

实践英语语法练习

A PRACTICAL ENGLISH GRAMMAR
EXERCISES

下

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练习

A Practical English Grammar

Exercises

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译者前言

“实践英语语法”《A Practical English Grammar》是两位英国语法家 A. J. 汤姆逊和 A. V. 玛梯奈特专为外国学生学习英语所写的语法，是一部已被公认的师生皆可用的语法参考书，牛津大学出版社出版，译者曾将此书译成汉语。

“实践英语语法练习”《A Practical English Grammar Combined with Exercises》是这两位作者从一九六二年到一九七二年陆续写成的十套练习，并备有答案，以配合学习和使用两位作者的语法。为满足我国读者的需要，现将这十套练习分三册印出。相信这些练习对英语学生和教师会有很大帮助。

各套练习分别标明要练习巩固的项目。每套含有二十个练习，每个练习有三十六个练习题。练习中的句子来自于语言实际，通俗实用。读者如能认真做这些练习，不仅可以巩固所学的语法知识，而且会提高运用语言的能力。

多数练习都注有‘A’、‘B’、‘C’字样。‘A’表示难，‘B’表示‘较难’，‘C’表示容易。读者可以根据自己的情况，先易后难地进行练习。每个练习的前面都标明“实践英语语法”的章节号，以供读者查阅。答案附在每套练习的后面。

本书在翻译和校对过程中，很多同志给予很大帮助和支持，在排印中，旅大日报的同志们积极支援，在此一并感谢。

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练习 VII

Exercises 8

现在，过去和过去完成时

Present, Past & Past Perfect Tenses

1 问 句

(103c, 160, 168, 172节)

造出问句，使下列句子是其合适的答案。问斜体字部分。

e. g. I saw *Tom*. 可以问: Who did you see?

当划有括号的名词放在代词后时，在问句中要用该名词。

e. g. I saw him (*Tom*) *today*. 问句: When did you see Tom?

1. They went *to New York*.
2. It takes *four hours* to get there.
3. I didn't think *much* of it.
4. He earns *twenty-five pounds* a week.
5. He (*Tom*) was fined *two pounds*.
6. My room is fifteen five metres by four.
7. They left the country *ten years ago*.
8. They came *by bus*.

9. I've been here *for two months*.
10. They (the students) went to the museum yesterday.
11. It (the car) does *thirty to the gallon*.
12. He met her *in a coffee bar*.
13. They (the neighbours) complained about *the smell*.
14. He (the clerk) made him *fill up a form*.
15. *The pigs* ate them (the apples).
16. He got in *by climbing over the wall*.
17. *John* bought them (the tickets).
18. They (the desks) were *very old-fashioned*.
19. I smoke *forty* (cigarettes) a day.
20. It (the hotel) was *awful*.
21. *Take the first turning on your right* and you'll see it (the market) in front of you.
22. I've had it (this cough) *since the beginning of October*
23. He (Guy Fawkes) tried to *blow up Parliament*.
24. I'd like to speak to *Mr Jones please*.
25. This is *Tom's*.
26. He stopped it (the train) *by pulling the communication cord*.
27. I've been waiting *for half an hour*.
28. She (Mary) put it *in the dustbin*.
29. I threw it away *because I was tired of it*.
30. There are *four* (hotels in the town).

31. They left it (the lawnmower) *outside*.
32. I found her address *by calling at every house in the village*.
33. She (Ann) gave me *duck and green peas* for lunch.
34. It (the lake) is *sixteen metres* deep.
35. I prefer *living in the country* (to living in town).
36. He buried it *in the garden*.

2 问 句

(见前面练习说明)

1. He told me *exactly what happened*.
2. It (the bridge) is built of *reinforced concrete*.
3. We're all going to *watch the cricket match*.
4. He broke it (his leg) *in a ski-ing accident*.
5. He (Tom) lost his job *because he kept coming in late for work*.
6. I bought *the big one*.
7. It (the new theatre) *looks rather like a factory*.
8. I'd like *about a dozen*.
9. It (the concert) began *at eight p. m.*
10. She went (to the dance) with *George*.
11. He bought one (a car) *because the local railway station closed down*.
12. He's coming *at the end of the week*.
13. *That* one is longer.

14. Jack taught me (to play poker).
15. She's broken *another of your best plates*.
16. I'm looking for *a telephone box*.
17. He's borrowed *your typewriter*.
18. She was asking him for *a rise*.
19. He's ringing up *the police*.
20. It (the word 'boss') means *employer*.
21. He escaped *by climbing over a fifteen-metre wall*.
22. We were talking about *Margaret*.
23. It (this camera) is *Tom's*.
24. He complained to *the manager*.
25. It (the stone) was *about the size of an orange*.
26. They (the students) intend *to demonstrate against the new regulations*.
27. I come from *Scotland*.
28. The best kind costs *about twenty pounds*.
29. He gave it away *because he didn't like the colour*.
30. She (his sister) is *very pretty*.
31. It (this knife) is *for opening oysters*.
32. In the mornings I have to *get the breakfast, make the beds and take Mrs White's children to school*.
33. I like *the black one* best.
34. He comes (to London) *about once a month*.
35. *Your father* told me (about it).
36. He's *quick-tempered and impulsive*.

3 一般现在时和现在进行时

(第十六章)

把括号中的动词变成正确的现在时态。

1. Ann sees Paul putting on his coat and says:

Where you (go), Paul?

Paul: I (go) 'to buy some cigarettes. You (want) an evening paper?

2. Ann: No, thanks, You are always buying cigarettes, Paul. How many you (smoke) a day?

Paul: I (not smoke) very many-perhaps 20. Jack (smoke) far more than I (do). He (spend) £5 a week on cigarettes.

3. Mary (see) Peter standing at the bus stop.

Mary: Hello, Peter. What bus you (wait) for?

Peter: Hello, Mary. I (wait) for a 9 or a 14.

4. Mary: You usually (go) to work by car, don't you?

Peter: Yes, but the car (belong) to my mother and she sometimes (want) it. she (use) it today to take Tom to the dentist.

5. Mary: I usually (go) by car too. Jack (take) me because he (pass) my office on his way to the factory. But this week he (work) in a factory in the opposite direction: so

I (queue) like you.

6. Peter: Here's a 9 now. You (come) on it or you (wait) for a 14?

Mary: I (think) I'll take the 9. If I (wait) for a 14 I may be late, and if you (be) late at my office everyone (look) at you.

7. Mary and Ann (wait) outside a telephone box. Inside the box a boy (dial) a number.

Mary: You (know) that boy?

Ann: Yes, he's a friend of my brother's. He (phone) his girl friend every day from this box.

8. Mary: Where he (come) from?

Ann : He (come) from Japan. He's a very clever boy; he (speak) four languages.

9. Mary: I (wonder) what he (speak) now.

Ann : Well, his girl friend (come) from Japan too; so I (suppose) he (speak) Japanese.

10. It is 8. 30. Tom and Ann (have) breakfast. They both (open) their letters.

Tom: No one ever (write) to me. All I (get) is bills ! You (have) anything interesting?

11. Ann: I've got a letter from Hugh. He (say) he (come) to London next week and (want) us to meet him for lunch.

12. Peter: You (have) traffic wardens in your

country?

Pedro: No, I (not think) so. You (not see) them
in my town anyway. what exactly a
traffic warden (do)?

13. Peter: He (walk) up and down the street and if
a car (stay) too long at a parking place or
(park) in a no-parking area he (stick) a parking
ticket to the windscreen.

14. Look! He (put) a ticket on Tom's car, Tom will
be furious when he (see) it. He (hate) getting
parking tickets.

15. Customer: I (want) to buy a fur coat. Have you
any nice coats for about £ 500?

Assistant: I'm afraid we just (close), madam. It's
4.55, and we always (close) at 5.0 sharp
on Fridays as Mr Jones the manager
(not want) to miss his favourite television
programme.

16. It is Friday evening and the Brown family are
at home. Mrs Brown (listen) to a concert on
the radio, Mr Brown (read) a paper, George^e
Brown (do) his homework and Ann Brown
(write) a letter.

17. Mr Brown always (read) his newspapers in the
evenings. Mrs Brown sometimes (knit) but she
(not knit) tonight.

18. Mr Black often (go) to the theatre but his wife
(not go) very often. He (like) all sorts of plays.
she (prefer) comedies.
19. Tonight they (watch) a very modern comedy. They
(enjoy) it, but they (not understand) some of
the jokes.
20. What (happen) in your class? The teacher (give)
lectures every day?
- No. He (give) one lecture a week, and on the
other days he (show) films or (discuss) books
with us.
21. A bus conductor (get) more exercise than a bus
driver. The driver just (sit) in his cab but the
conductor (stand) and (walk) about and (run)
up and down the stairs.
22. Why that man (stand) in the middle of the road?
He (try) to get across. He (wait) for a gap in
the traffic.
- Why he (not use) the subway?
- Lots of people (not bother) to use the subway.
They (prefer) to risk their lives crossing here.
23. You (wear) a new coat, aren't you?
Yes. You (like) it?
The colour (suit) you but it (not fit) you very
well. It's much too big.
24. All the guides here (speak) at least three foreign

- languages, because a lot of foreign visitors
(come) every summer.
25. Paul (take) a party of French tourists round now
and tomorrow an American party (come).
26. Englishmen very seldom (talk) in the under-
ground. They (prefer) to read their newspapers.
Those two men in the corner (talk).
But they (not talk) English.
27. Jones and Co. (have) a sale at the moment. Shall
we look in on our way home?
I'd love to but I'm afraid I won't have time. I
(meet) Tom at 5, 30.
You (go) out with Tom often?
28. I usually (go) by train, but this weekend I (go)
by bus. It (take) longer but it (cost) less.
29. (Telephone conversation) Ann: You (do) anything
at the moment, Sally?
Sally: Yes. I (pack) ; I (catch) a plane to New
York in three hours' time.
Ann: Lucky girl! How long you (stay) in New York?
30. Peter: You (go) out tonight, Paul?
Paul: No, I (stay) at home. The neighbours
(come) in to watch TV.
Peter: You (invite) the neighbours often?
Paul: No, but they (invite) themselves when-
ever there is a good programme.

31. Jack: I just (go) out to get an evening paper.
Ann: But it (pour)! Why you (not wait) till
the rain (stop)? (=I advise you to wait)
32. Lucy: Tom (get) up very early but he
(wash) and (shave) and (get) his break-
fast so quietly that I (not hear) a
thing. But I (hear) him driving away from
the house because his car (make) a lot
of noise.
33. Alice: My brother (get) up very early too. But
he (make) such a lot of noise that he
(wake) everybody up. He (sing) in his
bath and (bang) doors and (drop)
things in the kitchen and (play) the
radio very loudly.
34. Lucy: Why you (not ask) him to be a bit quie-
ter?
Alice: I (mention) every night but it (not do)
any good. He (say) that he (not make)
a sound, and I (think) he really
(believe) it.
35. Tom: You (see) that man at the corner? He
(keep) stopping people and asking them
questions. You (think) he (ask) for
directions?
Jack: No, I (expect) he (make) a survey.

Tom: How you (make) a survey?

Jack: You (stop) people and (ask) them questions and (write) the answers on a report sheet.

36. In most countries a child (start) school at six and (stay) for about five years in a primary school. Then he (move) to a secondary school. At 17 or 18 he (take) an exam; if he (do) well in this exam he can go on to a university if he (wish).

4. 一般现在时和现在进行时

(第十六章)

把括号中的动词变成正确的现在时态。

1. Mrs Jones: My daughter never (write) to me so I never (know) what she (do). Your son (write) to you, Mrs Smith?

Mrs Smith: Yes, I (hear) from him every week. He (seem) to like writing letters.

2. These apples (cost) 15p a bag. You (think) that is expensive?

It (depend) on the size of the bag.

3. I (see) my solicitor tomorrow (=I have arranged this); I (change) my will.

You always (change) your will. Why you (not