

南京大學珍蔭金石拓本(一)

張昇賓 柯君恒 主編



科學出版社





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內容簡介

本書收錄了南京大學所藏兩萬件歷代金石拓本中的近七十件（套）精品，內容涉及漢魏時期以來的摩崖題刻、神道碑銘、佛教洞窟題刻等，書體有隸書、楷書、行書等多種形式，有在書法史上風格獨特的六朝爨寶子、爨龍顏碑拓，還有唐代的歐陽詢、顏真卿，宋代的黃庭堅、米芾、蔡襄等著名書法家的書丹之作。這些作品在歷史研究和中國書法史研究上占據着極其重要的位置。

本書可供歷史、考古、文博等專業的學者研究和收藏，也可作為書法愛好者的鑒賞和臨摹範本。

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本書由柯君恒先生
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序 一

金戈鐵馬、烽火連天，中國人民經過浴血奮戰，終於贏得了抗日戰爭的全面勝利，這段包含着民族血淚的歷史應當永遠被後代所銘記。今年，恰逢世界反法西斯戰爭勝利七十週年暨中國人民抗日戰爭勝利七十週年，值此之際，南京大學出版了《南京大學珍藏金石拓本（一）》，既是為了弘揚中國優秀的傳統文化，又是為了讓世人了解南京大學前身之一的金陵大學在抗戰歲月中所經歷的種種磨難及其所展現出的百折不撓的精神風貌。

金陵大學的中國文化研究所成立於二十世紀三十年代，曾經匯集了一大批有影響的學者，他們在此致力於國故整理和教書育人，即使是在抗戰時期也未曾中斷收集和搶救珍貴的文物和碑拓資料。本書展示的近七十件作品只是南京大學考古與藝術博物館所藏兩萬多份歷代碑刻拓本中的部分精品。積年累月的收集和完好保存這批珍貴的文化遺產，體現了南京大學的一種歷史擔當，映襯出幾代南大人的不懈努力和奮鬥精神。

抗日戰爭的勝利，是近代以來中國首次反抗外族入侵的偉大勝利，也是全世界華人共同的歷史記憶。七十年過去了，在南京大學建校一一三週年之際，我們手捧這些劫後余生的歷代碑拓圖片，追懷當年金陵大學的前輩們冒着生命危險奔走於抗戰各地，征集、保存這些文物資料的種種艱辛，不禁肅然起敬，感慨萬端。整理和出版這些拓本資料，是對南京大學歷史上各個時期的先賢們的一種最好的懷念。今天的南京大學，正在為實現新時期民族復興的偉大中國夢而努力貢獻自己的力量，對於中國優秀的傳統文化遺產的繼承和發揚光大，既是我們的理想追求，又是我們的力量源泉。

香港收藏家柯君恒先生為了南京大學所藏歷代碑拓資料的整理與本書的出版慷慨解囊，熱心相助，對此，我深表敬意和感謝。

是為序。

陳駿

二〇一五年三月

Preface I

The Chinese people, with much bloodshed and fierce battles, won the complete victory over the Japanese, which has remained in the nation's collective memory for generations to come. On the 70th anniversary of the world Anti-Fascist War and the Chinese Anti-Japanese War, the *Selected Stone Inscription Rubbings from Nanjing University Collections I* was released by Nanjing University (NJU), to uphold the traditional Chinese culture and exhibit the hardships experienced by the University of Nanking, one of the two NJU's predecessors, and its unrelenting spirit in face of the bloody war.

The Chinese Culture Institute of the University of Nanking was set up in the 30s of the 20th century. A handsome group of prestigious scholars gathered there to sort out the nation's relics and train young students, and the collection and rescue of the precious rubbings had continued throughout the war. The nearly 70 rubbings selected for this volume are among the best of the 20,000 inscription rubbings in the inventory of the NJU's Art and Archaeology Museum. The efforts of collection over the years and the excellent state of preservation exemplify the responsibility of generations of NJU faculty for their persistence and professionalism.

The victory over the Japanese, which has become the collective memory of all Chinese worldwide, was the first major triumph over the invading foreigners in modern Chinese history. To contemplate these rubbing pictures 70 years later upon NJU's 113's anniversary, we cannot but feel in awe and admiration for the ups and downs underwent by the faculty of the University of Nanking shuttling among battle fields collecting and preserving these relics. The assortment and publication of the rubbings is the best way to cherish the memory of NJU's scholars at different historical periods. To us who are working hard to actualize the Chinese dream and the nation's revival, carrying over and upholding the cultural heritage is both our mission and the fountainhead of our strength.

Mr. Ko Jinheng, the Hong Kong antiques collector, has kindly supported the assortment and publication of this NJU collection. I would like to extend to him my sincere appreciation and respect.

Chen Jun
March, 2015

序 二

南京大學歷史久遠，馳名中外，除了培育了海內外無數精英人才之外，在文物收藏方面的貢獻，尤為世人所稱道，其成就位居國內高等學府前列。

抗日戰爭期間，南京大學（時為中央大學）舉校西遷，師生顛沛流離。成立于一九三〇年的中國文化研究所，教授學者不僅沒有因為戰亂而終止科研，而且在硝煙烽火的流亡途中，還搶救、搜集了兩千六百八十件金石拓本。歷經七十多年的積累，南京大學考古與藝術博物館收藏的金石拓本已逾兩萬件，在國內博物館中自成奇觀。

碑刻是中華歷史文化遺產中極為珍貴的組成部分，它利用石的有形材質，通過精心撰寫、書丹、鏤刻，留下形美質美的“史料典籍”，再經特殊方法傳拓到宣紙之上，于是肌理可觀，凹凸可辨，而富有金石韻味。所以總是為歷代識者與鑒賞家所珍藏。

《南京大學珍藏金石拓本（一）》精選館藏歷代碑刻拓片菁華近七十件，其中不乏稀世珍品，是書法歷史上深具影響的名碑、佳刻。這些碑刻以其補史、證史的功能，客觀地反映了不同時期的政治、經濟、軍事、科技、文化以及家族的狀況，承載着厚重的歷史文脈，對考古研究和歷史研究大有補益。除歷史價值外，還有審美價值。其精湛的書法藝術，可給人以美好的熏陶；其高超的雕刻技藝，可給人以心靈的震撼；其書法藝術價值和文獻史料價值并存。為體現這些內容豐富的藝術珍品，以資流通，繁榮祖國文化事業，由南京大學諸專家學者考證記述，整理出版，意義非同一般。

傳承文化遺產，弘揚民族精神，共建美好中國夢，是我們義不容辭的責任和義務。南京大學深厚的文化底蘊和豐富的文獻、文物收藏令人仰慕，在傳承歷史和弘揚文化上作出實實在在的貢獻。先後出版過《南京大學文物珍品圖錄》《南京大學藏近現代名人手迹選》等，余忝為南京大學名譽校董和書法藝術的愛好者，對本書的出版，略奉綿薄之力，樂襄其成，既是對南大前賢保護文化遺產的古道之心表示敬意，也是為世界反法西斯戰爭暨中國人民抗日戰爭勝利七十週年獻上一份禮物。

是為序。

柯君恆

謹書于宗陶齋

二〇一五年三月

Preface II

Nanjing University (NJU), a time honored institute of higher learning, is known for the students it has cultivated worldwide and its research on and collection of cultural relics.

NJU, then called the National Central University, had to move to China's west during the Anti-Japanese War. Despite the hardships they had undergone, the faculty of the Chinese Culture Institute established in 1930 continued their research throughout the difficult years, having rescued and collected as many as 2,680 items of stele and bronze rubbings. The number now has reached over 20,000 for NJU's Art and Archaeology Museum during the following 70 years, which is indeed rare in China's museums.

Stele inscription is an indispensable part of the cultural relics of the Chinese nation and history. By making use of stele, it leaves visible "historical records" through engraving and inscribing, and then processes these records by rubbing them on the art paper to make the surface rugged with texture of stone and bronze. For centuries, the stele inscription has been the prized curiosity of the connoisseur.

The *Selected Stone Inscription Rubbings from Nanjing University Collections I* selects nearly 70 items of stone rubbings from different dynasties, some of which are among the treasured items at the University Museum, especially the inscriptions which have profound influence on calligraphy of various historical periods. As supplement and testimony to history, these stele inscriptions carry information relating to political, economic, military, scientific, technological and familial contexts. With an accretion of history and culture, they perform the function of education and enlightenment. The fine calligraphy and exquisite engraving provide aesthetic pleasure, and the verifiable historical inscription is beneficial to archaeology as well. The publication and circulation of these ancient documents and cultural treasures, edited and verified by NJU scholars, is an indication of the high value of these art treasures and the prosperity of China's cultural undertakings.

It is our incumbent responsibility to transmit and uphold our culture and tradition. NJU faculty deserve admiration for their dedication to and professionalism in cultural transmission and respect for history, and NJU is known for its depth in studies on culture, which can be seen in their publications such as *Collection of Nanjing University Historical Relics* and *Antiques and Scripts of Modern and Contemporary Celebrities at Nanjing University*. As an NJU honorary trustee and amateur calligrapher, I feel honored to be able to assist the editing and publication of this volume, both as my respect for the scholars who have protected these historical relics, and as a tribute to the celebration of the 70th anniversary of the Anti-Japanese War.

Ko Jinheng at Zongtaozhai

March, 2015