作用。

enact ['ɪnækt]

v. 实施,颁布(en + act →使运作→实施法律)

exact ['ɪgzeɪt]

v. 追求, a. 精确(ex 出来 + act →作用出来→强求)

Word List 1

act, ag = act 行为

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v. 表演,起作用。n. 行为,法令;一幕

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exact [ɪɡˈzækt]

v. 强求, a. 精确(ex 出来 + act→作用出来→强求)

to be exact 准确来说

同义词辨析

accurate

a. 准确的(通过努力使事情力求准确)

Her report of what happened was accurate in every detail. 她对发生的情况所作的报告,其细节都是准确的。

exact

a. 强调依据事实丝毫不差

The exact time is 2 o'clock. 现在确切时间是两点。

precise

a. 精密(强调细节的精密)

very precise calculations 精确的计算

interact [ˌɪntərˈækt]

v. 相互作用(inter 相互 + act → 相互作用)

The two ideas interact. 这两种看法相互影响。

interaction [ˌɪntərˈæksjən]

n. 相互作用(inter 相互 + act + ion 名词后缀 → 相互作用)

react [riˈækt]

v. 反应(re 反 + act → 反作用 → 反应)

react against 反抗; react to 对……做出反应

She reacted angrily to these accusations. 她听到这些指责非常生气。

reaction [riˈæksjən]

n. 反应(re 反 + act + ion 名词后缀 → 反作用 → 反应)

a hostile reaction 敌对反应; reaction against 反对

transact [trænˈzækt, -ˈsækt]

v. 做交易(trans 跨越 + act → 跨越行动 → 交易)

transaction [trænˈzæksjən]

n. 交易(trans 跨越 + act + ion 名词后缀 → 跨越行动 → 交易)

The bank charges a fixed rate for each transaction. 银行对办理的每件业务收取一定费用。

agent [ˈeɪdʒənt]

n. 代理商(ag + ent 人 → 替别人做事的人)

house agent 房屋代理商; a revenue agent 税务官

agency [ˈeɪdʒənsi]

n. 代理处

an advertising agency 广告社; a travel agency 旅行社

agenda [ə'dʒendə]

n. 议事日程(ag + enda → 需要做的许多事情)

The question of salary increases is high on the agenda. 增加薪水问题是要讨论的重要议程。

Test 1

1. The policeman caught the thief in the very _____ of stealing.
A. act B. action C. deed D. performance
2. Missiles are now more _____ than ever. It can hit a target within 20 meters.
A. exact B. accurate C. correct D. definite
3. The football player reacted _____ the judge's decision by withdrawing from the match.
A. on B. to C. against D. by
4. It was difficult to guess what her _____ to the news would be.
A. impression B. reaction C. comment D. opinion
5. The _____ amount of money was not known though they knew that it was large.
A. actual B. real C. genuine D. apparent
6. _____, there was a national election the month before last.
A. Exactly B. Being exact C. To be exact D. Exact
7. He obtained a position in a government office through the _____ of friends.
A. help B. agency C. influence D. assistance
8. Since we have no objection to this item, let's pass on to the next one on the _____.
A. action B. agenda C. agency D. agent
9. He is _____ a very old man but in fact he is only fifty.
A. apparently B. obviously C. actually D. really
10. Is that a(n) _____ Roman statue or a modern copy?
A. actual B. true C. real D. authentic
11. He is remembered for his many good _____.
A. acts B. deeds C. actions D. activities
12. Lighting can be used not only to create an atmosphere, but also to _____ features of the house, such as ornaments or pictures.
A. highlight B. underline C. activate D. upgrade
13. The medicine _____ his pain but did not cure his illness.
A. activated B. alleviated C. medicated D. deteriorated

Word List 2

bat 打

bat [bæt, bɑ:t]

n. 蝙蝠; 球拍

v. 用球拍击球

He's better at batting than at catching. 他击球比接球好。

batter ['bætə]

v. 连续猛击

The police battered at the door. 警察猛烈击打门。

battle ['bætl]

n.; *v.* 战役, 斗争

a naval battle 海战

A good beginning is half the battle. 良好的开端是成功的一半。

beat [bit]

v. 打, 击, 打败

beat down 打败, 平息; beat against 敲打

The rain was beating against the window. 雨敲打着窗户。

combat ['kɒmbət]

n.; *v.* 战斗 (com 共同 + bat → 斗争)

the combat between good and evil 善恶之战

debate [di'beɪt]

n. 辩论, 争论 (de 分开 + bate → 分开对着打 → 互相辩论)

debate about/on/upon ... 就……进行辩论; a heated debate 激烈的争论

同义词辨析

argument

n. 争论, 争吵

They were having an argument about whose turn it was to do the cooking. 他们为该谁做饭而争吵不休。

Word List 3

car = car, run

career [kə'riə]

n. 职业, 生涯(car + eer 名词后缀→跑的道路→职业)

a career in banking 从事银行业; her outstanding political career 她光辉的政治生涯

同义词辨析

occupation

n. 从事的职业(正式术语, 可指谋生的职业)

Please state your occupation in the form. 请在表格里表明你的职业。

post

n. 职位(正式)

The vacant post was advertised in today's paper. 今天报上刊登了有关这个空缺职位的招聘广告。

position

n. 职位(正式)

apply for a position in an oil company 向一家石油公司申请职位

He was appointed to the position of lecturer in English at Newcastle University. 他被聘为纽卡斯尔大学的英语讲师。

profession

n. 专门的职业(受过教育或训练)

He is a lawyer by profession. 他的职业是律师。

trade

n. 行业, 手艺

He is an electrician by trade. 他的职业是电工。

cargo ['kɑ:ɡəʊ]

n. 货物(car + go→运走的东西→货物)

The ship is discharging the cargo. 船正在卸货。

carpenter ['kɑ:pɪntə]

n. 木匠(car + pen + ter 人→古代的木匠都是造车的人→木匠)

His father is a carpenter. 他父亲是个木匠。

carrier ['kæriə]

v. 运输者, 邮递员, 航空母舰(car + rier 名词后缀→运输者)

He used to be a carrier. 他曾经是个邮递员。

carry ['kæri]

v. 运输, 传播

carry forward 推进; carry off 拿走; carry on 继续; carry out 执行; carry through 实现; 完成

carriage ['kæriɪdʒ]

n. 客车车厢; 运输; 运费(carri + age 名词后缀→运输)

I'll be sitting in the third carriage from the front of the train. 我将坐在第三节车厢。

cart [kɑ:t]

n. 手推车

put the cart before the horse 本末倒置; in the cart 〈英口〉为难, 陷入困境

charge [tʃɑ:dʒ]

v. 充电; 控告; 收费

n. 价钱; 照看; 控告

take charge of 负责

in charge of 负责

in the charge of 有……负责

free of charge 免费

charge sb. for sth. 要价

charge sb. with sth. = accuse sb. of sth. 控告

discharge [dis'tʃɑ:dʒ]

v. 允许……离开, 释放; 排出; 解雇; 放电(dis = away + charge→放电)

The judge discharged the prisoner. 法官把那名囚犯释放了。

The chimney discharged smoke. 这烟囱冒烟。

Test 3

- Mr. Smith had an unusual _____: he was first an office clerk, then a sailor, and ended up as a teacher.
A. profession B. occupation C. position D. career
- Sometimes the tension produced by fears is so great that we cannot suppress it. At such times we need to _____ the tension by laughing or crying.
A. discard B. disperse C. disguise D. discharge
- She was complaining that the doctor was _____ too much for the treatment he had

given her.

A. expending B. offering C. costing D. charging

4. The soldier was _____ of running away when the enemy attacked.

A. scolded B. charged C. accused D. punished

5. The factory _____ its waste into the river.

A. escapes B. gathers C. hires D. discharges

6. If nothing unusual happens, the patient will soon be _____ from the hospital.

A. sent B. discharged C. dismissed D. fired

7. He is the only person who can _____ in this case, because the other witnesses were killed mysteriously.

A. testify B. charge C. accuse D. rectify

8. The price of the coal will vary according to how far it has to be transported and how expensive the freight _____ are.

A. payments B. charges C. funds D. price

Word List 4

ced, ceed, cess = go, yield

ancestor ['ænsesə] *n.*

祖宗, 祖先; 原型, 先驱 (an = ante + cest + or → 走在前面的 → 祖先)

This machine is the ancestor of the modern computer. 这台机器是现代电脑的雏型。

access ['ækses] *n.*

进入; 通道, 入口 (ac = to + cess → 走向 → 通道)

have an access to sth. 有机会或权利接触某事

accessory [æk'sesəri] *n.*

附件 (access + ory 名词后缀)

an accessory to a car 汽车的一个配件

concede [kən'si:d] *v.*

承认, 让步 (con 共同 + cede → 共同让步 → 承认)

concede one's mistake 承认犯错; concede to sb. 向某人让步

同义词辨析

yield

v. 屈服, 顺从

yield to the customers' request 顺从顾客的要求

submit

v. 屈服, 听从

submit to the enemy 向敌人屈服

concession [kən'seʃən] *n.*

许可, 让步 (concess + ion 名词后缀)

The president pledged never to make concessions to terrorists. 总统发誓绝不向恐怖分子让步。

exceed [ik'si:d] *v.*

超过 (ex-超出 + ceed → 走过 → 超过)