

北京市海淀区教师进修学校编

高中

# 英语单元练习手册



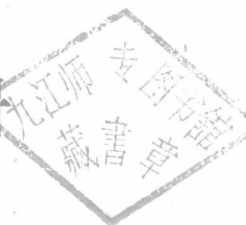
外语教学与研究出版社

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北京市海淀区教师进修学校

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## 前 言

为了配合高中英语教学，便于学生复习巩固所学知识并提高运用英语的能力，我们根据《全日制中学英语教学大纲》的基本要求，以全国现行统编教材为主要内容，采用客观性命题方式，编写了这套《高中英语单元练习手册》、《高中英语语法练习手册》，共两册。

《高中英语单元练习手册》按照中学英语课本的内容顺序编排。初中课本的练习按册编写，高中课本的练习按课编写。每册或每课的练习包括语音、词汇、语法、惯用法、句型、阅读理解、知识的综合运用，书面表达等方面的内容。考虑到高中毕业班学生的英语现状和他们的实际需要，本书在练习的形式和内容上，即注意了基础知识的复习巩固，又注意了各种能力的培养和提高；即考虑到了全面系统的复习，又注意到了突出各册书的重点和难点的复习。本书还参照了近年来高考试题的形式，编排了类型多样的习题，并加大了阅读理解和短文填空的比例，以适应高考的需要。为了帮助读者检查练习效果，本书后附有练习答案。

本书力求做到激发学生的学习兴趣，开拓学生的解题思路，促使并帮助学生不断归纳、整理、使用所学知识。

本书编者大多是第一线有经验的教师，他们在多年的教改实践中，特别是在落实“双基”和学生的语言训练上有较丰富的经验。本书中的许多练习题就是从他们的教学实践中经过测试和科学比较筛选出来的。

本书适用于高中各年级学生，特别是毕业班的学生、中学英语教师，也适用于具有同等程度的英语自学者。

本书编者有：北京市海淀区育英中学于蕊兰、潘晓媛、北京工业学院附属中学王久琴、北京市海淀区万寿寺中学柳宁、北京市海淀区八一中学陈琦、北京市海淀区西颐中学高秀民、中国人民大学附属中学周启欣、铁道学院附属中学范存智、北京市海淀区教师进修学校万紫红、马淑英等同志。

全书由陈琦、马淑英同志审订。

由于我们水平有限，时间仓促，不当和错误之处在所难免，恳请读者批评指正。

北京市海淀区教师进修学校

一九八八年九月

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## 初中第一至三册

### I. 语 音:

A. 找出下列各组单词中划线部分读音不同的单词:

- |         |                    |                      |                   |                     |
|---------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| ( ) 1.  | A. <u>dance</u>    | B. <u>want</u>       | C. <u>wash</u>    | D. <u>what</u>      |
| ( ) 2.  | A. <u>autumn</u>   | B. <u>daughter</u>   | C. <u>aunt</u>    | D. <u>taught</u>    |
| ( ) 3.  | A. <u>brought</u>  | B. <u>through</u>    | C. <u>bought</u>  | D. <u>thought</u>   |
| ( ) 4.  | A. <u>monkey</u>   | B. <u>volleyball</u> | C. <u>wrong</u>   | D. <u>comrade</u>   |
| ( ) 5.  | A. <u>breath</u>   | B. <u>great</u>      | C. <u>peasant</u> | D. <u>breakfast</u> |
| ( ) 6.  | A. <u>worry</u>    | B. <u>forest</u>     | C. <u>orange</u>  | D. <u>borrow</u>    |
| ( ) 7.  | A. <u>mouths</u>   | B. <u>months</u>     | C. <u>maths</u>   | D. <u>Smiths</u>    |
| ( ) 8.  | A. <u>stronger</u> | B. <u>younger</u>    | C. <u>longer</u>  | D. <u>singer</u>    |
| ( ) 9.  | A. <u>exciting</u> | B. <u>exam</u>       | C. <u>except</u>  | D. <u>expensive</u> |
| ( ) 10. | A. <u>hour</u>     | B. <u>he</u>         | C. <u>half</u>    | D. <u>holiday</u>   |
| ( ) 11. | A. <u>December</u> | B. <u>nurse</u>      | C. <u>message</u> | D. <u>nose</u>      |
| ( ) 12. | A. <u>large</u>    | B. <u>orange</u>     | C. <u>page</u>    | D. <u>dig</u>       |

B. 观察所给单词划线部分的发音, 从 A、B、C、D 划线部分找出与其读音相同的单词:

- |         |                  |                   |                   |                   |                    |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| ( ) 1.  | <u>have</u>      | A. <u>of</u>      | B. <u>off</u>     | C. <u>wife</u>    | D. <u>himself</u>  |
| ( ) 2.  | <u>than</u>      | A. <u>three</u>   | B. <u>breath</u>  | C. <u>with</u>    | D. <u>mouth</u>    |
| ( ) 3.  | <u>answer</u>    | A. <u>thank</u>   | B. <u>ink</u>     | C. <u>Monday</u>  | D. <u>hungry</u>   |
| ( ) 4.  | <u>newspaper</u> | A. <u>news</u>    | B. <u>theirs</u>  | C. <u>history</u> | D. <u>Thursday</u> |
| ( ) 5.  | <u>babies</u>    | A. <u>clothes</u> | B. <u>boxes</u>   | C. <u>watches</u> | D. <u>oranges</u>  |
| ( ) 6.  | <u>whole</u>     | A. <u>when</u>    | B. <u>where</u>   | C. <u>whose</u>   | D. <u>white</u>    |
| ( ) 7.  | <u>also</u>      | A. <u>always</u>  | B. <u>talk</u>    | C. <u>walk</u>    | D. <u>half</u>     |
| ( ) 8.  | <u>five</u>      | A. <u>fifth</u>   | B. <u>bright</u>  | C. <u>still</u>   | D. <u>live</u>     |
| ( ) 9.  | <u>foot</u>      | A. <u>cool</u>    | B. <u>school</u>  | C. <u>moon</u>    | D. <u>good</u>     |
| ( ) 10. | <u>thousand</u>  | A. <u>young</u>   | B. <u>country</u> | C. <u>pound</u>   | D. <u>enough</u>   |
| ( ) 11. | <u>asked</u>     | A. <u>stopped</u> | B. <u>planned</u> | C. <u>climbed</u> | D. <u>waited</u>   |
| ( ) 12. | <u>worse</u>     | A. <u>north</u>   | B. <u>horse</u>   | C. <u>world</u>   | D. <u>more</u>     |

C. 单词重音：第一个音节重读为A，第二个音节重读为B，第三个音节重读为C：

- ( ) 1. themselves ( ) 2. hospital ( ) 3. instructive  
 ( ) 4. Japanese ( ) 5. everyone ( ) 6. geography  
 ( ) 7. restaurant ( ) 8. understand ( ) 9. music  
 ( ) 10. museum ( ) 11. October ( ) 12. sometimes  
 ( ) 13. Thursday ( ) 14. exercise ( ) 15. expensive

D. 下列划线句子中，哪些单词在一般情况下要重读：

1. How many minutes are there in an hour?

There are sixty minutes in an hour.

- A. There, are, sixty B. are, sixty, hour C. sixty D. sixty minutes

2. Are you going to have geography this term?

No, but we are going to have physics this term.

- A. No, physics B. No, but, have physics C. going, have physics  
 D. have physics this term

3. Did your father going to work early yesterday?

Yes, he did.

- A. Yes, did B. Yes C. he, did D. did

4. I always work hard at it.

- A. I, work, hard B. always, work, hard  
 C. work, hard, at D. always, hard

E. 下列每组对话分别由三个句子组成，指出这三个句子在一般情况下该用什么语调：

- a. 1. Are you going to see Mr. Li?

2. Yes, we are.

3. When will you go?

- A. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 升调 B. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 降调

- C. 1. 降调 2. 升调 3. 降调 D. 1. 升调 2. 升调 3. 降调

- b. 1. When were you born?

2. On April 2nd, 1972.

3. So you are seventeen this year, aren't you?

- A. 1. 降调 2. 降调 3. 降调 B. 1. 降调 2. 升调 3. 升调

- C. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 升调 D. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 降调

- c. 1. Did you water the trees?

2. No, but I planted some flowers in the garden.

3. Look at those beautiful flowers.
- A. 1. 降调 2. 降调 3. 降调    B. 1. 升调 2. 升调 3. 降调  
 C. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 升调    D. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 降调
- d. 1. You don't speak Russian, do you?  
 2. No, but I can speak a little Japanese.  
 3. Let's talk in Japanese, shall we?
- A. 1. 升调 2. 升调 3. 升调    B. 1. 降调 2. 升调 3. 降调  
 A. 1. 升调 2. 降调 3. 升调    D. 1. 降调 2. 升调 3. 升调

## II. 词汇:

A. 选择与句中划线部分意思最接近的答案:

- ( ) 1. How many lessons do you have every day?  
 A. texts    B. classes    C. exercises
- ( ) 2. The problem is hard, so few people can work it out.  
 A. different    B. difficult    C. easy
- ( ) 3. You'll be better soon.  
 A. quickly    B. long before    C. before long
- ( ) 4. He ran to the library right away.  
 A. right now    B. at last    C. at once
- ( ) 5. What a bright day!  
 A. sunny    B. clear    C. light
- ( ) 6. The policeman took down his name.  
 A. turn down    B. wrote down    C. put up
- ( ) 7. Her hair turned white two years ago.  
 A. grow    B. became    C. was
- ( ) 8. The flowers are coming out.  
 A. opening    B. coming up    C. turning up
- ( ) 9. The teacher told him not to do that again.  
 A. no more    B. any more    C. not...any longer
- ( ) 10. Mr. Brown brought out his card.  
 A. took out    B. work out    C. showed

B. 用句中划线部分的单词的适当形式填空:

1. This is his \_\_\_\_\_ birthday. Now he is a boy of twelve.  
 2. There are nine people in the \_\_\_\_\_ room.  
 3. She is always happy. Listen, she is singing an American song \_\_\_\_\_



4. There is a lot of wind today. It is \_\_\_\_\_ today.
5. He ~~shouted~~ at me \_\_\_\_\_, and I was angry with him.
6. He looks \_\_\_\_\_. In fact, he needn't worry about his son.
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ is good at physical science.
8. It's your birthday. Help \_\_\_\_\_ to some cakes.
9. We are \_\_\_\_\_. We love China.
10. There is a bottle of water on the table, but we need five \_\_\_\_\_.
11. A man has one stomach. But a cow has four \_\_\_\_\_.
12. She wants to be a woman driver. Now more and more \_\_\_\_\_ drive cars and buses.

C. 词义辨析：选择适当的词填空：

- ( ) 1. I want to be an artist \_\_\_\_\_ my father.  
A. as B. like C. likes D. as if
- ( ) 2. Be quick. There is \_\_\_\_\_ time to go.  
A. little B. a little C. few D. a few
- ( ) 3. It's dark in the room. Please \_\_\_\_\_ the light.  
A. open B. turn on C. turn off D. turn up
- ( ) 4. What will Father \_\_\_\_\_ us from Japan?  
A. take B. bring C. carry D. get
- ( ) 5. The poor woman \_\_\_\_\_ a baby in her arms.  
A. took B. brought C. carried D. got
- ( ) 6. How can you \_\_\_\_\_ if you are not \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. listen, hearing B. hear, listening  
C. listen, listening D. hear, hearing
- ( ) 7. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ a job for me?  
A. look for B. looked for C. find D. found
- ( ) 8. I want to \_\_\_\_\_ his bike, but he \_\_\_\_\_ it to Ling-ling a moment ago.  
A. lend, borrowed B. borrow, lend  
C. borrow, lent D. lent, borrowed
- ( ) 9. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ carefully, but I \_\_\_\_\_ nothing.  
A. looking, see B. looking at, see  
C. seeing, look D. seeing, look at
- ( ) 10. He is \_\_\_\_\_ to the assistant.  
A. telling B. saying C. speaking D. talking with
- ( ) 11. His parents are \_\_\_\_\_ doctors.

- A. all    B. each    C. both    D. the
- ( ) 12. He doesn't like \_\_\_\_\_ for supper.  
A. chick    B. chicken    C. chickens    D. chicks
- ( ) 13. In our class five come from Shanghai, \_\_\_\_\_ are from Beijing.  
A. others    B. the others    C. other    D. the other
- ( ) 14. I \_\_\_\_\_ I could fly to the moon in a spaceship one day.  
A. want    B. hope    C. wish    D. think
- ( ) 15. Do you know how \_\_\_\_\_ bread?  
A. make    B. to make    C. to do    D. making

### III. 选择最佳答案:

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ book is this? It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. What, mine    B. Who, hers    C. Which, Wu Ying  
D. Whose, his
- ( ) 2. Which runs \_\_\_\_\_, a horse, a cow or an elephant?  
A. more quickly    B. most quickly    C. quickly  
D. the quickliest
- ( ) 3. I know it quite well. You \_\_\_\_\_ tell me.  
A. mustn't    B. hadn't to    C. won't    D. needn't
- ( ) 4. Sorry I forget to post your letter.  
Never mind. \_\_\_\_\_ it tomorrow morning.  
A. I'll post    B. I'm going to post    C. I want to  
D. I like to
- ( ) 5. The doctor told my brother \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. don't read in the sun  
B. didn't read in the sun  
C. not to read under the sun  
D. not to read in the sun
- ( ) 6. Who's that girl? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Is Mary    B. It's Mary    C. Mary is that    D. It's student
- ( ) 7. Where are my trousers? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. It's on the bed    B. There are one on the bed  
C. There is yours    D. They are on the bed
- ( ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ late for class next time.  
A. Be not    B. Don't    C. Don't be    D. Not be
- ( ) 9. May I go out and play after supper? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. No, you won't    B. No, you can't

- C. No, you mustn't    D. No, you needn't
- ( ) 10. The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ be in the office.  
A. must    B. can    C. has to    D. perhaps
- ( ) 11. Must I hand in my homework this afternoon? No, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. you mustn't    B. you can't    C. you needn't  
D. you mayn't
- ( ) 12. The woman found his ticket and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. showed it to him    B. showed him it  
C. showed it him    D. showed him with it
- ( ) 13. When did you \_\_\_\_\_ the Summer Palace last Sunday?  
A. reached    B. get    C. get to    D. arrive
- ( ) 14. This is \_\_\_\_\_ expensive. I can't buy it.  
A. too    B. very    C. very much    D. much
- ( ) 15. Do you have any shirts \_\_\_\_\_ old people?  
A. for    B. of    C. in    D. on
- ( ) 16. Last winter we went to Tianjin \_\_\_\_\_ his car.  
A. by    B. into    C. on    D. in
- ( ) 17. The apple trees have lots of big apples \_\_\_\_\_ them. And some birds are singing \_\_\_\_\_ the tree.  
A. in, on    B. at, in    C. on, in    D. with, through
- ( ) 18. Thank you for helping me \_\_\_\_\_ my physics.  
A. of    B. with    C. for    D. in
- ( ) 19. Our city is \_\_\_\_\_ yours.  
A. as bigger as    B. as bigger than  
C. bigger than    D. as big as
- ( ) 20. Tom writes more carefully \_\_\_\_\_ in his class.  
A. than any student    B. than all the students  
C. than any other    D. as any other student  
student
- ( ) 21. Mary is the youngest \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. of the sisters    B. of her sisters  
C. in her sisters    D. among her sisters
- ( ) 22. Her mother isn't a nurse, is she? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. No, she is    B. Yes, she isn't  
C. No, she isn't    D. Yes, she does
- ( ) 23. There is nothing in the box, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. is there    B. isn't there    C. is it    D. isn't it

- ( ) 24. They had an English lesson last Saturday afternoon, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. hadn't they      B. didn't they  
C. weren't they      D. did they
- ( ) 25. Excuse me, may I use your pen? Certainly, \_\_\_\_\_  
A. it's here      B. here is it      C. here you are  
D. you may use
- ( ) 26. Thank you very much. \_\_\_\_\_  
A. No, thanks      B. All right  
C. That's all right      D. You are too kind
- ( ) 27. Oh, you look so beautiful today. \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Thank you.      B. No, don't say that.  
C. It's good.      D. Oh, am I?
- ( ) 28. Who does \_\_\_\_\_ in English in your class?  
A. well      B. better      C. best      D. good
- ( ) 29. Mrs. Green speaks English \_\_\_\_\_ than Mr. Green.  
A. more clearly      B. clearer      C. clearly      D. most clearly
- ( ) 30. What's the date today? It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. September ten      B. September the tenth  
C. tenth September      D. the September tenth

#### IV. 完成句子: (每空只能填一词)

1. 他有两个儿子, 一个在工厂工作, 另一个在大学学习。

He has two sons, \_\_\_\_\_ works in a factory, \_\_\_\_\_, at a university.

2. “四点了。是运动的时候了。” “不, 是打扫卫生的时候了。”

“\_\_\_\_\_ four o'clock. It is time \_\_\_\_\_.” “No. It's time \_\_\_\_\_.”

3. “对不起。” “没关系。”

“I'm sorry.” “That's \_\_\_\_\_.”

4. 杯子里有多少牛奶? 只有一点。

\_\_\_\_\_ milk \_\_\_\_\_ in the glass? \_\_\_\_\_

5. 我们老师对工作很严格。

Our teachers \_\_\_\_\_ the work.

6. 我妈妈通常在星期五下午去买东西。

My mother usually \_\_\_\_\_ Friday afternoon.

7. 她让那男孩把这封信带给他的家长。

she asked the boy \_\_\_\_\_ his parents.

8. 你最好呆在家里照顾你妹妹。

You \_\_\_\_\_ at home \_\_\_\_\_ your sister.

9. 九十名工人用了十个月建造了这所医院。

\_\_\_\_\_ ninety workers ten months \_\_\_\_\_ the hospital.

10. 你的左腿怎么了?

\_\_\_\_\_ your left leg?

#### V. 补全对话:

玛丽给凯特打电话,告诉她友谊商店有适合年轻人穿的那种外衣。但凯特不在家,她去医院看她叔叔去了。她母亲格林夫人接了电话。玛丽请她将这个信息告诉凯特,让她去看看。

Mary: Hello, 1 Mary speaking. 2 I speak to Kate?

Mrs. Green: Sorry. She isn't 3. She 4 his uncle at hospital two hours ago.

M: 5 Mrs. Green?

G: Yes. Can I 6?

M: Yes, please. She wants 7 a new coat. There are some green coats 8 at the Friendship Store. I think that kind of coat 9. Please tell her to go and 10.

G: Thank you. Bye-bye.

M: Bye-bye.

#### VI. 用动词的适当形式填空:

1. Look, what \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ (do) over there?
2. Look at these clouds. It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain).
3. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (add) 45 to 55, you will get a hundred.
4. He \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) fishing.
5. Don't worry. I \_\_\_\_\_ (understand) well and I \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you later.
6. This kind of clock \_\_\_\_\_ (sell) easily.
7. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (never walk) to school.
8. The train for Qingdao \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) at seven thirty every morning.
9. My father usually listens to the radio but now he \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) television.
10. There \_\_\_\_\_ (be) no air or water on the moon.
11. It \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a year and a half now since I \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) to study

English. I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) glad to say that I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) along quite well with it. One and a half year's study \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me that we can't \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) English well without \_\_\_\_\_ (work) hard. Now I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) it very hard. I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) it even harder next year.

12. I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a letter from my sister yesterday. She \_\_\_\_\_ (live) Nigeria. In her letter, she said she \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to England next year. We are glad to have heard that. If she \_\_\_\_\_ (come), she \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a surprise. We \_\_\_\_\_ now \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a beautiful new house in the country. Work on the house had begun before my sister \_\_\_\_\_ (leave). It \_\_\_\_\_ (complete) five months ago. The house \_\_\_\_\_ (have) many large rooms and there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a lovely garden. It is a very modern house.

## VII. 完形填空:

An old woman \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ a clothes shop. She asked the salesgirl \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ a new dress on display, but the girl stood still \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ the counter, taking no notice of the request. \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ old woman \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ the girl again, \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ her voice a bit, but still received \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ answer. The old woman peered ( 盯着看 ) at the girl and nodded to herself: "I am \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ old to see well. I can't \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ a plastic model from a real girl."

On \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ this, the rude salesgirl \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ the old woman: "What? Did you \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ me a plastic model?"

The old woman was \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_.

"Oh, dear me," she said, "The model can speak. Then it must be a Robot ( 机器人 ) of a new type."

1. A. walked B. walked in C. walked into D. walks into
2. A. to let her have a look B. to let her have a look at  
C. let her have a look at B. to let her to have a look at
3. A. on B. in C. before D. behind
4. A. An B. A C. The D. /
5. A. told B. spoke C. spoke to D. talked
6. A. raise B. to rise C. raising D. rising
7. A. not B. no C. an D. the
8. A. too B. very C. quite D. enough
9. A. say B. tell C. speak D. talk
10. A. listening B. listen C. hearing D. hear

11. A. cried      B. shouted      C. shouted to      D. shouted at  
12. A. call      B. name      C. called      D. named  
13. A. great surprised      B. greatly surprised  
    C. great surprise      D. greatly surprising

VII. 阅读下面的短文, 根据短文内容, 选择正确答案:

Very few people were coming to eat at the White Rose Restaurant, and its owner did not know what to do. The food in his restaurant was cheap and good, but nobody seemed to want to eat there.

Then he did something that changed all that, and in a few weeks his restaurant was always full of men with their lady friends. Whenever a gentleman came in with a lady, a smiling waiter gave each of them a beautiful menu (菜单). The menus looked exactly the same on the outside, but there was an important difference inside. The menu that the waiter gave to the man gave the correct price for each dish and each bottle of wine, while the menu that he gave to the lady gave a much higher price. So when the man calmly ordered dish after dish and wine after wine, the lady thought he was much more generous (大方的) than he really was.

1. How was the food in the White Rose Restaurant?
  - A. Its quality had always been good and its prices always low.
  - B. It was poor and expensive at first and became good and less expensive later.
  - C. It was cheap and good at the beginning but became more expensive later.
  - D. It looked beautiful on the outside but was very different inside.
2. How did the restaurant manage to attract so many people?
  - A. By lowering the price of its food.
  - B. By improving the quality of its food.
  - C. With waiters smiling at the guests when they came into the restaurant.
  - D. By giving the man and the lady menus with different prices.
3. According to this passage, when a man and a woman ate at the restaurant, the food was \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. usually paid by the man and sometimes by the woman
  - B. always paid by the man only
  - C. sometimes paid by the man only and sometimes by both of the man and the woman

- D. usually paid by the woman
4. The White Rose succeeded because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. men like their women friends to be generous
  - B. women like their men friends to be generous
  - C. men are more generous than women
  - D. women are more generous than men
5. People who came to eat at this restaurant were often \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. men and their old friends
  - B. husbands and wives
  - C. women and their best friends
  - D. men and their women friends



## 初中英语第四册

### I. 语音:

A. 找出下列各组单词中划线部分读音不同的单词, 并将其字母标号填入前面的括号内:

- |        |                  |                 |                   |                   |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ( ) 1. | A. <u>food</u>   | B. <u>cook</u>  | C. <u>pool</u>    | D. <u>soon</u>    |
| ( ) 2. | A. <u>south</u>  | B. <u>about</u> | C. <u>ground</u>  | D. <u>trouble</u> |
| ( ) 3. | A. <u>farm</u>   | B. <u>army</u>  | C. <u>party</u>   | D. <u>warm</u>    |
| ( ) 4. | A. <u>tail</u>   | B. <u>said</u>  | C. <u>train</u>   | D. <u>explain</u> |
| ( ) 5. | A. <u>break</u>  | B. <u>head</u>  | C. <u>ahead</u>   | D. <u>already</u> |
| ( ) 6. | A. <u>piece</u>  | B. <u>field</u> | C. <u>believe</u> | D. <u>die</u>     |
| ( ) 7. | A. <u>report</u> | B. <u>north</u> | C. <u>work</u>    | D. <u>corner</u>  |
| ( ) 8. | A. <u>sew</u>    | B. <u>new</u>   | C. <u>knew</u>    | D. <u>few</u>     |

B. 找出下列各组单词中重音位置与另外三个不同的单词:

- |        |               |               |             |               |
|--------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| ( ) 1. | A. college    | B. language   | C. excuse   | D. dictionary |
| ( ) 2. | A. idea       | B. prepare    | C. serious  | D. repair     |
| ( ) 3. | A. German     | B. Hungarian  | C. England  | D. Europe     |
| ( ) 4. | A. headmaster | B. downstairs | C. universe | D. inside     |

C. 根据下列对话情景, 划线句子中哪些单词一般要重读?

- ( ) 1. Do you often listen to the radio?  
Yes, I listen to the news every morning.  
A. Yes listen                      B. listen, morning  
C. Yes, news                      D. listen
- ( ) 2. How long have you lived in the city?  
I have lived here for ten years.  
A. lived, years                      B. ten, years  
C. lived, ten, years                  D. here, ten, years
- ( ) 3. Which subject do you like better, English or maths?  
Maths, but I like physics best.  
A. maths, physics                      B. like, physics  
C. maths, like, physics                  D. like, physics, best
- ( ) 4. When and where did you meet Wang Hong?