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- 经典权威的
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郭 琳○编著

Country, Hometown and Weather Oneself and Others Study and Work Gifts and Colours Food and Clothes Music and Dance Painting and Collection

**IELTS** 

Entertainment and Sports Accommodation and Transportation Travelling and Shopping People Goods Place Influence and Meaning



🕅 南京大学出版社







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# 前言

#### 新口语时代

在出版了《雅思阅读真题还原》一书之后,我们的努力得到了同学们的一致认可,这让我们倍感欣慰。与此同时,也感觉到身上的担子更加重了,我们有责任也有义务给大家推出更多的雅思精品图书。

随着英语学习的普及,同学们的口语水平普遍有了比较明显的提高。主要表现是:掌握的时髦词汇多了,发音更加标准了,句式也更加丰富了。尤其是生活在经济相对发达地区的同学们,可能在学习和生活中接触到的外教和外籍人士多,所以见到考官可以比较轻松自如地沟通。

但是与此同时,同学们在雅思口语考试当中也存在着诸多的误区和不足。

误区一: 只要发音标准就能够拿高分。

**真相:** 发音只是被考查的一个因素。发音标准的同学拥有的只是相对优势,而非 绝对优势。

误区二:只要用词漂亮就能够拿高分。

**真相**:词汇量确实是评分标准要考查的项目,但是不能一味地追求时髦词汇或专业词汇。用词讲究的是精准到位以及语义协调。如果在口语交流过程中,

一直都在用普通词汇,这时突然用了专业词汇,反而会显得突兀。

误区三:考试的第二部分可以编故事或者背诵范文。

真相:虽然背诵范文可以让大家在短时间内得到比较快的提升,但是,一旦被考官发现有背诵的痕迹,分数反而会被打得很低。所以,请同学们千万不要在第二部分盲目地编故事或者背诵范文。我建议大家要从自己的真实生活出发,真实地讲述自己的经历。毕竟,雅思口语考试是人与人之间的沟通,真诚才是打动考官的最大法宝。

误区四:我的口语考试时间比别的同学长,我的分数就一定比别人高。

真相:不一定。虽然考官存在主观情绪,他如果喜欢你,就有可能和你多聊两句。但是,这种情况出现的几率并不大,因为考试毕竟是考试。你考试的时间比别人的时间长,更有可能是因为在考试过程中出现了啰嗦或者沟通不畅的情况。

#### 本书特色

#### 循序渐进, 合理规划

本书将口语考试分成了21天的学习内容,循序渐进,便于同学们规划备考和复习时间。

#### 板块清晰, 步步为营

本书将口语准备的过程分成了逻辑构思、引言收集和清晰表达三个核心阶段。以下三个板块清晰地展现了口语构思的过程,这三个板块在早期的学习中非常重要。从第11天的学习开始,同学们应该已经很好地将这个三个阶段的方法融到答案当中去了。

【逻辑金字塔】该板块帮助同学们梳理口语表达的逻辑思维,构建更加顺畅的答案。

【他山之石】该板块帮助同学们总结了一些实用的名言警句,可以让大家妙语连珠,给答案锦上添花。

【Sample answer】该板块是必不可少的部分。它不是大家必须背诵的答案,却可以帮助同学们开拓思路。在参考答案部分,笔者针对部分题目提供了两个或者两个以上的答案,给大家提供了更加多样化的选择。

#### 本书使用指南

建议同学们在使用本书的时候严格按照本书的编写体例来学习。

如果时间比较充裕的话,大家可以按照书中安排的时间完成对应的天数学习。内容多的章节可以稍微增加一点时间。第二章Part 1的雅思口语常考话题高频词汇、妙语连珠和黄金句型可以在零碎时间完成。

#### 致谢

在本书即将面世之际,首先衷心地感谢北京环球卓尔英才文化传播有限公司的领导,感谢他们在本书的选题和后续编写过程中给予的大力支持;再次感谢编辑刘艳艳和校对人员,是他们的耐心解答和细致的工作让我感觉到我不是一个人在工作,而是和一个优秀的团队一起在奋斗。最后,也感谢我的同事们:田培、吴菊汇、赵彦卿、杨雅丽、许媛、郭娟、彭宇、李娟,感谢他们在本书编写的过程中给我提供的无私帮助和大力支持。

作者 郭琳 2013年3月30日写于深圳

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5	<b>第一章</b>	雅思口语准备策略
		Strategies for IELTS Speaking

### 如何构建属于你的逻辑金字塔?

#### 1 | 什么是逻辑?

逻辑通常指人们思考问题, 从某些已知条件出发推出合理的结论的规律。

说某人逻辑性强,就是说他善于推理,能够得出正确的结论。说某人说话不合逻辑,就是说他的推理不正确,得出了错误的结论。

所以,逻辑就是把话说清楚,讲明白。

#### 2 | 怎样让自己的口语答案有逻辑?

一次好的交谈应该是有信息含量的,有效的,能够体现一个人思想逻辑的。 众所周知,雅思口语话题相对比较常规,也就是说"惊世骇俗"的答案并不容易突破,想要在口语考试中拿到高分,就要看你的组织和表达了,这就需要一个流畅自流的逻辑思维。

#### 3 | 怎样构思主论点?

主论点就是答是所问,不要所答非所问。

如果问题是一般疑问句,就回答Yes/No。

如果问题是特殊疑问句,就结合自己的情况给出适当的答案。

确定主论点的原则是选择积极向上的立场,而不是消沉倦怠的立场;选择普遍被认同的立场,而不是非主流的立场。



#### Is computer important? What can you do using the Internet?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

Yes, of course, computer is vital. Computer has become the integral tool of our life. When I use the Internet, I always search for some information, write blogs and watch TV programmes.

#### 题目问计算机是否重要,就直接答重要或者不重要。这就是主论点。



#### What influence does noise have on people?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

Noise has negative impact on people. If people hear too much noise, they always find it difficult to sleep or have a good rest.

#### 题目问噪音对人们有什么影响,就直接答积极影响/消极影响。这就是主论点。



#### Which do you prefer, a house or an apartment?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

I prefer living in apartments. Although apartments are not as spacious as houses, they can give a sense of security because apartments provide you more opportunities to know your neighbours. Besides, living in apartments is usually more convenient than living in houses, since you don't need to drive to buy things.

#### 题目问喜欢住房子还是公寓,就直接答是房子还是公寓就好了。这就是主论点。



#### Can you briefly introduce a bird you know?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

I want to introduce the bird I know to you, which is called parrot. There are several kinds of parrots. Some of them have green fur whereas others have white fur. Although they have some differences in the appearance, they have a hobby in common: imitating the speeches of people.

#### 题目问熟悉的鸟类,就直接答鸟的名字即可。这就是主论点。





# Do you want to learn some indoor sports? What kind of sports do you want to learn?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

Yes, I want to learn some indoor sports because of the reasons listed below. Firstly, learning indoor sports activities can keep us healthy while we are not exposed to too much sunshine. Secondly, learning some indoor sports can enlarge our circle of friends.

题目问是否想学一些室内运动,就直接答是否愿意即可。这就是主论点。当然,在这个问题上,我们需要推敲一下主论点。学习会比不学习更加积极,所以,我们在确定主论点时,要尽量选择积极的立场。

#### 4 | 怎样构思分论点?

分论点的分布方法有三种,分别是:并列/递进式、转折式和对比式。

#### 1. 并列 / 递进式: 并列两个或者多个分论点。



#### Would you prefer to live in a hot place or a cold place? Why?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### 【Sample answer 1】热的版本

I prefer to live in a hot place, because hot weather always makes people feel more energetic. People can wear fewer clothes and this is very convenient. In addition, it is quite comfortable to go swimming.

#### 【Sample answer 2】冷的版本

I prefer to live in a cold place, because cold weather always makes people feel calm. People can enjoy the snowy weather and children can play with snow happily. In addition, it is wonderful to have hot pot with the family in a warm room.

#### 分论点

#### Sample answer 1

- 1)人们精力更加充沛。
- 2) 夏季有丰富的活动,比如游泳。

#### Sample answer 2

- 1)可以玩雪, 赏雪。
- 2)天冷,吃火锅更加爽!



#### What makes a friend into a good friend?

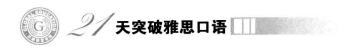
Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

From my point of view, good friends must have something in common. They can share their interests and hobbies. For example, I love a kind of sports to death. My friends are also crazy about it. We can watch games and gossip our idols together. In addition, good friends can be respectful and tolerant to each other.

#### 分论点

- 1)好朋友要有共同的兴趣。
- 2) 好朋友要互相尊重, 互相包容。





Describe a city you have visited.
You should say:
where the city is
when you went there
what people can see and do in that city

and why that city is special.

You will have to talk about the topic for one to two minutes.

You have one minute to think about what you are going to say.

You can make some notes to help you if you wish.

#### [ Sample answer ]

I would like to say something about a city I have visited, which is Hong Kong. I visited it last summer and since then I fell in love with this city. First, Hong Kong is a quite developed city. It is one of the metropolises in Asia and an international financial centre. It is located near Guangdong Province, having good harbour. It was colonized by the Great Britain from 1842 to 1997, and it was handed over to Chinese sovereignty in 1997. Hong Kong covers an area of approximately 1,104 square kilometres, and it has a population of over 7 million. It ranks as the 8th richest city in the world. Secondly, there are a lot of places of interest in Hong Kong. You can visit the Disneyland and the Ocean Park. You can also have a good view of Hong Kong on the mountain. Thirdly, Hong Kong is a shopping paradise. You can purchase considerable commodities at reasonable prices, such as make-ups, electronic products and clothes. When you are tired of shopping, you can have a taste of traditional Cantonese dim sum. These are the reasons why I love Hong Kong.

#### 分论点

- 1)首先,香港经济发达。
- 2) 其次,香港景点众多。
- 3) 再次,香港是购物天堂。



#### Tell me something about the school / university you attend.

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

I love my university and am proud of it. My university is one of the top universities in China. It has first-class facilities, including a library and a sports centre. In addition, the professors are brilliant. They are joyous and always give us good enlightenment.

#### 分论点

- 1)硬件设施优良。
- 2) 师资力量(软件)卓越。



#### Do you enjoy dancing? Why / why not?

Write down your answer and practise for N times.

#### [ Sample answer ]

I enjoy dancing although I am not good at it. As Dave Barry says, "Nobody cares if you can't dance well. Just get up and dance." Sometimes, when I watch TV, I may dance to the rhythm. Dancing can not only make me happy, but also keep me fit.

#### 分论点

- 1)身心愉悦。
- 2)身体健康。