袁同礼 编著

海 外 中 玉 学 研 究 书 Ħ 系 列

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中國善本書館美國國會圖書館 目藏

A DESCRIPTIVE CATALOG
OF RARE CHINESE BOOKS
IN THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS
Volume I



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Foreword

Although it has never been a policy of the Orientalia Division to devote a major portion of its efforts to the collection of rarities, a considerable number of rare Chinese works have over the years been added to its holdings. In general, the division considers both printed books and manuscripts dated prior to the establishment of Manchu rule (1644) to be "rare"; but in some cases—such as works proscribed by the ruling dynasty, works bearing handwritten annotations by celebrated scholars, or works which bear the seals of samous collectors—titles published later than 1644 may

also be considered to merit special attention and treatment.

Almost 20 years ago Dr. Arthur W. Hummel, who in 1954 retired from his post as Chief of the Orientalia Division, conceived the plan of making known to scholars throughout the world, by means of a descriptive book catalog, the rare Chinese works held by the Library of Congress. To carry out this plan, Mr. Wang Chung-min of the National Library of Peiping was invited to join the staff of the division. For a number of years Mr. Wang has been widely known for several valuable indexes compiled either by him or under his direction, in particular the Ch'ing-tai wên-chi p'ien-mu str-lei so-yin (Classified Index of Writings in Collections by Authors of the Ch'ing Period), 1935; the Kno-bsueh lun-win so-yin (Index to Periodical Articles on Chinese Studies), 4 vols., 1931-36; and the Win-hsueh lun-win so-yin (Index to Periodical Articles on Literature), 3 vols., 1932-36. After leaving Peiping, Mr. Wang spent several years in the employ of the Bibliothèque Nationale in Paris, where he prepared catalogs of the two Pelliot collections, of the "rubbings" or ink squeezes of inscriptions, and of the manuscripts brought to Paris from the Tun-huang caves in Kansu Province.

Funds from the Rockefeller Foundation, made available through the American Council of Learned Societies, enabled the Library to employ Mr. Wang in September 1939. He immediately set to work identifying and describing those Chinese works which he considered rare. Work on the catalog progressed steadily, and by the latter part of 1942 attempts were being made to find a suitable means of publication. Since it is both difficult and costly to set Chinese type in the United States, it was decided that the catalog could best be printed from type in China. Mr. Wang returned to China with the manuscript after the end of World War II; and arrangements for carrying out the plan for publication were made with the National Peking University Press in 1948. Before publication had been completed, however, the Communist conquest of mainland China took place. Since that time the Library has had no communication either with the University

Press or with Mr. Wang.

Before Mr. Wang returned to China a microfilm copy of his work was made as an insurance against loss. When it became clear that the original plans for publication could not be carried out, the Library invited Dr. T. L. Yuan, formerly Director of the National Library of Peiping, to edit the manuscript for publication and to revise and supplement it as seemed appropriate. Working from enlargement prints made from the microfilm, Dr. Yuan brought the style of the notices into greater uniformity, eliminated from them some quotations Mr. Wang had made from published sources, and arranged the entries within the framework of the standard Chinese fourfold classification. Dr. Yuan also inscribed the Chinese title which appears on the cover.

The text of the revised manuscript was transcribed for offset publication by Mr. Kai-hsien Liu. The author and title indexes were compiled and

transcribed by Dr. John T. Find.

Of the 1,777 works described in this catalog, 1,518 are imprints of the Ming Dynasty (1368–1644). Eleven of the items were printed during the Sung Dynasty (960–1279); these include 4 historical texts, 4 Buddhist sutras, and 3 works in the field of belles-lettres. The catalog also includes one work, an herbal, printed during the Chin Dynasty (1115–1234), and 14 printed during the Yüan (1260–1368). Seventy items published during the Ching Dynasty (1644–1912) were for one reason or another included. The remainder comprise manuscripts (140 items, including 8 Tun-huang scrolls); Korean printings of Chinese texts (11); Japanese printings of Chinese works (11); and one rubbing.

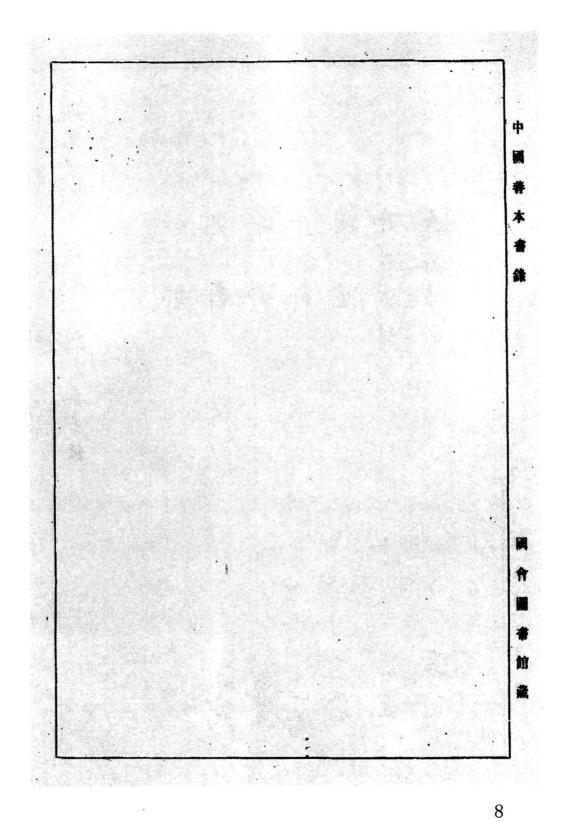
Although the works described in this catalog may not, except in certain rare instances, be sent out of the Library of Congress on interlibrary loan, any of them may be consulted under supervision in the Orientalia Division, and microfilm or photostat reproductions of any work described here, or of any part of it, may be made by the Library of Congress Photoduplication Service at its currently published rates. Estimates of cost may be

obtained by writing to the Photoduplication Service.

Since correspondence reveals that some persons have confused the works described above with another Chinese rare book collection of which the Library of Congress possesses only a microfilm reproduction, it should be pointed out that the material described in this catalog is quite distinct from that contained in the 1,074 reels of microfilm labelled "Rare Books National Library of Peiping." Positive copies of those films, together with a film reproduction of a title catalog and a set of descriptive notices, also may be purchased from the Photoduplication Service. The catalog published here, however, like the Catalog of Chinese Local Histories in the Library of Congress, compiled by Chu Shih-chia and published by the Library in 1942, describes only those rare items which the Library possesses in their original form.

EDWIN G. BBAL, Jr., Head, Chinese Section, Orientalia Division.

國國會圖書館藏中國善本書録 番者 補 集 子 史 經 名者 索 素 遺 部 部 部 目次 3 3



國 孔 題即具 記詳 兼并 國會圖書館 聖報卷內有秀水朱氏潛米堂圖書雙豁草堂圖記至兼義一人以別於單注本,聖氏取之而非陳仲魚至兼義之義四庫提要稱未喻其故,阮元謂陳義者,是書宋刊本為此本所從出瞿氏記載題款頗詳並是那注唐孔穎達正義按鐵琴銅劍樓藏書目錄卷 普 序 * 例一卷音義一卷 藏 中國善本書錄卷第 十冊 二函 闽 袁王同重 角 圖 禮重 民 明 輯 閣 mi 刻注 校 錄 疏

周 者氏傳仍 明 合依沿之王用 義蓋有程多 乃程移 而異更專 者能 不易 美用吕伯恭十 朱華尊經義 之養白當 成明恭 Ξ 캠 也新矩初新好鏡煎兼 考卷三 原 四四 年 事楊本 時度 用不 之相十 者 何文奉 取 化士,自云教其克程 紙 中 行 本知文序

中國等本書錄

周易 譌 |經 |明 治 坊 間 见 大 胡 刻' 全 十二行二十二字 二十四卷 今 則有志 憲 卷 刻 是 提 洪常 搜必 圖 訪者已不易得矣的 79, 為 以前者多流入 明代 桂書 食事 該書志出 家絕 人筆 功令書學子 綱 |游 從 領 サ 洪 日本 為 購 函也 刻此 明 又 34

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周易傳義大全二十四卷圖說一卷綱領一卷八冊 」 明嘉 4 馬傳義大全二十四卷圖說一卷綱領一卷八冊 」 明嘉 4 馬中進士下至創此書時已四十五年似應休退疑游氏在閩宋史全文續資治通鑑名在諸家書錄按明字大屏景泰二年卷楊守敬留真譜小學類又載一廣韻有建安余氏雙其名字考余氏雙柱書堂於元至正十一年刻詩集傳音釋 東 坡先生易傳力卷 從日内府流出者樂車到一行此本亦得自日本卷端鈴御本一印然則此本即明廣等奉勅撰總目後有嘉靖丙申年秋月作德堂校明胡廣等奉勅撰總目後有嘉靖丙申年秋月作德堂校 序 靖間刻本 十一行二十一字 程頭序元符二年(10九九) 四田田 明萬曆間刻本十行王宇 殆正

周易八卷附王輔嗣總論一卷周易八卷附王輔嗣總論一卷 易通二卷易義一卷四冊一函 崇祯丙子父以薦舉蒙譴下黻帝怒不测元城兼程抵都刺五云元城宇遠生少負奇氣性狷介骯髒萬曆壬子舉於鄉原題,吳興唐元城遠生父著,男彦歇較,光緒烏程縣志卷十通二卷易義一卷 四冊 一函 明崇禎問刻本 , 焦城序 一篇墨印. 原題, 中国的有易致六則朱印又蘇文忠公本傳原題, 中眉山蘇軾傳, 前有易致六則朱印又蘇文忠公本傳 萬曆二十五年(二五九七) * 八册 一到 一函 明朱墨印本 明朱墨印本 5 八行大字

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是等印記 一定板 清康熙間刻本 九行九字 电影比平後學孫承澤學、承澤撰述甚當均見四庫全書總原題、北平後學孫承澤學、承澤撰述甚當均見四庫全書總原題、北平後學孫承澤學、承澤撰述甚當均見四庫全書總原題、北平後學孫承澤學、承澤撰述甚當均見四庫全書總 胡 世安序 自序康熙六年(二六六七)

東 東 此經本解也。本 坡先生 成生書傳二十二 在博二十卷 殿書續記卷一載東坡上縣載撰卷內有曾經藝日 撰.書 與書錄解題卷數合四庫本十三卷樓書實為續記卷一載東坡先生書傳二十卷明焦弱候撰卷內有曾經藝風勘讀經荃孫藏两印記檢 本 此 七卷 亦 卷 两蘇經解 四冊 四一册 — 逃 一遇 本明 明朱墨印本九行十九字 萬曆間刻本 十行二十一字 x 津逮秘書零本 九行十九字 萬曆間刻本 十行二十一字 館