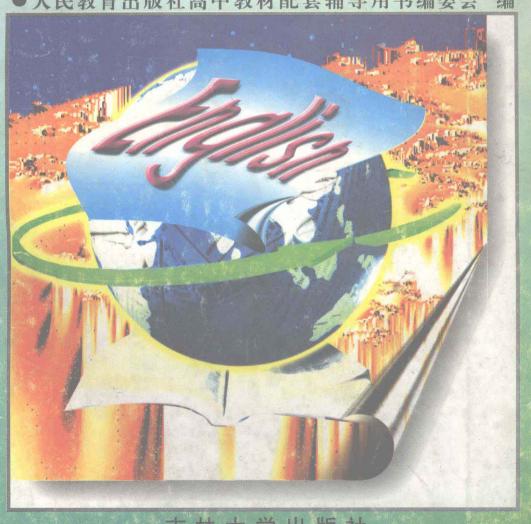




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林大学出版社

人民教育出版社高中教材配套

总复习

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编 者 朱燕平 程曼村

王俊敏 陶 倩

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前言

得到人民教育出版社的首肯,吉林大学出版社为人民教育出版社出版的现行高中教材配了一套辅导用书(简称《配套用书》)。这是一件国内首创,有助于培育21世纪人才的好事。对此我很感兴趣,愿意为它做一点工作。我曾经为长春、大连、武汉、南京等地的中学教师和大学青年学生们做过几次有关教学思想与学习方法的报告,国内有的出版社也正在准备出版我的有关这方面内容的论文集。现今吉林大学出版社邀我主编《配套用书》,我想应该乘此机会,将我从教50年来的一些教学方法和经验心得,融会到这套用书中去,供立志成材的青年们参考。

《配套用书》编写指导思想十分明确,在编写中尽量参考了正在试行的实验教材的改革思路和部分内容,也汲取了一些中学复习资料的精华。所以,这套用书源于教材又丰富于教材。

《配套用书》是由教学经验丰富、谙熟教材并对教法有专门研究的重点中学特级教师和高级教师执笔,而且还特邀了人民教育出版社的各个学科的专家参与编写并负责主审。此书从结构到内容均有所创新、有所突破,有自己的特点。

特点之一,它与课本同步到章节,因此它与课堂场景相互照应,能帮助学生全面地消化理解课本内容。

特点之二,内容安排上主次分明,详略得当,便于学生自学,能起到课文导读的作用。

特点之三,知识重点突出在课程的各环节中,对其中的要点、难点和易错、易混的内容与问题分别给予分析说明、剖析解疑并精选例题加以深化,能巩固和扩大学生的基础知识和基本技能,为学生顺利达标服务。

特点之四,注重启发性和培育兴趣原则,讲究"题眼"布局,有助于 形成正确的解题思路,掌握解题技巧,有助于学习能力和学习兴趣的培 养,故有利于改善学生素质,提高高考应试能力。

一套好书宛如一座知识宝库,蕴藏着青年学生们所要追索的思想方法和知识,又像一把金钥匙,能够启迪思维,开发智力。我相信全国的高中学生和自学成材的青年朋友们,一定会欢迎《配套用书》的问世,我衷心祝愿大家能利用它来激发自己的智慧火花,获得成功的喜悦!

徐利佐

1997年3月20日于长春

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PHONETICS (语音)

从A、B、C、D中找出与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。

()1. brea <u>th</u> e	A. smoo <u>th</u>	B. thinker	C. clo <u>th</u>	D. tru <u>th</u>
()2. diamond	A. spear	B. spare	C. insp <u>ire</u>	D. Russia
()3. southern	A. thought	B. row	C. south	D. government
()4. br <u>oo</u> k	A. cocoon	B. <u>loo</u> m	C. f <u>∞</u> t	D. foolish
()5. thr <u>ea</u> d	A. foreh <u>ea</u> d	B. feather	C. l <u>ea</u> n	D. weave
()6. m <u>ea</u> ns	A. m <u>ea</u> sure	B. feeler	C. h <u>ea</u> lth	D. br <u>ea</u> k
()7. nor <u>th</u> ern	A. mouths	B. paths	C. breath	D. earth
()8. bury	A. gulf	B. sw <u>ea</u> t	C. sweet	D. column
()9. savage	A. Asia	B. Atlantic	C. change	D. encourage
()10. s <u>er</u> ve	A. sergeant	B. serious	C. fertilizer	D. material
()11. incident	A. clench	B. recognize	C. receive	D. cottage
()12. reduc <u>ed</u>	A. wretched	B. splendid	C. connected	D. brush <u>ed</u>
()13. package	A. irrigate	B. portrait	C. curtain	D. waist
()14. permission	A. celebration	B. conclusion	C. suggestion	D. visionphone
()15. p <u>ai</u> d	A. said	B. mountain	C. raise	D. certainly
()16. s <u>ch</u> ool	A. stomach	B. branch	C. ma <u>ch</u> ine	D. <u>ch</u> air
()17. watched	A. wretched	B. taxed	C. permitted	D. decided
()18. holiday	A. terrible	B. office	C. million	D. blind
()19. exactly	A. exercise	B. excuse	C. exhibition	D. exist
()20. matches	A. senses	B. scenes	C. mistak <u>es</u>	D. satellit <u>es</u>
()21. w <u>ou</u> nd	A. route	B. touch	C. south	D. nervous
()22. machine	A. church	B. search	C. moustache	D. te <u>ch</u> nical
()23. spr <u>ay</u>	A. Tuesday	B. says	C. away	D. mayor
()24. increased	A. wretch <u>ed</u>	B. ordered	C. supposed	D. undressed
()25. capt <u>ai</u> n	A. curt <u>ai</u> n	B. mountain	C. cert <u>ai</u> n	D. painting
()26. <u>re</u> built	A. <u>remarry</u>	B. <u>reg</u> ard	C. remain	D. <u>re</u> source
()27. proper	A. <u>or</u> phan	B. office	C. northern	D. <u>or</u> dinary
()28. br <u>ow</u> n	A. glow	B. meadow	C. power	D. kn <u>ow</u> ledge
()29. br <u>ea</u> d	A. st <u>ee</u> l	B. b <u>ea</u> t	C. sweat	D. sw <u>ee</u> t
()30. gr <u>ea</u> t	A. l <u>ea</u> st	B. br <u>ea</u> k	C. l <u>ea</u> st	D. def <u>ea</u> t
()31. th <u>ea</u> tre	A. id <u>ea</u>	B. l <u>ea</u> n	C. h <u>ea</u> t	D. m <u>ea</u> n
()32. m <u>ea</u> l	A. treat	B. d <u>ea</u> th	C. measure	D. thr <u>ea</u> d
()33. fond	A. rob	B. don't	C. front	D. correct

()34. national	A. native	B. nation	C. narrow	D. date
()35. spare	A. spear	B. dare	C. dear	D. deer
()36. near	A. repair	B. wear	C. stair	D. appear
()37. months	A. mouths	B. baths	C. horses	D. houses
()38. basin	A. cast	B. blanket	C. laboratory	D. taste
()39. bath	A. strength	B. smooth	C. worthy	D. breathe
()40. f <u>oo</u> lish	A. foot	B. stood	C. cook	D. food
()41. instant	A. blanket	B. balloon	C. grasp	D. hammer
()42. br <u>ea</u> k	A. dr <u>ea</u> dful	B. cheat	C. feather	D. great
()43. <u>eag</u> er	A. complete	B. forehead	C. bullet	D. ocean
()44. cousin	A. count	B. cough	C. courage	D. youth
()45. stomach	A. charge	B. character	C. church	D. snatch
()46. <u>ex</u> cuse	A. examine	B. example	C. expect	D. exist
()47. limit <u>ed</u>	A. watched	B. mov <u>ed</u>	C. stayed	D. wretched
()48. smoo <u>th</u>	A. fea <u>th</u> er	C. thrust	C. tru <u>th</u>	D. strength
()49. blanket	A. incident	B. belong	C. bench	D. engineer
()50. receive	A. either	B. h <u>eig</u> ht	C. eighteen	D. seize
()51. d <u>ou</u> ble	A. touch	B. pl <u>oug</u> h	C. th <u>oug</u> h	D. bought
()52. t <u>ow</u> er	A. bellow	B. powder	C. fell <u>ow</u>	D. meadow
()53. comp <u>are</u>	A. insp <u>ire</u>	B. mayor	C. appear	D. requ <u>ire</u>
()54. ba <u>n</u> k	A. behind	B. honour	C. blanket	D. sign
()55. decision	A. permission	B. question	C. suggestion	D. conclusion
()56. ma <u>ths</u>	A. you <u>ths</u>	B. mou <u>ths</u>	C. months	D. ba <u>ths</u>
()57. va <u>ses</u>	A. houses	B. classes	C. horses	D. bu <u>ses</u>
()58. obv <u>ious</u>	A. anxious	B. curious	C. danger <u>ous</u>	D. continuous
()59. theatre	A. reality	B. meadow	C. reach	D. r <u>ea</u> l
()60. bl <u>oo</u> m	A. bamb <u>oo</u>	B. w <u>oo</u> d	C. stood	D. childhood
()61. expl <u>ai</u> n	A. mountain	B. captain	C. portrait	D. br <u>ai</u> n
()62. mon <u>ths</u>	A. you <u>ths</u>	B. ba <u>ths</u>	C. mouths	D. ma <u>ths</u>
()63. Canada	A. Italy	B. Italian	C. Japan	D. Canadian
()64. f <u>oo</u> d	A. book	B. c <u>∞</u> k	C. l <u>oo</u> k	D. b <u>oo</u> t
()65. Japanese	A. German	B. Africa	C. Atlantic	D. Antarctica
()66. t <u>∞</u> k	A. t <u>∞</u>	B. tooth	C. t <u>oo</u> l	D. understood
()67. pronunciation	A. umbrella	B. university	C. Europe	D. European
()68. wor <u>th</u>	A. smooth	B. fea <u>th</u> er	C. clo <u>th</u>	D. clo <u>th</u> es
()69. explanation	A. explain	B. excite	C. exercise	D. extraordinary
()70. f <u>ie</u> ld	A. tie	B. lie	C. bel <u>ie</u> f	D. d <u>ie</u>
()71. b <u>ear</u>		B. spear	C. dear	D. w <u>ear</u>
()72. br <u>ai</u> n		B. many	C. any	
()73. pleasure	A. pressure	B. visionphone	C. question	D. suggestion
	• 2 •				

()74. valuable	A. na	ature	В.	native	C.	natural	D.	nation
()75. Monday				birthday		day		Sunday
()76. official	A. oc			common		discover		encourage
()77. England	A. ho	omeland	В.	grammar		translate		Germany
()78. wolf	A. wo	oman	В.	honour		wonder	D.	noble
()79. d <u>ia</u> ry	A. iro	on	В.	silent	C.	biology	D.	satisfied
()80. m <u>ea</u> nt	A. sty	udy	В.	gunshot	C.	thus	D.	bury
()81. bel <u>ie</u> ve	A. sci	eientist	В.	sweat	C.	ceiling	D.	great
()82. fortunate	A. lar	nguage	В.	information	C.	distance	D.	final
()83. <u>ex</u> ist	A. <u>ex</u>	epress	В.	<u>ex</u> amine	C.	<u>ex</u> cellent	D.	<u>ex</u> tra
()84. sal <u>u</u> te	A. sty	<u>u</u> pid	В.	Tuesday	C.	education	D.	truth
()85. design	A. hu	usband	В.	newspaper	C.	sight	D.	mistaken
()86. fond	A. fr	ont	В.	surround	C.	longer	D.	sunny
()87. many	A. en	ntrance	В.	m <u>ea</u> nt	C.	result	D.	destroy
()88. official	A. co	onstantly	В.	coffee	C.	collect	D.	officer
()89. wash <u>ed</u>	A. ne	eed <u>ed</u>	В.	wretch <u>ed</u>	C.	examin <u>ed</u>	D.	worked
()90. treasure	A. ple	easure	В.	pleasant	C.	Russian	D.	expression
()91. <u>th</u> eory	A. ba	a <u>th</u> s	В.	wi <u>th</u>	C.	wor <u>th</u> y	D.	heal <u>th</u> y
()92. sw <u>or</u> d	A. wa	<u>al</u> k	В.	worship	C.	$w\underline{orm}$	D.	<u>al</u> ready
()93. childhood	A. su	ırprised	В.	children	C.	technique	D.	universe
()94. disc <u>our</u> age	A. <u>yo</u>	<u>ou</u> th	В.	w <u>ou</u> nd	C.	route	D.	cousin
()95. p <u>ow</u> der	A. kn	n <u>ow</u> ledge	В.	sh <u>ow</u> er	C.	sparrow	D.	<u>ow</u> ner
()96. stoma <u>ch</u>	A. <u>Cł</u>	<u>h</u> ristmas	В.	French	C.	mar <u>ch</u>	D.	<u>ch</u> urch
()97. c <u>a</u> st	A. ac	etive	В.	above	C.	passenger	D.	rather
()98. Canada	A. lar	nguage	В.	dangerous	C.	assistant	D.	balance
()99. u <u>n</u> cle	A. lag	<u>n</u> d	В.	mind	C.	single	D.	\underline{n} orthern
()100. w <u>or</u> k	A. for	rce	В.	word	C.	b <u>or</u> n	D.	report
()101. question	A. po	opula <u>tion</u>	В.	pollu <u>tion</u>	C.	gradua <u>tion</u>	D.	suggestion
()102. design	A. sil	lence	В.	satisfy	C.	living	D.	continent
()103. truth	A. tru	ust	В.	bl <u>u</u> e		j <u>u</u> dge	D.	music
()104. depend	A. ele			recent		defend	D.	develop
()105. str <u>aig</u> ht	A. sp			holid <u>ay</u>		d <u>ia</u> mond		certain
()106. sp <u>ear</u>	A. we			b <u>ear</u>		d <u>ear</u>		d <u>are</u>
()107. strong	A. an			none		comb		wrong
()108. forehead		_		per <u>h</u> aps		exhibition		be <u>h</u> ind
()109. broadcast	A. th			al <u>ou</u> d		overcoat		h <u>aw</u> k
()110. <u>ch</u> oke	A. <u>ch</u>			heada <u>ch</u> e		stoma <u>ch</u>		<u>ch</u> emistry
()111. courage		_		village		marry		blanket
()112. cough				fight		enough .		though
()113. natural	A. na	ature	В.	nation	C.	national	D.	danger
									• 3 •

()114. pl <u>ea</u> sant	A. tr <u>ea</u> sure	B. w <u>ea</u> ve	C. ch <u>ea</u> t	D. wheat
()115. sugar	A. fruit	B. wolf	C. loose	D. lose
()116. composition	A. research	B. question	C. possible	D. result
()117. en <u>erg</u> y	A. certain	B. vapour	C. <u>jour</u> ney	D. iceb <u>erg</u>
()118. sergeant	A. mercy	B. cl <u>er</u> k	C. worker	D. greater
()119. satisfy	A. ready	B. technology	C. system	D. type
()120. crowd	A. yellow	B. announce	C. moustache	D. fellow

SPELLING (单词拼写)

1. The Prime Minister is kept busy with a of states day and night.
2. We must do our best to protect plants and animals in order to keep the b of
nature.
3. He is b ill. We must send him to the hospital without delay.
4. B is the science of life and living things.
5. July 1 is the b of the Communist Party of China.
6. The news was b on the radio this morning.
7. Now please c yourself. Excitement is of no use now.
8. We will hold a party to c our success of the experiment.
9. The house leaks. When it rains outside, water drips from the c
10. If something is burnt, heat and light are sent out, together with smoke. This change is
called a c change.
11. Food and c are the first necessity for human beings.
12. The enemy plane was out of c and it fell down into the sea.
13. You haven't put me to any trouble, on the c , you have brought me much
happiness.
14. Britain and America share a c language.
15. We can see the sun in the sky in the d, not at night.
16. With the d of modern industry and agriculture, pollution is getting more
and more serious.
17. Madame Curie d her whole life to finding out the new element radium.
18. He is d and dumb, he can't hear or speak.
19. My grandparents used to live in a d country, which is far away from mod-
ern life.
20. An e is a person who designs machines, bridges, railways and so on.
21. I feel something is wrong with my left eye. I have to get it e in the hospi-
tal.
22. We should take the excellent Party member Kong Fansen as a shining e of

	devotion to duty.
23.	F comes after January.
	Cows f on hay.
25.	The man who s fire to the museum has been caught.
26.	A f is a unit of length.
	Our troops g upon the enemy's position.
28.	You didn't pass the exam. I think you can't have g over your lessons.
29.	China is a country with more than five thousand years of h
30.	During my stay in Beijing, I visited many places of i, for example, the
	Great Wall, the Summer Palace and so on.
31.	May 1 is International L Day.
32.	A l is a room or a building used for scientific experiments.
33.	Without any modern m, all the work had to be done by hand.
34.	Don't make any m about me. What I said doesn't mean any hurt.
35.	Before he was killed, Joe Hill wrote his last words to the workers, "Don't waste time
	m Organize."
36.	The Great Wall is one of the few man-made o that can be seen from the
	moon.
37.	A p is a person who plays piano.
38.	When Lincoln was a young man, he was active in p and he was strongly a-
	gainst slavery in all his political work.
39.	My mother is suffering from high blood p
40.	Though he is often praised, he isn't p
41.	One fourth can also be called a q
42.	What fun it is to skate on r ice in summer!
43.	If you can't finish reading the book, you can go to the library to r it.
44.	The swimming pool isn't open today, for it is under r now.
45.	I didn't catch you. Please r what you said just now.
46.	A s is a person (often a woman) who deals with documents (文件), makes
÷	arrangements and so on for a certain leader.
47.	S is part of a garment that covers the arm.
48.	Plants get their food from the s in which they grow.
49.	I wish I could fly to the moon in a s
50.	He s no efforts to help his friend out of trouble.
51.	Children should be taught not to s at handicapped people.
52.	We ought to punish the thief and t him a good lesson.
53.	These excellent players will t out for the Olympic Games.
54.	T is between Monday and Wednesday.
55.	Please speak more slowly and clearly. You must make yourself u
56	It is Sunday today, the shop is even more crowded than u

57.	A w is a man who acts as a servant at table, serving food, cleaning away
	dishes, etc.
58.	He was w out with all the heavy work the whole day.
59.	W it will do us good or harm remains to be seen.
60.	Electricity is carried along w
61.	Negroes were sent to America as slaves about 100 years ago from (非洲).
62.	(亚洲) is the largest continent in the world.
63.	At the (开始) of my English study, I met with many difficulties.
64.	Because the ocean surface is so smooth, some people think that the ocean
	(底) is smooth too.
65.	He is a man with strong arms and (宽阔的) shoulders.
66.	American English is a little different from (英国的) English.
67.	The (照像机) is let out by the hour.
68.	The climbers had a (营地) near the top of the mountain.
69.	I hope I can do a bit for the revolutionary (事业).
70.	The(布料) feels soft.
71.	Many years ago there lived an Emperor who cared more for fine new (衣
	服) than for anything else.
72.	She is sobbing. Let's(安慰) her.
73.	The army is under the King's direct (指挥).
74.	He has a (奇怪的) way of talking.
75.	Can you see the cottage in the (远处)?
76.	The largest landmass is usually (分成) into two continents along the Urals.
77.	Would you like to have some (饮料)?
78.	Too much noise can(逼迫) us mad.
79.	Lincoln only went to school a little now and a little then. His whole school
	(教育) was no more than one year.
80.	He was seriously wounded, and the doctor said he was on the (边缘) of
	death.
81.	He is a (无所畏惧的) fighter. He is afraid of nothing.
82.	If we stand (坚定), I believe we shall succeed.
83.	Most of the boys in our class are (喜欢) of football.
84.	You have complete (自由) of action, do what you like.
	It was (结冰) last night.
86.	He has a (天赋) of music.
87.	Can you (想象) how I missed you at that time?
	(帝国主义) is the root of war.
89.	Anybody can see the (重要性) of good health.
	We must (限制) our spending.
91.	You should (排队) up behind others to wait for your turn.

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92. Today most computers have a (存储器).
93. I shouldn't like to be at the (摆布) of such a cruel man.
94. At the sight of cats, (老鼠) ran away as quickly as possible.
95 (显然) you are telling a lie.
96. The doctor said if his leg wasn't (手术) on immediately, the boy would
lose it.
97. His (身体的) force was weak, but his mental and moral one was very
great.
98. The water is (污染), it is not fit to drink.
99 (大量的) of food were on the table.
100. She often (吵架) with her husband about housing affairs.
101. Can you tell me the (理由) why you didn't go to school yesterday?
102. This is not imagination but (现实).
103. Emperor is the first r (统治者) of a country.
104. One of the (秘诀) of good health is regular exercise.
105. Take it easy. Everything is (解决了).
106. The "t" in "often" is (不发音).
107. The bus (滑进) into a drift. It wouldn't move.
108. I feel it natural to work for the good of(社会).
109. She stood up to wipe the (汗水) off her face. Then she went on working.
110. The flowers give off (芳香).
111. You should always be (感激) to your parents for giving you a good educa-
tion.
112. She gave the house a (彻底的) cleaning.
113. He has received (不公平的) treatment.
114. He is a man of great (财富).
115. The lady in white said that all the beautiful silk would be used to (织)
colourful clouds in heaven.
116 (冬季) is my favourite season.
117. She (擦掉) the tears away from her cheeks and stood up.
118. He is a practised driver and he can drive in all kinds of (天气).
119. He was (不适合) for the position.
120. Galileo lived in the city of Pisa, where there is a leaning (塔) about 180
feet high.
121. I will go to the a to see Tom off. He will fly to Tibet.
122. We must develop our a because it is as important as industry.
123. You should make an a to your teacher for what you said just now.
124. Bright stars a in the night sky.
125. I don't know his a, so I couldn't get in touch with him.
126. Lincoln was a in politics and in 1860 he was elected President of the Unit-

	ed States.
127.	Old Tom lived a in the village so he felt lonely.
128.	The boy's bad a caused his mother many sleepless nights.
129.	Slight wind b our faces as we walked along the river.
130.	A great c was held on Einstein's fiftieth birthday in Berlin.
	C lies in North America.
132.	At the sight of this photo, I can't help thinking of my c which was spent
	on the sea.
133.	The boy is in d We must send him to the hospital.
134.	D is the last month of a year.
135.	What's the d between the two words?
136.	For the meaning of this word, please look it up in the d
137.	If you have time, please d in, for we are glad at your coming.
138.	At the e to the cinema, I met with an old friend of mine.
139.	We are all present e Tom.
140.	All the boys are e at the exciting news.
141.	Chickens and d are tame birds.
142.	F is the mother of success.
143.	Spitting is f here.
144.	A f catches fish for a living.
145.	The sixth day of a week is F
146.	H had he got on the bus when it began to rain.
147.	This rope is five times the l of that one.
148.	If heated, l can be turned into gases.
149.	O 1 is our National Day.
150.	The smallest continent in the world is O
151.	Water is made up of hydrogen (氢气) and o
152.	The largest ocean is the P Ocean, covering almost half of the total ocean
	area.
153.	He speaks R quite well, because he has been in the former Soviet Union
	for many years.
154.	S the chance, otherwise you will regret.
155.	This shirt is made of s, it feels soft.
	I saw a play in the Beijing T yesterday.
157.	We can see thousands of m buildings in Shenzhen and the highest building
	is 70 storeys high, but we can't find any old buildings there.
158.	There will be a meeting on W afternoon.
159.	Sports and games are of great v
160.	Excuse me, madam. You'd better have your package w to see whether it
	is beyond the limited weight.

161. <i>A</i>	A little bird w the news into my ear.
	Tuly is the s month of the year.
163. V	We are quite s round here and we are almost lost.
164. I	I have been there t or four times, so I am not a stranger.
165.	The car runs at a s of 100 miles per hour.
166. "	'Look s ahead and don't look on both sides," ordered the officer.
167. Y	Your boy has a s fever, don't worry and he needs some rest.
168. 5	She was once a p girl but now she is an old lady.
169. I	have two tickets for the f match, will you go with me?
170.	Tom looked e to the right or to the left, as if to look for someone.
	He went there, not to fight but to make p
172. I	I am not a b hungry, for I have had a big cake.
173. (Good medicine tasted b to the mouth, but it can cure your disease.
174.	The Swede was not good at learning 1
175. I	It's very d to stick your head out of the window in a moving train.
176.	In ancient Egypt, as everywhere, throwing stones was a favourite children's
	g
177. I	H beings are the only unreasonable creatures.
178.	This heavy rain will do h to the crops.
179. I	In 1849 Karl Marx went to England and made London the b for his revo-
1	utionary work.
180. H	He can't b what he has heard.
181. I	[haven't much (相信) in his honesty.
182. H	He is not the man to(低头) before the difficulty.
183.	「The room was very dark, so he lit some(蜡烛)to give light.
184. 5	Spring is (必然) to follow winter.
185.	The Great Wall has a history of over twenty (世纪).
186.	The air temperature today is just over zero (摄氏).
187. I	His answer is (完全地) wrong.
	She has joined the ladies' (俱乐部).
189. I	It's time for him to gather his small harvest of(玉米).
190. (China (日报) is very important for English students.
191. N	Mrs Green went to the market to do some (购物).
	He has had (足够的) books for every one of us.
193. V	When I (进入) the room I found him standing there dumbfounded.
194. I	I have had enough of that (家伙).
	The old man built another (栅栏) around his garden in order to keep the children out.
	Animals must find a (相当地) warm place to hibernate in.
	This word is (頻繁地) used in English study.

198.	The Leaning Tower is about 180 feet in (高).
199.	English is very important in (国际的) trade today.
200.	Don't (打扰) him, for he is busy preparing a report for tomorrow's meet-
	ing.
201.	His knowledge of English has been (提高) these years.
202.	A (狮子) is the king of all the animals.
203.	I have read it in a (杂志).
204.	"Mr Wang isn't in, may I take a (口信) for him?"
205.	All the things in the world are made up of (物质).
206.	"What's the (主要的) idea of this article?" asked the teacher.
207.	Mark Twain got a great deal of materials from the (被压迫的) people for
	his writing.
208.	A nurse must be (耐心的) with children.
209.	More than 70 percent of the earth is made up of (海洋).
210.	You can't (使高兴) anybody.
211.	She was the first woman to be elected to the leading (岗位).
212.	China has a quarter of the world's (人口).
213.	Great changes have taken place in our country in (最近的) years.
214.	His theory sounded (合情合理) but in fact it's wrong.
215.	The (风景) along the beach is beautiful.
216.	They used (专门) trained dogs to watch sheep.
	Science and (技术) have developed very fast.
	He is (遭受) a great deal from his illness.
219.	All of a (突然) all the lights in the building went out.
220.	If there is still a(线) of hope, we must go on.
	"You need much knowledge in national (贸易)," he told me.
	You can work out this problem in (各种各样的) ways.
	She (流泪) over the loss of her necklace this morning.
	The patient being so (弱), the operation has to be put off.
	Suddenly he gave a sharp (口哨) from his teeth.
	The heavy snow us (使·····不能) from coming to the concert.
227.	The Open University students don't have to pass any examinations before they are
	(接受) as students.
	Her ring is made of (银) with a piece of jewelry set in.
	The information was (有价值的) to our country.
	It is reported that a new book on "IQ" (智商) has been (出版).
	I shall have to resist sweet, for I have reached the (重量) of 130 jin.
232.	Roosvelt was a (谦虚的) and wise president of the United States during
	the Second World War.
233.	Open the window and let the (新鲜的) air in.

234.	The Grand (运河) was dug during the Sui Dynasty.
235.	Bad weather is (前面) of us.
236.	What (留下印象) me most is the great change.
237.	The price of the picture was in the (f) .
238.	Walking around the street $_$ ($\mathfrak A$) was a policeman with his two police dogs.
239.	Don't (玩) with fire; it is very dangerous.
240.	The United States is made up of 50 (州).
241.	Li Ming is too w to help others, so all of us like him.
242.	She is too l to wash her clothes and socks by herself.
243.	On Christmas Eve the children hang s on the beds to receive the gifts from Father Christmas.
244.	She always wears a t sweater to show her slim figure.
	I have a high fever, I am shaking all over. I have to w myself in a blan-
	ket.
246.	All the students stood on the playground watching the national flag w $_$ in
	the winds.
247.	Our school is the most b place in this city.
248.	In the 26th Olympic Games, our sports team got 16 gold m
249.	There flows a r stream in the valley.
250.	On the farm, Uncle Wang r many cows, horses and some chickens.
251.	The villagers went into the woods in s of the lost child.
252.	On Sunday, children saw tigers, lions, monkeys and some other animals in the
	z
253.	Many students often make mistakes in g and spelling.
254.	The children of your uncle or aunt are called your c
255.	Apples, bananas and oranges are all f
256.	Tom k his wife goodbye and got on the train.
	Sorry, I don't like this pair of shoes and please show me a pair.
258.	Your father looks rather a What's the matter?
259.	In a the leaves turn brown and yellow.
260.	He ran so fast that he was soon out of b
261.	Don't guess how tall she is. Just m her.
262.	My parents will be d with me if I fail the exam.
263.	I must buy e bread because my friends are coming to tea.
264.	We grow rice in the south of the States, but in the north where it is colder they grow
	w
265.	N is the eleventh month of the year.
	Can you e what this word means?
267.	As the mixture tasted h, each of the students made a face.
268	Thoughts are e by means of words.