

# 全新英语听力


English Listening  
Comprehension

8 年级

New  
提高版



主编 ◇ 郑皓亮 何雯雯

 华东师范大学出版社



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## 出版说明



英语听力方面的图书一直是我社出版的一大特色,比如《英语听力入门》(*Step by Step*)系列教材就是我国英语教学史上具有广泛影响力和持久生命力的一套听力教材,25年来深受广大读者的喜爱。同时,我们也出版了很多配合中、小学教学的听力图书,为提高中、小学生的听力水平做出了贡献。

我社一直密切关注英语教学的最新发展,我们充分发挥在听力图书方面的出版优势,根据中小学教育教学发展的新要求,精心编写了本套《全新英语听力》系列丛书,从小学3年级到高三,中学又分基础版和提高版,供广大中学生冲刺中考、高考训练听力使用。这是一套帮助学生全面掌握听力技能,不断提高听力水平的全新听力辅导读物。

中考、高考的基础版分册侧重模拟测试题的训练,各精编了20套模拟卷,并附上具有参考价值的中、高考真题供考生练习使用。提高版的中考、高考分册附有18套模拟题,使考生提前体验考试的氛围,为顺利通过中、高考做好充分的准备;其中,高考又分为全国卷和上海卷,使高中生可以更加有针对性地选择使用,不断提高自己的听力水平,从而笑傲高考。其他各分册均以话题为线索,根据中小学英语课程标准的要求设计了16—20个话题。围绕每一话题,安排了不同题型的听力练习,使学生逐步夯实听力的技巧与技能基础,从而更好地掌握英语学习的基本技能之一——听!此外还设计了期中测试和期末测试题(各2套),以更好地满足同学们自测的需求。此外,为了帮助同学们系统地提高英语听力技能,作者在各个分册的前面用简洁的文字给出了不同年级听力训练的指导,这既是老师课堂讲解的要点概括,又是听力学习较好的同学的经验之谈,值得同学们细细品味和借鉴。

本系列丛书的特点是:

- 体现英语的交际功能
- 遵循听力训练的原则
- 点拨听力理解的要领和策略
- 荟萃听力的高频词汇
- 试题设计精妙,难易度合理
- 内容覆盖教材中出现的各种话题



- 各分册反映各年级的不同侧重点
- 从单项技能逐步过渡到综合技能

本丛书的作者均为富有英语听力教学经验的资深教师，书中的听力材料均经过他们仔细研究选编，时代气息浓郁，贴近学生实际生活，突出交际性和实用性，内容涉及学生日常生活、人文风貌、自然科学、时事新闻等，涵盖经济、科技、体育、文艺等各个领域；语言地道，原汁原味。小学的本册还为小学生朋友编写了朗朗上口的儿歌，让小朋友在轻松愉快的儿歌氛围里畅游英语世界。

我们真诚希望本书能为同学们提高英语听力水平起到帮助作用！

华东师范大学出版社教辅分社

- 最新修订的听力材料
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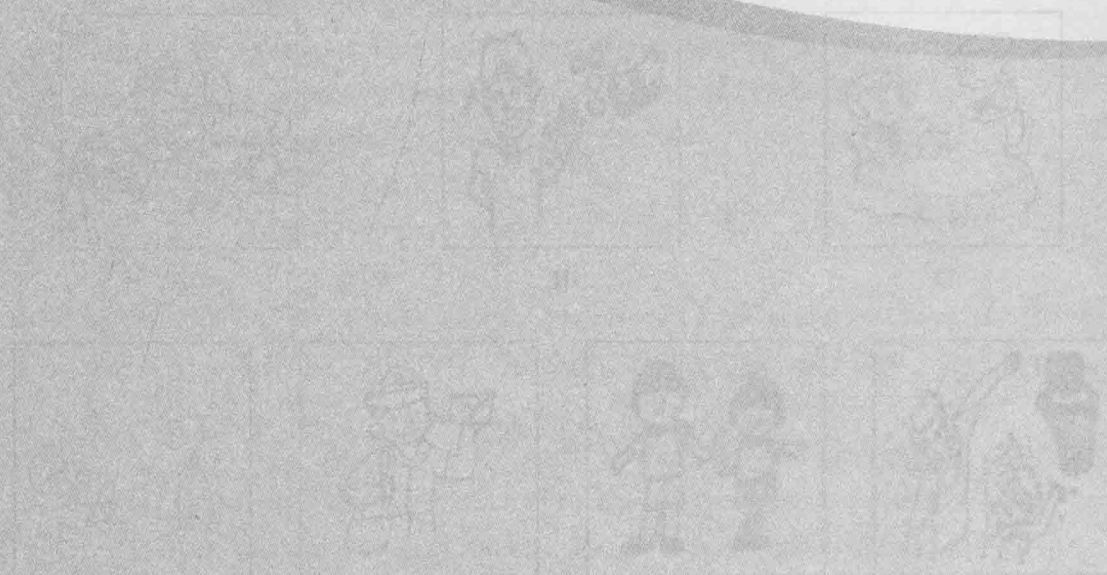
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# 全新英语听力提高版测试题

Listen to the recording and choose the correct picture. (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片)



Listen to the recording and choose the correct answer. (根据你听到的内容, 选出正确的答案)

- 1. What is the man doing?  
A. He is sitting at a desk.  
B. He is standing at a blackboard.  
C. He is holding a large umbrella.  
D. He is talking to a friend.
- 2. What is the woman doing?  
A. She is holding a large umbrella.  
B. She is holding a large ice cream cone.  
C. She is holding a large umbrella next to a person holding a large ice cream cone.  
D. She is holding a large umbrella next to a person holding a large ice cream cone.

全案英文習代式對高州廣州



# Unit 1

## Dear Friends

I. Listen and choose the right picture. (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片):  
(共 6 分)



A



B



C



D



E



F



G

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question. (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共 10 分)

7. A. Alice's cousin. B. Alice's brother.  
C. Alice's sister. D. Alice's pen-friend.
8. A. German. B. Japanese.  
C. Korean. D. Chinese.

- ( ) 9 A. In a bookstore. B. In a library.  
C. In a hospital. D. In a cinema.
- ( ) 10 A. When we need to make friends. B. Why we need to make friends.  
C. When to make friends. D. How to make friends.
- ( ) 11 A. Monday. B. Sunday.  
C. Tuesday. D. Wednesday.
- ( ) 12 A. By visiting their houses. B. By writing ordinary mails.  
C. By writing e-mails. D. By phone.
- ( ) 13 A. By underground. B. By taxi.  
C. By bus. D. On foot.
- ( ) 14 A. Cartoons. B. Action movies.  
C. Horror movies. D. Adventure movies.
- ( ) 15 A. It's impossible to make real friends with so many people.  
B. In fact, the woman has no friends around her.  
C. The woman is telling a lie and she is dishonest.  
D. The man wants to tell the woman not to make many friends.
- ( ) 16 A. At 8. B. At 7:45.  
C. At 7:55. D. At 8:05.

**III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false.**

(判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合用 T 表示,不符合用 F 表示):(共 7 分)

- ( ) 17 Human beings can't do without friends.
- ( ) 18 The writer doesn't want her friends to come to her when she is very sad.
- ( ) 19 According to the writer, a real friend is the same as a precious pearl.
- ( ) 20 To have the same hobbies or interests is the first thing that people consider when they make friends.
- ( ) 21 The writer wants to make friends with those who have enough power.
- ( ) 22 The writer doesn't want to make friends with people who wear glasses.
- ( ) 23 The support the writer gives to her friend will never change all her life.

**IV. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words. (听短文,用最恰当的词填空,每格限填一词):(共 7 分)**

- 24 The nationality of the pen-friend is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 25 Now he studies in Grade \_\_\_\_\_ in a Junior High School.

- 26 The subjects he does well in are \_\_\_\_\_ and math.
- 27 The pen-friend \_\_\_\_\_ me to teach him Chinese at the beginning.
- 28 He seems to have lots of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 29 In his letters, he shares with me many \_\_\_\_\_ in his country.
- 30 I hope to meet him in China so that we can \_\_\_\_\_ with each other better.

## WORD BANK

friendship 友谊

be friendly to sb. 对某人友好

A friend in need is a friend indeed. [ 谚语 ] 患难朋友才是真朋友。

Old friends and old wine are best. [ 谚语 ] 陈酒味醇,老友情深。

The best of friends must part. [ 谚语 ] 天下无不散的筵席。

bosom [ close, great, good, sworn ] friends 好朋友,心腹朋友。

be [ make ] friends with 跟……要好,跟……做朋友

海内存知己,天涯若比邻。

While China holds our friendship,  
heaven remains our neighbourhood.



# 听

# 力

## Unit 2

### Work and Play

I. Listen and choose the right picture. (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片):  
(共6分)



A



B



C



D



E



F



G

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question. (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共10分)

- ( ) 7. A. A policeman. B. A nurse.  
C. A secretary. D. A doctor.
- ( ) 8. A. At 9 o'clock. B. At 8:30.  
C. At 8:20. D. At 7:50.

- ( ) 9 A. In a library. B. In a post office.  
C. In a bookstore. D. At the airport.
- ( ) 10 A. The guitar. B. The piano.  
C. The violin. D. The drum.
- ( ) 11 A. Buying some new clothes will make babies smile.  
B. Dressing babies the clothes they like will make them smile.  
C. Showing lovely dolls will make babies smile.  
D. Dressing babies up like dolls will make them smile.
- ( ) 12 A. The girl doesn't know her teachers.  
B. The boy thinks nobody is busy.  
C. The girl isn't hard working.  
D. The boy doesn't agree with the girl.
- ( ) 13 A. Eating much spicy food.  
B. Not taking medicine.  
C. Not eating breakfast regularly.  
D. Enjoy too many fruits.
- ( ) 14 A. Lucy works harder than her husband.  
B. Her husband works very hard.  
C. Her husband likes drinking.  
D. She works harder than her husband.
- ( ) 15 A. Shanghai. B. China.  
C. Canada. D. Britain.
- ( ) 16 A. Mike's mother. B. Mike's teacher.  
C. Mike's sister. D. Mike's classmate.

III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false.

(判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合用 T 表示,不符合用 F 表示):(共 7 分)

- ( ) 17 The group of monkeys lived an exciting and rich life in a forest.
- ( ) 18 Monkey David stole a watch from a traveler.
- ( ) 19 No monkeys knew how to use the watch and they threw it away.
- ( ) 20 The watch helped David to be the king of the group.
- ( ) 21 David could tell more accurate time with the help of more watches.
- ( ) 22 Other monkeys were always satisfied with David's job.
- ( ) 23 From the story, we can conclude that watches are not as helpful as the sun.

IV. Listen to the dialogue and fill in the blanks with proper words. (听对话,用最恰当的词填空,每格限填一词):(共7分)

- 24 We need money for \_\_\_\_\_ and food and to pay for houses.
- 25 Work can help us feel that we are \_\_\_\_\_ as well.
- 26 It's hard for a new \_\_\_\_\_ to find a good job immediately.
- 27 When you work, you can gather a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ for future jobs.
- 28 \_\_\_\_\_ study is a trend to make sure that we can keep ourselves up with the high developing society.
- 29 We have no \_\_\_\_\_ but to adjust our thoughts to be ready to learn anything at any time.
- 30 Susan has a right attitude (态度) towards \_\_\_\_\_.

**WORD BANK**

All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy. 只会用功不玩耍,聪明孩子也变傻。  
(经典电影台词)

work 工作(不可数名词)

work 作品(可数名词)

works 工厂(可数名词、单复数形式一致)

a man of all work 多面手

a great work 伟业;杰作 *Selected Works of Shakespeare* 《莎士比亚选集》

at work 在做活,在工作;起着作用;运转中

won't work 不行



# Unit 3

## Dealing with Troubles

I. Listen and choose the right picture. (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片):  
(共6分)



A



B



C



D



E



F



G

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question. (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共10分)

- ( ) 7. A. They met with the same problem in the last Unit.  
 B. The boy can find the solution on the last page of a book.  
 C. The boy wanted the girl to do more revision.  
 D. The girl didn't know the solution at all.

- ( ) 8 A. She became too fat. B. She fell off her bike.  
C. Her leg was injured. D. A boy knocked her down.
- ( ) 9 A. Red. B. White.  
C. Blue. D. Black.
- ( ) 10 A. He didn't eat up his dinner.  
B. He played computer games for too long.  
C. He was sick.  
D. He didn't wash his dish.
- ( ) 11 A. Which museum to visit.  
B. How to get tickets.  
C. Where the entrance to the museum is.  
D. When to see the museum.
- ( ) 12 A. The man should not buy the apartment.  
B. The man should save money in the bank.  
C. The man should sell all his belongings.  
D. The man should borrow money from the bank.
- ( ) 13 A. Once. B. Twice.  
C. Three times. D. Never.
- ( ) 14 A. In the library. B. In the classroom.  
C. In the art room. D. At home.
- ( ) 15 A. Fine. B. Cloudy.  
C. Rainy. D. Foggy.
- ( ) 16 A. It has a new system. B. It has high speed.  
C. It's fashionable. D. It's cheap.

III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false.

(判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合用 T 表示,不符合用 F 表示):(共 7 分)

- ( ) 17 Joe Cole is a basketball player and he is talented.
- ( ) 18 Joe Cole performed wonderfully at the 2010 World Cup.
- ( ) 19 Cole's coach doesn't think it wise for Cole to change a team.
- ( ) 20 Steve and Cole played in one team for nearly 3 years.
- ( ) 21 Steve thinks the reason why Cole isn't successful is that he doesn't work hard.
- ( ) 22 The old team didn't give Joe Cole the right role.
- ( ) 23 If a person has ability, he or she will always succeed.

IV. Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words. (听短文,用最恰当的词填空,每格限填一词):(共7分)

- 24 The man feels very glad to stand here and give people a short \_\_\_\_\_.
- 25 The man thinks some takers take others' hard work for granted instead of running after something \_\_\_\_\_.
- 26 Because of several reasons, more and more takers are \_\_\_\_\_ in our society.
- 27 A giver should \_\_\_\_\_ taking with giving.
- 28 A giver should help the others who are in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 29 To be a giver doesn't mean that you shouldn't ask for material \_\_\_\_\_.
- 30 We can get \_\_\_\_\_ from living in the way of learning to be a good giver.

**WORD BANK**

**trouble**

1. *noun*

It is too much trouble. 麻烦死了。

What is the trouble? 怎么不好啦? 哪里不舒服?

The trouble is that .... 麻烦的是……。

digestive trouble(s) 消化系统毛病 heart trouble 心脏病

a trouble man = a trouble shooter (电路、煤气管等的)检修员

ask for trouble (口语) 自讨苦吃

be a trouble to 对……是一个麻烦

be in trouble(s) with 和……闹纠纷

get into trouble 招致麻烦,卷入纠纷

2. *verb*

I will trouble you to (do) 我要麻烦你去……

May I trouble you for [to (do)] ...? 麻烦你……好吗?

trouble sb. for money 问……要钱

have trouble (in) doing sth. 做……有麻烦