新概念英语学习丛书

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH **THE CONCEPT ENGLISH *

随课练乙

EVERY CLASS EXERCISE

主编 张微微

新概念英语学习丛书

新概念英语 随课练2

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH EXERCISE BOOK

主 编 张微微

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前 Preface

《新概念英语随课练 2》是为学习《新概念英语》的读者编写的配套练习。一、二册侧重与中考接轨,三、四册着重与大学英语等级考试对接。练习题目与每课的内容同步,突出重点、难点,内容丰富,形式灵活多样。广大英语学习者可通过一课一练,巩固教材中每课所学的内容,进而理清知识脉络,掌握英语听、说、读、写的基本技能,创造性地解题答疑,最大限度地发挥自己的潜能。书后附有参考答案,使用方便。

该书特点是两课一练,另有八个单元的综合测试。全书题型设计的难度较为容易,有利于学习者做题兴趣和信心的提高。注重练习的灵活性和题型的多样性,随着课文难度加大,所设题目难度逐渐增大、内容不断扩展,使学习者在实践中能有效提高各种英语技能。习题的命制注重题目与课文的拓展关联性,覆盖了课文中要求掌握的全部重点语法、词汇知识,以及相关的阅读、写作、翻译知识。通过完成每课的练习,学习者能够对教材内容达到更加深入的理解,有效地衡量自己对重要知识点的掌握程度;并且通过各种针对练习,也有利于学习者自我总结,梳理语言知识体系。

本书编写匠心独运,是目前新概念英语图书市场的品牌产品。《新概念英语随课练 2》的练习内容符合初学者的知识水平,注重练习的录活性、内容的趣味性,避免单一枯燥的重复练习,使学习者在实践中领会、理解、记忆和运用相应的语言知识。本书能有效帮助学习者在英语语言学习的初级阶段打好基础,培养兴趣,活学活用,提高交际能力。

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Lessons 1–2

`	常用词组和语言点	
	1. go to the theatre	去看戏
	go to the film/movie	去看电影
	2. interesting	令人感兴趣的
	interested	对感到有趣的(表示被动)
	3. get angry	生气
		get 为系动词。如:I got bored at the lecture.
	4. turn round = turn around	转过身
	round/around	指在周围
		如: look round/around
	5. angrily adv.	生气地(形容词 angry 变 y 为 i 再加 ly,成为副词,
		如:happy 的副词是 happily)
	6. pay attention	注意 (后常加介词 to)
		如: You should pay attention to your handwriting.
	7. in the end	最后 (近义词: at last, finally)
	8. none of your business	不关你的事
	9. get up	起床
	10. stay in bed	待在床上
	11. until	直到
	notuntil	直到才
	12. What a day!	What 对名词感叹,How 对形容词、副词感叹
	13. Just then	就在那时(just now 刚才)
`	根据句意和首字母提示,补	全单词
	1. I did not go to bed u	12 o'clock last night.
	2. Would you please r	it? I'm afraid I did not catch you.
	3. Shall we meet at	the school gate at 2 o'clock this afternoon?
	4. Please pay a to y	our pronunciation.
	5. He got very angry and shut	the door a
	6. Don't behave so r	. I can't b it anymore.

	7. The alarm clock is r now. It's time to get up.
	8. Your mother's sister is your a
	9. He's gone to Beijing f two days.
	10. Somebody is k on the door now. Please go open the door.
=、	用所给词的适当形式填空
	1. Please do not play the music so (loud/loudly) . The neighbors are
	sleeping.
	2. How (sad/sadly) Sarah is crying!
	3. Mary is very (happy/happily) because today is her birthday.
	4. The weather is (getting/got) drier these years.
	5. I was (surprised/surprising) to see him in here.
	6. There are many people in the ball, but (none/ nobody) is his friend.
	7. Both Kate and I (get/getting) prepared for the exam.
	8. She will go out if the rain (stop/stops/stopped) this afternoon.
	9. It might (rains/rain) tomorrow, says the broadcast.
	10. Football (plays/is played) all over the world.
四、	按要求改写句子
	1. He enjoys watching TV very much. (改为否定句)
	He enjoy watching TV
	2. The weather is so fine today. (改为感叹句)
	fine the weather is today!
	3. They are playing computer games. (改为单数)
	Tom playing
	4. It's raining outside. (针对划线部分提问)
	What is the now?
	5. The movie is interesting to me. (改为同义句)
	I the movie.
	6. Did you have a good flight? (改为肯定句)
	I flight.
	7. They were standing behind me. (改为同义句)
	I standing of
	8. I went to school after 10 o'clock last morning. (改为同义句)
	I to school 10 o'clock last morning.

Lessons 3-4

-,	常用词组和语言点		
	1. visit; go to see	拜访;参观	
	2. public gardens	公园	
	3. teach sb. sth.	教某人某事 (teach 接双宾语)	
	lend sb. sth.	借给某人某物	
	4. sendto	寄给 (比较: send for: 派某人去请)	
	5. on the last night	在最后一天晚上(具体日期前用介词 on)	
	6. make a decision	做出决定 decide v.	
	7. receive/get a letter from		
	sb.: hear from sb.	收到某人的来信	
	8. a great number of; many	许多(后加可数名词)	
	9. fly to: go toby plane/ take	飞往	
	a plane to		
	写出下列各词的过去式及过去分	词 -	
•	1. I (buy) a notebook yesterday. So the notebook		
	(buy) by me.		
	10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	e a postcard from Italy. So a postcard	
	(send) to me by my		
		to my brother last month. Some money	
	(lend) by my brother		
		ght. The car (make) in China.	
		atre last night. The summer vacation	
	(go).		
	6. My father (fly) to Ho	ong Kong on business. A kite	
	by my little neighbor.		
三、	同义句改写		
	1. Her father bought the car three	months ago.	
	Her father the		

	2.	The girl left her h	ome a year ago	o. She has not o	come back ye	t.
		The girl has	f	rom her home	for a year.	
	3.	This is the most in	nteresting book	that I have ev	er read.	
		I	read such ar	n interesting bo	ook before.	
	4.	His father took a	plane to the US	SA three days	ago.	
		Three days ago hi	s father	the	e USA.	
	5.	My mother went to	o Beijing last w	eek, and she	has not come	back yet.
		My mother		Beijing.	f =	
	6.	She came here two	o hours ago.	She	here	for two hours
	7.	He lent me a bool	s. I			him.
	8.	I spent the whole	day in my roor	n.		
		I in my	room the	<u> </u>		
	9.	He received a lett	er from his bro	ther yesterday.		
		He	his brothe	r yesterday.		
	10	. My father has ne	ver been to oth	ner countries b	efore.	
		My father has ne	ever	before.	1	
四、	选	择正确答案				
	1.	My father	to I	Beijing twice.		
		A. has been			t D. ha	as come
	2.	He has not seen h	nis family	three years	3.	
		A. for	B. since	C. in	D. at	
	3.	I have had my suj	pper. When	you	it?	
		A. have, had	B. did, had	C. did, k	ave D. do	, have
	4.	You have never m	et him before,	?		
		A. haven't you	B. do you	C. don't	you D. ha	ive you
	5.	He back	already.			
		A. had come	B. has come	C. came	D. wi	ill come
	6.	Could you tell me	how to	this word in	English?	
		A. tell	B. say	C. talk	D. Sp	oeak
	7.	We to le	arn English 5	years ago. W	e it	for 5 years.
		A. began, learned	[B. begin,	, have learned	ł
		C. have begun, ha	ave learned	D. began	, have learne	d

Lessons 5-6

`	常用词组和语言点	
	1. be five miles from + 地点	离5 英里
	2. Cover	(1) 覆盖, 经常用作 be covered
		with 由什么覆盖
		(2) +距离,相当于 travel
		如: We covered 15 miles yesterday.
		昨天我们走了15英里。
	3. in three minutes = in three minutes' time	用3分钟时间
	4. up to now	到现在为止
	5. a great many + 可数名词	许多,大量
	6. spare part	零部件,备件
	7. one, the other	一个,另一个(共两个)
	8. in this way	以这种方式,用这种方法
	9. move to	搬到
	10. knock at	敲
	11. ask for	要 (注意区别 ask "问")
	12. a glass of	一杯
	13. in return for	作为的回报
	14. stand on one's head	倒立
	15. go away	走开
	16. call at	光顾, 拜访
	17. once a month	每月一次
	twice a month	每月两次
	three times a month	每月三次
`	根据所给中文在横线上写出符合句子意思	的单词
	1. Tom (留口信	言) saying that he is going to the birth-
	day party.	
	2. He is (乞讨) for some money an	nd I am sure he is a (乞丐).
	3. Did you forget to put the key in your	(衣服口袋) before you left the

		house?
	4.	The (距离) between my home and the office is rather long.
	5.	Would you please (覆盖) the table with a piece of newspaper?
	6.	This hotel provides excellent (服务).
	7.	A trained (鸽子) can deliver massage over a very long distance.
	8.	I lost my cellphone, and I don't have a (备用的) one at the moment.
	9.	Do you think Chinese (食物) is tasty?
	10	. Who is (敲) at the door?
Ξ、	用	括号中所给动词的正确形式填空
	1.	If the rain (stop), we will go to the zoo today.
	2.	She (borrow) a book from the library last Sunday.
	3.	My sister (be) a doctor for 12 years.
	4.	I (read) "Harry Porter" twice because I think this series is
		wonderful.
	5.	James (stay) in Shanghai last summer for a short vacation.
四、	填	写最佳答案
	1.	What is that over there.
		It is (a/an/the) boat.
	2.	James hold a book in one hand and a laptop in (the other/another/
		other).
	3.	I like (the other/another/other) coffee shops better.
	4.	There are (many/much/any) sheep on the hill.
	5.	There are many trees on (each/both/all) side of the street now.
	6.	He isn't home because he (has been to/has gone to/went to) the cin-
		ema.
	7.	Do you know (a/an/the) lady in blue?
	8.	Has Jimmy arrived (yet/already)?
		Yes. He has (yet/already) been here for 5 minutes.
	9.	Mr. White has been in the fur business (for ten years/ten years ago/
		since ten years).
	10	. He (asks help/asks for help/asked help) every time when he is in
		trouble.

Lessons 7-8

-,	常用词组和语言点			
	1. at the airport	在机场 (at 强调"点")		
	2. try to do	设法做(不一定成功)		
	3. while	当的时候(常与进行时连用)		
	4. keep guard	守卫		
	5. to one's surprise	令某人惊讶的是 (如: to my surprise)		
	to one's relief	令人长舒一口气的是		
	to one's excitement	令人兴奋的是		
	to one's disappointment	令人失望的是		
	6. be full of	装满(近义词组: be filled with)		
	7. enter for	报名参加 (考试等)		
	8. win + 比赛/战斗	获胜		
=,	写出下列各词的比较级和最高级	ac .		
	1. short	2. many		
	3. beautiful			
	5. large	6. small		
	7. important	8. hard		
	9. strong	10. well		
	11. expensive	12. few		
	13. old	14. young		
	15. ugly	16. little		
	17. much	18. honest		
	19. rich	20. poor		
Ξ,	用所给词的适当形式填空			
	1. Which is (close) to the earth, the sun or the moon?			
	2. Which of the three books is	(boring) one?		
	3. They told me to keep quiet, bec	ause they (have) an interview.		
	4. The (much) excise ye	ou do, the better your health will be.		
	5. Tom is a bit (strong) than James.			

	6.	Jane laughs	_ (happy) during cl	ass breaks.	
	7. When you dropped by last night, I (have) a walk.				
	8. It costs (little) time to go to Hong Kong by plane than by ship.				
	9.	Would you please s	peak (loud	? It is too noisy h	ere.
	10	. Who's (tall), Tom, James or	Bob?	
四、	选	择正确答案			
	1.	There will be	in tomorrow's new	spaper.	
		A. new something		B. new anything	
		C. something new		D. anything new	
	2.	<u>.</u>	he party, there are on		you don't know.
		A. a few	B. a little	C. few	D. little
	3.	Please ask	for help, we are in h	oig trouble now!	
		A. somebody	B. everybody	C. nobody	D. anybody
	4.	The young lady nex	t door have one red c	ar and two blue	
		A. one	B. ones	C. those	D. one's
	5.	We are all exhauste	ed, and of u	s will grasp any ch	ance to have a good
		rest.			
		A. none	B. anyone	C. someone	D. neither
	6.	Miss Chou will visi	t home tomor	row.	
		A. us	B. our	C. we	D. ours
	7.	I've got to	tell you, please go a	way.	
		A. nothing		B. something	
		C. anything		D. everything	
	8.	This is strange, bee	cause I sawa	at the door but the	doorbell is ringing.
		A. somebody		B. nobody	
		C. anybody		D. everybody	
	9.	Do not move or tou	ch in my bed	droom, please.	
		A. anything		B. something	
		C. nothing		D. everything	
	10	. Guess who is com	ing tonight to your bir	thday party, it's _	you know.
		A. anyone		B. someone	
		C. everyone		D. nobody	

Lessons 9-10

٠,	常用词组和语言点	
	1. on Wednesday evening	在星期三晚上 morning, afternoon, evening 等词语有具体的限定词时, 一般用介词 on;
		如限定词是 this, that, next, last 等时则不
		用介词。如: on a fine morning; that morning
	2. a crowd of	一群
	a large crowd of	一大群
	3. the minute hand	分针
	the hour hand	时针
	the second hand	秒针
	4. refuse to do	拒绝做
	5. at that moment	在那一刻, 那时
	6. belong to	属于
	7. try to do	设法做
	8. allow sb. to do	允许某人做
	9. a friend of my father's	(双重所有格) 我父亲的一位朋友
	用正确的介词填空	
	1. Would you please speak	_ English, because I don't understand Chinese.
	2. Everyday I wake up 7	o'clock the morning and go to school
	bus.	
	3. It is quite freezing wind	ter.
	4. Don't be late work.	
	5. I can't go out I finish r	my homework.
	6. A child finish his compulsory education 12 years' time in China.	
	7 the moment Tom is not here, would you like to leave a massage?	
	8. Jane was born June.	
		night everyday because of his job.
	10. What do we have sup	per?