

高级中学教科书

英 语

第一册(上)

(供高中一年级第一学期使用)

学习目标与检测

SENIOR ENGLISH FOR CHINA

主 编 刘文渊

副主编 徐启富 扈华唯



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说 明

我们编写的这套高中英语目标与检测是根据国家教委新颁布的《全日制高级中学英语教学大纲》和中英合编的 Senior English for China 而编写的。

我们曾成功地编写了六本一套初中英语目标与检测。在此基础上,我们试编了高中部分,在我们试验地区先行试用,几经修改,现在正式出版供广大读者使用。

本书分学习目标和达标题两大部分。学习目标按语音、词汇、语法和交际用语四部分列出本单元的四会要求供学生把握标高和层次。其中,一会为听;二会为听、说;三会为听、说、读;四会为听、说、读、写。达标题分听力、笔试和书面表达三部分。达标题的设计是根据本单元出现的课题(Topic)以及语言点(Language Points)和交际用语(EFEC)按照教材中出现的常用题型并着重选用了高考(NMET)题型编写的。整个单元之达标题强调了语言的运用,同时多层次地练习基本语言项目。听力为20分,笔试为70分,书面表达为10分。如果能达到70分即可达标。

我们把完成各单元的学习目标与高考的长远目标结合起来,遵循由易到难,以中等程度为主。一些主要语言点,特别是语言的运用项目,通过不同题型反复出现以使学生熟练掌握。

沈桂芳、高德庆、王直中、孟家权等老师为本书提供了资料;龚亚夫、陈辉岳、刘兆义等老师提出了不少宝贵意见,这里一并致谢。

编者 1995年3月

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Unit 1 The Summer Holidays

学 习 目 标

目 标 分 类	学 习 要 求	四会要求			
		1	2	3	4
语 音	au { [ɔ:] [ɑ:] } ai { [ei] [i] [ə] } ai { [ɔ:] [ɑ:] [ɔ:l] }				✓
词 汇	introduce, go away, find out, well, dark, result, go on doing, as the result, state, the State, physics, chemistry, biology partner, opinion, in one's opinion, vaca- tion, general, idea, dawn, wheat, employ, area, pump, beer, channel, regard, har- vest, expression Harry, Bob, oral, Charlie Steve			✓	
语 法	Revision of question forms in different tenses: 1. Who is that boy over there? 2. What do you know about Bob White? 3. Which school did he go to last year? 4. Which subject is he going to study this term? 6. What was he doing at this time last week? 7. How many Chinese words has he learnt?				✓
交 际 用 语	Hello/Hi. Nice meeting you. Nice to meet you. I'll introduce you. Bye. See you soon. I must go/be off/be leaving now. Give one's regards/best wishes/love to... in one's opinion, go away, find out				✓

达 标 题

听力部分(20分)



I . Choose the best reponses. (10%)

1. A. I'm O. K. B. He's out.
C. I'm glad. D. I don't know.
2. A. Certainly. B. Sure.
C. Great. D. So do I.
3. A. I haven't been there.
B. Mary went to Emei Mountain.
C. Emei Mountain is a place of interest.
D. John lives there.
4. A. I don't agree with her.
B. I didn't give her a basket-ball.
C. She's interested in maths.
D. I don't think so.
5. A. Yes. B. Hi.
C. O. K. D. All right.
6. A. Well, it's getting dark B. You must go now.
C. I must be leaving now. D. Both A and C.
7. A. Thanks. B. Of course.
C. It was great. D. What about you?
8. A. That's good. B. That's nice of you.
C. Of course. D. I can't do that.
9. A. They're twins. B. They're friends.
C. They're pen friends. D. They're from England.
10. A. She's a teacher. B. She's a worker.

C. She's a farmer.

D. She's outside.

II. Listen to the tape and choose the right answers: (10%)

11. Tom is Mrs Cooper's ____ .

A. worker B. student C. son D. friend

12. Mrs Cooper wants Tom to move ____ to the left.

A. the bed B. the desk C. the lamp (台灯) D. the table

13. Tom picks up the lamp because he wants to ____ .

A. put it on the table B. put it on the desk

C. move the desk D. move the table

14. The phrase "watch out" means (意为) " ____ ".

A. be careful

B. thank you

C. be quick

D. it's dangerous

15. Which is NOT right according to the passage?

A. Mrs Cooper wants Tom to move the bed to the right.

B. Tom moves the desk to the left of bed.

C. Mrs Cooper is happy because Tom catches the lamp.

D. Tom is not happy because he must catch the lamp.

笔试部分 (70 分)

III. Tick the different sound from the underlined parts. (5%)

16. A. talk B. dawn C. walk D. oral

17. A. area B. regards C. partner D. dark

18. A. autumn B. August C. laugh D. daughter

19. A. wait B. mountain C. train D. afraid

20. A. almost B. half C. also D. salt

IV. Choose the right one: (5%)

21. expre ____ A. sion B. ssion C. ment D. sions

22. b ____ gy A. iolo B. ioo C. aiol D. ialo

23. ch ____ l A. anno B. ane C. anne D. ena
 24. op ____ A. inon B. inno C. eniln D. inion
 25. ____ sics A. phy B. fy C. phi D. phc

V. Choose the correct answer; (20%)

26. — Shall we go to Harbin this summer?

— A holiday in the North will ____.

- A. do you a lot of good B. do a lot of good on you
 C. do you well D. do well you

27. I'm not very ____ at English. I'll work harder.

- A. bad B. sich C. good D. patient

28. I'm fine, ____ tired.

- A. and B. or C. also D. but

29. It's getting ____ . I must be off now.

- A. early B. late C. up D. well

30. Mike: Hi, Mary.

Mary: I've been to the cinema.

Mike: ____?

Mary: I saw a German film about life in Berlin.

- A. Which cinema did you go to
 B. What is your favorite film
 C. Where did you see it D. What did you see

31. " ____ will the building be completed?"

"In a year."

- A. How long B. How fast
 C. How often D. How soon

32. "Let me introduce. ____ is Bob, my classmate. And ____ is my best friend Mary."

- A. This ... this B. This ... that
 C. He ... she D. That ... this
33. —“Do you know which season is the harvest season?”
 —“Oh, we always ____ rice in autumn.”
 A. get on B. get in C. cut on D. cut in
34. You ____ wake me up when you come in.
 A. have better not B. Hadn't better
 C. had better to D. had better not
35. The woman over there is ____.
 A. Jack and Jane mother B. Jack and Jane's mother
 C. Jack and Jane's mothers D. Jack's and Jane's mother
36. Please give ____ to your parents.
 A. me best regards B. my best regard
 C. mine best regard D. my best regards
37. If you stepped on one's foot, you say “____.”
 A. Pardon B. I'm sorry
 C. Please excuse me D. Never mind
38. The population becomes larger and larger in China now.
 ____ the government has to do something to control(控制)
 the birth rate(出生率).
 A. Because B. As a result C. Certainly D. Of course
39. If you are going to leave someone, which of the following
 you CAN'T say to him?
 A. Good-bye B. See you C. Bye D. That's all
40. “How about playing football?”
 “Yes, ____.”
 A. I'd love to B. I like C. I would like D. I'd like

41. Do you have ___ lesson in your school?
A. chemist B. chemical C. chemistry D. chemist's
42. I'll have ___ with Mr White tomorrow.
A. word B. a word C. words D. some words
43. We've learnt five English songs ___ the end of this term.
A. by B. at C. in D. on
44. A deep hole with water in the ground is a _____.
A. good B. well C. better D. best
45. ___ mirror is made of _____.
A. A ... a glass B. A ... glass
C. A ... glasses D. /... glass

VI. Cloze test. (30%)

It's been quite some time since I was lost in London, but something happened during that visit that I'll 46 as long as I live. London had one of the thickest 47 in years. You could 48 see your hand in front of your face. Cars and buses moved along slowly with their lights on. When 49 falls the weather got even 50. The fog was as thick as peasoup(豌豆汤). All traffic(交通) come to a stop. I had an important meeting on 51 side of the town, but it was 52 to find a taxi. I decided 53 and started out confidently(充满信心地).

Minutes later I was completely 54. Then I heard 55 come out of fog. "I suppose you are lost. Can I help you?" I could hardly 56 the young woman who had spoken to me, but was 57 to find another person 58 in the fog. I explained 59 I wanted to go, and she said she 60 exactly how to get there. I was doubtful(怀疑的). 61 followed her through the dark streets. The

woman 62 me straight to my destination(目的地). I was surprised at how well she had found her way through the fog. "I know this part of the 63 quite well." she replied. "But the fog 64 it impossible to see anything." I said. "It makes 65 difference to me whether it is foggy or clear. You see, I'm blind. "

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 46. A. forget | B. remember |
| C. mind | D. appreciate |
| 47. A. fogs | B. rain |
| C. dust | D. population |
| 48. A. seldom | B. always |
| C. clearly | D. hardly |
| 49. A. morning | B. winter |
| C. evening | D. rain |
| 50. A. worse | B. better |
| C. clear up | D. wet |
| 51. A. another | B. other |
| C. the other | D. some |
| 52. A. impossible | B. possible |
| C. necessary | D. easy |
| 53. A. to drive | B. to wander |
| C. to go | D. to walk |
| 54. A. wet | B. lost |
| C. tried | D. frozen |
| 55. A. a person | B. a voice |
| C. a noise | D. a cry |
| 56. A. look at | B. see |
| C. watch | D. observe |

57. A. frighten
C. sad
58. A. out
C. up
59. A. to which
C. the place
60. A. found
C. knew
61. A. and
C. then
62. A. sent
C. forced
63. A. street
C. fog
64. A. had
C. kept
65. A. some
C. no
- B. afraid
D. thankful
B. away
D. along
B. where
D. why
B. proved
D. understood
B. so
D. but
B. led
D. advised
B. Britain
D. town
B. cause
D. made
B. quite
D. a little

VI. Reading comprehension. (10%)

Our sun is a star, and nine worlds move round it. Worlds like these are planets(行星).

But there are other stars, other suns. Not only thousands of them, but millions of millions. Do different stars have planets? We can see the planets round our own sun. But we haven't seen any more. The stars are too far away from us. Stars give out light, but the planets don't have any light of their own. So we can't see them. They are too far, and too dark.

Still, we know that some stars do have planets. While a big planet goes round, it pulls its star to one side. And sometimes we can see this. Then we know the star has a planet.

For example, Barnard's Star is a small red star. And it is the quickest star in the sky. But sometimes it moves slower, and then quicker again. We have examined Barnard's Star for a number of years, and now we are certain—we know that it has a planet.

66. A star is a large body in the sky that _____.
- A. moves round our sun B. has light of its own
C. can also be called a sun D. both B and C
67. We can see the planets round our sun. But we can't see planets round other stars because _____.
- A. they don't give out any light of their own
B. they are too far
C. they are too dark
D. A, B and C
68. We know that some stars have planets because _____.
- A. sometimes we have seen them
B. the planets give out light
C. sometimes the stars are pulled to one side
D. the planets are not far away from us
69. Barnard's Star moves quickly than _____.
- A. most stars B. any other star
C. its planet D. the planets round the sun
70. People know of a planet round Barnard's Star because _____.

- A. Barnard's Star sometimes moves faster and sometimes slower.
- B. Barnard's Star moves for a number of years
- C. the planet is close to our earth
- D. the planet is red



书面表达(10%)

Write a letter to your American friend Kate, telling her about an interesting day in summer.

- 注意:1. 用正确的书信格式
2. 80—100个单词

Unit 2 In the Lab

学 习 目 标

目 标 分 类	学 习 要 求	四会要求			
		1	2	3	4
语 音	ea $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [i:] \\ [ei] \\ [e] \\ [iə] \end{array} \right.$ ee ei } $[i:]$ ear $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} [iə] \\ [ə:] \\ [a:] \\ [εə] \end{array} \right.$				✓
词 汇	once, unless, cupboard, mixture, electricity, shut, taste, rather, mix, finger, message, proper allow, experiment, basin, request, finally, instruction Paul, kerosene, castor, vinegar, dip, suck				✓
语 法	Don't touch anything. Make sure the door is shut. Please tidy the lab. Could you please show me how to use the computer? Can you lend me 2 <i>yuan</i> ? She told us to follow her instructions/not to throw the ball. He asked me to do some shopping for him/ not to telephone him after 10.				✓
交 际 用 语	Orders and Requests: Here are some do's and don'ts Follow ... instructions What about ...? Make sure that... Do what he or she tells you to do. first of all, on holiday				✓

达 标 题

听力部分(20%)

I. Dictation: (10%)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

II. Listen to the tape, then tell which one is True (T) and which one is False (F). (10%)

11. Our body grows while we are eating. ()
12. Too much sleep makes up happy. ()
13. Children who are 9 years old need 8 hours of sleep. ()
14. Warm air is better than cool air. ()
15. When we are tired, we need more food. ()

笔试部分(70%)

III. Tick the different sound which underlined. (5%)

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 16. A. <u>meat</u> | B. <u>heat</u> | C. <u>breathe</u> | D. <u>sweat</u> |
| 17. A. <u>learn</u> | B. <u>search</u> | C. <u>early</u> | D. <u>bear</u> |
| 18. A. <u>hear</u> | B. <u>wear</u> | C. <u>near</u> | D. <u>dear</u> |
| 19. A. <u>receive</u> | B. <u>breathe</u> | C. <u>please</u> | D. <u>breath</u> |