# A Selection of English Phrasal Verbs

# 英语短语动词精选

李道庸 编著

学好了英语短语动词,也就学好了英语 本书精选1194个英语短语动词词条

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# 前言

凡粗通英语者都知道,英语词类中最重要的莫过于动词,无论从句子成分看,还是从句法上看,都是如此,所以,动词有"句子的生命"之称。学好英语的关键就是要掌握好动词的用法。然而,动词不仅仅是简单动词(simple verbs),还有惯用的由简单动词和一些其他词组成的短语动词(phrasal verbs)。这种动词通常是动词一介词或动词一副词的组合,也有由三个甚至四个词组成的。短语动词中的每个或某个单词往往不具有其通常的意义,而是经过组合后产生了意想不到的对义。因此,短语动词的含义不是从字面上一眼就能理解的,如:give up(放弃)这个短语动词,既没有 give(给)的意思,也没有 up(向上)的意思。正是由于这个特点,短语动词丰富了英语的表达方式和修辞手法;它是动词的一个重要类型,是英语阅读和写作必备的知识,它也是英语学习中的难点之一。

短语动词有的用作及物动词,有的用作不及物动词,有的 兼作及物动词和不及物动词。短语动词的构成主要有以下几种 方式:

1. 动词--介词组合 此类短语动词用作及物动词,不可

分开,其后须跟宾语,但有的在动词与介词之间可以放修饰动词的副词或短语,如: Bill burst into my bedroom. Bill burst abruptly into my bedroom.

2. 动词—副词组合 此类短语动词有的用作不及物动词,有的用作及物动词,有的则兼有不及物与及物的作用。当其用作不及物动词时,不可分开。如:The task is too difficult for her, but she will not give up.

当其用作及物动词时,根据其不同词义,有的不可分开,有的可以分开,有的必须分开。所谓"不可分开",即宾语只能放在副词之后,如:The cat kept on mewing. 所谓"可以分开",即宾语可以放在副词之后,也可以放在动词与副词之间,但宾语为人称代词或自身代词时,副词往往放在宾语之后,如:Jim had on a white hat. Jim had a white hat on. Jim had it on. 所谓"必须分开",即宾语只能放在动词与副词之间。如:Don't answer your grandfather back.

3. 动词—副词—介词组合 此类短语动词用作及物动词,是由以上第二类短语动词中的一部分各自加介词组成,不可分开,其后须跟宾语,但有的在副词与介词之间可以放修饰动词的副词或短语。如: Monick came along with one of her classmates. Monick came along gladly with one of her classmates.

但也有个别的此类短语动词可以分开,其后须跟两个宾语,如: He sent me out for a doctor.

以上第二、三类短语动词中用作及物动词者,有的可有被动语态,无论其在主动结构中可以分开或必须分开,在被动结构中均不可分开。

由四个词构成的短语动词很少,均用作带修饰语的不及物动词。

现代英语中约有 4000 个短语动词,还在继续增加。本书•2•

以我国具有中等以上英语水平的读者为主要对象,精选了最常用的短语动词 834 个。有的短语动词,本书选用其二个或二个以上词义时,按一个常用词义列为一个词条的原则,分列词条,因此实际上共列词条 1194 个。为了便于读者掌握者除,因此实际上共列词条 1194 个。为了便于读者掌握者除对每个词条均用汉语解释其词义并举若干英汉对照的例句外,还给每个词条注明 "不及物"或"及物"。"不及物"表示该短语动词用作不及物动词,"及物"表示该短语动词用作及物动词的短语动词,又注明 "不可分"、"可分"、"必分"等三种情况;"不可分"表示该词条按其词义不可分开使用;"必分"表示该词条按其词义必须分开使用,也可以分开使用;"必分"表示该词条按其词义必须分开使用,也可以分开使用;"必分"表示该词条按其词义必须分开使用,不可分开使用;"必分"表示该词条按其词义必须分开使用,不可分开使用;本书不予注明"不可分"字样。本书中文省略号统一用"…"表示,英文书名号用引导表示。

限于编者的水平,本书一定还有不少缺点和错误。希望广 大读者多提宝贵意见,以便修订。

李道庸

#### A

#### act out (及物,不可分) 以动作等表现

He acted out his thanks by smiling and nodding. 他微笑着点头表示他的谢意。

He got out his knife and acted out peeling the apple. 他拿出小刀,比划着削苹果。

The deaf-mute *acted out* buying that shirt in the department store. 那个聋哑人在百货商店里打手势,表示要那件上衣。

The child tried *acting out* the things that he had seen abroad. 那小孩试着把他在国外看到的事情用动作描绘出来。

#### add up (及物,可分) 把…加起来

She noted down the weight of each pig and then added up all the weight. 她记下每头猪的重量,然后把所有重量加起来。

He is *adding up* his medical expenses in this year. 他正在合 计他今年的医疗费用。

You have to *add* the figures *up* in this column. 你得把这一 栏的数字加起来得出总数。

#### add up to (及物,不可分) 总共

He took three trips to Beijing last year, but they didn't add

up to much. 他去年到北京旅行了三次,但总共不多。

Henry's debts *add up to* five thousand US dollars. 亨利负债 共计 5000 美元。

My schooling *added up to* no more than four years. 我上学总共不过四年。

#### agree on (及物,不可分) 同意

Both parties agreed on these terms. 双方同意了这些条件。

After discussion the tenant and the owner agreed on the rent. 经过讨论,房客和房东对租金取得了一致意见。

The belligerents agreed on an end to hostilities. 交战国就结束敌对行为达成了协议。

#### aim at (及物,不可分) 立志要,追求

Harry aims at being a doctor. 哈里立志要当医生。

He aims at a success. 他志在成功。

The young man aims at becoming a scientist. 这个小伙子有志成为科学家。

#### air out¹(不及物) 通风

The room airs out well. 这间屋通风好。

I hate this room that airs out badly. 我不喜欢这个通风不好的房间。

#### air out²(及物,可分) 使通风

We *aired out* the smoky room quickly by opening the windows. (or: We *aired* the smoky poom *out* by opening the windows.) 我们打开所有窗户使这间烟雾腾腾的屋子很快通了风。

#### allow for (及物,不可分) 考虑到

I think you've done very well, allowing for your age. 考虑到

你的年龄,我以为你做得已经很不错了。

It will take half an hour to get to the airport, allowing for traffic jams. 把交通堵塞的时间计算进去,到飞机场要花半个钟头。

Your English teacher will *allow for* your recent illness when judging your examination. 你的英语老师评考试成绩时,会考虑到你最近生过病的事实。

#### amount to1 (及物,不可分) 一共

My travelling expenses amounted to a large sum. 我的旅行开支合起来是一大笔钱。

Our debts amounted to five thousand yuan. 我们共负债 5000元。

#### amount to2 (及物,不可分) 相当于

If you go on like this, you'll never amount to anything. 你如果照这样下去,将会一事无成。

Your words amount to nothing. 你说的话等于没说。

#### answer back (不及物) 回嘴

When his mother scolds him, he always *answers back*. 他母亲责备他的时候,他老顶嘴。

It is not polite to answer back. 顶嘴是不礼貌的。

The child would answer back to all his mother said. 对他母亲说的一切话,这孩子总是回嘴。

#### answer...back(及物、必分) (跟某人) 回嘴

When his mother scolds him, he always *answers* her *back*. 他母亲责备他的时候,他老跟她顶嘴。

If you answer me back, I'll put you on a charge. 如果你和我顶嘴,我就要控告你了。

#### answer for (及物,不可分) 为···承担后果

I cannot answer for his illegal act. 我不能对他的不法行为负责。

Be more careful. You must answer for any possible damage. 你要多加小心,任何可能造成的损失都必须由你负责。

Someday you'll have to answer for what you have done. 总有一天,你得为你的所作所为承担后果。

You will have to answer for your rude behaviour in the street. 你必须为你在大街上的粗鲁行为承担后果。

#### ask for1 (及物,不可分) 要求得到

The little girl asked for candy. 这小女孩要求给她糖果吃。

Joan asked for time to think this over. 琼请求给她时间来仔细考虑这件事情。

He has written to his friends in France, asking for information. 他已经给在法国的朋友们写信,打听消息。

When the audience *asked for* more, he sang more. 当听众要求他多唱几支歌时,他又唱了几支。

#### ask for<sup>2</sup> (及物,不可分) 来找(人)

Did anybody ask for me? 有人来找过我吗?

There has been somebody here asking for you. 刚才这儿有人要求见你。

Go to the information desk and ask for Miss Margaret. 到问讯处去打听玛格丽特小姐。

#### ask... for (及物,必分) 向 (某人) 要,请 (某人) 给

The little girl asked me for candy. 这小女孩向我要糖果吃。

Why should you not go and ask him for help? 你为什么不去请他帮忙?

He was ill and asked the boss for two days' leave. 他病了,向老板请两天假。

He asked the attendant for the bill. 他向服务员要他的账单。

#### ask...out (及物,必分) 邀请 (某人)外出 (吃饭等)

Mar asked me out to dinner last night. 昨晚马尔邀我出去吃饭。 I've been asked out for the evening by a friend of mine. 一个朋友已约我晚上出去玩。

My father and mother are not at home. Some friends have asked them out. 我的父母不在家,有几个朋友邀请他们出去了。

#### attend on (及物,不可分) 看护

Two nurses attended night and day on the patient in critical condition. 两个护士日夜看护着那个危急病人。

There's a good nurse attending on the patient. 有一个好护士看护那个病人。

#### attend to (及物,不可分) 照料

Attend to your own business! 管你自己的事吧!

When I wasn't at home, an old woman attended to my baby daughter. 我不在家时,一位老大娘照料我的小女儿。

She attended to ten looms. 她照看 10 台织布机。

Don't worry. Everything will be *attended to* in good time! 不要着急! 一切都会及时办妥的。

### B

#### back down¹(不及物) 退让

He backed down and accepted our proposals. 他作了让步,接受了我们的建议。

He has *backed down* from the stand he adopted last week. 他从上周采取的立场上让步了。

#### back down² (不及物) 放弃要求、指控等

The statesman's forceful speech convinced his opponent to *back down*. 这位政治家的强有力的演说,说服他的对手放弃了要求。

In face of our evidence, he had to back down. 在我们提供的证据面前,他不得不收回其指控。

#### back off (不及物) 后退

In order to let the big truck pass, the car backed off a bit. 为了让那辆大卡车开过去,那辆小轿车后退了一点。

In face of our determined reaction, the enemy *backed off*. 在我们的坚决回击下,敌人退却了。

#### back out1 (不及物) 不履行诺言等

Henry had agreed to help us, but backed out when he found

how difficult it was. 亨利曾同意帮助我们,可是当他发现这事很难办时,就不干了。

Once you've made a promise, don't try to back out. 一旦你许了诺,就别想变卦了。

Mr Nelson and Mr Parker agreed on a price, but at the last moment Mr Parker backed out and would not pay it. 纳尔逊先生和帕克先生就价格达成了协议,但最后帕克先生翻悔了,不愿付钱。

#### back out<sup>2</sup> (不及物) 后退

Wilton backed out carefully to make way for the bus. 威尔顿小心地把汽车往后退了一点,给那辆公共汽车让路。

We've agreed to the plan. I'm sure you'll not back out at the last moment. 咱们已赞成这个计划。我确信你不会在最后关头打退 堂鼓。

#### back out of (及物,不可分) 不履行(诺言等)

Some businessmen refused to *back out of* the contracts. 有些商人不遵守合同。

Mary backed out of her engagement. 玛丽不履行婚约。

### back...up¹(及物,必分) 支持

Will you *back* me *up* in the stormy discussion? 在这场激烈 争论中你会支持我吗?

I'll put the proposal to the meeting if you'll *back* me *up*. 如果你支持我,我就在会上提出这个建议。

If you ask the boss for a rise in salary, I'll back you up. 如果你向老板要求加薪,我将支持你。

#### back...up²(及物,必分) 使后退

Kohl backed the car up to the foot of a wall. 科尔把汽车退到墙根。

The commander gave an order to back his army up 30 kilometres. 指挥官下令他的部队后退 30 公里。

#### beat down¹(及物,不可分) 摧毁

A storm beat down most of the wheat in the fields. 一场暴风雨把田里的大部分麦子给毁了。

The enemy defences were beaten down by the missiles. 敌军的防御工事被导弹摧毁了。

#### beat down<sup>2</sup> (及物,可分) 压低

Thirst beat down my desire to eat. 口渴倒了我的胃口。
Competition may beat the price down. 竞争可以压低价格。

#### beat out (及物,可分) (在竞争中) 胜过,击败

Taller basketball players often beat out shorter ones. 高个子 篮球运动员往往胜过矮个子。

Our team has beat our opponents out! 我队击败了所有对手!

#### become of (不及物) 发生

What *became of* the traitor at the end of the film? 影片的末尾那卖国贼怎么样啦?

I don't know what will become of the blind man. 我不知道那个盲人后来的结局如何。

What has *become of* the book I put here yesterday? 我昨天放在这儿的那本书哪儿去了?

#### beg off (不及物) 托词不来

Owing to her *begging off*, we have to cancel the get-together. 由于她借口不来了,我们只好取消这次聚会。

She had promised to sing at the party, but later on she begged

off on the ground of being tired. 她曾答应在晚会上唱歌,但后来她以身体困倦为由推辞了。

#### black out1(不及物) 晕厥

Born *blacked out* and lay on the floor without moving. 博恩 晕倒了,躺在地上动也不动。

After the traffic accident he *blacked out* and couldn't remember what happened. 发生那次交通事故时,他晕厥了,记不起出了什么事。

He had a fight with the strong man, and after it he blacked out. 他同那个壮汉打了一架之后就昏过去了。

At the sight of the injury she *blacked out*. 她一看到伤口就晕倒了。

#### black out<sup>2</sup> (及物,不可分) 对…实行灯火管制

During the war all our windows had to be blacked out at night. 战时我们必须使所有窗户在夜间不露出灯光。

The municipality issued an order to *black out* the city and the nearby towns. 市政府发布了命令,对这个城市和附近的城镇实行灯火管制。

#### block up (及物,可分) 堵塞,阻塞

They blocked up the entrance to the basement. 他们把地窖的入口堵塞了。

Crowds of spectators blocked up the traffic. 成群的旁观者阻塞了交通。

The demonstrators *blocked* the street *up*. 示威者阻塞了街道。

#### blow out1 (不及物) (车胎等) 爆裂, 爆炸

A rear tyre of my car blew out. 我的汽车的一个后轮胎爆了。

A front tyre *blew out* when I was driving home. 在我开车回家途中一个前轮胎爆了。

#### blow out<sup>2</sup> (及物,可分) 吹灭 (灯火等)

When he tried to light his cigarette, the wind *blew out* the match. 当他试图点燃香烟时,风把火柴吹灭了。

Jane blew the flame out. 简把火焰吹灭了。

Blow the candles out before you go to bed. 就寝之前请把蜡烛吹灭。

#### blow up¹(不及物) 爆裂

My bicycle tyres have blown up. 我的自行车轮胎爆炸了。

Several people were injured when an ammunition depot blew up yesterday. 昨天当一个弹药库爆炸的时候,有好几个人受了伤。

The bomb blew up with a deafening noise. 炸弹爆炸时,轰隆声震耳欲聋。

# blow up² (及物,可分) 把…炸掉

Soldiers blew up the bridge. 士兵们把桥炸毁了。

A high school in the town was *blown up* by the enemy's bombs. 镇上的一所中学被敌人的炸弹炸毁了。

The guerrillas *blew* the enemy's hangar *up*. 游击队员们炸毁了敌人的飞机库。

### blow up³ (及物,可分) 使 (轮胎等) 膨胀

Be sure to *blow up* the tyres before you start for school. 上 学之前务必把轮胎的气打足。

Could you lend me a pump to *blow up* my bicycle tyres? 你能借给我一个打气筒给我的自行车轮胎打气吗?

Don't *blow* the balloon *up* any further! It'll burst! 别再给气球充气啦! 它会炸的呀!

#### blurt out (及物,可分) 脱口而出

"That's nonsense!" I blurted out. "那是胡说!"我脱口而出。

In anxiety the culprit blurted his accomplices out. 在心慌意乱中,罪犯随口说出了他的同谋犯。

Pope blurted out an important secret before he considered its consequences. 波普还没考虑到后果就随口说出了一条重要机密。

#### bog down¹(及物,可分) 使受阻

The plans for the firm were *bogged down* for a while. 公司的计划一段时间受阻。

The construction of the new steel works was *bogged down*. 新炼钢厂的建设停顿下来。

#### bog down² (不及物) 停顿下来

The bold plans for higher production bogged down. 提高生产的大胆计划停下来了。

The construction of the new stadium *bogged down*. 新体育场的建设停顿下来。

#### boil down to (及物,不可分) 归结为

The good advice we gave him *boiled down to* guarding against arrogance and rashness. 我们给他的忠告可归结为一句话: 戒骄戒躁。

The whole discussion boils down to the problem of inflation. 整个讨论归结为通货膨胀问题。

The whole matter boils down to the struggle against foreign aggressors. 这个事情,总起来说,就是反对外国侵略者的斗争。

His remarks boiled down to a refusal. 他的话,总而言之,就是拒绝。