大学英语综合水平测试系列

最新版

# 大学英语四级考试专项综合指导

- ★大学英语教学与考试命题研究工作室组编
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# COLLEGE ENGLISH Band 4



大连理工大学出版



## 多回級跨戰

### 专项训练 综合指导

大学英语教学与考试命题研究工作室组织编写

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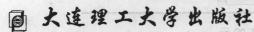
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華沙地域的選擇手續的與中學般的上班代達





⑥ 刘世同等 2001

#### 图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语四级考试专项训练综合指导 / 刘世同等主编 . — 3 版 .— 大连 : 大连理工大学出版社,2001.12(2003.6 重印) (大学英语综合水平测试系列) ISBN 7-5611-0968-7

I. 大··· Ⅱ. 刘··· Ⅲ. 英语一高等学校一水平考试—习题 Ⅳ. H310.42-44 中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 074229 号

大连理工大学出版社出版 地址:大连市凌水河 邮政编码:116024 电话:0411-4708842 传真:0411-4701466 邮购:0411-4707961 E-mail:dutp@mail.dlptt.ln.cn URL:http://www.dutp.cn 大连理工印刷有限公司印刷 大连理工大学出版社发行

幅面尺寸:185mm×260mm 印张:16.625 字数:562 千字 印数:180 001 ~ 200 000 1998 年 1 月第 1 版 2001 年 12 月第 3 版 2003 年 6 月第 23 次印刷

责任编辑:韩 露

责任校对:初 蕾

封面设计:孙宝福

4. 简明扼要,突出重点,力争实用

大学英语四级考试包括项目很多,所涉及的内容极为丰富,然而我们在具体编写过

**建** 克登系统的知识体系,从而集中精力强化语言运用能力。

即说言 配信物项目,重点介绍各种短语,重点讲解各种常考的基础知识。这样假

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《大学英语四级考试专项训练综合指导》—书系由长年辅导大学英语考试,且经验丰富的大学英语一线教师,根据教学理论知识及实践经验编写而成。

总结历年考生应试得失分情况与教师阅卷发现的问题,以及考前辅导的综合经验,结合面对广大待考考生对备考书的需求,我们精心编写了本书,给读者提供了一个随时可以"面对"的"随行教师"。因为我们的一线辅导教师们是完全针对考生们的实际情况,对症下药,帮助考生分析问题所在,以学生做题的习惯与心理为切入点,首先着重介绍各种题型分析和考试要求,应试准备与解题技巧,边讲边练,配有各专项题型练习(附答案,可自我检测),使读者有目的地个个击破,待各种题型专项训练完毕,考生已将英语听、说、读、写、译专项技能掌握,此时会很顺利地做完八套仿真试卷,达到通过考试的目标。

本书主要特点:

#### ~~~~ 1. 点面结合,提高综合应试能力 ~~~~

科学、详尽解析大学英语四级考试所有题型,特别是新题型,并在其后附有专项练习,其中每一题都具有独自的语言测试点。集中进行专项训练,使考生熟悉题型,明确考路,熟练解题技巧,强化单项语言基础知识和语言运用能力。在此基础上,进行全面的、大量的综合练习,既发挥单项应试能力,又提高综合应试能力和素质。因此,点面结合,达到取得优异成绩的最终目的。

#### ~~~~ 2. 巩固基础知识,强化语言运用能力,为应试创造了先决条件 ~~~

大学英语四级考试重点考核语言基础知识和语言运用能力,因此,本书重点放在打好语言基础,对各项题型特别是词语用法、语法结构和写作等进行归纳、总结,力争使考生在头脑中形成系统的语言基础知识框架,明确并掌握常考的重点基础知识。与此同时,在听写填空、复合式听写、英译汉和简短回答等题型上进行大量练习,强化语言运用能力。本书所采取的双向措施为在考试中取得优异成绩创造先决条件。

#### ----- 3. 明确命题规律,掌握解题技巧,科学应试 ----

根据《大学英语四级考试大纲》的要求,结合对历年考试全真试题的分析及编者多年的教学实践,解析各种题型的考路并指出其命题规律,帮助考生掌握各种题型的解题技巧。掌握科学应试方法使考生做到心中有数,胸有成竹,保持良好心态,提高应试速度和准确率。而这一切又是取得优异成绩的有效途径和手段。

#### ~~~ 4. 简明扼要,突出重点,力争实用 ~~

大学英语四级考试包括项目很多,所涉及的内容极为丰富,然而我们在具体编写过程中,重点突出常考的语法结构项目,重点介绍各种短语,重点讲解各种常考的基础知识。本书题型解析简明,解题技巧介绍扼要,专项练习侧重语言点和基础知识。这样做到:通读全书,重点突出,形成完整系统的知识体系,从而集中精力强化语言运用能力。

#### ------ 5. 仿真性强,信度高 -------

依据《大学英语四级考试大纲》和教材内容,特别是对历届四级考卷的分析,在编写专项练习和综合练习的过程中,侧重和突出常考的语言点,使练习贴近全真试题内容。因此,本书练习具有仿真性强和信度高的特点。

有目的地个个击破,待各种题型专项训练宏毕,考生已渐英语听、说、读、写、译专项技能掌握 此时会很顺利地做完人套伤真试卷,达到通过考试的目标。

科学、详尽解析大学英籍四级等试所有题型、特别是新题型、并在其后附有专项统

习,其中每一種前具有發自的语言測試点。集中进行专项训练,使考呈燕悉题型,明确考 縣,熟练**太**题,**斜**;强化单项语言基础每次和语言运用能力。在此基础上,进行全面的、

大量的。01.1002 医受挥单项立试能力。又提高等各位试能力和素质。因此,底面署合。

大学英语四级考试重点考核语言基础知识和语言运用能力,因此,本书重点放在打

作语言基础。对各项质型特别是词语用法。语法结构和写作等进行归纳:总统,力争灾等

生在头脑中形成系统的语言基础知识框架,明确并掌握常考的重点基础知识;与此同时 不正定地來 在人类时间 若尽识而被相同依然藉刑 1. 进行未得依须, 强个语言证明

力。本书所采求的双向措施为在考试中取得优异成绩创造允决条件。

. 明確命順知律、當擇解觀技巧、科学应武

限据《大学英语四级考试大纲》的要求,结合对历年考试全界试题的分析及编者妥

年的数学实践,解析各种题型的考路并指出奖命题规律,帮助考生掌握各种现型的浮题

最巧。掌握科学应设方法使考生裁到心中有效,胸有成竹,保持良好心态,提高应试速度 知准确定。而这一切又是取得优异成绩的有效这径和手段。

此为试读, 需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com



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编者说明

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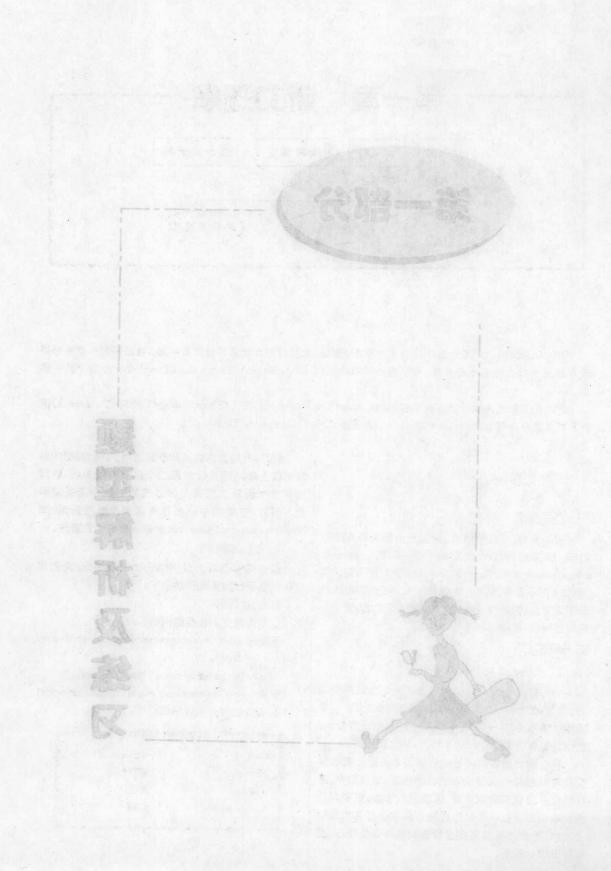
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#### 第二部分 综合练习

第一部分

题型解析及练习





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#### 概 迷

"听、说、读、写、译"是外语学习的五个环节。由此,我们对听力的重要性可见一斑。也正因为听力在外语学习过程中所占位置十分重要,大学英语四级考试(College English Test—Band Four)将听力置于第一部分。

大学英语四级考试听力部分包括:对话(Short Conversation),短文(Short Passage),听写(Dictation)。而 听写部分又分为听写填空(Spot Dictation)和复合式听写(Compound Dictation)。

#### 第一节 对 话

#### 一、试题要求

这部分由 10 道题组成,每题先由男女两人进行对话,然后由第三者就对话提问,问题一般是以when,why,what,where 等词开头的特殊疑问句。其对话内容一般为日常生活中的对话,句子结构和内容不太复杂,语速为每分钟 130~150 词左右,要求一遍可以听懂,准确率不应低于 70%。

#### 二、解题技巧 www.sanitub.vastle.eroled.enedw

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听力技能是涉及到多种语言能力综合运用的能力。如要顺利听懂大学英语四级考试的听力部分,要求学生掌握 3000~4000 单词和一些相关语法知识。这也是做好听力部分的基本要求,即语言因素。

影响听力的当然还有非语言因素。这就要求学生在考试过程中保持良好的心理状态,精力集中,思想放松。因为头脑越清醒,思维就越活跃,更有利于将所听到的信息与所学过的语言知识进行有机的结合,这样才能更有效地把握所听到的声音信号,达到良好的听音效果。

此外,要注意对重点句子的把握。听力对话中有70%以上的问题是针对第二个说话人提出的,所以对第二个说话人的态度和语气的把握是至关重要的。另外,在单句中一些表示意识流的指示词,如however,but,really,certainly等同样也十分重要。

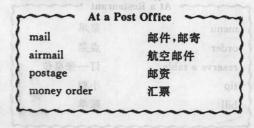
#### 2. 分类技巧

通过对四级听力对话部分试题的研究,我们可以将此部分题型大致归纳如下:

- (1)地点问题
- ①常见的有关地点的问题有:

Where does this conversation most probably/ likely take place?

Where is the man/woman probably going?
Where are the man and woman at the moment?
②常见的有关地点的词汇有:



#### At a Bank

cash a check 兑换支票
open an account 开户
savings account 户头
traveler's check 旅行支票
interest 利息
withdraw money from... 取钱
deposit money 存钱

#### - At an Airport -

flight 班机
flight number 航班号
flight schedule 航班时刻表
runway 跑道
terminal 停机坪

#### At a School

Sollege English Test-Band Four)特所力量于第

undergraduate 本科生 freshman 一年级大学生 sophomore 二年级大学生 junior 三年级大学生 senior 四年级大学生 graduate 研究生 language lab 听音室 credit 学分 scholarship required course elective course 选修课 dormitory(dorm) 宿舍 论文 tuition fee 学费

#### At a Restaurant

menu	菜单
order	点菜
reserve a table	订一张桌位
tip	小费
bill	账单

#### At a Hotel

reservation	订房间
double room	双人间
single room	单人间
register	登记
suite	套间
check in	人住饭店时登记
check out	离开饭店时结账

#### At a Hospital

emergency room	急诊室
X-rays	X光
tablet	药片
injection	打针
surgeon	外科医生
recover	康复
dentist	<b>牙医</b> 量
ORDER TO SERVICE STATE OF THE	

#### At a Railway Station

platform 站台
one way ticket 单程车票
round-trip ticket 往返车票
express 快车

#### (2)时间问题

①常见的有关时间的问题有:

What does your watch say?

When will the woman arrive?

When does the play start?

②必须掌握的表示时间的连词和副词有:

when, before, after, during, while, later, until, once, finally, as soon as, no sooner... than, earlier, since, hardly... when, first of all, afterwards

#### (3)关系问题

#### ①常见的有关关系的问题有:

What is the (most) probable relationship between the man and the woman/the two speakers/these two people?

#### ②常见有关关系的词汇有:

Teacher/Professor/Adviser and student(教师与学生).

Librarian and student(图书管理员与学生). Doctor/Dentist and patient(医生/牙医与病人). Salesgirl/Shop assistant and customer (售货员 与顾客). moor and shired enteremperature.

Waiter/Waitress and customer(侍者与顾客). Husband and wife(夫妻之间).

Father/Mother and daughter/son (父母与孩 子).

Lawyer and client(律师与当事人). Interviewer and interviewee(面试者与应试者). wen (4)数字问题 was alook asmow ed T . O

#### ①常见的有关数字的词汇和词组有:

discount, half, cut off, knock off, twice, twice as much as, cross off, double, dozen, sale price, on sale, special price, garage sale, Christmas sale, 4. A. Ask the sir hostess for a change. . . . .

②注意近音数字,如:thirteen,thirty,etc.;加减 乘除的方法(plus, minus, multiply, divide)、百 分比(percentage)、倍数(double, etc.)、分数 (one eighth, three quarters, etc.)等。

#### vd(5)职业问题 do mysd aldracog adT 8

#### 常见的职业有:ol nevis memdelmod ed To

professor, adviser, tutor, librarian, doctor, physician, salesman, salesgirl, shop assistant, repairman, electrician, plumber, landlady, carpenter (6)含有否定意义的固答: 艾克

#### 常见否定词有: 发科

barely, hardly, scarcely, seldom, rarely, fail, little, few, miss, too..., the last, rather than 等等。

#### driw (7)虚拟语气 re og finbib gmissem adT 10

虚拟语气除三大公式外,还有许多其他变化形 式,在听的过程中要注意辨别。

#### (8)暗含问题

在提问中常见动词有:

imply, infer, mean, infer from, suggest, indicate, learn about, assume o down the meaw spell . He

#### 三、练习及答案

#### C. The man resembles the ow ▶ 区 森 【

#### (一)地点问题

1. A. At a gas station. B. At a bank.

C. At a hospital. D. At a school. 2. A. In a hospital. B. At a library.

C. In a classroom. D. At a bookstore

3. A. In a grocery store. B. In a restaurant. C. In a department store.D. In a hospital

4. A. At a bookstore.

B. At a baggage counter.

C. At an elementary school.

D. At a post office

B. In a restaurant. 5. A. In a school.

C. In a theater.

D. At home

6. A. At work.

B. At a bank. more of the B. At a bank.

C. At a restaurant.

D. At an apartment building

7. A. To school. To school . T

B. To the shopping center.

C. To her grandmother's. To ved! A &

D. To a birthday party.

8. A. At a booking office.

B. In a library. a restord era year . C.

C. At a bank. sliw bas basdeuH. A. A.

D. In the street. Vod and bas laif A. A

9. A. At a newspaper office.

B. At a dry cleaner. Abreid blood

C. At a dentist's office.

D. At a hospital said bas seemis W. H.

10. A. At the zoo. B. In Room 245.

C. In a restaurant. D. In a hotel

#### (二)时间问题

1. A. Before 12.

B. After 12.

C. At 12.

D. At 11:30.

2. A. From 12 noon to 6 p. m.

B. From 6 p. m. to 8 p. m.

C. From 12 noon to 3 p.m.

D. From 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

3. A. 9:20.

B. 9:14.

C. 9.26.

D. 9:06.

4. A. At 7 o'clock. B. At 6:30.

C. At 7:30.

5. A. 7 o'clock.

6. A. 9:00.

D. At 6 o'clock. B. 7:15. A &

C. 6:45.

D. 6:55.

B. 9:15.

C. 10:00.

D. 10:15.

7. A. Tuesday.

B. Wednesday.

C. Thursday.

D. Friday.

8. A. When he was sixteen.

B. When he was twenty-one.

C. When he was thirteen.

D. When he was eighteen.

9. A. She never eats breakfast.

B. All the time.

C. At 7:30.

D. At 10:00.

10. A. At 9:40.

B. At 10:40.

C. At 9:10. D. At 10:10.

#### (三)关系问题

- 1. A. Lawyer Client.
  - B. Doctor Patient.
  - C. Dentist-Patient.
  - D. Bankteller-Customer.
- 2. A. Wife-Husband.
  - B. Shop assistant Customer.
  - C. Waitress-Customer. Contago T. A. T.
  - D. Secretary—Boss.
- 3. A. They are divorced.
- B. They are married.
  - C. They are separated.
- D. They are brother and sister.
- 4. A. Husband and wife.
  - B. A girl and her boyfriend.
  - C. Teacher and student.
  - D. Old friends.
- 5. A. Secretary and boss.
  - B. Waitress and diner.
  - C. Mother and son.
  - D. Patient and doctor.
- 6. A. Boss Secretary.
  - B. Client-Lawyer.
  - C. Teacher-Student.
  - D. Doctor Nurse.
- 7. A. Reporter Editor.
  - B. Student Teacher.
  - C. Writer-Publisher.
  - D. Secretary-Boss.

#### (四)数字问题

- 1. A. Six. B. Eight. C. Four. D. Five.
- C. 80. D. 84. 2. A. 40. B. 48.
- 3. A. \$100. B. \$20. C. \$80. D. \$200.
- 4. A. \$ 20. B. \$ 22. C. \$15. D. \$25.
- 5. A. \$ 115. B. \$ 105. C. \$50. D. \$150.

#### (五)职业问题

- 1. A. A headmaster. B. A policeman.
  - C. A customer.
- D. A boss.
- 2. A. She is an operator. B. She is a salesgirl.
  - C. She is a waitress. D. She is a student.
- 3. A. He is a manager. B. He is a teacher.
  - C. He is a taxi driver. D. He is a doctor.
- 4. A. A novelist. B. A dramatist.
- C. A playwright.
- D. A dancer.
- 5. A. Repairman.
- B. Taxi driver.
- C. Salesman.
- D. Car dealer.
- 6. A. clerk.
- B. A teacher.

- C. A typist. D. A secretary.

#### (六)含有否定意义的回答

- 1. A. The temperature outside.
  - B. The temperature inside the room.
  - C. The dirty wall.
    - D. The heat in the room.
- 2. A. He didn't expect her coming back so
- B. He thought the woman would eat out this ( # 11 W evening. ) seweivretni bas reweivretal
  - C. The woman looks strange in her new ①常见的有关数字的词形和副型stan
- D. The woman looks pale.
- 3. A. She agreed. B. She disagreed.
  - C. She was impatient. D. She was worried.
  - 4. A. Ask the air hostess for a change.
- B. Move to another part of the place.
- C. Sit where there is fresh air.
- D. Put out his cigarette.
  - 5. A. The damage to the store.
    - B. The possible harm to the people nearby.
    - C. The punishment given to the crazy man.
- D. The reason for the craziness.
- 6. A. On foot. B. By bus.

  - C. By car. D. By bike.

#### (七)虚拟语气

- 1. A. The man might have been able to prevent the problems at the meeting.
- B. The man should have seen how well things had gone.
- C. The meeting didn't go smoothly, even with the man's help.
  - D. It really didn't matter whether the man was there or not.
  - 2. A. She looked for the man when she was buying groceries.
    - B. There wasn't much of selection at the supermarket.
    - C. The man resembles the owner of the supermarket.
    - D. The man purchased quite a lot of food.
  - 3. A. They had no money.
    - B. They couldn't buy it.
    - C. There was nothing wrong with the old
    - D. They both wanted to buy a motorbike.
  - 4. A. Even though John worked very hard, he didn't pass the exam.

- B. John didn't work very hard in playing ten-
- C. John should spend more time in playing tennis.
- John didn't pass the exam because it was
  - 5. A. He doesn't care about it.
- -la y as B. He'd prefer it. on a swant Lyse Y. W.
  - C. He dislikes it.
- D. He prefers it to be cold.

#### (八)暗含问题

- 1. A. Richard is the best student in her class.
- B. Richard is good in every aspect.
- C. Richard is not a good student at all.
- D. Richard can do anything well.
- 2. A. He is not going to Canada.
  - B. He is going to Canada.
- C. He is not going to Canada if it is cold.
  - D. He has no idea where to go.
  - 3. A. Excellent. gov avad and wolf W .8
- ide B. Not good.
- asw I C. Unknown.
  - D. Strange.
  - 4. A. She can borrow the dictionary.
  - B. She cannot borrow the dictionary now.
- C. The dictionary has been borrowed by his roommate.
- D. He has just borrowed the dictionary from
  - 5. A. He didn't hear about the accident.
- B. He heard about the accident before.
  - C. He was indifferent to the accident.
- D. He heard about the accident, but he didn't come.
- 6. A. The woman will post the letter for him.
  - B. The woman will go to the man's office.
  - C. The woman will not post the letter for him.
- D. The woman will ask him to post her let-

#### M. Definitely and we're going >菜谷 (n

- (一)地点问题
- 1.C 2.B 3.B 4.D 5.B 6.B
  - 7.B 8.C 9.C 10.D
  - (二)时间问题 as I mainty as a salarate W ...
- 1. A 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. C 6. B
  - 7.C 8.A 9.B 10.B
  - (三)关系问题

- 1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C 6. A 7. B (四)数字问题
- 1.B 2.A 3.C 4.A 5.D 6.D (六)含有否定意义的回答
- 1. B 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. B 6. B
- (七)虚拟语气 word word domes not
- 1. A 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. C
- (八)暗含问题
- 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. C

#### Q.Where does the conver▶文朝音录◀

- (一)地点问题work on halp ad Ill no Y-MIR
- 1. M: Could you please tell me what room
  Robert Davis is in?
- W:Yes, he's in the intensive care unit on the fourth floor. I suggest that you check with the nurse's station before going in, though.
- Q: Where did this conversation most probably take place?
- 2. W: Your books are due on December thirteenth. If you haven't finished reading them by then, you have to renew them once.
  - M: Thank you very much for reminding me.

    I'll need them for a few more days.
  - Q: Where does this conversation take place?
- 3. W:Can I help you, sir? Or would you like to
- M. No, thank you. I've already known what to order. Just two steaks and a chicken soup and a salad.
  - Q: Where does this conversation probably take place?
- 4. M: I need a book of stamps and I'd also like to send this package first class.
  - W: Here are your stamps, but you have to take package to the next window.
  - Q:Where does this conversation most probably take place?
  - 5. W: Would you like to see the menu?
    - M: No, thank you. I know what I want to or-
    - Q: Where is the man now?
  - 6. M: Good morning, Mary. How are you?
    - W:Oh, fine. I'm just on my way to work, but I thought that I would drop by with the

a check for my rent. 8 8 8 8 A 1

- Q: Where did this conversation most probably take place?
- 7. M: Do you need much time at the shopping center?
  - W: Not really. I want to buy a plant for my grandmother's birthday and a few things for school. How about you?
  - Q: Where is the woman going?
- 8. M:Can I help you?
  - W:I want to open an account.
  - Q: Where does the conversation take place?
- 9. M: You'll be glad to know that no new cavimoor ties have shown up on the X-rays, Miss Smith.
- W: That is good news. I'll just have my teeth
- Q: Where did this conversation most probably take place?
- 10. M:Good evening. My name is Fox. I believe you have a room reserved for me.
- Fox... yes, Mr. Fox. Room 245. Would you just fill in this form, please?
- Q: Where does this conversation probably take place?

#### (二)时间问题 at a tol medi heen [1]

- 1. M:I was in front of the theater at 12. How did I miss you?
- W: I got there at half past 11 and waited a while. But I guess I left before you got there.
- Q: When did the woman probably leave the
  - 2. M: When is the library open?
- W.It is open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. during weekdays, from 12 noon to 3 p.m. on weekends.
  - Q: When is the library open on Sundays?
- 3. W:I waited until 9:20 for you.
  - M: I must have arrived 6 minutes after you left. and are of solid any bluow W. &
- Q: What time did the man arrive?
  - 4. M: Have the children left for school?
  - W: Tom left at 6:30 and Mary ran out 30 minutes later.
- Q:When did Mary leave?
- 5. W: What time does the film start?

- M: At 7. We still have 15 minutes to get there.
- gained Q: What time is it now? ode and O
- 6. M: The bus was supposed to leave at 9:00 and it's already 15 minutes overdue. If it doesn't come soon, I'll be late for my appointment.
  - W: Yes, I have a meeting at 10 and I can't afford to miss it.
  - Q: At what time does this conversation take place?
  - 7. M: May I see Professor Kent, please?
    - W.I'm sorry, he's been ill since last Friday. I think he'll be back for his regular office hours next Thursday. But you might telephone on Tuesday or Wednesday to make sure.
    - Q:On what day will the man be able to see Professor Kent?
    - 8. W: How long have you been driving?
      - W: Actually I began driving when I was thirteen. But I didn't get a licence until I was
      - Q: When did the man start driving?
- 9. M: What time do you usually have your
- W: Around 7:30, but lately I've been having most trouble getting up in the morning, so I've been eating breakfast at 8:00,9:00 and even as late as 10:00.
  - Q: At what time does she have her break-
- 10. W:Excuse me, when will the 9:10 train arrive?
  - M: It has been delayed for one hour and a
- Q: When is the train expected to arrive?

#### (三)关系问题

- 1. W: Do you think I have a chance of proving my case?
  - M. Definitely, and we're going to sue for injuries as well.
  - Q: What is the probable relationship between the man and the woman?
  - 2. W: Is there anything I can do for you?
    - M: Well, I'd like to buy some socks and a shirt a white one with long sleeves, please.