



考天下名师团 编

格林 主编

# 雅思 9分

## Vocabulary Company for IELTS

### 写作 考点词汇胜经

官方指南详细解析 | 真题词汇分类汇编

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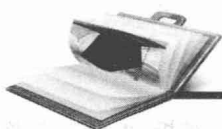
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# 前言

# PREFACE

雅思写作可以说是中国考生的“软肋”，在雅思各种的平均分中，写作得分最低。很多考生面对写作题目感到力不从心。词汇量不够、掌握的表达方法有限，都成为写作内容表达的障碍。

为帮助考生从根本上解决雅思写作的问题，本书设计有以下特色：

## 一、分析问题，有效率高

任何考试都是有规律的。在雅思考试中，听力有常考场景，口语有常考话题，阅读有固定的题型，写作有固定的模式等。本书从雅思写作考试常见问题入手，针对雅思写作考试中的各种题型，有重点地进行了思路点拨，帮助考生在短时间内掌握解题技巧和方法，以取得事半功倍的效果，努力达到9分水平。

## 二、科学分类，区分率高

本书按照写作表达的常见模板将收录词汇进行科学分类，满足不同考生的需要。这样的分类能够引导考生区分记忆单词，同时也帮助考生熟悉写作话题，便于考生在短时间内有的放矢，把有限的时间放在刀刃上。以前的词汇讲解往往是从记忆法的角度进行，而本书则从使用的角度进行。在词汇讲解部分，都有词义拓展和例句，让读者不仅会背，而且会用。

## 三、真题选词，命中率高

本书在收词时，仔细研究了历年的雅思写作试题，总结其命题规律，精选出雅思写作常考话题所涉及的单词词组。本书所收录的，均是真正意义

# 前 言

上的在雅思写作考试中出现的高频词汇,并对热词进行辨析,大大丰富考生的写作词汇,使考生的写作句型多样化,避免反复使用相同的词汇。

本书的最大亮点是将雅思写作中常见的词汇运用到最新雅思写作真题中,坚信如此即学即用的编排模式定能让考生如虎添翼,自由地翱翔于“考海”中。

编 者

张颖欣, 王同林, 一

本书在编写过程中,参考了诸多权威资料,力求做到精益求精。本书在编写过程中,参考了诸多权威资料,力求做到精益求精。本书在编写过程中,参考了诸多权威资料,力求做到精益求精。

张颖欣, 王同林, 二

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## 考天下学习网简介

北京尚林教育科技有限公司（“考天下学习网”）是一家集教育培训、教育产品研发、教育服务等于一体的全方位的综合型学习公司。目前开设有考研考博培训、雅思培训、托福培训、SAT培训、职称英语培训等多项网络培训班，结合教辅类图书、在线题库系统、视频资源系统、电子类资料等保证了辅导课程的高质量。随着网络技术的进步，“考天下学习网”在原有远程培训平台的基础上不断更新升级，已经将其建设成为集资讯、网络学习、网上书店、答疑系统、模拟测试等为一体的科学化、规模化平台。

### 师资优势：

汇集了京城地区英语专业精英教师，他们分别来自北大、清华、人大、北外、浙大、中南大学等国内著名学府的英语学院，均是英语专业博士生导师、硕士生导师、教授、副教授，具有无可争议的权威性和代表性。

### 服务优势：

为不同学习程度、不同定向考生提供个性化定制课程辅导；为考生准备了针对性讲座和课程，以求达到最佳的辅导效果。

### 信息优势：

掌握国内主要大专院校的英语专业招考信息和专业考试信息，历年考题资料和出题规律的总结，为考生提供便捷、高效的备考途径。

## 考天下学习网网络课程

国内网络课程	<b>考研精品课程</b> 2012考研英语保50分以上直通班 2012考研英语保45争50分班 2012考研英语保35争40分班 2012考研英语作文模板保25分班		<b>考研专项课程</b> 2012考研英语历年真题精讲班 2012考研英语报刊文章选读班 2012考研英语语法新思维 2012考研英语词汇5500 2012考研英语长难句解析班	
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出国留学网络课程	SAT网络课程	雅思网络课程	托福网络课程	



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# 第一章

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雅思写作高分全攻略





## 第一节 用模板套用雅思真题作文

### 1. 用套话套用雅思真题作文

#### 1) 与抽烟是否完全应该禁止有关的开头

Before giving my opinion, I think it is necessary to look at the argument on both sides. Non-smokers think that smoking is harmful to our environment, while smokers claim that smoking in the open air is their own freedom and it makes no threat to the public.

在阐述我的观点之前,我看有必要先从正反两方面来看一下这一争论。不吸烟者说抽烟危害环境,而吸烟者称在室外抽烟是他们的自由,而且这对大众无害。

Some people think smoking should be banned in all public places. Others, however, believe that in a place where smoking doesn't affect other people, smokers can enjoy their cigarettes. In my point of view, I am in favor of the latter one.

某些人认为所有公共场所都应禁止吸烟,然而另外一些人却认为在一个不影响他人的场合里,可以抽烟。依我看,我同意后一个观点。

When asked about whether smoking should be banned or not, the vast majority of people say that it must be, but other people view it as a personal freedom.

当被问到抽烟是否应当被禁止时,大多数人认为必须这样做,但其他的人把它当作个人自由。

Whether smoking should be banned in all public places or not arouses much discussion recently. There are two groups of people: those who strongly approve of the ban because it is harmful to our health and those who say the ban should be removed because it violates basic human right.

公共场所是否应禁止吸烟最近引起了很大的争论。有两种人:因吸烟有害健康而持支持意见的和因禁止吸烟违背了基本人权而持反对意见的。

On the whole, if we take a careful consideration, it is not difficult to get the conclusion that smoking is not a personal issue, but it is something social which should be banned as early as possible.

总之,如果我们仔细考虑的话,不难得出这样一个结论:吸烟不是个人问题,而是社会问题,应该尽早禁止。

### 2) 与学校的理论课和实践课有关的开头

Before giving my opinion, I think it is necessary to look at the argument on both sides. Theory can help students learn knowledge systematically while practice and hands-on experience will make sure that students can solve some concrete problems quickly.

在阐述我的观点之前,我看有必要先从正反两方面来看一下这一争论。理论能使学生把知识学得系统些,而实践和动手干的体验可保证学生快速解决具体问题。

When asked about the relationship between practice and theory at school, the vast majority of people say that school children should mainly learn from books, but other people view it as too theoretical.

当被问到理论和实践的关系时,大多数人认为学生还是应该从书本上学知识,但其他的人却认为这太理论化了。

### 3) 与政府多投资于建设还是多投资于国防有关的开头

Before giving my opinion, I think it is necessary to look at the argument on both sides. If a government spends enough money on military, that country's national defense will be strong enough. However, if more money is spent on the construction, people in that country will enjoy a more comfortable life.

在阐述我的观点之前,我看有必要先从正反两方面来看一下这一争论。一个政府如果在军事上花费足够的钱,其国防就会相当强大。但如果在建设上花足够的钱,人民的生活将会更舒适。

There is a public controversy nowadays over the issue of the budget in a government. Those who criticize the big budget for non-national defense argue that a strong national defense is the first priority. But those who believe that economic development leads the national defense think the danger of war is not threatening us so much.

当今,关于政府预算有着普遍的争议。批评非国防开支太大的人认为国防是首要的。但是,赞成经济发展优先国防的人认为战争的威胁并没有那么大。

#### 4) 与干长期固定工作好还是经常换工作好有关的开头

Before giving my opinion, I think it is necessary to look at the argument on both sides. To hold a permanent job can make one have a sense of stability, and you don't have to worry about next month's salary. However, changing jobs when it is necessary can help you develop your ability more successfully, and maybe you will be paid better.

在阐述我的观点之前,我看有必要先从正反两方面来看一下这一争论。干一份固定工作能使人有安稳感,可不用为下月工资发愁了。但有必要换工作时,换一下能让人更好地发挥自己的能力,也许还能挣得更多。

#### 5) 与女性是否可以当兵打仗有关的结尾

To sum up, it is perhaps not so important whether women should join the military or not. It is absolutely necessary, in my opinion, how women can help eliminate a war. If, in every country, mothers ask sons not to fight, sisters tell brothers not to kill, and wives persuade husbands not to enter the war, then the world will certainly become more peaceful.

总而言之,女性参军与否可能并不那么重要,我认为女性制止一场战争才是绝对必要的。在每个国家,他们的母亲可以告诉儿子不要去战斗,她们的姐妹告诉兄弟不要去杀戮,他们的妻子劝说丈夫不要去参战,世界理所当然会变得更加和平。

#### 6) 与体育课的竞争性和合作性有关的结尾

To sum up, we cannot deny that both sides are well-grounded. In my opinion, sports and games should be developed cooperatively as well as competitively. Only in this way can we better understand the Olympic principle of "Swifter, Higher and Stronger".

总而言之,双方的论据无疑都很充分。本人的观点是:体育运动的发展应该是合作与竞赛双管齐下。只有这样才能更好地理解“更快,更高,更强”的奥运精神。

#### 7) 与出国学习和国内学习比较有关的开头

Some people think students should go abroad to study. Others, however,

believe they should finish their university education in their home country. From my point of view, I am in favor of the latter one.

某些人认为,学生应该到国外上大学,然而另外一些人却认为学生应该在本国完成大学学业,根据我的看法,我同意后一个观点(学生应在本国完成大学学业)。

#### 8) 与出国学习和国内学习比较有关的结尾

On the whole, if we take a careful consideration, it is not difficult to get the conclusion that students should finish their university study in their home country before they go abroad to further their education.

总之,如果我们仔细考虑的话,不难得出这样一个结论:学生应在本国完成大学学业再出国深造。

#### 9) 与该不该杀动物吃肉或用动物做实验有关的开头

Some people think it is all right necessary to kill the animals for their meat. Others, however, believe in vegetarian principles. From my point of view, I am in favor of the latter one.

某些人认为,杀动物吃肉是想当然必要的,然而另外一些人却信奉素食主义。根据我的看法,我同意后一个观点(信奉素食主义)。

#### 10) 与野生动物应得到很好的保护有关的结尾

In short, given the factor I have just outlined, it is safely to draw the conclusion that wild animals should be well protected and some domestic animals or some poultry can be used as meat by humans.

简而言之,根据刚才列出的因素,是可以得出这个结论的:野生动物应得到很好的保护,而某些家畜家禽是可被人用来吃肉的。

#### 11) 与政府要参与某事有关的作文用语

Therefore, it is the government's responsibility to prepare enough money for this project. It is really for the benefits of the whole public.

所以,在这个项目上准备足够的财力是政府的责任,这确实会有利于整个民众。

In conclusion, for the reasons presented above, it is reasonable to support the statement that government should do something differently according to the concrete situation.

总之,根据上述原因,支持这个观点是有理由的;政府应按具体情况,不同事情不同对待。

## 2. 用引语、谚语、名言、名句套用雅思真题作文

英语引语、谚语、名言、名句在雅思真题写作中的作用是很大的。

### 1) 与动物有关的

- ① Birds of a feather flock together. 物以类聚,人以群分。
- ② A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. 双鸟在林不如一鸟在手。
- ③ One stone kills two birds. 一箭双雕。
- ④ Early bird catches the worm. 捷足者先登。
- ⑤ Don't put the cart before the horse. 不要本末倒置。
- ⑥ One swallow does not make a summer. 一燕不成夏。
- ⑦ Don't teach a fish how to swim. 不要班门弄斧。
- ⑧ When the cat's away, the mice will play. 猫儿不在,老鼠玩得自在。
- ⑨ Every dog has its day. 凡人皆有得意日。
- ⑩ Don't count the chickens before they are hatched. 不要指望过早。

可用于孩子看电视和玩电脑游戏的作文的例子:(When the cat's away, the mice will play.) When the mother goes away, the child will go to the computer play. So we need to educate the children, not just stop them.

可用于精神压力对人有很大影响的作文的例子:(One swallow does not make a summer.) It is true that one swallow does not make a summer, but if we bear a heavy burden every day, our health will deteriorate.

### 2) 与人有关的

- ① Two heads are better than one. 两人智慧胜一人。
- ② Seeing is believing. 眼见为实。
- ③ Once bitten, twice shy. 一次被咬,下次胆小。
- ④ Like father, like son. 有其父,必有其子。
- ⑤ Out of sight, out of mind. 眼不见,心不想。
- ⑥ Where there is a will, there is a way. 有志者事竟成。
- ⑦ Many hands make light work. 众人拾柴火焰高。
- ⑧ All work and no play make Jack a dull boy. 只工作不玩耍,聪明孩子也变傻。
- ⑨ A friend in need is a friend indeed. 患难见真情。

⑩ Don't throw out the baby with the bath water. 不要把婴儿同洗澡水一起倒掉。

⑪ Failure is the mother of success. 失败乃成功之母。

⑫ He laughs best who laughs last. 谁笑到最后,谁笑得最好。

⑬ Time and tide wait for no man. 时光不待人。

⑭ Look before you leap. 三思而后行。

⑮ God helps those who help themselves. 自助者天助。

⑯ An apple a day keeps the doctor away. 一天一苹果,医生远离我。

⑰ It's never too old to learn. 活到老,学到老。

⑱ It's never too late to mend. 改过迁善,从不嫌晚。

⑲ Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today. 今日事,今日毕。

可用于富裕国家帮助穷国的作文的例子: (God helps those who help themselves.) God helps those who help themselves, so the poor countries should mainly rely on themselves before they can get appropriate help.

可用于禁止吸烟的作文的例子: (It's never too late to mend.) It's never too late to give up smoking.

可用于各媒体比较的作文的例子: (Two heads are better than one.) Two heads are better than one, maybe we can make use of everything, for example, TV, radio, newspaper, Internet, then we will get much more information than we do through one single medium.

(3) 与罗马城有关的

① All roads lead to Rome. 条条大路通罗马。

② Rome was not built in a day. 罗马非朝夕建成。

③ When in Rome, do as the Romans do. 入国问禁,入乡随俗。

可用于防止孩子玩电脑游戏的作文的例子: All roads lead to Rome. Conservative groups have argued for years now that playing video games leads young people to real violence. It is true that many people who commit such acts have played violent video games, but this does not prove that playing the games caused them to act violently. Some argue that people who have violent tendencies naturally gravitate toward violent games.

可用于禁止吸烟的作文的例子: Rome was not built in a day. As we know, smoking is harmful not only to our health but also to the environment.



Smoking can lead to many diseases, such as lung cancer. Smoking pollutes environment by giving much poisonous vapour off into the air.

可用于保护野生动物的作文的例子: The government has made a new plan to help pandas. The nature reserves will be bigger and the bamboo will grow better. Then the pandas will have enough food to eat and enough places to live in. Pandas born in the zoos may go back to live in the nature reserves. When in Rome, do as the Romans do.

#### 4) 说明哲理的

- ① Better late than never. 迟做总比不做好。
- ② A stitch in time saves nine. 趁早缝一针,省得来日补十针。
- ③ More haste, less speed. 欲速则不达。
- ④ Practice makes perfect. 熟能生巧。
- ⑤ Actions speak louder than words. 事实胜于雄辩。
- ⑥ Pride goes before a fall. 骄者(兵)必败。
- ⑦ Easier said than done. 说时容易做时难。
- ⑧ Strike while the iron is hot. 趁热打铁。
- ⑨ Health is better than wealth. 健康胜过财富。
- ⑩ It's no use crying over the spilt milk. 覆水难收,后悔无益。
- ⑪ East or west, home is the best. 东奔西跑,不如家好。
- ⑫ One cannot see the wood for the trees. 不要见树不见林。
- ⑬ All that glitters is not gold. 闪光的不一定是金子。
- ⑭ Never trouble trouble until trouble troubles you. 麻烦没来找你,别去自找麻烦。
- ⑮ No pains, no gains. 不劳则无获。
- ⑯ A good beginning is half done. 好的开头是成功的一半。
- ⑰ Call a spade a spade. 是啥说啥,直言不讳。
- ⑱ New brooms sweep clean. 新官上任三把火。

可用于禁止吸烟的作文的例子: (Better late than never.) Better late than never, give it up now. If you have had a long history of smoking cigarettes, it is still never too late to stop.

可用于照看老人的作文的例子: (East or west, home is the best.) East or west, old people always regard their homes the best.