大学英语

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当代大学生英语系列教材

大学英语 进级教程

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内容提要

本书为当代大学生英语系列教材。《大学英语进级教程》共分四册,每册书由两部分组成:十套完整的模拟试题和十套听力理解录音文字材料。每册内容均注重基本知识和基本技能的训练,加强英语基础知识的学习和巩固。本书为第四册,重点培养学生实践能力。

本书可作为高等院校非英语专业辅导教材,也可作为准备参加大学英语四、六级考试的复习、自测及强化训练的参考用书。

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前 言

《当代大学生英语系列教材 大学英语进级教程》共分四册,是根据《大学英语教学大纲》及《大学英语四、六级考试改革方案(试行)》的精神,参照 2011 年以来最新的"大学英语四、六级考试"试点考试样卷,结合一线教师在大学英语一至二年级的教学和研究中所积累的经验和收集的资料,参考学生在学习、考试中反馈的问题编写而成的。编者们集思广益,力求通过本套书帮助学生解决英语学习和考试中暴露出来的语言知识、应用能力及应试技巧等方面的问题,以提高他们外语综合文化素养,为以后实现语言交际能力、顺利通过英语各级考试打好基础。

每册书由两部分组成:十套完整的模拟试题和十套听力理解录音文字材料。 本系列丛书具有以下几个鲜明的特点:

- (1) 遵循教学大纲精神,符合考试大纲标准。本套书严格遵守教育部最新制定的《大学英语教学大纲》及《大学英语四、六级考试改革方案(试行)》的要求,根据编者的教学经验,按照标准化的四、六级考试新题型编写而成。
- (2) 紧扣教材重点内容,同步分级训练。本套书力求严格与现行教材同步,兼顾各项语言技能。依据教材各单元、各章节的课程目标,把课文中的重点和难点知识融入到试题当中,尤其是词汇题、翻译题和作文题,紧扣课本,注重学生实用能力的培养,帮助学生高效率地掌握相关知识和基本技能。
- (3) 搭建学习特色平台,构筑考试绿色通道。本套书针对性强,重点围绕学生英语学习中共性的、需要掌握的语言知识和能力,在命题素材、角度和方式等方面均做到精、新、活、准。题项设置上,注重典型性、实用性、灵活性,以期举一反三、触类旁通;题型选择上,注重应用性、科学性、新颖性,以期稳中求进,开阔视野;思路点拨上,注重可操作性、通俗性、规律性,以期激发创新、拓展思维。

本套书各套试题间及每套试题的题项间都考虑到知识的系统性,内容的针对性,题量的适度性,题型的代表性和形式的多样性。

本书为第四册,为大学二年级第二学期使用教材。旨在培养学生大学英语四级和六级能力的同时,加深对英语翻译的理解,突出实践能力的培养。

本书由东北电力大学王晓辉、王旭光主编,郑艺、贾煜副主编,闫枫、林淑杰编写。全书由王晓辉统稿。

由于时间仓促,书中不足之处在所难免,敬请各位专家、读者批评指正。

编 者 2013年4月

大学英语进级教程(4)



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Model Test 1

Part^{*}

Writing (30 minutes)

🏹 注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡1上作答。

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a letter entitled A Letter of Application for the Position. You should write at least 120 words according to the outline given below.

- (1) 某公司在英文报纸《Beijing Today》上诚聘一名市场营销经理,主要要求如下。 大学本科及以上学历,专业不限;英文 CET-4 以上,口语优秀者优先;有良好的沟通能 力,性别不限;有相关工作经验者优先。
 - (2) 如果你是李明,请给该招聘公司人事部门写一封求职信。

A Letter of Application for the Position



Reading Comprehension (Skimming and Scanning) (15 minutes)

Directions: In this part, you will have 15 minutes to go over the passage quickly and answer the questions on Answer Sheet 1. For questions 1-7, choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). For questions 8-10, complete the sentences with the information given in the passage.

Let Shortness Out of the Way

Height

What is the secret ingredient that will make you attractive to single women? It is your HEIGHT. How tall you are is very, very important to women. And, sadly for many of us short men, being short is one thing that cannot be changed. If you are overweight, you can go on a diet and lose weight to become more attractive to women. If you are poor, you may be able to get a job or gain a promotion to be become richer. You can then dress better. If you smoke, you can give up the cigarettes and if you are an alcoholic, you can give up the alcohol. There is no way you are going to get any taller, though. Wearing shoes with high heels just brings attention to your lack of height and displays to both men and women how self-conscious you are about

your height. So you get angry at women wanting something in you that you can't change. That is the way I felt, but the solution is to date single women that are the same height as you or shorter. Easy.

Protection

The reason women enjoy the company of men that are their height or taller goes way back to when men were expected to protect, shelter and provide for women. A somewhat outdated notion now, but elements of this mentality exist subconsciously in women's minds today. Women think, "How can a man who is short protect and shelter me from harm?" Taller men are perceived to have more muscle and more strength. Women feel safer in the arms of a man who can surround them and protect them from outside dangers. Some women feel that this is "natural" and feel more "comfortable" this way. Some men also feel like this. Some men also find taller women intimidating. The good thing is that shorter men can still provide women with all these needs. All a guy needs is a shorter woman, and he can provide her with the same feelings a guy 12 inches taller can provide for a taller woman.

A Better Choice

You are now thinking, great, now I've got to eliminate all those tall, long-legged, slender single women that I dream of. Don't look at it that way. I prefer to look at it in a more positive way. The smarter reader is going to realize that chasing taller women, who are not interested in shorter men anyway, is a complete waste of time. You can utilize your time better by chatting only to single women shorter than or the same size as you. Don't forget to allow for the additional height women gain by wearing high-heeled shoes when judging a woman's height. Believe me, there are some very attractive and desirable shorter women around. Some of them are as pretty and as cute as others and they aren't necessarily overweight. So the next time you enter a nightclub or bar, don't even look at the taller women—head straight to the nearest women who are the same height as you or shorter.

Less Competition

You'll find that even a lot of taller men don't bother with women who are a great deal shorter than them. That leaves you with less competition. The guys 6'3" and above are chasing the women 5'10" or taller. If you are 5'10", then any woman from 5'4" to 5'10" is your go. Not a bad range, is it? If you are 5'6" (like me) or less, that still leaves you with plenty of women to meet. One thing you should always remember is that men are generally taller than women anyway. Another thing you need to know is that the taller the woman, the more likely it is that she will prefer the company of a taller man. A 6'0" woman is more likely to be with a taller man than a woman, say, 5'8" or 5'6". I have observed the taller a woman is, the less tolerant she is toward shorter men.

Impressing with Personality

If you do really fancy a woman who is taller than you, there is still hope. Remember that women prefer personality to looks. If you have personality you may be able to impress her with it and overcome her natural preference for taller men. You will have to work very hard at it, though as it is likely she will not be as responsive and open to you as she would be to an

approach from a taller man. If you have a sense of humor she can relate to or some other personality traits she cannot resist, you still have a chance. You had better be quick, because if your fantastic personality doesn't come to the fore quickly, you'll find she'll soon tire of you and begin to look elsewhere. There are exceptions to the rule that single women prefer men the same height as them or taller, but nine times out of ten you will find single women in the company of men who are taller than them. My ex-wife is an example of this as she is 5'8" and I am 5'6". Height had nothing to do with our relationship, either in the courting or separating stages, but I find this is the exception rather than the rule.

Tests

To prove to yourself height is important, there are two easy tests you can conduct. First, ask women friends at work or within your family of all the men they have dated and/or married, how many have been shorter than them. Invariably, they will say very few, if any. Second, go to shopping centers or just walk down the street and look at people who are obviously couples and observe who is the taller in the relationship. In most cases, the boyfriend or husband will be the taller.

Conclusion

So remember that height is important to single women. You can be mildly overweight or have no hair and have a better chance with a shorter woman than any shorter guy has with a taller woman. Don't waste your time reaching for what you can't have and stick to the attainable. Lastly, don't go around complaining about your height. It is not you that has a problem with your height. It is women who have a "thing" about height. It may be a subconscious thing to women, but in many cases it is a major concern anyway. What you need to do is turning that women's "thing" into your favor. The best way to do it is to concentrate only on single women who find your height acceptable.

注意:此部分试题请在答题卡1上作答。

1.	What is very important to make one attractive to single women?
	A) Hobby.
	B) Personality.
	C) Height.
	D) Wealth.
2.	Short men's problem can be solved by
	A) wearing shoes with high heels
	B) getting a well-paid job
	C) giving up alcohol
	D) dating shorter women

3. Women may think that taller men have more _____.

- A) intimidating behaviors
- B) outdated notions
- C) shelters and provisions

	D) muscle and strength	
4.	It is generally a waste of time for a short man to	
	A) judge a woman's height	
	B) chase taller women	
	C) think about height	
	D) chat with single women	
5.	A 5'6" man has a competitive edge in chasing a woman	
	A) 5'6" or less	
	B) 5'6" or taller	
	C) less tolerant	
	D) more tolerant	
6.	A short man might have some hope to attract taller women if he has	
	A) impressive looks	
	B) a sense of humor	
	C) personality	
	D) persistence	
7.	A woman will be bored with a man if he isn't	
	A) working hard to get a chance	
	B) responsive and open to her	
	C) quick to show his great personality	
	D) fantastic or impressive in courting	
8.	To prove the importance of height, you can ask the opinion of the female co-workers	or
	women within	
9.	Height is important in a relationship, so if you observe couples in the street, you'll me	ost
	probably find that the taller one is	
10	Generally speaking, the height of a man is, though may be	e a
	subconscious one, to single women.	

Part

Listening Comprehension (35 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations and 2 long conversations. At the end of each conversation, one or more questions will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on **Answer sheet 2** with a single line through the centre.

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注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡 2 上作答。

- 11. A) Mary likes postcards.
 - B) Mary is going on vacation.
 - C) Mary is going to Paris.
 - D) Mary has traveled all over the world.
- 12. A) A car shown to and driven by customers.
 - B) An old car shown to customers.
 - C) A used car for sale.
 - D) A new car.
- 13. A) They are comrade.
 - B) They are mother and child.
 - C) They are parents and child.
 - D) They are husband and wife.
- 14. A) He has already communicated with others.
 - B) He hasn't thought about it yet.
 - C) He doesn't really need her help.
 - D) He doesn't appreciate her care at all.
- 15. A) 1 hour.
 - B) 1.4 hours.
 - C) 5 hours.
 - D) 0.4 hours.
- 16. A) The man is not fine with his unemployment benefit.
 - B) The man is self-employed.
 - C) The man is a professional baby-sitter.
 - D) The man is jobless.
- 17. A) Near the high way.
 - B) On the approach to the high way.
 - C) At the junction of the high way.
 - D) Just pass the high way.
- 18. A) Visit a nearby town.
 - B) Have a meeting in a beautiful community.
 - C) Ride the bicycle in the nearly town.
 - D) Set up a meeting for Saturday morning.

Ouestions 19 to 22 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 19. A) 4,000.
 - B) 5,000.
 - C) 2,000.
 - D) 7,000.

- 20. A) Travel agencies.
 - B) Electrical appliance.
 - C) Clothing.
 - D) Photographic equipment.
- 21. A) 15%.
 - B) 10%.
 - C) 85%.
 - D) 20%.
- 22. A) Two weeks.
 - B) Two to three weeks.
 - C) Three weeks.
 - D) More than three weeks.

Ouestions 23 to 25 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 23. A) She hadn't realized he was speeding.
 - B) She was on his way home.
 - C) She lives on this street.
 - D) Her speedometer isn't working.
- 24. A) Speed limits are the same in the areas.
 - B) He's told her what it was.
 - C) The woman has recently received her driver's license.
 - D) There are signs along the road.
- 25. A) He gave the woman a speeding ticket.
 - B) He took away the woman's license.
 - C) He gave the woman a warning.
 - D) He asked the woman to be familiar with the area.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the centre.



注意:此部分试题请在答题卡2上作答。

Passage One

Ouestions 26 to 28 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 26. A) It helps them to protect officers from danger.
 - B) They are very fast, however sometimes it is a little bit inflexible.

- C) Computers can keep from stealing.
- D) Computers are honest and they never have a bad day.
- 27. A) They can be safe and unsafe when dealing with transactions.
 - B) Computers don't steal anything, but they do help with the stealing.
 - C) They cannot do what they are told to do.
 - D) A crime through the computer can not be noticed.
- 28. A) Advantages and disadvantages of computers.
 - B) Computer crimes.
 - C) Why computers are welcome in banks.
 - D) The popularity if computers.

Passage Two

Questions 29 to 31 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 29. A) Their purposes of shopping have been settled in advance.
 - B) Shopping is not often based on need.
 - C) The price is a secondary consideration when shopping anything.
 - D) They have different shopping styles.
- 30. A) The saleswoman's words cannot influence the female shoppers.
 - B) Persuasion is useless for the female shoppers.
 - C) The idea of the female shopper's company can influence her.
 - D) A female shopper is always looking around for sth. she wants.
- 31. A) She will try on many dresses.
 - B) She will choose a lot to buy.
 - C) She will wonder about not knowing what to buy.
 - D) It is difficult for her to select a dress.

Passage Three

Questions 32 to 35 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 32. A) They are needed to people's social well-being.
 - B) They help people to cope with life in the information era.
 - C) They can cure a range of illnesses.
 - D) That insures the safety of people's lives.
- 33. A) Their strength for coping with major changes.
 - B) Their ability to deal with daily worries and troubles.
 - C) The amount of support they get from others.
 - D) The social welfare systems which support them.
- 34. A) It helps us to eliminate our faults and mistakes.
 - B) It draws our attention away from worries and troubles.
 - C) It makes our leisure-time activities enjoyable.
 - D) It helps strengthen our ties with others.

- 35. A) The strengthening of self-respect.
 - B) Social companionship.
 - C) Instrumental support.
 - D) Social needs.

Section C

many more.

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time, you should listen carefully for its general idea. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from 36 to 43 with the exact words you have just heard. For blanks numbered from 44 to 46 you are required to fill in the missing information. For these blanks, you can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally, when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written.

注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡 2 上作答。 Children are getting so fat, they may be the first generation to die before their parents, an

expert claimed recently.
Today's (36) are already falling prey to (37) killers such as diabetes
because of their weight. Fatty fast-food (38) combined with sedentary lifestyles
(39) by televisions and computers could mean kids will die (40) young. At
the same time, the shape of the Human body is going through a huge (41) shift because
adults are getting so fat.
Here in Britain, the latest research shows that the average (42) size for a man is
36-38 inches and may be 42-44 inches by 2032. This compares with only 32.6 inches in 1972
Women's waists have grown from an average of 22 inches in 1920 to 24 inches in the 50s and
30 inches now. One of the major reasons why children now are at greater risk is that we are
getting fatter younger.
In the UK alone, more than one million under-16s are classed as (43) or obese-
double the number in the mid-80s. (44)
Many nations now record more than 20 percent of their population as (45)
·
The change in our shape has been caused by a glut of easily available high-energy foods
combined with (46) An averagely

obese person's lifespan is shortened by around nine years while a severely obese person by

Part

Reading Comprehension (Reading in Depth) (25 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, there is a passage with ten blanks. You are required to select one word for each blank from a list of choices given in a word bank following the passage. Read the passage through carefully before making your choices. Each choice in the bank is identified by a letter. Please mark the corresponding letter for each item on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the centre. You may not use any of the words in the bank more than once.

Questions 47 to 56 are based on the following passage.	
"Made in China" lost its novelty long ago. The (47)	_

"Made in China" lost its novelty long ago. The (4/) has become widespread in much
of the world, stick to shoes, toys, clothes and a host of other items produced for global
companies. What is novelty, however, are China-made goods sold under (48) brand
names. Only a handful of Chinese firms so far have the money and the management technique
to establish (49) brands. Most of the vast companies are (50) to get even
national recognition. But the pioneering companies which have started exploring overseas
market might be (51) as on the beginning of something big.
Some believe that individually, with the help of enterprising local management or eager
multinational partners wanting to add new products to their stable, Chinese brands could
become a global phenomenon within a decade, marketed on quality and foreign appeal, as well
as (52) pricing.
The concept of Chinese brands has been evolving through the 1990s, but is now getting
greater (53) at home. Although the domestic market is still robust, a handful of
state-owned enterprises, or SOEs, (54) listed Chinese companies, are now looking to
establish international brands (55) they believe the quality of both their products and
their management has improved. Chinese joint ventures think their products can compete on
quality with foreign brands (56) while enjoying the advantage of being perceived as

注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡2上作答。

- A) struggling E) so I) included M) attention
- B) anywhere
- F) international
- J) Chinese N) foreign
- C) some
- G) enterprise
- K) competitive
- O) including
- D) label
- H) because





exotic.

Section B

Directions: There are 2 passages in this section. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on **Answer Sheet 2** with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 57 to 61 are based on the following passage.

From the health point of view we are living in a marvelous age. We are immunized from birth against many of the most dangerous diseases. A large number of once fatal illnesses can now be cured by modern drugs and surgery. It is almost certain that one day remedies will be found for the most stubborn remaining disease. The expectation of life has increased enormously. But though the possibility of living a long and happy life is greater than ever before, every day we witness the incredible slaughter of men, women and children on the roads. Man versus the motor-car! It is a never-ending battle which man is losing. Thousands of people the world over are killed or horribly injured each year and we are quietly sitting back and letting it happen.

It has been rightly said that when a man is sitting behind a steering wheel, his car becomes the extension of his personality. There is no doubt that the motor-car often brings out a man's very worst qualities. People who are normally quiet and pleasant may become unrecognizable when they are behind a steering-wheel. They swear, they are ill-mannered and aggressive, willful as two-year-olds and utterly selfish. All their hidden frustrations, disappointments and jealousies seem to be brought to the surface by the act of driving.

The surprising thing is that society smiles so mildly on the motorist and seems to forgive his behavior. Everything is done for his convenience. Cities are allowed to become almost uninhabitable because of heavy traffic; towns are made ugly by huge car parks; the countryside is desecrated (科劳) by road networks; and the mass annual slaughter becomes nothing more than a statistic, to be conveniently forgotten.

With regard to driving, the laws of some countries are notoriously lax and even the strictest are not strict enough. The driving test should be standardized and made far more difficult than it is all drivers should be made to take a test every three years or so; the age at which young people are allowed to drive any vehicle should be raised to at least 21; all vehicles should be put through strict annual tests for safety. Even the smallest amount of alcohol in the blood can weaken a person's driving ability.

Present drinking and driving laws (where they exist) should be made much stricter. Maximum and minimum speed limits should be imposed on all roads. These measures may sound extremely harsh, but surely nothing should be considered as too severe if it results in reducing the annual toll of human life. After all, the world is for human beings, not motor-cars.

Model Test 1

11

注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡2上作答。

- 57. The main idea of this passage is _____.
 - A) traffic accidents are mainly caused by motorist
 - B) thousands of people worldwide are killed each year
 - C) the laws of some countries about driving are too lax
 - D) only stricter traffic laws can prevent accidents
- 58. What does the author think of society toward motorists?
 - A) Society smiles on the motorists.
 - B) Huge car parks are built in the cities and towns.
 - C) Victims of accidents are nothing.
 - D) Society forgives their rude driving.
- 59. In the second paragraph, why does the author say that "his car becomes the extension of his personality"?
 - A) Because driving brings out his hidden personality.
 - B) Because driving can show the other part of his personality.
 - C) Because driving can bring out this character.
 - D) Because his car embodies his temper.
- 60. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a way against traffic accidents?
 - A) Build more highways.
 - B) Stricter driving test.
 - C) Test drivers every three years.
 - D) Raise age limit and lay down safety specifications.
- 61. The attitude of the author is _____.
 - A) ironical
 - B) critical
 - C) appealing
 - D) militant

Passage Two

Questions 62 to 66 are based on the following passage.

Dr. Thomas Starzl, like all the pioneers of organ transplant, had to learn to live with failure. When he performed the world's first liver transplant 25 years ago, the patient, a three-year-old boy, died on the operating table. The next four patients did not live long enough to get out of the hospital. But more determined than discouraged, Starzl and his colleagues went back to their lab at the University of Colorado Medical School. They devised techniques to reduce the heavy bleeding during surgery, and they worked on better ways to prevent the recipient's immune system from rejecting the organ — an ever-present risk. Now, thanks to further refinements, about two thirds of all liver-transplant patients are living more than a year.

But the triumphs of the transplant surgeons have created yet another tragic problem: a

severe shortage of donor organs. "As the results get better, more people go on the waiting lists and there is a wider disparity (差异) between supply and need," says one doctor. The American Council on Transplantation estimates that on any given day 15,000 Americans are waiting for organs. There is no shortage of actual organs; each year about 25,000 healthy people die unexpectedly in the United States, usually in accidents. The problem is that fewer than 20% become donors.

This trend persists despite laws designed to encourage organ recycling. Under the federal Anatomical Gift Act, a person can authorize the use of his organs after death by signing a statement. Legally, the next of kin can veto these posthumous (死后的) gifts, but surveys indicate that 70% to 80% of the public would not interfere with a family member's decision. The bigger roadblock, according to some experts, is that physicians do not ask for donations, either because they fear offending grieving survivors or because they still regard some transplant procedures as experimental.

When there are not enough organs to **go around**, distributing the available ones becomes a matter of deciding who will live and who will die. Once donors and potential recipients have been matched for body size and blood type, the sickest patients usually go to the local waiting list. Beyond the seriousness of the patient's condition, doctors base their choice on such criteria as the length of time the patient has been waiting, and how long it will take to obtain an organ and whether the transplant team can gear up in time.

注意: 此部分试题请在答题卡 2 上作答。

- 62. According to the first paragraph, which of the following is TRUE?
 - A) He failed finally, though Dr. Thomas Starzl worked hard with his colleagues.
 - B) To prevent the recipient's immune system from rejecting the organ is often very risky.
 - C) All liver-transplant patients can live more than a year except for the three-year-old boy who died on the operating table.
- D) After his first liver transplant operation, Dr. Starzl became very discouraged.
 63. Nowadays one third of all liver-transplant patients can live ______.
 A) about one year
 B) not more than one year
 C) more than one year
 D) not long enough to get out of the hospital
 64. The tragic problem of the severe shortage of donor organs can be settled if ______.
 A) the operation of liver transplant is more successful
 - B) the American Council on Transplantation can give more money to the organ donors
 - C) more and more people go on the waiting lists
 - D) most of the healthy people who die unexpectedly can become donors
- 65. The phrase "go around" in Paragraph 4 means ______.
 - A) donate