



2014淘金英语专业4级 标准听力

—— 800 题 ——

上海外国语大学

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听力+词汇 双突破

赠 50篇听写+300篇新闻

带字幕的MP3

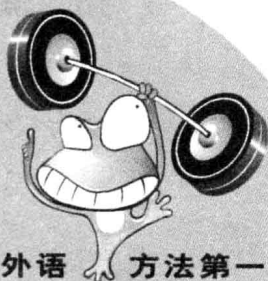
- ▶ 短文听写15题
- ▶ 短文听力100题
- ▶ 标准模拟465题
- ▶ BBC新闻100篇
- ▶ 听写50篇
- ▶ 对话听力100题
- ▶ 新闻听力120题
- ▶ VOA新闻100篇
- ▶ CNN新闻100篇

兴图音像电子出版社



淘金英语专业4级 标准听力800题

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兴图音像电子出版社

责任编辑:徐焰龙

世图音像电子出版社出版发行
广东新华印刷有限公司印刷 广东省新华书店经销
787×1092 毫米 16 开本 18 印张 680 千字
2013 年 5 月第 3 版 2013 年 5 月第 3 次印刷
书号:ISBN 978-7-88765-939-2
版号:ISRC CN-M46-11-0077-0/A·H
定价:28.80 元(含 MP3 光盘)

《淘金英语专业 4 级标准听力 800 题》编辑推荐

适用对象:

需要进行大量听力训练的专四考生;听力词汇较薄弱的专四考生。

推荐理由:

- ① 大开本,方便书写及答题;
- ② 听力+词汇双突破;
- ③ 超大题量训练,堪称同类书之最;
- ④ 解题技巧切实可行,学习效果事半功倍;
- ⑤ 含听写、短文、新闻重点词汇和短语;
- ⑥ 赠 50 篇听写和 300 篇新闻,巩固学习效果;
- ⑦ MP3 带字幕,练习更高效。

内容介绍:

- ① 800 题训练,包括 47 套专项训练+15 套标准模拟;
- ② 含 1000 听力词汇与短语归纳;
- ③ 33 个听力解题技巧;
- ④ 光盘另赠 50 篇听写和 300 篇新闻,包括音频和文本。

Preface

前言

《淘金英语专业4级听力800题》通过海量训练和听力词汇特训,帮助专四考生进行听力、词汇双突破。

本书具有以下特色:

一、听力+词汇双突破

1. 800题练出听力高手

题量充足,才能训练出考试高手。本书有800道题目,其中听写专项15套、对话专项100题、短文专项100题、新闻专项120题、全套标准模拟465题。经过这些题目的训练,考生就能培养出良好的题感,考试时游刃有余。

2. 1000听力词汇与短语

要攻克听力,掌握词汇是一大捷径。本书第一章通过5类真题,训练考生听记主题词汇。例如:

医疗保健类词汇 70个

- | | |
|---|---|
| ☐ prevention /prɪ'venʃən/ <i>n.</i> 阻止,防止,预防 | ☐ establish /ɪ'stæblɪʃ/ <i>v.</i> 建立,设立,制订 |
| ☐ infect /ɪn'fekt/ <i>v.</i> 传染,感染,影响 | ☐ virus /vaɪərəs/ <i>n.</i> 病毒 |
| ☐ cause /kɔ:z/ <i>v.</i> 使产生,使发生,引起 | ☐ provide /prə'vaɪd/ <i>v.</i> 提供,供给 |
| ☐ infectious /ɪn'fekʃəs/ <i>a.</i> 传染性的 | ☐ disease /dɪ'zi:z/ <i>n.</i> 疾病,弊病,病害 |
| ☐ progress /prəʊgres/ <i>n.</i> 进步,进展 | ☐ infection /ɪn'fekʃən/ <i>n.</i> 传染(病),感染 |
| ☐ anniversary /æni'vɜ:səri/ <i>n.</i> 纪念日 | ☐ stagger /stægə/ <i>v.</i> 使摇摆,使震惊 |
| ☐ proportion /prə'pɔ:ʃən/ <i>n.</i> 比例,比率 | ☐ identify /aɪ'dentɪfaɪ/ <i>v.</i> 认明,识别,鉴定 |
| ☐ contract /kɒntrækt/ <i>v.</i> 得病,感染疾病 | ☐ die from 因……而死 |
| ☐ illness /ɪlnɪs/ <i>n.</i> 病,疾病 | ☐ positive /pəʒətɪv/ <i>a.</i> 正极的,阳性的 |
| ☐ disastrous /dɪ'zɑ:stɹəs/ <i>a.</i> 灾难性的,极坏的 | ☐ consequence /kɒnsɪkwəns/ <i>n.</i> 结果,后果 |

在第五章新闻专项讲座中,本书归纳了新闻听力7类常考词汇。例如:

政治新闻

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ agenda <i>n.</i> 议程 | ☐ arrest <i>v.</i> 逮捕 |
| ☐ abuse <i>v.</i> 滥用 | ☐ autonomy <i>n.</i> 自治 |
| ☐ assassination <i>n.</i> 刺杀 | ☐ ballot <i>n.</i> 选票 |
| ☐ assail <i>v.</i> 攻击 | ☐ bilateral <i>a.</i> 双边的 |
| ☐ blast <i>n.</i> 爆炸 | ☐ convention <i>n.</i> 大会 |
| ☐ consensus <i>n.</i> 共识 | ☐ campaign <i>n.</i> 竞选活动 |
| ☐ corruption <i>n.</i> 腐败 | ☐ chaos <i>n.</i> 混乱 |
| ☐ concession <i>n.</i> 让步 | ☐ confession <i>n.</i> 坦白 |
| ☐ court <i>n.</i> 法庭 | ☐ candidate <i>n.</i> 候选人 |
| ☐ dissolve <i>v.</i> 解散 | ☐ defendant <i>n.</i> 被告 |

在第六章听力标准模拟题中,本书为每篇短文、新闻材料提炼"重点词汇与短语",提供这些词汇在文中最常用的释义,帮助考生扫除答题障碍。例如:

Wildfires are a feature of the California Summer but it's unusual for them to break out so close to major centers of population. It's hot here and getting hotter which is driving the **bush** making it all the more in **cindery**, and forecast is such that there has been a **speculation** [24]it could take fire-fighters a week to bring this **blaze** under control. Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger is pleading with people in the path of the flames to **evacuate** as soon as they're told to do so.

重点词汇与短语

wildfire /waɪldfaɪə/ *n.* 难以扑灭之烈火

bush /buʃ/ *n.* 灌木丛

cindery /sɪndəri/ *a.* 灰烬的

speculation /ˌspekjuˈleɪʃən/ *n.* 推测

blaze /bleɪz/ *n.* 火,火焰

evacuate /ɪˈvækjuet/ *v.* 使撤退,撤离,疏散

二、专项+套题分阶突破

1. 33个技巧是高分秘笈

技巧不在多,关键要实用。本书通过8个讲座,向考生介绍了33个实用技巧,并以历年真题为实例进行详细阐述,非常有利于临考应急、提高得分。例如:

技巧2 用词高度相似的两个选项,往往有一个为答案

在四个选项中,如果有两个选项的用词高度相似,而另两个选项的用词重合度没那么高时,正确答案往往来自用词高度相似的那两个选项之一。考生可通过此方法来缩小选择范围,提高答题的准确率。

>>> Sample 2

【题目】

Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?

A. Patients have breakfast at 8.

B. Patients have lunch at 12.

C. There are special alcohol lounges.

D. There are special smoking lounges. [TEM-4, 2008]

【解析】C与D两个选项的用词高度相似,只有一个单词不同,预测正确答案来自其中之一。本题选C。

2. 47套专项+15套标准模拟

专四听力有四种题型——听写、对话、短文、新闻,只要其中一种题型考砸了,就会影响考生的应试心理、从而影响整体得分!本书共有47套听力专项训练和15套听力标准模拟题。考生既可以利用专项训练针对自己的弱项进行补救式的特训,又可以利用标准模拟题进行全面训练、培养临考题感,为自己的专四考试赢得一个良好的开始。

编者

C

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Part 1

第一章

5类真题听记主题词汇

我们知道,如果没有掌握一定的词汇量,一切的英语学习都会举步维艰。而在专四听力方面,若掌握了相关的主题词汇——尤其是听写词汇,则有助于我们迅速地理清文章大意、顺利听写文章。本章特别选取了最具代表性的10篇真题短文,通过填词训练,帮助考生强化专四听力词汇。

第1节 社会生活类词汇80个

- **cushion** /kuʃən/ *n.* 垫子, 坐垫, 靠垫
- **merge** /mɜːdʒ/ *v.* (使)合并, (使)并入
- **proper** /prɒpə/ *a.* 正当的, 适当的
- **manufacture** /ˌmænjuˈfæktʃə/ *v.* (用机器大量)生产, 制造
- **upgrade** /ˈʌpgreɪd/ *v.* 提高某人(某事物)的级别或等级, 提高……档次
- **interior** /ɪnˈtɪəriə/ *n.* 内部, 室内
- **Christmas** /ˈkrɪsməs/ *n.* 圣诞节
- **pick up** 获得
- **camp** /kæmp/ *v.* 设营, 宿营, 露营
- **make sure** 确定
- **get in on** 加入
- **air-conditioner** 空调
- **basement** /ˈbeɪsmənt/ *n.* 地下室
- **cupboard** /ˈkʌbərd/ *n.* 橱柜
- **furnished** /ˈfɜːnɪʃt/ *a.* 已装修的
- **household expenses** 家务开支
- **laundry** /ˈləʊndri/ *n.* 洗衣店
- **parcel** /ˈpɑːsəl/ *n.* 包裹
- **porch** /pɔːtʃ/ *n.* 走廊
- **registered letter** 挂号信
- **vacuum cleaner** 真空吸尘器
- **bargain** /ˈbɑːɡɪn/ *n./v.* 便宜货, 讨价还价
- **chain store** 连锁店
- **convenience store** 便利店
- **discount** /ˈdɪskaʊnt/ *n./v.* 折扣
- **grocery** /ˈɡrəʊsəri/ *n.* 杂货店
- **in stock** 有现货
- **receipt** /rɪˈsiːt/ *n.* 收据
- **vending machine** 自动售卖机
- **airsick** /ˈeə.sɪk/ *n.* 晕机
- **board** /bɔːd/ *n./v.* 登机
- **carriage** /ˈkærɪdʒ/ *n.* 车厢
- **check out** 结账离开
- **express train** 快车
- **landscape** /ˈlændskeɪp/ *n.* 风景
- **platform** /ˈplætfɔːm/ *n.* 站台
- **safety inspection** 安检
- **speeding** /ˈspiːdɪŋ/ *n.* 超速
- **transfer** /ˈtrænsfɜː/ *n.* 转车/机
- **decade** /ˈdekeɪd/ *n.* 十年, 十
- **aviation** /ˌeɪvɪˈeɪʃən/ *n.* 航空, 航空学
- **maintenance** /ˈmeɪntənəns/ *n.* 维修, 保养
- **issue** /ɪʃjuː/ *n.* 问题, 议题, 争论点
- **electronic** /ˌɪlekˈtrɒnɪk/ *a.* 电子的, 电子仪器的
- **ahead of** 在……前面
- **practical** /ˈpræktɪkəl/ *a.* 讲实效的
- **online** /ˈɒnlaɪn/ *a.* 联机的
- **organize** /ˈɔːɡənaɪz/ *v.* ①组织, 安排②筹备, 筹办
- **balcony** /ˈbælkəni/ *n.* 阳台
- **budget** /ˈbʌdʒɪt/ *n.* 预算
- **economical** /ˌiːkəˈnɒmɪkəl/ *a.* 经济的, 节俭的
- **heater** /ˈhiːtə/ *n.* 炉子
- **install** /ɪnˈstɔːl/ *v.* 安装
- **light bulb** 电灯泡
- **plumber** /ˈplʌmbə/ *n.* 管道工
- **postage** /ˈpəʊstɪdʒ/ *n.* 邮费
- **trivial affairs** 日常琐事
- **zip/postal code** 邮政编码
- **catalog(ue)** /ˈkætələɡ/ *n.* 商品目录
- **complaint** /kəmˈpleɪnt/ *n.* 投诉
- **dessert** /ˈdɪzɜːt/ *n.* 甜点
- **famous brands** 名牌
- **in season** 应时的, 处于旺季
- **out of stock** 没货
- **snack bar** 快餐店, 小吃店
- **a non-stop train** 直达火车
- **behind schedule** 晚点
- **booking office** 订票处
- **check in** 住宿登记
- **departure time** 起飞时间
- **historic spots** 历史名胜
- **one-way ticket** 单程票
- **return/round-trip ticket** 往返票
- **sightseeing** /ˈsaɪt.siːɪŋ/ *n.* 观光, 游览
- **traffic jam** 交通拥挤, 塞车
- **rush hour** 高峰时间



同步测试 2 篇

Test 1

Few people expect luxury while flying, but these days, even the basics seem to be in bad shape. It's not uncommon to find your tray table broken, the in-flight entertainment system not working and your seat (1)_____ worn—all of which can make you think, how old is this plane anyway?

The reality for many U.S. air travelers is that most of their journeys take place on planes that have been in service for a (2)_____ or more.

The average age of the fleet of the seven large U.S. passenger airlines is about 14 years old, according to The Airline Monitor. It found American and Delta/Northwest had the oldest fleets, at about 16 years on average. As of the end of 2008, a small percentage of the (3)_____ Delta/Northwest's planes dated back to the late 1960s. U.S. fleets are among the oldest in the world, said Richard Aboulafia, an (4)_____ analyst.

"I'm not really sure that people should read that much into that," Aboulafia said. "From a safety standpoint, a lot of the older planes were built tougher and with (5)_____ (6)_____, there's no reason why a plane can't stay safe for 25 to 30 years."

It's also important to remember that a plane may be 20 years old, but its engines and other major systems could have been recently (7)_____ or upgraded, said Aboulafia. There's less pressure on the airlines to (8)_____ the (9)_____, unless it's a safety (10)_____ or a redesign that will save money.

参考答案

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. cushion | 2. decade | 3. merged | 4. aviation |
| 5. proper | 6. maintenance | 7. manufactured | 8. upgrade |
| 9. interior | 10. issue | | |

Test 2

For shopaholics, the post-(1)_____ period means only one thing: sales. Across the country, prices are slash on clothing, (2)_____, home furnishings and more. But London is the place for serious shopping, and you can certainly (3)_____ some amazing bargains. The sales start on Boxing Day: 26 December and continue to the month of January. But the keenest bargain hunters get there early to be first through the doors. In Oxford Street, queues formed outside shops (4)_____ predawn openings for the start of their sales. At Brent Cross in north London, more than 1,000 people were queuing at 3:30 a.m. for the next clothing store sale which began at 4 a.m.. Some people even (5)_____ outside the shops to be the first in the line. Some people are taking their friends shopping with them and buying their Christmas presents in the sales: a (6)_____ but unromantic way of (7)_____ you get the gift you really want. For a less exciting but less stressful shopping experience, (8)_____ retailers are also (9)_____ the act with January sales of their own. The most (10)_____ of all are those who are already doing their present shopping for next Christmas in the January sales.

参考答案

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1. Christmas | 2. electronics | 3. pick up | 4. ahead of |
| 5. camped | 6. practical | 7. making sure | 8. online |
| 9. getting in on | 10. organized | | |

第2节 学习教育类词汇80个

- graduate /grædʒueɪt/ *a.* 研究生的
- engineering /ˌendʒɪˈnɪəriŋ/ *n.* 工程(学), 工程师行业
- administration /ədˌmɪnɪˈstreɪʃən/ *n.* 行政(管理)
- scholarship /ˈskɒləʃɪp/ *n.* 奖学金
- president /ˈprezɪdnt/ *n.* 总统, 国家主席
- range /reɪndʒ/ *n.* 范围, 幅度
- be interested in 对……感兴趣
- be enrolled in 入学
- later on 稍后
- turn up 出现
- classical literature 古典文学
- collection /kəˈleɪʃən/ *n.* 作品集, 收藏品
- inspiration /ˌɪnspəˈreɪʃən/ *n.* 灵感
- spread knowledge 传播知识
- mass media 大众媒体
- diversity /dɪˈvɜːsɪti/ *n.* 多样性
- graffiti /græˈfiːti/ *n.* 涂鸦
- literature and art 文艺
- musical /ˈmjuːzɪkəl/ *n.* 音乐剧
- orchestra/band 乐队
- accommodation /əˌkɒməˈdeɪʃən/ *n.* 住宿
- assessment /əˈsesmənt/ *n.* 综合评估
- attendance/participation 出勤率
- bachelor /ˈbætʃələ/ *n.* 学士
- credit /ˈkredɪt/ *n.* 学分
- drop out 辍学
- finance /faɪˈnæns/ *n.* 金融学
- gymnasium /dʒɪmˈneɪzɪəm/ *n.* 体育馆
- lecture notes 课堂笔记
- librarian /laɪˈbreəriən/ *n.* 图书管理员
- master /ˈmɑːstə/ *n.* 硕士
- post doctor 博士后
- psychology /saɪˈkɒlədʒi/ *n.* 心理学
- seminar /ˈseminɑː/ *n.* 讨论班
- tuition /tjuːɪʃən/ *n.* 学费
- undergraduate student 本科生
- good-mannered 文明的, 有礼貌的
- proper conduct 得体的举止
- medicine /ˈmedɪsɪn/ *n.* 医学, 医术
- estimate /ˈestɪmənt/ *v.* 估计, 估算, 评价, 评估
- resource /ˈriːsɔːs/ *n.* 资源, 富源
- federal /ˈfedərəl/ *a.* 联邦的, 联盟的, 联合的
- introduce /ˌɪntrəˈdjuːs/ *v.* 介绍, 引进
- semester /ˈsɪməstə/ *n.* 一学期
- concentrate on 全神贯注于
- think about 考虑
- deal with 涉及
- art works 艺术作品
- collected works 文集
- abstract /æbˈstrækt/ *a.* 抽象的
- scope of knowledge 知识面
- cultural differences 文化差异性
- cultural shock 文化冲击
- folk art 民间艺术
- instrument /ˈɪnstrəmənt/ *n.* 乐器
- masterpiece /ˈmɑːstəpiːs/ *n.* 杰作
- oil painting 油画
- sculpture /ˈskʌlptʃə/ *n.* 雕塑
- accounting /əˈkaʊntɪŋ/ *n.* 会计学
- assignment /əˈsaɪnmənt/ *n.* 作业
- auditorium /ˌɔːdɪˈtrɔːrɪəm/ *n.* 礼堂
- boarder /ˈbɔːdə/ *n.* 住宿生
- diploma /dɪˈpləʊmə/ *n.* 毕业证书
- economics /ˌekəˈnɒmɪks/ *n.* 经济学
- graduate/postgraduate student 研究生
- keep drifting away 走神
- letter of recommendation 推荐信
- literature /ˈlɪtərəʃə/ *n.* 文学
- thesis /ˈθiːsɪs/ *n.* 论文
- presentation /ˌprezənˈteɪʃən/ *n.* 演讲
- register/enroll 登记, 报到
- skip the class 逃课
- turn/hand in 上交
- behavior /bɪˈheɪvjə/ *n.* 行为
- ill-mannered 无教养的
- cut a class 旷课



同步测试 2 篇

Test 3

Washington University in Saint Louis, Missouri, is a medium-sized university. It has eleven thousand students. Twelve percent of them were international students, mostly (1)_____ students.

The university has schools for law, (2)_____ and social work. It also has a business school, a school of design and visual arts and a school of (3)_____ and applied science. But more than sixty percent of courses are taught through the Arts and Sciences program.

The new school year that begins this fall will cost about fifty thousand dollars for undergraduates. That includes twelve months of living expenses (4)_____ at twenty thousand dollars.

Graduate tuition differs by program. Tuition for the Master of Social Work program, for example, will cost twenty-seven thousand dollars in the coming year. The Master of Business (5)_____ program will cost about 38,000 dollars.

The university offers financial assistance to international students, including first-year students, but says its (6)_____ are limited.

(7)_____ are available. The university also offers a monthly payment plan to spread out the cost of (8)_____. It offers loan programs.

International students in the United States generally cannot receive (9)_____ student loans. But they may be able to take out private loans, as many American students do.

Washington University in Saint Louis was named Eliot Seminary when it opened in 1853. Later the name was changed to honor the first American (10)_____, George Washington.

参考答案

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. graduate | 2. medicine | 3. engineering | 4. estimated |
| 5. Administration | 6. resources | 7. Scholarships | 8. tuition |
| 9. federal | 10. president | | |

Test 4

Good morning, everyone and welcome to the English for Academic Purposes Center. I'd like to begin by briefly (1)_____ the services we offer here at our center. First of all, we have a wide (2)_____ of language courses. In the first (3)_____ we run an eight-week conversation class for students of non-English-speaking backgrounds, who wish to improve their fluency, grammar and pronunciation in English. The course is held on Tuesdays between 12:30 and 1:30. So that's one hour once a week. Please enroll with the secretary before Friday this week.

For those of you who (4)_____ developing your writing skills, we have a six-week course which runs for two hours between 4 and 6 on Wednesday afternoons beginning in week one. It (5)_____ the writing skills needed for assignments in the Departments of Economics and Social Sciences. Students must (6)_____ either of these departments.

You're probably not (7)_____ taking examinations yet, but (8)_____ towards the end of the term, you might like to enroll in our Examination Skills class. The course runs for five weeks, and two hours in a week. The course (9)_____ the skills you need in both written tests and oral examinations. It is not necessary to enroll before the course starts. Just (10)_____ for the first class.

参考答案

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. introducing | 2. range | 3. semester | 4. are interested in |
| 5. concentrates on | 6. be enrolled in | 7. thinking about | 8. later on |
| 9. deals with | 10. turn up | | |

第3节 医疗保健类词汇70个

- **prevention** /prɪ'venʃən/ *n.* 阻止,防止,预防
- **infect** /ɪn'fekt/ *v.* 传染,感染,影响
- **cause** /kɔ:z/ *v.* 使产生,使发生,引起
- **infectious** /ɪn'fekʃəs/ *a.* 传染性的
- **progress** /prəʊgres/ *n.* 进步,进展
- **anniversary** /æni'vɜ:səri/ *n.* 纪念日
- **proportion** /prə'pɔ:ʃən/ *n.* 比例,比率
- **contract** /kən'trækt/ *v.* 得病,感染疾病
- **illness** /ɪlnɪs/ *n.* 病,疾病
- **disastrous** /dɪ'zɑ:stres/ *a.* 灾难性的,极坏的
- **allergy** /ælədʒɪ/ *n.* 过敏
- **bandage** /bəndɪdʒ/ *n.* 绷带
- **beyond cure** 无法治愈
- **clinic** /kλɪnɪk/ *n.* 诊所
- **diabetics** /daɪə'betɪks/ *n.* 糖尿病患者
- **emergency** /ɪ'mɜ:dʒənsɪ/ *n.* 紧急情况
- **epidemic** /epɪ'demɪk/ *n.* 流行病 *a.* 流行性的
- **feel chilly** 觉得发冷
- **fever** /fi:və/ *n.* 发烧
- **give a prescription** 开药方
- **have a sore throat** 嗓子痛
- **have a stuffed nose** 鼻子不通
- **high blood pressure** 高血压
- **injection** /ɪn'dʒekʃən/ *n.* 注射,注入
- **medication** /medɪ'keɪʃən/ *n.* 药物
- **physical exercise** 锻炼
- **pill** /pɪl/ *n.* 药片
- **runny nose** 流鼻涕
- **send for a doctor** 请医生
- **surgeon** /sɜ:dʒən/ *n.* 外科医生
- **symptom** /sɪmptəm/ *n.* 症状
- **take injection** 打针
- **take temperature** 量体温
- **treat** /tri:t/ *n.* 治疗
- **vaccinate** /væksɪnert/ *v.* 注射疫苗
- **establish** /ɪ'stæblɪʃ/ *v.* 建立,设立,制订
- **virus** /vaɪərəs/ *n.* 病毒
- **provide** /prə'vaɪd/ *v.* 提供,供给
- **disease** /dɪ'zi:z/ *n.* 疾病,弊病,病害
- **infection** /ɪn'fekʃən/ *n.* 传染(病),感染
- **stagger** /stæɡə/ *v.* 使摇摆,使震惊
- **identify** /aɪ'dentɪfaɪ/ *v.* 认明,识别,鉴定
- **die from** 因……而死
- **positive** /pɒzətɪv/ *a.* 正极的,阳性的
- **consequence** /kɒnsɪkwəns/ *n.* 结果,后果
- **antibiotic** /æntɪbaɪ'ɒtɪk/ *n.* 抗生素
- **be/feel under the weather** 身体不舒服
- **capsule** /kæpsju:l/ *n.* 胶囊
- **cure** /kjʊə/ *v.* 治愈
- **dizzy** /dɪzi/ *a.* 头晕目眩的
- **emergency room** 急诊室
- **eye drops** 眼药水
- **feel dizzy** 头晕
- **flu** /flu:/ *n.* 流感
- **have a cough** 咳嗽
- **have a stomachache** 胃痛
- **have/catch a cold** 感冒
- **infectious illness** 传染病
- **make an appointment** 预约
- **operation** /ɒpə'reɪʃən/ *n.* 手术
- **physician** /fɪ'zɪʃən/ *n.* 内科医师
- **prescription** /prɪ'skrɪpʃən/ *n.* 处方
- **see a doctor** 看病
- **sneeze** /sni:z/ *v.* 打喷嚏
- **surgery** /sɜ:dʒəri/ *n.* 外科手术
- **tablet** /tæblɪt/ *n.* 药片
- **take one's blood pressure** 量血压
- **toothache** /tu:θeɪk/ *n.* 牙疼
- **twist one's ankle** 扭伤脚踝
- **vitamin** /vɪtə'mɪn/ *n.* 维他命



同步测试 2 篇

Test 5

UNICEF is joining with a nonprofit group to bring AIDS (1)_____ programs to more women and children in five countries. UNICEF, United Nations Children's Fund, will work with Family Health International. The new partnership will be (2)_____ at first in Guyana, India, Malawi, Nigeria and Zambia.

One of the goals is to improve care for babies (3)_____ with H.I.V., the (4)_____ that (5)_____ AIDS. Another is to prevent the spread of H.I.V. from mother to child.

Activities will depend on the needs of each country. In some cases, anti-AIDS drugs will be (6)_____ to infected parents of children. Women and children living in rural communities will receive most of the services.

Both UNICEF and Family Health International will expand their partnership into more countries in the future.

Family Health International has been working on public health issues since 1971. The organization is based in North Carolina and has programs in seventy countries.

It does research on (7)_____ (8)_____ and reproductive health, and also provides services.

Experts say an important part of fighting AIDS is political will. One example they point to is Cambodia. That country has been getting attention for its (9)_____ in reducing some of the highest (10)_____ rates in Asia.

Experts praise the government for supporting public education efforts and programs.

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1. prevention | 2. established | 3. infected | 4. virus |
| 5. causes | 6. provided | 7. infectious | 8. diseases |
| 9. progress | 10. infection | | |

Test 6

On the 20th (1)_____ of the first official report on AIDS the head of the United Nations AIDS programme warns the deadly disease may only be at its early stages in many parts of the world. Dr. Piot has said that the disease has already reached the (2)_____ (3)_____ since first being (4)_____ in 1981. 58 million people world-wide have (5)_____ the HIV virus, which causes AIDS, while 22 million have (6)_____ related (7)_____. The UN estimates the world's HIV-(8)_____ population at 36 million, including 25 million in Sub-Saharan Africa. International officials warned that the disease would have (9)_____ political, social and economic (10)_____ in many developing countries.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. anniversary | 2. staggering | 3. proportions | 4. identified |
| 5. contracted | 6. died from | 7. illnesses | 8. positive |
| 9. disastrous | 10. consequences | | |

第4节 商业经济类词汇80个

- **professional** /prə'feʃənəl/ *a.* 专门的, 职业的
- **supervisor** /sju:pəvaɪzə/ *n.* 监督人, 管理员, 指导者
- **coordinate** /kəu'vɔ:dɪnɪt/ *v.* 调节, 协调, 统筹
- **specify** /spesɪfaɪ/ *v.* 指定, 载明, 详述
- **permit** /pə'mɪt/ *v.* 允许, 许可
- **owe** /əu/ *v.* 欠
- **offer** /ɒfə/ *v.* 提供, 提出, 建议
- **pursue** /pə'sju:/ *v.* 追求, 实行
- **put forward** 提出
- **revive** /rɪ'vaɪv/ *v.* (使)复用, (使)复兴
- **boost** /bu:st/ *v.* 提高, 使增长
- **commercial channels** 商业渠道
- **customs** /kʌstəmz/ *n.* 海关
- **dealer** /di:lə/ *n.* 经销商
- **unfair competition** 不公平竞争
- **domestic/international/foreign trade** 国内/国际/对外贸易
- **middleman** /mɪdlmæn/ *n.* 中间商, 经纪人
- **manufacturer** /mænju'fæktʃərə/ *n.* 制造商
- **purchase** /pɜ:tʃɪs/ *v.* 购买, 进货
- **retailer** /rɪ'teɪlə/ *n.* 零售商
- **terms of trade** 贸易条件
- **a junior sales manager** 初级销售经理
- **dismissal** /dɪs'mɪsəl/ *a.* 开除, 解雇
- **job prospects** 职业前景
- **night shift** 夜班
- **pay offer** 工资待遇
- **professional expertise** 专业技能
- **the want ads** 招聘广告
- **unemployment** /ˌʌnɪm'plɔɪmənt/ *n.* 失业
- **useful/past experience** 有用的/过去的工作经验
- **further talk** 进一步谈判
- **job interview** 工作面试
- **draw up a budget** 做出预算
- **handle accounts** 处理账务
- **information processing** 信息处理
- **keep on top of everything** 控制全局
- **paid vacation** 带薪假
- **resign from his position** 从某一职位离职
- **right candidate for this position** 该职位的合适候选人
- **stay competitive** 保持竞争力
- **salary** /sæləri/ *n.* 薪水, 薪金, 薪俸
- **construction** /kən'strʌkʃən/ *n.* 建筑, 建设
- **automobile** /ɔ:təməbi:l/ *n.* 汽车
- **schedule** /skedʒʊl, 'ʃedʒʊl/ *n.* 进度表, 计划
- **advertisement** /əd'vɜ:tɪsmənt/ *n.* 广告
- **relief** /rɪ'li:f/ *n.* 救济, 救援, 救济物
- **poverty** /pɒvəti/ *n.* 贫困
- **finance** /faɪ'næns/ *n.* 财政, 财务
- **initiative** /ɪ'nɪʃɪətɪv/ *a.* 起始的, 初步的
- **monetary** /mə'nɪtəri/ *a.* 货币的, 金融的
- **bulk sale** 整批销售, 趸售
- **commercial transaction** 买卖, 交易
- **customs duty** 关税
- **deposit** /dɪ'pɒzɪt/ *v.* 存款
- **dumping** /dʌmpɪŋ/ *v.* 倾销
- **exchange rate** 汇率
- **item** /aɪtəm/ *n.* 项目, 细目
- **interest rate** 利率
- **quota** /kwɒtə/ *n.* 配额, 限额
- **stocks** /stɒks/ *n.* 存货, 库存量
- **wholesaler** /həʊlseɪlə/ *n.* 批发商
- **application letter** 求职信
- **fill in/out application form** 填写申请表
- **job resume** 工作简历
- **odd job** 零工
- **position/post/vacancy/opening** 职位
- **take over the position** 接任职位
- **turn down/refuse** 拒绝
- **advertising strategies** 广告策略
- **an impressive reputation** 声誉不错
- **job-hunting** 找工作
- **data collection** 数据收集
- **file a lawsuit** 提起诉讼
- **immediate boss** 直接上司
- **international trade fair** 国际展览会
- **make a concession** 做出让步
- **personnel department** 人事部
- **stimulate business activity** 刺激商业活动
- **training consultancy** 培训咨询
- **on business trip** 出差