

# 新视野

# 大学英语

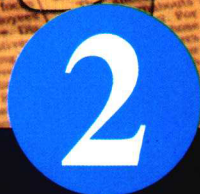
## NEW HORIZON COLLEGE ENGLISH

### 训练教程



教学与研究出版社

FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS





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# 大学英语

## NEW HORIZON COLLEGE ENGLISH

### 训练教程

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# 前 言

20 世纪 80 年代初期,我们的外语教育家博采古今中外之长,推出了一套套各具特色的精品教材,创造了大学英语教学蓬勃发展、满园春色的今天!

新旧世纪的更迭,不是简单的循环,而是递增上升、渐进的过程。新世纪带来的是新的起点、新的追求、新的视野。在教育战线上,我们看到了宏伟壮观的“面向 21 世纪教育振兴行动计划”、“新世纪高等教育改革工程”、“新世纪网络课程建设工程”等等一系列新世纪的大项目。

“新世纪网络课程建设工程”是国务院批准的教育部“面向 21 世纪教育振兴行动计划”的重点工程,由教育部组织实施。“新世纪网络课程建设工程”计划用两年左右的时间,建设 200 门左右的基础性网络课程,其中包括针对大学英语课堂的网络课程——《新视野大学英语》。

《新视野大学英语》沐浴着新世纪的曙光,带着思索与遐想问世了。《新视野大学英语》的作者们怀着十分诚挚的愿望,愿与广大大学英语界的同仁们共同探索大学英语再上一个新台阶的思路。

从 20 世纪 80 年代开始,许多语言学、应用语言学的著作陆续引进我国,广大大学英语教师在教学实践的同时,潜心攻读理论,把理论应用于教学实践和教学科研。《新视野大学英语》在设计、编写和制作的过程中,十分注意理论对实践的指导作用。根据第二语言习得的理论,对阅读课文的长度有适当的控制,如《读写教程》一级的课文一般在 700 词左右,《读写教程》二级的课文在 800 词左右,《读写教程》三、四级的课文则控制在 900 词左右,快速阅读则每篇控制在 300 词左右。每篇课文出现的单词数量控制在课文总词汇量的 5% 至 7% 左右,尽可能地提高核心词汇即四级词汇的出现率和复现率。

本训练教程与《新视野大学英语:读写教程》配合使用,分为 1~4 级,每级 10 个单元,每单元均由六部分组成:

第一部分为听力训练。安排有难度适中、形式多样、内容丰富的听力训练内容。

第二部分为语法练习。按《大学英语教学大纲》[修订本]要求,结合学生的实际英语水平,安排有系统的英语语法训练。

第三部分为词汇练习。结合《读写教程》内容,包括单词填空、短语动词、介词与副词的用法、词语辨析等练习。

第四部分为完形填空。训练综合运用语言能力。

第五部分为翻译。包括短语与词组翻译和句子翻译。

第六部分为写作。既有基础写作训练,也有应用文写作训练。

《训练教程》中各项练习是《读写教程》中同类内容的补充。编者在设计本书内容时着重考虑了各种练习的系统性,相信学生在扎实完成本书各项练习后,英语基本知识和运用能力都会得到系统的提高。



由于本书练习量较大,教师可以根据实际情况,有选择地要求学生完成练习。书后附有活页的练习答案、听力原文和答题纸,学生可将练习答案写在答题纸上,便于老师批阅。

# 言 前

编者

本书是根据《大学英语四级考试大纲》的要求,结合大学英语四级考试的实际情况,由北京理工大学出版社组织编写。本书共分四册,分别为《大学英语四级听力》、《大学英语四级阅读》、《大学英语四级翻译》和《大学英语四级写作》。本书可作为大学英语四级考试的备考用书,也可作为大学英语四级考试的参考用书。本书由北京理工大学出版社出版,北京理工大学出版社发行。北京理工大学出版社地址:北京市海淀区中关村大街58号。北京理工大学出版社邮编:100081。北京理工大学出版社电话:010-62770175。北京理工大学出版社网址:www.bjupt.com.cn。北京理工大学出版社电子邮箱:bjupt@bjupt.com.cn。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂:北京理工大学出版社印刷厂。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂地址:北京理工大学出版社印刷厂。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂邮编:100081。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂电话:010-62770175。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂网址:www.bjupt.com.cn。北京理工大学出版社印刷厂电子邮箱:bjupt@bjupt.com.cn。

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## LISTENING COMPREHENSION

I. Directions: Listen to the following passage carefully and fill in the missing words.

Farmers' net income per capita rose \_\_\_\_\_ (US\$13.1) last year and urban residents' average annual income 11,877 yuan (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ respectively that of 1997.

The saving deposits of city residents reached \_\_\_\_\_ (US\$1.7 billion).

The total population's housing area averaged \_\_\_\_\_.

II. Directions: You will hear a short passage. After the passage there are five questions with answers marked A, B, C and D. Listen carefully and make the right choice.

- |                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1. A. A news report.      | B. An advertisement of hotel              |
| C. A guest's review.      | D. A timetable.                           |
| 2. A. Liyuan Hotel.       | E. Qiantang Hotel.                        |
| C. Qiantang Liyuan Hotel. | D. Liyuan Theatre Hotel.                  |
| 3. A. At 7:30.            | B. At 6:30.                               |
| C. At 6:00.               | D. At 7:00.                               |
| 4. A. At noon.            | B. At 12:00 o'clock.                      |
| C. At 12:30.              | D. At 13:00.                              |
| 5. A. Enjoy Peking Opera. | B. Appreciate Shaohua Auro's performance. |
| C. Check in.              | D. Enjoy broadband internet surfing.      |

## PART II

### GRAMMAR    Verb (I) — Infinitive

III. Directions: Choose the ONE answer that best completes the sentence.

1. What a lovely party! It's worthy \_\_\_\_\_ all my life.
- A. remembering    B. being remembered









16. There being no buses, we couldn't but \_\_\_\_\_ home.  
 A. walking B. to walk C. walk D. walked
17. The novel \_\_\_\_\_ next week refers to *the Far East*.  
 A. to publish B. published  
 C. being published D. to be published
18. Will you please give me a piece of paper \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. writing B. to write C. to write on D. to write in
19. I would rather \_\_\_\_\_ at home \_\_\_\_\_ CET-4 than \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema this evening.  
 A. to stay ... to prepare for ... go B. stay ... preparing for ... to go  
 C. stay ... to prepare for ... go D. stay ... preparing for ... going
20. Please do remember \_\_\_\_\_ this letter for me on your way to your office.  
 A. posting B. to be posting C. to post D. post
21. It is not unusual for the workers in that region \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. to be paid more than a month late B. to pay later than a month more  
 C. to be paid later than a month D. to pay late more than a month
22. Mr. Johnson is hard \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. dealing with B. being dealt with  
 C. to deal with D. to be dealt with
23. Jack preferred \_\_\_\_\_ heavier work to do.  
 A. to be giving B. to be given  
 C. to have been given D. having given
24. He seems \_\_\_\_\_ us for ages.  
 A. to know B. to be knowing  
 C. knowing D. to have known
25. \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher in a university, it is necessary to have at least a master's degree.  
 A. One becomes B. So as to become  
 C. To become D. On becoming
26. \_\_\_\_\_, we had better have a discussion about the plan for the spring outing.  
 A. To begin B. Beginning  
 C. To begin with D. Beginning with
27. Reports said that three persons on the plane were believed \_\_\_\_\_ in the crash.  
 A. to be killed B. to have killed  
 C. having been killed D. to have been killed
28. Tom had to borrow a large sum of money from his brother \_\_\_\_\_ buy a new car.  
 A. in order that B. so that C. in order to D. so as
29. For nearly four hours we waited for the decision of our journey, only \_\_\_\_\_ it had to be canceled all because of SARS.  
 A. being told B. be told C. to be told D. telling us
30. Margaret Thatcher was the first woman \_\_\_\_\_ to such a post.

- A. elected                      B. electing  
C. to have elected              D. to have been elected
31. Astronauts can be affected by loneliness. They may have to sit in the spaceship for weeks with little to do and no human beings \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. talking to                  B. to talk to                  C. to talk                  D. to talk about
32. The way he talks is simply intolerable. I object \_\_\_\_\_ like a child.
- A. to treating                  B. to treat                  C. to being treated                  D. to be treated
33. —What do you think of this book?  
—Oh, excellent. It's worthy \_\_\_\_\_ a second time.
- A. to read                  B. reading                  C. to be read                  D. being read
34. The machine doesn't work well. It needs \_\_\_\_\_ at once.
- A. to examine                  B. to be examined                  C. having examined                  D. being examined
35. I think it impossible \_\_\_\_\_ the math problems in such a short time.
- A. for the boy working out                  B. of the boy working out                  C. for the boy to work out                  D. of the boy to work out

## PART III

### VOCABULARY

IV. Directions: Fill in the blanks with the words given below. Please change the form where necessary.

budget    replace    acute                  interaction    convention    leisure  
assess    generally    consequently    device                  obtain                  fulfill

- The main purpose for a student is to \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge as much as possible.
- She kept taking every effort to \_\_\_\_\_ her husband's expectation, but failed.
- They've been working all week without a moment's \_\_\_\_\_.
- It's still a little bit earlier to \_\_\_\_\_ the impact of the president's speech on this case.
- "By \_\_\_\_\_, the chairman is always man. Do you believe me?" he said to Mary arrogantly.
- Such a family which is always on a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ can't afford this kind of expenses.
- He has a very \_\_\_\_\_ sense of taste, which makes him different from other applicants.
- My car broke down, and \_\_\_\_\_ I was late.
- We need a laborsaving \_\_\_\_\_ to run the operation more efficiently.
- \_\_\_\_\_ speaking, the Vice President's impression of the company is not very good.
- Increased \_\_\_\_\_ between different police forces would improve the rate of solving crimes.



12. I was wondering across the street when I found a stranger was \_\_\_\_\_ the lock of my neighbor's house with a new one.

**V. Directions: Choose the correct word to fit into each sentence.**

**1. replace replacement replaceable**

- It is not rare now that in some workshops, robots are \_\_\_\_\_ people on assembly lines.
- Andy was ill, and the dean is trying to find a \_\_\_\_\_ for him.
- In the company, everybody feels that he or she is not \_\_\_\_\_, which makes them work very hard.
- In children's heart, nobody and nothing can \_\_\_\_\_ his mother's love.

**2. convention conventional conventionally**

- The US Democratic Party held the \_\_\_\_\_ to elect a candidate for President.
- The old lady always wears the old-fashioned clothes \_\_\_\_\_.
- It is obvious now that the country is attacking its neighboring country by using lots of \_\_\_\_\_ missiles.

**3. interact interaction interactive**

- Scientists discovered that the two elements are \_\_\_\_\_ during the whole process.
- Lots of companies now realize that the \_\_\_\_\_ between different cultures is very important for their future development.
- Chemicals can \_\_\_\_\_ with each other to form a new compound.

**4. fulfill fulfillment fulfilled**

- It is quite amazing that the little child is able to \_\_\_\_\_ such a command.
- They wonder whether he feel \_\_\_\_\_ in his present job.
- His \_\_\_\_\_ now prevents him from further improvement.
- Be a man, the first principle is, no matter what happens, you should \_\_\_\_\_ your duties.

**5. competent competence**

- We elected him as our financial counsel because we all believe in his \_\_\_\_\_ of handling money.
- Jim doubts whether he is \_\_\_\_\_ in his future work.

**6. pass passage passable**

- It is very hard for his car to \_\_\_\_\_ through, for it is too narrow.
- Do you think the road to the peak is \_\_\_\_\_?
- They were denied \_\_\_\_\_ through the occupied territory.
- With the \_\_\_\_\_ of time, people begin to forget the past.

**VI. Directions: Study the following phrasal verbs in the boxes. Look them up in your dictionaries to find out more about their usage and then do the following exercises by supplying proper phrases.**

**go + adv./prep.**

**go off:** be fired, explode

**go on:** continue without stopping or without change

**go out:** be sent out

**go over:** check, examine, search

**go through:** experience, suffer; examine carefully, search

**go under:** fail, or become bankrupt

**go up:** be built

**go with:** accompany; match

**go without:** not have

1. On the new university campus, modern buildings \_\_\_\_\_ everywhere.
2. General speaking, all revolutionary movements are bound to \_\_\_\_\_ twists and turns.
3. The university has no enough computers for students to use; so somebody will have to \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The bomb \_\_\_\_\_ in a crowded street when the meeting began.
5. All the invitations for the party have now \_\_\_\_\_.
6. The Customs men \_\_\_\_\_ his notébook that he brought from America.
7. After the teacher pointed out the difficulties in studying this subject, he \_\_\_\_\_ to suggest ways of overcoming them.
8. The laboratory should have the electrical equipment that \_\_\_\_\_ modern technology.
9. The driver \_\_\_\_\_ the engine but found nothing wrong.
10. Many factories will \_\_\_\_\_ to fierce competition.

**deal + adv./prep.**

**deal in:** make a business of buying and selling

**deal out:** give, esp. as a share or portion of sth.

**deal with:** be about, discuss; manage

1. The students who went abroad have learnt to \_\_\_\_\_ various problems by themselves.
2. This import and export corporation \_\_\_\_\_ chemicals and building materials.



3. The Western literary theory is not very well \_\_\_\_\_ in this book.
4. When he went into the classroom, the professor \_\_\_\_\_ the exercise books to the students.

**VII. Directions: Please review the usage of phrasal verbs. Then choose the ONE answer that best completes the sentence.**

1. The doctor is very content to find the new office blocks going \_\_\_\_\_ everywhere.  
A. up                      B. to                      C. on                      D. through
2. The bomb went \_\_\_\_\_ in a crowded street. Fortunately, nobody was killed in the explosion.  
A. along                      B. away                      C. ahead                      D. off
3. Mr. Wang isn't at work this week; he's gone \_\_\_\_\_ holiday.  
A. up                      B. to                      C. on                      D. through
4. It is not reasonable to say that crime often goes \_\_\_\_\_ poverty.  
A. with                      B. away                      C. through                      D. off
5. How many hardships a man should go \_\_\_\_\_ before he is called a man.  
A. with                      B. away                      C. through                      D. off
6. What kind of new methods did you come \_\_\_\_\_ of fighting against such disease?  
A. at                      B. up with                      C. across                      D. to
7. "When the new book will come \_\_\_\_\_? Who knows?" he asked in a loud voice.  
A. out                      B. up with                      C. to                      D. at
8. He remembered that a man came \_\_\_\_\_ him with a big stick and then he lost his consciousness.  
A. out                      B. up with                      C. to                      D. at
9. They finally came \_\_\_\_\_ realize that they had made a big mistake.  
A. out                      B. up with                      C. to                      D. at
10. The idea came \_\_\_\_\_ him in his bath that he could go to Canada alone.  
A. out                      B. up with                      C. to                      D. at

**VIII. Directions: There are some pairs of words below that are easily misused.**

**Fill in each blank with the correct word after studying them carefully.**

1. **isolate: v. cause to be alone; put or keep apart from others**

**separate: v. move apart; divide sth. into parts**

a. His daughter is now strictly \_\_\_\_\_ from others because of SARS.

b. A channel \_\_\_\_\_ his hometown from other cities, which renders him a lot of difficulties in contacting his friends.

2. **decline: v. say no to sb. politely**

**refuse: v. do not accept; show unwillingness to offer or do sth.**

- a. It is not a surprise that she \_\_\_\_\_ our invitation to dinner.  
 b. I am afraid he will \_\_\_\_\_ to help you if you keep on talking with him in such a manner.

3. **discovery: n. finding or being found**

**recovery: n. becoming well, getting back to normal state of health**

- a. He has made a lot of wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ in such short time, which is really a surprise for me.  
 b. We are all very happy with his \_\_\_\_\_ from flu.

4. **recognition: n. the power to identify sth.**

**realization: n. the power to understand sth.**

- a. It is quite difficult for me to gain the \_\_\_\_\_ of her parents.  
 b. They had a clear \_\_\_\_\_ of what would happen next.

5. **result in: cause, lead to**

**result from: be caused by**

- a. Mr. Smith was sentenced to death this morning because his carelessness resulted \_\_\_\_\_ the death of 15 people.  
 b. Undoubtedly, his failure results \_\_\_\_\_ his impatience.

## PART IV

### CLOZE

**IX. Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should choose the ONE that best fits the passage.**

Punctuality (准时) is important in American business, academic, and social 1. If people are late to job 2, appointments, or classes, they are often viewed 3 4 and 5. In the business world, "6 is money". Of course, it is not always possible to be 7. Social and business etiquette also provides 8 for late arrivals. 9 the telephone if one is going to be more than a few minutes late for scheduled appointments is considered polite and is often 10. Keeping a date of a friend waiting 11 10 to 20 minutes is considered rude. 12 arriving 30 minutes 13 to some parties is acceptable.

14 deadlines is also important in academic and professional circles. It is expected that deadlines for class 15 or business reports will be 16. Students who hand in assignments late may be surprised to find that the professor will lower their grades or even 17 to grade their work. Whether it is a question of arriving on time or 18 meeting a deadline, people are 19 to 20 time.



- |                      |                |                  |                  |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. settings       | B. sets        | C. arrangements  | D. purposes      |
| 2. A. applications   | B. interviews  | C. interactions  | D. introductions |
| 3. A. in             | B. to          | C. with          | D. as            |
| 4. A. unreliable     | B. untrue      | C. unfaithful    | D. dishonest     |
| 5. A. inconsiderable | B. incredible  | C. irresponsible | D. unintentional |
| 6. A. Happiness      | B. Time        | C. Wealth        | D. Health        |
| 7. A. pumpkin        | B. punch       | C. pure          | D. punctual      |
| 8. A. rules          | B. customs     | C. laws          | D. legislation   |
| 9. A. Calling of     | B. Calling on  | C. Calling for   | D. Calling out   |
| 10. A. expected      | B. welcomed    | C. hoped         | D. anticipated   |
| 11. A. out           | B. beyond      | C. with          | D. of            |
| 12. A. However       | B. Furthermore | C. While         | D. What's more   |
| 13. A. later         | B. latter      | C. last          | D. late          |
| 14. A. Respected     | B. Respecting  | C. Respective    | D. Respectively  |
| 15. A. assignments   | B. missions    | C. commitments   | D. engagements   |
| 16. A. kept          | B. caught      | C. missed        | D. met           |
| 17. A. decline       | B. reject      | C. refuse        | D. deny          |
| 18. A. in            | B. of          | C. on            | D. with          |
| 19. A. accustomed    | B. use         | C. adapted       | D. adopted       |
| 20. A. adjusting     | B. changing    | C. choosing      | D. regulating    |

## PART V

### TRANSLATION

#### X. Directions: Translate the following into English.

1. 一群投身于艾滋病研究的科学家
2. 在国外做生意
3. 取消社交约会
4. 深感友情宝贵
5. 做个简短的自我介绍
6. 礼节性交往
7. 建立责任感
8. 谈正事
9. 在人群拥挤的商店里推推搡搡
10. 面临极大的挑战
11. 与传统的价值观念发生冲突
12. 无穷无尽的乐趣