

不受教材版本限制 周周有安排 日日有进步  
全文翻译，彻底解决读不懂、读不透

第2版

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

Saturday

刘弢 吕春昕 / 编译

选文更加精彩 翻译更加精准 题目更加精练  
助你有计划、有效率、有深度地阅读！

# 英语完形填空

# 周计划

## 七年级

最新改版  
全力出击！

沪江网  
enhujiang.com  
英语频道 媒体推荐

沪江网校  
PC 手机 平板  
20元会员卡

**契合中考趋势：**严扣最新《英语课程标准》，紧抓中考命题趋势  
**题材丰富多样：**素材新、内容优，课外阅读和提高训练两相宜  
**题型全面覆盖：**题型设置兼顾各地题型，告别枯燥  
**时间计划合理：**每周设置5篇完形填空，周末生词巩固、轻松幽默



华东理工大学出版社  
EAST CHINA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PRESS

第2版

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

Saturday



编译 刘 弢 吕春昕  
编委 武秀梅 刘长鼎 胡艳梅  
丁 溧 刘 锋 彭 娟  
朱敏杰 丁妙媛 范引梅

# 英语完形填空 题

七年级



华东理工大学出版社  
EAST CHINA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PRESS

· 上海 ·

**图书在版编目(CIP)数据**

龙腾英语——英语完形填空周计划. 七年级/刘弢, 吕春昕编译. —2版.

—上海: 华东理工大学出版社, 2013. 4

(周计划丛书)

ISBN 978-7-5628-3513-4

I. ①英… II. ①刘… ②吕… III. ①英语课—初中—习题集

IV. ① G634.415

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2013)第 058094 号

周计划丛书

**龙腾英语——英语完形填空周计划(七年级)第 2 版**

(附赠价值 20 元沪江学习卡)

编 译 / 刘 弢 吕春昕

策划编辑 / 戎 炜

责任编辑 / 王 芳

责任校对 / 陈孟昀

整体设计 / 视界创意+杜静静/萧萧

出版发行 / 华东理工大学出版社有限公司

地 址: 上海市梅陇路 130 号, 200237

电 话: (021)64250306(营销部)

(021)64252750(编辑室)

传 真: (021)64252707

网 址: [press.ecust.edu.cn](http://press.ecust.edu.cn)

印 刷 / 江苏句容市排印厂

开 本 / 787 mm×1092 mm 1/16

印 张 / 9.5

字 数 / 300 千字

版 次 / 2011 年 6 月第 1 版

2013 年 4 月第 2 版

印 次 / 2013 年 4 月第 1 次

书 号 / ISBN 978-7-5628-3513-4

定 价 / 22.50 元

联系我们: 电子邮箱 [press@ecust.edu.cn](mailto:press@ecust.edu.cn)

官方微博 [e.weibo.com/ecustpress](http://e.weibo.com/ecustpress)

淘宝官网 <http://shop61951206.taobao.com>



# 前言

看着市场上浩如烟海、质量参差不齐的中学英语教辅图书,有一个想法在我们心中由来已久,那就是编写一套真正内容扎实、效果明显、让同学和家长们的每一分钱都不虚掷的中学英语阅读理解和完形填空丛书。经过精心选编和翻译,经过无数次推敲和取舍,现在,这套丛书终于完稿了。以下是它们的五个主要特点,希望对您有所帮助。

**一、内容经典,所有篇目均选自历年中、高考真题。**我们尤其注重英文的地道和原汁原味,剔除了某些由中国人撰写的、带有明显汉语思维痕迹的中、高考文章。

**二、循序渐进,按内容的难度进行分级。**整套丛书从初一至高三难度逐渐抬升,让阅读者的英语水平在不知不觉中得到提高。

**三、疑难词、关键词注释,力求重点突出。**特别是给出了相应的例句,便于阅读者彻底掌握这些词汇。

**四、全文翻译,彻底解决读不懂、读不透、练习做了很多但水平提升缓慢的问题。**您可能早已注意到,超过99%的中学英语教辅书籍是没有翻译的,为什么?因为翻译的难度最大、对编者的挑战最高。所以我们查阅了大量资料,尽力提供最为准确、流畅的译文,力求使同学们读一篇就彻底消化一篇。

**五、采用五篇完形填空的周计划模式,与中、高考形式和题量相吻合,并在周末补充生词强化及幽默故事。**全书共24周,一周之内每天读一篇,题量不大便于坚持,以达到循序渐进的目的。

本书出版后受到了读者欢迎。为进一步提高质量,修订时删减了部分过难的篇目,题型更加多样化,包括首字母填空、选词填空、完形填空等,以期更适合学生的使用。

本丛书的出版离不开华东理工大学出版社编辑们的策划和支持。正是由于他们专业的建议和严谨的敬业精神,才使得这套书能以更佳的面貌呈现给大家。在此,我们深表谢意。

本书正文的翻译,中考、高考、公共英语等级考试真题外所有篇目的设题,均由刘弢完成。错谬之处请读者不吝指正。

编者

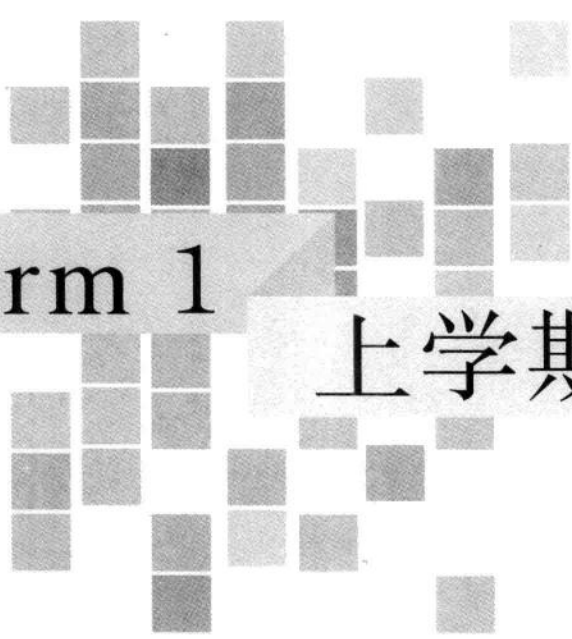
## Term 1 上学期

003	第 1 周
009	第 2 周
014	第 3 周
019	第 4 周
024	第 5 周
030	第 6 周
035	第 7 周
041	第 8 周
047	第 9 周
052	第 10 周
058	第 11 周
063	第 12 周

## Term 2 下学期

071	第 13 周
076	第 14 周
082	第 15 周
089	第 16 周
096	第 17 周
102	第 18 周
107	第 19 周
113	第 20 周
119	第 21 周
125	第 22 周
131	第 23 周
137	第 24 周
143	参考答案





Term 1

上学期



第 1 周

Monday

题材: 享受生活

词数: 175

建议阅读时间: 4.5 分钟

Blue Bear lives in a little house near a hill.

One spring, when it was time to 1 his tomato plants, Blue Bear went to work in his new 2. Very carefully, Blue Bear planted each little 3 plant in his garden. All the summer, he took care of the garden and 4 the plants. Sometimes he would sit by the garden, 5 his fruit juice. Near the end of the summer, the tomatoes were fat and red. Blue Bear 6 quite a lot and took them into his little house. He thought, "Mmm, I have tomatoes. Now I think it's time to 7 bread!"

With his pan he began to make bread. It took him only a few minutes to finish it. The whole house was filled with a wonderful 8. Then he cut the tomatoes and made a big sandwich. He was so happy that he ran out of the house, singing and jumping. And when he really felt a little 9, he thought of his sandwich and went 10 into the house.

生词

juice n. (蔬菜、水果等的)汁; orange juice 橙汁/tomato juice 番茄汁

阅读上面的短文, 选择正确答案。

- |              |            |            |             |
|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. dig    | B. plant   | C. cut     | D. harvest  |
| 2. A. house  | B. school  | C. city    | D. garden   |
| 3. A. tree   | B. tomato  | C. potato  | D. flower   |
| 4. A. pulled | B. pushed  | C. watered | D. made     |
| 5. A. eating | B. buying  | C. selling | D. drinking |
| 6. A. picked | B. cooked  | C. found   | D. planted  |
| 7. A. eat    | B. drink   | C. make    | D. buy      |
| 8. A. smell  | B. drink   | C. cheese  | D. tea      |
| 9. A. happy  | B. worried | C. angry   | D. hungry   |
| 10. A. by    | B. back    | C. past    | D. out      |

参考译文

蓝熊生活在山脚下的一幢小房子里。

一年春天, 种植西红柿的季节到了, 蓝熊来到自己新开垦的花园里干起活来。他非常小心地种下一株株西红柿秧。整个夏天他都在照料花园, 给植物浇水。有时候他会坐在花园旁, 喝着果汁。邻近夏末的时候, 西红柿长得又大又红。蓝熊摘了很多, 然后把它们拿回自己的小房子里。他想, “嗯, 我有西红柿了, 我想现在该做面包了!”



他拿出平底锅,开始做面包。只花了几分钟他就做好了。整个房间充满了奇妙的香味,然后他把西红柿切好,做了一份大大的三明治。他很开心,于是跑出房子又唱又跳。当他确实感到有点饿了的时候,他想起了他的三明治,就重新回到了房子里。

## Tuesday

题材: 成长故事

词数: 150

建议阅读时间: 4 分钟

Mike always loves ships. When he was older, he said, "I'm going to be a sailor." But his eyes were not very 1, and he did not get in. Then he said, "I'm going to 2 a small boat and I'm going around the world." But boats were very expensive, and Mike did not have enough 3.

Last summer Mike found a swimming 4 near his house. The lessons did not cost very 5, and Mike began going to the school at every end of the week and having 6. Now he is a good swimmer.

Last week a little boy said to him, "You're a very good swimmer. How do 7 learn to swim so well?" "I'm not good at all," Mike said and smiled, "8 I'm in the water, I say to myself, 'There are 9 fishes behind me!' Then I'm very afraid, and I 10 quickly."

**生词** sailor n. 水手, 海员 || sail v. 航行, 驾驶(船只): My father taught me to sail when I was 14. 我 14 岁时, 父亲教我开船。  
get in (经考试或测验后) 被接受: The child got in after a special test. 经过一次专门的测验后, 这个孩子被接受入学。

阅读上面的短文, 选择正确答案。

- |                   |              |              |              |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. big         | B. beautiful | C. good      | D. strong    |
| 2. A. buy         | B. make      | C. borrow    | D. draw      |
| 3. A. food        | B. work      | C. time      | D. money     |
| 4. A. park        | B. school    | C. farm      | D. factory   |
| 5. A. much        | B. little    | C. many      | D. any       |
| 6. A. meals       | B. lessons   | C. talks     | D. games     |
| 7. A. I           | B. they      | C. we        | D. you       |
| 8. A. If          | B. When      | C. Though    | D. Where     |
| 9. A. interesting | B. nice      | C. dangerous | D. different |
| 10. A. run        | B. jump      | C. swim      | D. fly       |

## 参考译文

迈克一直很喜欢船。当他长大一点后, 他说: “我要成为一名水手。”但他的眼睛不太好, 所以没有被录取。后来他说: “我要买艘小船环游世界。”但船很贵, 迈克没有足够多的钱。

去年夏天, 迈克在他家附近找到了一所游泳学校。在这所学校上课花费不多, 于是迈克开始在每个周末去学校上课。现在他已经游得很好了。

上周, 一个小男孩对他说: “你游得这么好, 你是怎样学的?” “我游得一点也不好,” 迈克笑着说, “每次我下水, 我都要对自己说, ‘我身后有一些可怕的鱼!’ 这样我就很害怕, 游起来就快了。”

Wednesday

题材: 人际交流

词数: 157

建议阅读时间: 4 分钟

Mrs. Jones was 1 for an important telephone call, but she had no bread in the house, so she 2 the baby at home and said to his five-year-old brother, "I am going to the 3, Jimmy, and I will be 4 in a few minutes."

While she was out, the telephone rang, and Jimmy answered. "Hello," said a man, "is your 5 there?"

"No," answered Jimmy.

"Well, when she comes back, say to her, 'Mr. Baker telephoned.'"

"What?"

"Mr. Baker. 6 it down. B-A-K-E-R."

"How do you make a B?"

"How do I make...? 7, little boy, is there anybody else with you? Any brothers or sisters?"

"My 8 Billy is here."

"Good, I want to talk to him, please."

"All right." Jimmy took the 9 to the baby's bed and gave it to Billy...

When their mother came back, she asked, "Did anyone telephone?"

"Yes," said Jimmy, "a man. But he 10 wanted to talk to Billy."

**生** make v. 写: make a poem 写诗/make a sentence 造句

**词** else adj. 另外的, 其他的, 别的: What else did he say? 他还说了些什么?

阅读上面的短文, 选择正确答案。

- |                 |              |            |                |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. A. looking   | B. playing   | C. running | D. waiting     |
| 2. A. left      | B. let       | C. helped  | D. taught      |
| 3. A. factories | B. schools   | C. shops   | D. restaurants |
| 4. A. back      | B. over      | C. away    | D. past        |
| 5. A. father    | B. neighbour | C. mother  | D. doctor      |
| 6. A. Write     | B. Take      | C. Send    | D. Bring       |
| 7. A. Look      | B. Listen    | C. Hear    | D. Help        |
| 8. A. sister    | B. brother   | C. child   | D. cousin      |
| 9. A. book      | B. bread     | C. toy     | D. telephone   |
| 10. A. also     | B. never     | C. even    | D. only        |

参考译文

琼斯太太正在等一个重要的电话, 但家里没有面包了, 她只好把婴儿留在家里自己外出采购。她对五岁的大儿子说: "我要去趟商店, 吉米, 几分钟后回来。"

她出门后, 电话响了, 吉米去接电话。"你好," 一个男人说, "你妈妈在家吗?"

"不在," 吉米回答。

“那么,她回来后告诉她,‘贝克先生来过电话。’”

“什么?”

“贝克先生,你记下来。B-A-K-E-R。”

“B怎么写?”

“怎么写?……听着,孩子,家里还有别人吗?兄弟姐妹都行。”

“我兄弟比利在家。”

“好的,我想跟他说话。”

“好吧。”吉米把电话拿到婴儿床上,放到比利耳边……

妈妈回来后问道:“有人来过电话吗?”

“有的,”吉米说,“是一个男人。但他只想跟比利说话。”

### Thursday

题材: 移民生活

词数: 145

建议阅读时间: 3.5 分钟

Mr. and Mrs. Dicarlo live in an old Italian neighborhood in New York City. They speak a l 1 English, but usually they speak Italian. They r 2 Italian newspapers. They l 3 to Italian radio programs. They d 4 shopping at the Italian food shop around the corner from their house. And every day they v 5 their friends and neighbors and talk about life back in “the old country”.

Mr. and Mrs. Dicarlo are worried about their s 6, Joe. He lives in a small v 7 outside the city, he speaks very little Italian. He reads American newspapers. He listens to American radio programs and b 8 things at big country supermarkets. When he visits his friends and neighbors, he speaks only English. I 9 fact, the only time Joe speaks Italian is when he calls Mr. and Mrs. Dicarlo on the p 10 or when he visits them every weekend.

阅读上面的短文,按照首字母提示填空。

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

**neighborhood** *n.* 社区;街坊四邻: We've just moved into the neighborhood and don't know our way around yet. 我们刚搬到这个社区,对周围环境还不熟悉。

生  
词

**program** *n.* (电台或电视)节目: Do you want to watch the program on Italian cookery at 8 o'clock? 你想收看8点钟关于意大利式烹饪的节目吗?

### 参考译文

迪卡洛夫妇住在纽约市一个古老的意大利社区。他们能说一点英语,但通常讲意大利语。他们读意大利报纸,听意大利电台的广播节目,在家附近拐角处的意大利食品店购物。他们每天都会去朋友和邻居家拜访,谈谈“老家”的往昔生活。

迪卡洛夫妇对他们的儿子乔很担心。他生活在市郊的小村子里,他几乎不说意大利语。他读美国报纸,听美国电台的广播节目,在郊外的大型超市购物。当他去拜访朋友和邻居时,他只说英语。实际上,乔只在跟迪卡洛夫妇打电话或每个周末去看望他们时才说意大利语。

Friday

题材: 单身汉的烦恼

词数: 128

建议阅读时间: 3 分钟

hate easy small throw home always I nice

It was a 1 factory, and there was nowhere to eat near it, so the workmen took food from their 2 and ate it in the factory at midday.

One of the workmen 3 had fish sandwiches. Every day he took one of them out of his bag, bit it, and then 4 all the sandwiches angrily away.

At last, one day one of the workmen said to him, "But, Bill, don't you like fish sandwiches?"

"No," said Bill, "I 5 them."

"Then why does your wife make them for you every day? There are lots of other 6 things for sandwiches. Tell your wife, and she will make other sandwiches."

"It isn't as 7 as that," answered Bill, "I haven't got a wife. I make the sandwiches 8."

阅读上面的短文,用所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_

生词

**nowhere** *pron.* 没有地方: The poor children had nowhere to play. 那些穷孩子没有地方玩。

**midday** *n.* 中午, 正午: We ate lunch at midday. 我们正午时吃午饭。

**bite** *v.* (bit, bitten) 咬: He bit the bread and tore off a piece. 他咬下一块面包。

参考译文

有一家小工厂,附近没有吃饭的地方,所以工人们都从家里自带食物,中午时在工厂里吃。

有一个工人老是吃鱼片三明治。每天他都是从包里拿出一只,咬上一口,然后生气地把所有三明治都扔掉。

终于有一天,他的一位工友忍不住问他:“比尔,难道你不喜欢鱼片三明治吗?”

“不喜欢,”比尔说,“我讨厌它们。”

“那你妻子为什么还每天给你做这种三明治? 三明治里可以夹的美味的东西很多。跟你妻子说说,她就会做其他口味的。”

“没那么容易,”比尔答道,“我没有妻子,这些三明治是我自己做的。”

Saturday

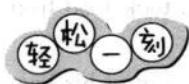
生词巩固

方框内的单词均为本单元生词,请将其与下面的释义一一对应。

juice sailor neighborhood program midday bite

- ( ) 1. a part of town or a surrounding or nearby region

- ( ) 2. twelve o'clock in the day
- ( ) 3. the liquid from fruit and vegetables
- ( ) 4. cut something with your teeth
- ( ) 5. a person who works on a ship
- ( ) 6. something on television or radio



## 幽默故事

A man found a million dollars on the street. He said, "If a poor person lost it, I'll give it back."

## 参考译文

一个男人在街上捡到 100 万美元,他说:  
“如果这些钱是穷人丢的,我就还给他。”

## 文题参考

第 2 周

Monday

题材: 爱好

词数: 130

建议阅读时间: 3.5 分钟

A man 1 went to the same bar at the same time every day and 2 two glasses of beer. He drank them and then asked for two more.

One day the man 3 the bar said to him, "Why do you always ask for two glasses of beer? Why 4 you get one big glass instead?"

The man answered, "Because I do not like to drink 5. I drink with my friend."

But a few days 6 the man came in and asked only for one beer.

"Oh," said the barman, "has your friend died?"

"Oh, no," said the man. "He is very well. This beer is for him. But I have 7 drinking beer. My doctor doesn't want me to drink any more because it is 8 for me."

**生词** bar *n.* 酒吧; the girl behind the bar 吧台后面的姑娘 || barman *n.* 酒吧男招待

**词** instead *adv.* 代替, 顶替: If you cannot go, let him go instead. 如果你不能去, 就让他替你去。

阅读上面的短文, 选择正确答案。

- |                 |              |                |              |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. never     | B. sometimes | C. always      | D. seldom    |
| 2. A. wanted to | B. paid for  | C. spent on    | D. asked for |
| 3. A. close to  | B. far from  | C. in front of | D. behind    |
| 4. A. will      | B. haven't   | C. must        | D. don't     |
| 5. A. alone     | B. together  | C. quietly     | D. silently  |
| 6. A. later     | B. earlier   | C. ahead       | D. ago       |
| 7. A. enjoyed   | B. continued | C. stopped     | D. finished  |
| 8. A. safe      | B. dangerous | C. cool        | D. hard      |

参考译文

有个人每天总是在固定时间去同一家酒吧, 要上两杯啤酒, 喝完后再要两杯。

一天, 吧台后的招待问他: "为什么你总是要两杯啤酒, 而不要一大杯呢?"

这人回答说: "因为我不喜欢独自一人喝酒。要两杯代表我和朋友一起喝。"

几天后, 这人又来到酒吧, 但只要了一杯。

"哦," 这名招待说, "你的朋友去世了吗?"

"不, 不," 这人说, "他很好, 这杯啤酒就是给他的。但我戒酒了。医生不让我喝, 因为这对我的身体有害。"



Tuesday

题材: 看病

词数: 149

建议阅读时间: 4 分钟

Mr. Green was ill and went to the hospital. A doctor l 1 him over and said, "Well, Mr. Green, you're going to g 2 some injections, and you'll feel much better. A nurse will come a 3 give you the first one this evening, and then you'll h 4 to get another one tomorrow evening."

In the evening a young nurse came to Mr. Green's b 5 and said to him, "I'm going to give you your f 6 injection now, Mr. Green. Where do you w 7 it?"

The old man was surprised. He looked at the nurse for a m 8, then he said, "N 9 has ever let me choose that before. Are you really going to let me choose now?" "Yes, Mr. Green," the nurse answered. She was in a hurry. "Where do you want it?" "Well, then," the old man answered with a smile. "I want it in your l 10 arm, please."

阅读上面的短文,按照首字母提示填空。

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_

**look over** 检查,查看: I forgot to look over the letter before I signed it; and I did not notice the mistakes. 在签署那封信之前,我忘了检查一下,没注意到里面那些错误。

生  
词

**injection** *n.* 注射;注射剂: We had to have five injections before the trip. 旅行前我们必须注射五种防疫针。

参考译文

格林先生因病来到医院。医生为他检查身体后说:“格林先生,你得打几针,这样,你就会感觉好多了。今天晚上,一位护士会过来给你打第一针,明天晚上,你还得再打一针。”

晚上,一位年轻护士来到格林先生的床前对他说:“现在我要给你打第一针了,格林先生。你想让我打在哪里?”

这位老人非常吃惊。他看着护士愣了片刻,然后说:“以前还从未有人让我自己选择。现在你真的能让我选吗?”“是的,格林先生。”这位护士回答道。她的样子很着急。“你想打在哪里?”“是这样,”这位老人微笑着回答,“我想打在你的左胳膊上。”

Wednesday

题材: 遭遇抢劫

词数: 192

建议阅读时间: 5 分钟

Evening came. It was time for Mr. Bell to c 1 his shop. He was checking his money. His son Tom, who was 15, had just gone outside to buy a newspaper. Just then, a big man walked into the shop. He had a g 2 in his hand.

When Tom came back, he could hear the man asking his father for m 3. Tom could see the gun in the man's hand, but the man didn't s 4 or hear Tom.

Tom h 5 up the street. He looked for the police, but he didn't see any. Then Tom saw an old baseball bat lying in the street. "Maybe this will h 6," he thought. He ran b 7 with it. His father was just giving some of the money to the man. The man was watching Tom's father.

Tom knew he could not 8 long. "Now is the time. I must do it now." Tom went up to the man and knocked him down with the bat.

Tom and his father then ran outside. This 9 they got the police and told them what had happened. The police quickly went to the shop and 10 the man.

阅读上面的短文,按照首字母提示填空。

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_  
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

**生** check *v.* 检查,核实: Always check your spelling. (写完后)你都要检查下拼写。

**词** bat *n.* (棒球和板球等的)球棒

### 参考译文

夜晚降临,贝尔先生该关商店了。他正在清点钱数。他15岁的儿子汤姆刚刚出去买报纸。就在这时,一个大个子男人走进了商店。他的手里拿着枪。

当汤姆回来时,他听见这个人正在向他父亲要钱。汤姆能看见这个人手里的枪,但这个人没有看见也没有听见汤姆回来。

汤姆赶忙跑到街上。他四处找警察,但一个也找不到。这时,汤姆看见街上有一只旧棒球棒。“也许这个顶用,”他想。他拿着球棒就跑了回来。他的父亲正在给那个人钱。那个人只顾注意汤姆的父亲。汤姆知道不能再等了。“现在是时候了。我必须采取行动。”汤姆朝那个人走去,用球棒把他击倒在地。

然后,汤姆和父亲跑了出来。这次,他们找到了警察,并告诉警察所发生的一切。警察迅速来到商店,抓住了这个人。

### Thursday

**题材:** 老人与孩子

**词数:** 202

**建议阅读时间:** 5分钟

One afternoon just before Christmas an old man was walking through the city center. The 1 were all filled with good things and crowded with 2 shoppers. Suddenly he saw a dirty boy sitting on the ground crying bitterly. When the kind old man asked him why he was crying, the little boy told him that he had 3 the ten-penny piece that his uncle had 4 him. At once the old man took out a handful of 5. He 6 out a shiny new ten-penny piece and handed it to the child. "Thank you very much," said the little boy, drying his 7. He cheered up at once.

An hour or so 8 the old man was 9 his way back home by the same road. To his surprise he saw the dirty little boy in the same place, crying bitterly as before. He went up to the boy and asked him if he had also lost the ten-penny piece he had just given him. The boy told him that he had not lost the second coin 10 he still couldn't find the first one. "If I could find my own piece," he said sadly, "I would have twenty pence now."

**bitterly** *adv.* 悲痛地,失望地: He complained bitterly that no one had asked his opinion. 他满腹牢骚地抱怨没有人征求过他的意见。

**penny** *n.* ([复数]pence)便士: A local call only costs a few pence. 市内电话只要花费几便士。

**handful** *n.* 一把: a handful of coins 一把硬币

**shiny** *adj.* (表面)发亮的: a shiny red apple 一个亮晶晶的红苹果

阅读上面的短文,选择正确答案。

- |               |             |             |              |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. streets | B. houses   | C. shops    | D. parks     |
| 2. A. angry   | B. cheerful | C. sad      | D. surprised |
| 3. A. spent   | B. left     | C. paid     | D. lost      |
| 4. A. owned   | B. given    | C. found    | D. lent      |
| 5. A. sweets  | B. pounds   | C. toys     | D. coins     |
| 6. A. picked  | B. made     | C. gave     | D. left      |
| 7. A. hands   | B. clothes  | C. eyes     | D. nose      |
| 8. A. before  | B. later    | C. past     | D. ago       |
| 9. A. giving  | B. making   | C. crossing | D. leaving   |
| 10. A. and    | B. but      | C. so       | D. as        |

## 参考译文

就在圣诞节前的一天下午,一位老人从市中心走过。商店里的好东西堆积如山,开心的顾客挤来挤去。突然,他看见一个脏兮兮的小孩坐在地上号啕大哭。当这位善良的老人问他为什么哭时,小孩说,他把叔叔给他的一枚 10 便士的硬币弄丢了。老人立刻拿出一把硬币,从中挑了一枚闪闪发亮的、崭新的 10 便士硬币,然后递给小孩。“非常感谢,”小孩一边擦眼泪一边说。他立刻开心起来。

大约一小时后,老人在同一条路上往回走。让他吃惊的是,那个脏小孩还在原地,像刚才一样号啕大哭。老人走过去,问他是否又把刚才给他的 10 便士硬币弄丢了。小孩说他没有丢,但他还是找不到起初的那枚硬币。“如果我找到自己的那枚,”他难过地说,“我就有 20 便士了。”

## Friday

题材: 新型科技

词数: 139

建议阅读时间: 3.5 分钟

People worry that they often lose their keys. Now if you forget 1 your key is, you can find it quickly.

Let's read the following. Yesterday Mr. Smith 2 his key in the room. "Where is my key?" he said to himself. He didn't know 3. He thought hard and 4 had an idea. "Hello!" he said in a loud voice. "Hello!" a voice came from inside the drawer of the desk. He was 5 to hear that. He hurried to the desk and pulled the drawer 6. To his pleasure, he 7 out the key from the drawer. What is all 8?

So, that is a new 9 invented in America. There is an *integrated circuit* (集成电路) and a very small speaker built in it. It can tell its 10 voice in no more than nine metres.

**生词** drawer *n.* 抽屉: The scissors are in the kitchen drawer. 剪刀在厨房抽屉里。

**词** speaker *n.* 扬声器: a pair of speakers 一对扬声器

阅读上面的短文,选择正确答案。

- |                  |              |                 |                |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. what       | B. where     | C. how          | D. which       |
| 2. A. took       | B. got       | C. brought      | D. lost        |
| 3. A. what to do | B. how to do | C. when to find | D. where to go |
| 4. A. when       | B. while     | C. then         | D. than        |