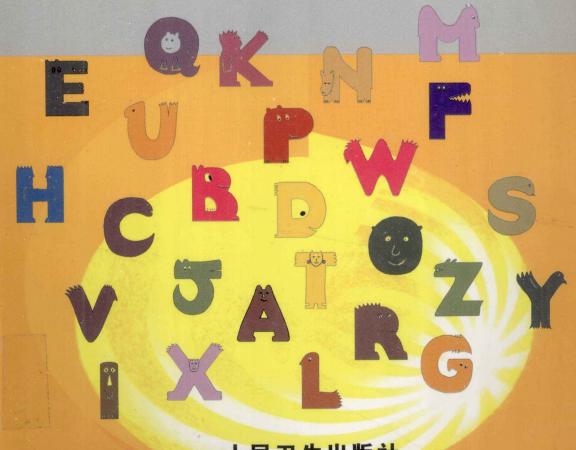
卫生部规划教材

全国中等卫生学校教材 供四年制护理专业用

英语

梁遇清 主编

中册



人民卫生出版社

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主编 梁遇清

主审 饶健华

编写(按姓氏笔划为序)

丁晓芬 (浙江省杭州护士学校)

王爱琴 (上海医科大学护士学校)

刘 洪 (山西省运城地区卫校)

汤先觉 (安徽省巢湖卫校)

梁遇清 (湖南省邵阳市卫生学校)

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前 言

本册共6个教学单元(第7~12单元),约需108学时,按照卫生部颁布的《四年制中等护理专业教学计划》教学时数分配,供第二学年教学使用,第一学期教学第7~9单元,第二学期教学第10~12单元。

参加本册编写的老师是:丁晓芬(浙江省杭州护士学校)、汤先觉(安徽省巢湖卫校)、王爱琴(上海医科大学护士学校)、刘洪(山西省运城地区卫校),由梁遇清(湖南省邵阳市卫校)主持编写并统稿。

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全书特请国防科技大学外语系饶健华教授审定。

由于编写时间紧,加之水平有限,书中疏漏和错误在所难免,恳切希望使用者提出批评和建议,以待修订时补正。

四年制中等护理专业《英语》编写组 1999年9月

关于卫生部四年制中等护理专业教材的编写说明

为适应医学模式的转变和城乡人民对医疗卫生服务要求不断提高的需要,并着眼于21世纪护理人才培养,卫生部于1997年3月正式下发了《四年制中等护理专业教学计划》,为更好地贯彻新教学计划和教学大纲、保证四年制中等护理专业教学质量,在科教司领导下,教材办公室组织编写了四年制中等护理专业规划教材,教材编写以《四年制中等护理专业教学计划》为依据、紧紧围绕培养目标、突出护理的专业特征和专业需要,更注重学生整体素质的培养与提高,本套规划教材的主要特色是"突出护理、注重整体、加强人文、体现社区";课程布局体现"先预防保健、后疾病护理"、"先健康人群、后患病人体"的规律。本次列入卫生部规划教材的品种如下:

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卫生部教材办公室

CONTENTS

Unit 7 Nursing	Practices ···· 1
Dialogue 19	The first day of nursing practice
Dialogue 20	Registering for treatment
Dialogue 21	Admitted to the hospital
Dialogue 22	Receiving the new patient
Dialogue 23	In the nurses' office
Dialogue 24	Checking T. P. R
Dialogue 25	Before injecting penicillin
Dialogue 26	Injection and medication
Dialogue 27	
Unit 8 Medicin	
Lesson 13	Diet to prevent cancer
Lesson 14	Genetic engineering · · · · · 45
Lesson 15	Test-tube babies
Lesson 16	Computers in health care
Lesson 17	Intelligence 69
Lesson 18	The importance of anatomy and physiology 76
Lesson 19	Bitter pill
	——Thalidomide is coming back ————————————————————————————————————
	Do you have hepatitis C? 92
Unit 9 Writing	-3 Nursing Notes
Unit 10 Clinica	al Nursing ····· 107
Dialogue 28	
Dialogue 29	
Dialogue 30	
Dialogue 31	
Dialogue 32	
Dialogue 33	
_	In the pediatric ward
Dialogue 35	
Dialogue 36	
	nent and Nursing
Lesson 21	Patients and their needs
Lesson 22	Five big cold myths

Lesson 23	Psychological care	
Lesson 24	How to cope with insomnia	166
Lesson 25	Can humans be frozen & revived?	
Lesson 26	Science may move ahead	
Lesson 27	The healing power of belief	193
Lesson 28	AIDS: The nation's worst public-health problem	201
Unit 12 Writin	ng-4 Abstract ·····	209
	ice	
	rcises ·····	
	xts ······	
Grammar ·····		261
	resent participle (现在分词) ······	
	sst participle(过去分词) ······	
	finitive(不定式) ······	
7.7	erund(动名词) ······	
	clauses(1)[名词从句(1)]	
18. The no	oun clause(2)[名词从句(2)] ······	267
	nst progressive tense(过去进行时) ·····	
	nst perfect tense(过去完成时)·····	
21. Advert	oial clauses(1)[状语从句(1)] ······	270
22. Advert	pial clauses(2)[状语从句(2)] ······	271
23. Uses o	f "it"(it 的用法) ····································	272
24. Revisio	on(复习)	
25. The su	bjunctive mood(1)[虚拟语气(1)]······	274
26. The su	bjunctive mood(2)[虚拟语气(2)] ······	276
27. Word 1	building(1)[构词法(1)] ·······	279
28. Word 1	building(2)[构词法(2)] ·······	281
	Expressions in Each Unit	
Vocabulary ·····		305
Proper Names		330

Unit 7 Nursing Practices

Dialogue 19 The first day of nursing practice

Head nurse: Good morning, girls. Wel-

come to our department. It's your first day to work and study here. I'd like to show you around first, so

you'll get familiar with the arrangements and the facili-

ties.

Student nurses: Thank you, head nurse.

That will be very helpful.

Head nurse: Well, girls, let's start from

the very beginning. This is a typical and well-equipped

emergency department. There

are two entrances to the building, one for ambulance patients and the

other for walking patients.

Student nurses: To which room will the patients be taken first?

Head nurse: Normally to the examination cubicles, however, when the patients'

conditions are very critical, we put them into the resuscitation room di-

rectly. It's on the right side of the entrance.

Student nurses: This must be one of the most important rooms in the hospital. Will we

come in for a look?

Head nurse: Of course. The room is a bright, spatial and well-equipped one, as you

see. Every staff member in our department should be able to use the basic apparatus in this room. On the wall is the oxygen pipe and the suction pipe, at the left corner the portable X-ray machine and the cardiac

resuscitation trolley, and on the right side the cardiac monitoring ma-

chine.

Student nurses: What will we do with the patient once the preliminary treatment is finished?

Head nurse:

Usually we send the patients to special departments in this hospital when the patients' conditions are comparatively stable and further treatments are indicated. But if the patients have been largely recovered, we prefer to put them into the observation ward over there for short term observation and treatment.

2 Practice

A.	Ask your partner:
	——Where does the story happen?
	——For what do the student nurses come to this hospital?
	Where will the patient be taken to, if he is a very critical case?
	—How many entrances are there to the emergency department?
	——What equipment is there in the resuscitation room?
	——To which room will the patients be taken first in a normal situation?
	What is cardiac resuscitation trolley and for what its use?
	Are the patients usually taken to the observation ward after the preliminary
	treatment? Why?
	——Where is the resuscitation room?
	——Why is the resuscitation room is important in the hospital?
В.	Complete the short dialogues below with the appropriate words or phrases in the box.
	Change the form if necessary.
	show around get familiar with facility well-equipped normally critical indicate preliminary ambulance
	1. A: Welcome to our hospital, Mr. David. I'll you
	B: Thank you!
	2. A: What work should we do before the test, sir?
	B: Go through the book again.
	3. A: My God! Tim is bleeding! The situation is
	B: Take it easy. I've called for an
	4. A: Excuse me! Would you please tell me the way to Hotel California?
	B: Sorry! I'm a stranger, too. I don't the city.
	5. A: This is really a resuscitation room.
	B. But I think the are not properly arranged.
	6. A: Is there any special treatment by the doctor?
	B: there is, but this time no.
C	C. Choose the best answer according to the text.

- 1. Where should we send the patient, head nurse? His pulse is becoming weak. A. Take him to the reposing room. B. Just lay him there. C. Take him to the resuscitation room. Now! D. Let him be. 2. If the patient has lost the ability to breathe, what apparatus in the resuscitation room can be used? A. X-ray machine. B. Cardiac monitoring machine. C. Oxygen pipe. D. Suction pipe. 3. If the patient has largely recovered after the preliminary treatment, A. he will be sent home. B. he will be sent to special departments in the hospital. C. he will stay in the observation ward. D. he will be given an operation at once. 4. — Doctor, I've got a very bad cold. ——Sorry. This is the emergency department. A. Come in, please. B. Would you please go to Doctor Smith's? C. I'll take care of you. D. I think you'd better go home. 5. — You can't go this way. It's not for the ambulance. A. OK. I'll send the patient back. B. But there is only one entrance to the emergency department. C. Well, where is the one for the ambulance? D. Get out of my way.
- D. Esten to and retell this:

Last summer, I happened to see a car accident and saved a little child.

It was a windy day and there were few people in the street. Suddenly, I saw a child lying on the ground and there was a lot of blood on his head.

"It must be a car accident," I thought and called for an ambulance at once. Five minutes later, the ambulance came. I helped the doctors carry the child into it and went to the hospital together.

The child's situation was very critical. He had lost consciousness and his pulse was very weak. After reaching the emergency department, he was sent to the resus-

citation room directly.

The child was saved. After three months in the hospital, he was as healthy as before.

E. Learn individual parts in **Dialogue 19** and then play the roles in pairs or small groups.

3 Eistening

Turn to page 213

Helpful Expressions

Would you please show me around your hospital?

I didn't get familiar with the city yet.

Has the preliminary work be finished?

Normally, the hospital opens all day.

This is a typical Children's Hospital.

This emergency department is a well-equipped one.

I prefer to give the patient an operation at once.

The patient's condition is comparatively stable.

Dialogue 20 Registering for treatment

1 Figure 2 Listen and read

A

Patient: Excuse me, where do I queue up to register?

Nurse: That's the line for new patients.

The registration fee will be 5 yuan.

Pay over there, and they'll give you a registration card. Fill it in and bring it back to me.

(Later...)

Nurse: What's the trouble?

Patient: Since this morning I've had a high temperature, and I feel generally wretched.

Nurse: In that case, you'd better go to the Medical Department.

Patient: Which way do I go?

Nurse: Go up to the fourth floor, and // / / / / you'll see it sign-posted to the right. Give the doctor your registration card.

Patient: Is it very busy?

Nurse: Usually yes, but today you are lucky.

Patient: Oh, good. Thank you.

В

Patient: Excuse me, nurse. As it's so busy, will it be all right if I come back later?

Nurse: No, you'd better wait, because the registration time is between 8 and 11:30 o'clock, and now it's almost 10.

Patient: Can I register now and see the doctor in the afternoon?

Nurse: Yes, you can, but if you don't wait, a lot of patients will be before you, and you won't be able to get a chance to see the doctor today. Besides, since you have a high temperature, the sooner you see the doctor, the better.

Patient: I see. I'd better wait then. By the way, what day is the consultant available?

Nurse: Every Thursday afternoon.

Patient: Oh, that's today. So I'm lucky.



2 Practice

A.	Ask your partner:				
	—What's the process of seeing a doctor?				
	——What does the nurse mean by saying "but today you are lucky"?				
	——Are there any signposts in the Medical Department?				
	——Where is the Medical Department?				
	——How much is the registration fee?				
	What should the patient give to the doctor?				
	——What is the registration time?				
	—Can the patient register in the morning and see the doctor in the afternoon?				
	——Do you have to queue up to register in a hospital in your hometown?				
	——What day is the consultant available?				
В.	B. Complete the short dialogues below with the appropriate words or phrases in the box.				
	Change the form if necessary.				
	queue register wretched sign-post besides available				
	the soonerthe better by the way				
	1. A: When should we hand in the assignment?				
	B: you hand in,				
	2. A: Excuse me. Where should I to buy the ticket?				
	B: Go there, and you'll see the ticket office to the left.				
	3. A. Why don't you stay in the hospital?				

	B: Don't worry. My fracture is not so serious, there is no bed
	now.
	4. A: Is that Doctor James?
	B. Yes. Who is that?
	A: I'm David. I feel terribly My headache is killing me.
	B. Take it easy. Come to my office immediately, don't forget to bring
	your history sheet.
	5. A: Excuse me. How can I get to see the doctor?
	B. Come with me.
C.	Rearrange the procedures of seeing a doctor and answer the True or False Questions
	followed, according to the text.
	1. Find the proper department
	2. Fill in the registration card
	3. Queue up to register
	4. See the doctor
	5. Pay the fee and get a registration car
	True or False Questions:
	1. If one get a fracture, he should go to the Medical Department.
	2. Normally, the patient should get registered before seeing a doctor.
	3. One can find the consultant all the time.
	4. There is no need to register before seeing a doctor.
	5. The Medical Department has no signpost and the nurse will tell the patient where
	it is.
D.	Listen to and retell this:

I'll have to take Simon to a doctor today. When he woke up this morning, he didn't feel well. At breakfast he complained about a headache. He'd taken some aspirin but that hadn't helped.

After we'd had breakfast, I phoned my sister and she gave me her doctor's number. Then I rang the surgery. After I'd explained the trouble to the receptionist, she gave us an early appointment so that I wouldn't waste the whole day.

If we were at home, I wouldn't worry about him but I want to be careful here so that he won't spoil his holiday. If I told him to stay in bed, he'd probably be angry but if the doctor tells him to go to bed, he'll go.

Simon hates going to the doctor's. He's afraid of doctors. He hates taking medicine and he's afraid of injection.

E. Learn individual parts in **Dialogue 20** and then play the roles in pairs or small groups.

3 Figure 1

Turn to page 214

Helpful Expressions

Excuse me, where should I queue up to buy the tickets?

Where should I register for the Medical Department?

This aching tooth makes me feel wretched.

I don't like that new dictionary; besides, it's too expensive.

The sconer the patient gets treated, the better.

By the way, don't forget to come on time.

The book you ordered is not available.

This building zone has no sign-post.

You had better leave for Hong Kong immediately.

As we all know, the flu can not be cured by medicine.

Dialogue 21 Admitted to the hospital

1 Listen and read

Nurse: Have you been registered yet, Miss

Anne?

Patient: No, I haven't.

Nurse: Are you a medical or surgical case?

Patient: I'm a medical case.

Nurse: Do you have your history sheet?

Patient: Yes, here you are.

Nurse: Please fill this admission card.

Patient: Oh, let me see.... It is finished

now.

Nurse: How long do you expect to stay in

the hospital?

Patient: The doctor told me to stay about

one month. I have nephritis. This is the second time for me to enter

the hospital.

Nurse: Would you come to the hospital today?

Patient: Yes, I hope to enter the hospital this morning.

Nurse: But there is no bed available now. This afternoon two patients will be dis-

charged, so you may be admitted this afternoon.

(In the afternoon)

Nurse: Hi, Miss Anne. Welcome. We hope you will feel at home here. Your bed is

No. 8. Let me assist you to undress and into bed.

Anne: Thanks. Well, where should my clothing be kept?

Nurse: Here is a locker for you. Please keep your clothes in it.

Anne: Can I keep valuables at my bedside?

Nurse: Sorry, you can't. You'd better give the valuables to your family to take home.

If this is not possible, you should give them to the head nurse.

Anne: Oh, I understand. Er... this bed is too high. May I adjust the bed?

Nurse: Sure. It's an adjustable bed. Now I'll tell you how to adjust.

Anne: Will you please tell me how to call a nurse when I need one?

Nurse: Of course. Please press this button any time you need help. Now let me take your blood pressure.

Anne: What about my BP? Is it low or high?

Nurse: A little higher. Ah, Anne, I'll take you to the X-ray and laboratory departments.

Anne: Er... for what?

Nurse: You should take urine and blood tests and have your chest X-rayed.

Anne: All right. I'll do as what you said.



2 Practice

Λ	Al.	WOUR	partner	
11.	ASK	your	partner	:

- -----What disease does the patient suffer from?
- ——Should the patient stay in a surgical ward or a medical ward?
- —Why can't the patient enter the hospital in the morning?
- ——Has the patient ever been in the hospital?
- ----When can the patient be admitted_into the hospital?
- ——If the patient carry some valuables, to whom should they be given?
- -----Why should the patients not keep valuables with them?
- ——How can the patient call a nurse if he needs help?
- ——Can the bed be lowered if the patient thinks it is too high?
- ----Where does the patient take urine and blood tests?
- B. Complete the short dialogues below with the appropriate words in the box.

	the appropriate with the solution of the solut						
		surgical c	lischarge	adjust	undress	pressure	
1.	Α:	Would you please le	nd me some	money? I'	ve run out o	of money.	
	В:	I think you should_	exper	nse to your	income.		
2.	Α:	Doctor, my stomach	n is aching.				
	В:	Sorry, here is the _	depai	rtment. Yo	u should go	to the medical	depart-
		ment.					
3.	Α:	How is your broken	leg?				
	В:	It almost heals. I ca	n walk with	out assistar	nt. I think i	s time to	from
		the hospital.					
4.	A :	I'm feeling dizzy.					
	В.	Now let me take you	ur blood				
5.		Why are your clothe					

10 -