

特级教师

教学优化设计

南京师范大学出版社

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系列丛书

特级教师教学优化设计

初二英语

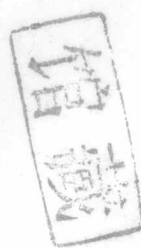
《特级教师教学优化设计》

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出版说明

实施素质教育是当前教育改革的热门话题。在学科教学中,如何减轻学生的负担,提高教与学的质量,增强学生的全面素质,又是实施素质教育的关键。为了给学生提供一套能够体现当前教改精神、切实提高学习质量的读物,让学生用最少的时间获得最大的学习收益,我们在大量调查和深入开展研讨的基础上,组织一批特级教师主持编写了这套“特级教师教学优化设计”系列丛书。

随着教改的不断深入,随着高考 3+X 方案的逐步落实,教育观念、教学内容、教学方法、测评手段都会有较大的改变。本套系列丛书的编写,力图充分吸收当前教改的成果,贯彻现代教育思想,充分注意教学过程中教师的主导作用与学生的主体作用,尤其突出对学生的学法指导。本书对学科知识的辅导,既注意围绕各科的教学大纲,对课本中的知识要点、重点、难点进行系统的梳理和讲解,并安排相应的练习;又注意适应当前教改的要求,注意向 3+X 的考试内容靠拢,突出知识学习的迁移和综合。“学习指导”、“讲解设计”、“练习设计”是本系列丛书的基本栏目。“学习指导”梳理本课的知识要点或介绍学习方法,“讲解设计”对本课中的知识重点、难点进行阐释,“练习设计”根据本课的知识点安排相应的练习。练习又按“识记与理解”、“巩固与运用”、“拓展与迁移”三个层级进行设计。在语文中,还设计了“写作与欣赏”,题目强调典型性和少而精。

数、理、化以课时为编写单位是本系列丛书的又一大特色。一般的同类书都以单元为编写单位,虽与教材同步,但与课时不同步,操作上的缺陷是显而易见的。本系列丛书吸收了许多特级教师多年教学的研究、实验成果,以课时为单位进行编写,并且每课时安排为一页两面,课时与课时之间不转页,这必将会给使用者带来很大的方便。

为了保证编校质量,本系列丛书设立了责任验题人制度。除加强正常的三审三校外,所有的题目都请专人责任验题,以确保题目以及解题过程和答案的准确性。

作为师范大学出版社,我们力图编出一套有自己特色、有较高水平和实用价值的读物。我们衷心希望本系列丛书能像我社先前开发的“向 45 分钟要效益”丛书一样,得到广大读者的青睐;也衷心希望读者在使用过程中提出批评意见,以便我们进一步修订,使其日臻完善,成为名牌产品。

前言

依据中学各科教学大纲,配合现行教材和素质教育的要求,结合当前教学改革的实际需要,我们编写了这套《特级教师教学优化设计》丛书。

初二英语分册由目标与要求、预习指导、讲解设计、练习设计四部分组成,以单元为单位对知识点、语言点进行了精细的梳理,讲解简洁明了、突出重点,并注意前后的承接过渡与迁移。为充分发挥教师的主导作用与学生的主体作用,本书特别强调学生的预习过程,让学生通过课前预习带着问题上课堂,从而抓住主要矛盾,举一反三、以旧迎新,培养学生的自学能力以及分析问题解决问题的能力。练习设计注意知识与能力的并重和同步提高,题型全面,且题量适中,难易梯度合理。

建议读者在使用本书时注意循序渐进。可在熟悉单词和词组的基础上,先做“预习指导”中的复习练习,再完成其后的预习作业。其它几项则根据自己的实际情况,放在教师讲解前或讲解后完成。

本书由严荣德、陈丽、马玉贵主编,马聂明、蒋春华任副主编。参加本书编写的有翟文祥(Units 1、25—28)、沈旭鸿(Units 2、5—8)、马玉贵、马聂明、蒋春华(Unit 3)、陈燕燕(Units 4、9—12)、匡家和(Units 13—16,上学期测试题)、陈冬华(Units 17—20、下学期测试题)、李明皎(Units 21—24)。

我们期望这本充分体现特级教师多年的研究成果和教学经验的初二英语能为初中英语教学提供有益的参考。

由于时间较紧,水平有限,书中错漏之处在所难免,恳请读者不吝赐教。

编者

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Unit 1 Welcome back!

【目标与要求】

一、交际用语

- 1) Welcome back to school! Thanks very much.
- 2) May I come in, please? Yes, please.
- 3) May I borrow your...? Certainly.
- 4) I'm sorry I'm late. It doesn't matter this time.
- 5) Thanks. Not at all.

二、语音

掌握 er, ir, ur, or, ear 读[ə:], ar, a(ss), al 读[ɑ:]及 ou, ow 读[au]的读音规则

三、单词或词组

单词: welcome, first, lesson, so, piece, paper, call, time, next, long, short, tall, third, shop, fourth

* term, may, matter, second, pair, sir

词组: (on) a piece of, this time, next time, this term, listen to..., come to school earlier, call your names, call me Lily

四、语法

现在进行时

【预习指导】

- 1) 归纳以前学过的“Could (Can) you..., please?”和“Could (Can) I..., please?”等句型。

- 2) 复习现在进行时的基本结构及用法。

- 3) 预习本单元,按要求完成下列各题。

(1) 写出下列词语的反义词:

long _____ tall _____

(2) 写出相应的序数词:

one _____ two _____

three _____ four _____

(3) 给划线部分注音:

welcome[] matter[]

(4) 翻译:

一张纸 _____ 下一次 _____

听我讲 _____ 这一学期 _____

- 4) 听 Lesson 1 的录音,判断下列句子的正误。

(1) Jim's teacher is Mr Hu this term.

(2) He knows all the students' names.

(3) Ma Lili is late for school.

(4) Jim wants to come to school earlier next time.

【讲解设计】

一、语音

辨别下列单词划线部分的读音:

half[ɑ:] tall[ɔ:] come[ʌ]

welcome[ə] piece[i:] friend[e]

二、单词和词组

1. **this term** 本学期,这一学期

类似的有: this week 本星期, this month 本月份, this year 今年。

以上词组作状语时,前面均不加介词。

2. **our first lesson** 我们的第一课

1) 序数词之前通常加定冠词 the, 如: the first lesson, the second shop.

2) 序数词之前还可加 one's, 如: our third classroom, his first bike. 注意: 此时序数词之前不再加 the, 即不可说成 his the first bike, 但可以说: the first bike of his.

3) 序数词之前有时可加不定冠词 a, 表示“再一”、“又一”的含义。如: a third boy 又一个男孩(实指第三个)。

3. **have them on this piece of paper**

把它们写在这张纸上

1) have 在这里作“写下”、“记下”讲。

2) “在纸上”, 介词用 on. paper 作“纸”讲时为不可数名词。“一(大)张纸”应说 a (big) piece of paper. 例如:

Please pass me two pieces of paper.

4. **come in** 进来

in 是副词。例如:

Please come in.

May I come in? Yes, come in.

5. **call me Lily** 叫我莉莉

其中“me”应为宾格。例如:

Call them Lucy and Lily.

三、句型和交际用语

1. **Welcome back to school.** 欢迎回到学校。

welcome to 的意思是“欢迎到……来”, to 是介词, 后常接表示地点的名词。如果接副词则省略 to。例如:

Welcome to China! Welcome to our school!
Welcome here! Welcome home!

2. It doesn't matter this time. 这次没关系。

1) matter 此处为“要紧, 有重大关系”之意, 常用于否定句或疑问句。

It doesn't matter. 这样的句式常用来回答别人致歉的话。例如:

—I'm sorry to trouble you.

—It doesn't matter.

2) time 此处为可数名词, 意为“次, 次数”。time 作“时间”讲时为不可数名词。

3. Excuse me. May I have a piece of paper?

对不起, 请问我可以要一张纸吗?

“May I...?”是一种委婉征求对方意见的常用句式。肯定回答常用“Certainly”、“Yes, please.”等, 否定回答常用“Sorry, you can't.”等。如:

—May I borrow your pen?

—Certainly. Here you are.

4. Are the women shopping?

那些女士们正在买东西吗?

shop 在此句中用作动词, 意思是“购物, 买东西”。如:

My sister is shopping in the shop.

四、语法

现在进行时

(用来表示现在或目前一段时间正在进行或发生的动作。常与 now 等时间状语连用。其结构是“am(is, are) + 现在分词”。)常见的几种类型为:

1) I'm reading English now.

2) Where is Jim?

He is playing football there.

3) Look! They are watching TV.

4) It is five thirty. Xiao Ming and Xiao Hua are talking.

5) What are you doing? I'm doing my homework.

【练习设计】·基础练习

一、单词辨音, 选出下列各组词中划线部分的读音与其它三个不同的单词

() 1. A. wellcome

B. piece

C. call

D. second

() 2. A. tall

B. wall

C. half

D. all

() 3. A. term

B. matter

C. certainly

D. hers

() 4. A. third

B. three

C. this

D. forth

() 5. A. day

B. today

C. wekday

D. Monday

二、完成下列单词所缺部分

() 1. b _ rr _ w

A. o, a

B. a, a

C. o, o

D. a, o

() 2. f _ st

A. or

B. ri

C. ie

D. ir

() 3. le _ n

A. sto

B. sso

C. ste

D. ssi

() 4. ma _ ine

A. ch

B. sh

C. th

D. gh

() 5. p _ e _

A. e, ce

B. i, ce

C. a, ce

D. o, ce

三、选择填空

() 1. He is our new English teacher _____.

A. last term

B. in last term

C. this term

D. in this term

() 2. The woman doesn't know _____.

A. all name

B. our all names

C. all our names

D. all the our names

() 3. Let's _____ English under the tree.

A. read

B. to read

C. see

D. to see

- () 4. The the boys are flying a kite and a the boy is playing.
A. third. . . two B. two. . . two C. third. . . third D. two. . . third
- () 5. Please don't call the Mary. I'm Kate.
A. him B. mine C. me D. I
- () 6. Sorry, this is an old bike. Who has the?
A. a new B. the new one C. a new one D. new one
- () 7. Listen! Who is in the classroom?
A. sing B. sings C. singing D. is singing
- () 8. May I borrow your pencil, please? the
A. Certainly. Here it is. B. Yes. Here are you.
C. Certainly. Take this one. D. Yes. Here is it.
- () 9. Is the man eating something? No.
A. Is B. Do C. Does D. Are
- () 10. There are five pieces of breads on the plate.
A. pieces of breads B. pieces of bread C. piece of breads D. piece of bread

四、翻译下列词组

1. 3 小张纸 three small pieces of paper
3. 迟到 be late
5. come to school earlier come to school earlier
7. call your names call your names
2. 第一课 the first lesson
4. 下次 next time
6. this term this term
8. a short ruler a short ruler

五、会话配对(在 B 栏中选择 A 栏的答语)

- A
- () 1. Welcome back to school.
() 2. I'm sorry I'm late.
() 3. Let's call your name, Jim.
() 4. Do you have a black one?
() 5. May I have your pencil?
- B
- A. Sorry, I don't.
B. I'm here.
C. Thank you.
D. Certainly.
E. It doesn't matter.

【练习设计】·拓展练习

一、用所给动词的正确形式填空

1. Li Lei sits (sit) under the tree now.
2. My mother gets (get) up early every morning.
3. Do you like swimming (swim)?
4. It's eight o'clock now. They listen (listen) to the teacher.
5. Let's go to (do) some shopping.
6. Please not play (not play) in the street.

二、按要求改写下列句子

1. She goes to bed at nine in the evening. (改为一般疑问句)
Does she go to bed at nine in the evening?
2. They are carrying some water. (改为否定句)
They are not carrying any water.
3. We have breakfast at seven o'clock. (就划线部分提问)
What time do you have breakfast?

- _____ you have breakfast?
4. The children are looking at the blackboard. (就划线部分提问)
_____ the children _____?
5. Tom often has lunch at home. (用 now 改写)
Tom _____ lunch at home _____.
6. many, are, how, girls, there, Class 2, in (连词成句)

三、完成对话, 每空限填一词

- A: _____ I borrow a ruler, please?
- B: Certainly. Here, _____ this _____.
- A: _____ Oh, sorry, this is _____ short.
_____ you have a _____ one?
- B: Yes. Here _____.
- A: Thank you very much.
- B: _____ at _____.

四、完成下列句子, 每空限填一词

1. 请听我说。
Please _____ me.
2. 莉莉在吃苹果, 露茜不在(吃)。
Lily is _____ apple. Lucy _____.
3. 谁有新尺? 我有一根。
Who _____ a _____ ruler? I have one.
4. 你在干什么? 我在看书。
What _____ you _____? I _____.
5. 我把包放在那儿, 好吗? 好的。
_____ I put my bag _____ there? OK.
6. 你弟弟个子高吗? 是的。
_____ your brother _____? Yes, _____.

五、阅读短文, 判断正(√)误(×)

It is a fine Sunday afternoon, Lucy and her mother are in a big bus. There are many people in it. They are men and women, boys and girls. Some of them are sitting, and some are standing. There are two Young Pioneers in the bus. They're Lin Tao and Wu Dong. Look! They are making room for (给……让座) an old woman. The old woman is very happy. She says to them: "Thank you very much." "That's all right!" Lin Tao and Wu Dong say. The people in the bus are going to the Great Wall.

- () 1. Lucy and her mother are in a bus on Sunday afternoon.
- () 2. Lin Tao and Wu Dong are Young Pioneers.
- () 3. They are making room for an old man.
- () 4. The old woman is very happy.
- () 5. Lucy and her father are going to the Great Wall, too.
- () 6. "That's all right." means(意思是) "You're welcome."

【练习设计】•听力练习

一、找出你所听到的单词或词组(听两遍)

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| A | B |
| () 1. lesson | listen |
| () 2. fourth | four |
| () 3. sir | so |
| () 4. may | matter |
| () 5. this time | next time |
| () 6. call one's name | know one's name |

二、根据你所听到的句子选择正确答案(听两遍)

- () 1. —Excuse me!
—
A. Yes? B. Certainly.
- () 2. —May I come in?
—
A. Yes, please. B. Yes, you may.
- () 3. —Who is first?
—
A. Mary B. Ma Lili
- () 4. —How many girls are there in Class Four?
—There are
A. 24 B. 22
- () 5. —Who is the teacher of Class 2?
—
A. Mr Wu. B. Mrs Shi.
- () 6. —What does Mr Wu do?
—
A. He's teaching.
C. He's a good teacher.

三、根据你所听到的短文内容选择正确答案(听两遍)

- () 1. Mr Hu is _____ new teacher this term.
A. his B. her
- () 2. Is he very friendly?
A. Yes, he does. B. Yes, he is.
- () 3. Who likes playing basketball?
A. His son. B. Our teacher.
- () 4. How many sons does he have?
A. One son. B. Two sons.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| C | D |
| second | long |
| short | call |
| third | first |
| borrow | boy |
| this term | this name |
| look the same | eat an apple |

- C. What? D. Why?
- C. It doesn't matter. D. All right.

- C. Mr Li D. Li lei
- C. 27 D. 34
- C. Miss Liu. D. Mr Hu.
- B. He teaches English.
D. He's teaching English.

- C. their D. our
- C. Yes, I am. D. Yes, she is.
- C. His wife. D. His brother.
- C. Three sons. D. Four sons.

Unit 2 How do you come to school?

【目标与要求】

一、交际用语

1) —How do you come to school?

—I usually come by bike.

2) I like walking.

3) It's a fine day for a walk.

二、语音

1) 掌握 e、ee、ea、i 读 [i:]，i 读 [i] 及 a、e、o、er、o (u)r 读 [ə] 的读音规则

三、单词和词组

单词: moon, sun, ship, another, sea, walk, foot, parent, fine, eighth

* fifth, land, usually, air, workbook

词组: by train/bus/car/plane/bike/ship, on foot

【预习指导】

1) 归纳以前所学 bike, car, bus, foot 等词前面的介词用法。

2) 预习本单元, 按要求完成下列各题。

翻译: 乘公共汽车 _____ 步行 _____
乘飞机 _____

3) 听 Lesson 7 的录音, 并根据其内容判断正误。

(1) It's a fine day for a walk.

(2) Mr Wu likes walking.

(3) Mr Wu's bike is not broken.

【讲解设计】

一、语音

辨别下列单词划线部分的读音:

moon [u:] foot [u] clean [i:]

sea [i:] eighth [tθ] third [θ]

二、单词和词组

1. **fifth** [fɪfθ] 第五 **eighth** [eɪtθ] 第八

二者均属序数词, 前面通常要加定冠词 the。

如:

Today we're going to learn the ninth lesson.
今天我们将要学习第九课。

Thursday is the fifth day of a week.

星期四是一周中的第五天。

2. **the moon, the sun** 月亮, 太阳

表示世界上独一无二的东西(如太阳, 月亮, 世界, 地球, 天空, 宇宙)的名词, 通常要加定冠词 the。如:

The moon is near. The sun is far from us.

月球靠得近, 太阳离我们遥远。

We can't see the sun at night.

我们夜晚看不见太阳。

3. **by bus** 乘公共汽车

注意 by 的用法。由 by 构成的这些短语中, 名词都是单数, 而且前面不加任何修饰词。类似的有: by car/by bike/by plane(air)/by ship/by train/by boat 等, 另外 on foot 也是这样。

4. **come from**

在本文中意为“是……地方人”。如:

I come from Jiangsu. = I'm from Jiangsu.

我是江苏人。

Mr Green comes from England, doesn't he?

格林先生是英国人, 不是吗?

三、句型和交际用语

1. **It's a fine day for a walk.**

天气很好, 适合散步。

fine 是形容词, 意为“好的”, “(天气)晴朗的”。

How are you? I'm fine.

你(身体)好吗? 我(身体)很好。

It's a fine day for going to the zoo.

今天是去动物园的好天气。

2. **The air today is nice and clean.**

今天的空气很清新。

nice and 跟形容词连用, 意思是“很……”、“非常……”。如:

Our classroom is nice and light.

我们的教室很明亮。

3. **Don't you usually come to school by bike?**

你不是经常骑自行车来学校吗?

这是一个否定疑问句, 常用来表达特殊的意义(如惊奇, 怀疑, 责难, 建议)。说话者通常希

望得到肯定的回答。如:

Isn't there a map on the wall?

墙上难道没有一幅地图?

Don't they work there? Yes, they do. 难道他们不在那儿工作? 不,他们在(那儿工作)。

四、语法

一般现在时

一般现在时表示经常的、习惯性的动作或状态,常与 often, usually, sometimes 等副词连用。注意在各种句式中正确运用一般现在时。

1) 陈述句

Sue often goes to school at seven in the morning. 苏经常在早晨七点上学。

Liu Fang works in a factory.

刘芳在一家工厂工作。

2) 否定句

Mr and Mrs Read don't come from England. 里德先生和夫人不是英国人。

3) 疑问句

Does Mr Green often drive home? No, he doesn't. 格林先生常开车回家吗? 不,他不。

What time does she usually go to work?

她常在几点去上班?

【练习设计】·基础练习

一、单词辨音,选出下列各组词中划线部分的读音与其余三个不同的单词

- | A | B | C | D |
|--------------|---------|--------|--------|
| (B) 1. fifth | third | eighth | fourth |
| (D) 2. away | another | woman | plane |
| (B) 3. clean | heavy | easy | sea |
| (B) 4. land | make | page | paper |
| (D) 5. sing | fifth | ship | time |
| (C) 6. call | clean | nice | Canada |

二、完成下列单词所缺部分

- | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (B) 1. t _ n | A. arn | B. rai | C. nia | D. iar |
| (A) 2. _ l _ e | A. we, com | B. al, lom | C. ba, roo | D. ca, fin |
| (D) 3. _ n | A. sun | B. foo | C. omo | D. moo |
| (B) 4. c _ t _ ly | A. ee, ain | B. er, ain | C. ir, oor | D. th, obe |
| (D) 5. f _ g _ | A. or, iv | B. ee, ll | C. er, up | D. or, et |
| (C) 6. ch _ | A. ere | B. rae | C. air | D. ele |

三、选择填空

- (A) 1. This is _____ eighth lesson.
A. the B. an C. / D. a
- (C) 2. She usually comes to school by bike. _____ you?
A. How B. About C. What about D. What
- (C) 3. _____ you usually come on foot?
A. Doesn't B. Does C. Don't D. Do not
- (A) 4. Does your father go to work by _____?
A. car B. walk C. foot D. going
- (B) 5. Sometimes Meimei goes out _____ a walk.
A. to B. for C. of D. by
- (B) 6. How many _____ come by bike?
A. they B. them C. their D. theirs
- (D) 7. There is a nice picture _____ that piece of paper.

- A. from B. in C. at D. on
- (C) 8. What time does Ann usually leave _____?
A. the home B. a home C. home D. away home
- (B) 9. Mr Green is on foot today. His bike is _____.
A. nice B. old C. broken D. small
- (B) 10. I usually go to work _____ my bike.
A. by B. on C. in D. at
- (A) 11. We can see _____ sun in the picture.
A. the B. a C. an D. /
- (A) 12. There's _____ girl. She's not very tall.
A. a third B. third C. three D. the three
- (C) 13. Li Lei likes _____ very much.
A. swim B. ride C. swimming D. a swims
- (A) 14. Mr King often _____ a bike.
A. rides B. ride C. riding D. to ride
- (A) 15. Please come to school _____ tomorrow.
A. earlier B. the earlier C. early D. to early

四、用所给动词的正确形式填空

1. Lily has (have) supper at home every day.
2. Her father doesn't (not teach) in our school.
3. Look. The students are cleaning (clean) the room.
4. The boy in the next room sings (sing) very well.
5. Does Jenny have (have) any picture-books?
6. Don't take (not take) that ruler. It's too short.
7. Mingming is (be) a good student. He studies (study) in a school near here.
8. How many girls are (be) there in your class?
9. I walk (walk) home after school sometimes.
10. Would you like to go shopping (shop) with me?

五、填入适当的词

1. My friend goes home every year look her parents by ship.
2. It's a fine day let's going out.
3. Turn to Page 10 in your workbook.
4. We can see another ship on the sea in the picture.
5. Please come along and sit there.
6. The teacher has all our names on this piece of paper.

【练习设计】·拓展练习

一、归纳下列各组单词中划线部分的读音

- [i:] 1. see, week, need, meeting, keep, sleep
- [i] 2. sea, meal, team, reach, mean
- [e] 3. me, he, she, the
- [i] 4. fifth, ship, give, tick, pick, ill

[] 5. away, ago, woman, asleep

二、改写句子

1. James usually comes to school by bus. (1-7 题为对划线部分提问)

How does James usually come to school?

2. Her friend goes home with her parents.

Who does her friend go home with?

3. Twenty-eight students in our class come to school on foot.

How many students in your class come to school on foot?

4. We can see the land in the picture.

What can you see in the picture?

5. His father usually drives a car.

How does his father usually do?

6. The blue ruler is long.

Which ruler is long?

7. The two boys are playing football.

What are the two boys doing?

8. Please let the girl out. (改为否定句)

Please don't let the girl out.

9. She walks home every day. (改写, 保持原意)

She go home on foot every day.

10. The man goes to work by boat. (改写, 保持原意)

The man goes to work take a boat.

三、完成句子

1. 你们通常怎么来上学?

How do you usually go to school?

2. 今天空气很清爽。你不去散步吗?

The air today is clear and nice. Don't you go out take a walk? For.

3. 你们当中多少人骑车去学校?

How many of you go to school by bike?

4. 你能看到海上的另一艘船吗?

Can you see the other one the sea?

5. 请给她两张小黄纸。

Please give her two small pieces of yellow paper.

四、阅读理解(根据短文内容, 判断句子正(T), 误(F))

My Day in a Shop

I work in a small nice shop. It is near a big factory. Every day, many people come to the shop to buy things.

My home is not very far(离……远) from the shop. I usually get up at six, have breakfast and then go to work by bike. I put some food in my lunch box.

I get to the shop at about ten to eight. At eight ten customs(顾客) begin to arrive(到达). They buy fish, meat, eggs and many other things.

I have my meal(饭) at noon from my lunch box. At seven in the evening we close the shop. I tidy(整理) things up and then go home for supper.

Some people may think my work isn't interesting(有趣的). But I like it very much.

- (✓) 1. The small shop is near my home.
 (X) 2. I live very far from the shop.
 (X) 3. The shop opens at eight in the morning.
 (X) 4. Many people come to my shop to buy things.
 (✓) 5. I go home at seven in the evening by bike.
 (✓) 6. I like my work very much.

【练习设计】•听力练习

一、找出你听到的单词或词组(听两遍)

- | A | B | C | D |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|
| () 1. fifth | eight | parents | another |
| () 2. workbook | walk | wall | ball |
| () 3. by ship | by bike | by car | by bus |
| () 4. go home | go by train | come from England | come by plane |
| () 5. houses | house | hats | cats |

二、根据你所听到的句子选择正确答案(听两遍)

- () 1. —What can you see in the picture?
 —I can see _____.
 A. the sun B. the moon C. a ship D. the sea
- () 2. —How many birds are there in the tree?
 —There are _____ birds in the tree.
 A. three B. thirty C. thirteen D. seven
- () 3. Can you see _____ in the bus?
 A. Mr Gao B. Miss Gao C. Mrs Gao D. Miss Hu
- () 4. The desk is _____.
 A. nice and clean B. big and clean C. very clean D. broken
- () 5. It's a fine day. Let's go _____.
 A. for a walk B. for work C. for workers D. for washing

三、根据你所听到的短文内容,选择正确答案(听两遍)

- () 1. We're in _____.
 A. Class One, Grade Two B. Class One, Grade One
 C. Class Two, Grade Two D. Class Two, Grade One
- () 2. There are _____ students in our class.
 A. 35 B. 45 C. 55 D. 65
- () 3. We are all _____.
 A. Middle school students B. young Pioneers
 C. middle school students D. Young Pioneers
- () 4. There are _____ boys in the class.
 A. 30 B. 15 C. 45 D. 20
- () 5. Jim and Sam are _____.
 A. Australians B. Japanese C. Americans D. Chinese