

孟建平 主编

品牌教辅

专题突破

ZHUANTI TUPO

中考英语 任务型阅读



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ZT444



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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

专题突破. 中考英语. 任务型阅读 / 孟建平主编.
—杭州: 浙江工商大学出版社, 2015. 1
ISBN 978-7-5178-0324-9

I. ①专… II. ①孟… III. ①英语—阅读教学—初中—习题集—升学参考资料 IV. ①G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2014)第 293747 号

专题突破 中考英语 任务型阅读

责任编辑 李相玲

封面设计 陈金勇

责任印制 包建辉

出版发行 浙江工商大学出版社

(杭州市教工路 198 号 邮政编码 310012)

(E-mail: zjgsupress@163.com)

(网址: <http://www.zjgsupress.com>)

电话: 0571-88840530, 88084445

印 刷 杭州余杭大华印刷厂

开 本 787mm×1092mm 1/16

印 张 11

字 数 298 千字

版 次 2015 年 1 月第 1 版 2015 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

书 号 ISBN 978-7-5178-0324-9

定 价 29.80 元

版权所有 翻版必究 印装差错 负责调换

浙江工商大学出版社营销部邮购电话 0571-88904970

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第一部分 方法突破

任务型阅读是考查学生语言实际运用能力的一种题型,是阅读理解的另外一种形式,但是比阅读理解容易、浅显,问题的答案通常可以直接在文章中找到。任务型阅读主要来源于生活实际,所涉及的范围非常广泛,内容杂乱,任何生活场景都可编写出任务。根据任务的设计要求,大致可分为信息匹配型、完成图表型、回答问题型和补全短文型。

一、信息匹配型

信息匹配型的题目要求考生根据阅读材料中所提供的信息找出与题意相匹配的选项,旨在考查学生捕捉有效信息的能力和逻辑推理判断能力。做好此类试题我们可以先仔细阅读与段落相关的匹配选项,掌握每个选项的主旨大意以及关键信息。如果匹配选项内容比较多,段落比较长,为了节省时间,提高解题速度,我们可以在匹配选项上简要写出主旨大意或作适当的勾画,以便记忆。阅读了匹配选项,掌握了每个选项的主旨大意后我们再逐段阅读每个试题,掌握它们的中心思想,分析其关键信息。由于这部分内容有时比匹配信息长,因此我们在阅读这部分时务必要认真、细致,注意与相关匹配选项相一致的信息。每阅读完一道试题,我们结合记录或勾画的内容从匹配信息中选择相关的选项,重点查看两者在某些方面是否相通或与描绘的内容是否相一致等,然后直接筛选,确定答案。

例1 (广东省中考)左栏是五位病人的健康问题,右栏是七位专科医生的简介。请根据五位病人的健康问题为他们选出最合适的专科医生诊病。

- | | |
|---|---|
| () 1. Kent has endless work to do every day. He has trouble getting to sleep at night and usually stay awake till 2 am. | A. Dr. Yang has developed a new treatment to help patients give up drinking. She also does well in curing(治愈) diseases caused by drinking. |
| () 2. 8-year-old Dongdong has a sweet tooth. He has already had four bad teeth and his mom is worried about his toothache. | B. If you break or lose your teeth, go to Dr. Smith's. He has different kinds of false teeth for people aged over 20, and helps you feel good about yourself. |
| () 3. Lin's father has been a heavy drinker for 20 years. He decided to give up drinking after the body check which showed some health problems. | C. Dr. Li got a doctor's degree in traditional Chinese and western medicine. He is good at treating flu (fever, cough, 和 etc.) in both traditional Chinese and western medicine ways. |
| () 4. Recently Betty eats whatever she likes, including lots of meat. She has found herself putting on weight week by week but just can't stop eating. | D. Dr. Chen has a lot of experience in helping patients get normal sleep. She not only gives them medicine care but also provides advice on how to relax from busy work. |
| () 5. Nina has a high fever because of the flu she caught at school. She has such a big headache that she can't go to school. | E. Dr. Wright is always ready to offer help on eating problems. He believes each patient needs a different plan to control his/her wish to eat. |
| | F. Dr. Liu, one of the best dentists in Guangdong General Hospital, has great skills in fixing bad teeth and communicating with kids to win their trust. |
| | G. Dr. Grey is one of the top doctors in the field of heart diseases. She used to work in America for three years and is good at doing heart operations. |



答案 1. D 2. F 3. A 4. E 5. C

解析 1. 医生简介 D 项中的第一句话“Dr. Chen has a lot of experience in helping patients get normal sleep.”和病人“He has trouble getting to sleep...”相符。

2. 医生简介中 F 项“... fixing bad teeth and communicating with kids to win their trust.”与病人“8-year-old Dongdong has a sweet tooth.”相符。

3. 医生简介中 A 项“Dr. Yang has developed a new treatment to help patients give up drinking.”与病人中“He decided to give up drinking after the body check...”相符。

4. 医生简介中 E 项“Dr. Wright is always ready to offer help on eating problems.”与病人中“She has found herself putting on weight week by week but just can't stop eating.”相符。

5. 医生简介中“He is good at treating flu(fever, cough, ect.)”与病人中“Nina has a high fever...”相符。

解题技巧 信息匹配型题目虽然信息和材料内容较多,时间又紧,考生在做题时要运用略读、扫读、跳读的技巧快速阅读,阅读时对关键的要求作适当的勾画,抓住关键词,采取排除的方法,快速准确地找到答案。

二、完成图表型

完成图表型的题目要求考生通过阅读材料,获取相关信息,以填写词语或补全句子的方式完成表格或图表,图表或表格的设置常常对应文章的组织结构,考查学生从整体上把握语言材料的理解能力。这种题目中所填的词或词组往往具有很高的概括性和准确性,因此,考生必须认真阅读材料,尽可能地从短文中找到所要填写的内容,必要时也需进行适当修改。首先要通读全文,了解文章大意,弄清作者的观点和写作意图。其次细读文后表格考查之处,明确表格所要填的内容,排除无用信息,从而提高答题速度和准确率。再带着问题复读,关注能提供主要信息的句段,复读时可边读边作标记。然后对于可以从文章中直接找出答案的先填入表格内,遇到填不上的可先搁置,把简单能做的题目都答完后,再对难题所对应的信息进行适当修改。

例 2 (湖北省十堰中考)

Do you need useful and interesting books? Here we've got plenty for you.

Best Learners

This book can give you the answers to the questions most often asked by parents, teachers and students themselves. Read this book and learn:

- What the three difficulties in study are and what to do with them.
- What to do if you are not interested in a subject you are studying.
- Twenty-six simple exercises to help you study easily and fast.

You will get more from this book. For younger students, you can buy *Learn to Study for Beginners*. It is easier to understand.

How to Keep Pets

A pet can be our best friend. Do you have pets in your house? Are they in good shape? This book not only offers you many colorful pictures of lovely pets, but also provides you with the knowledge about:

- How to choose right pets for yourself.
- How to build houses or nests(窝) for your pets.
- How to feed the pets and how to keep them clean.

Buy this book and you will learn more.

We have many other books on sale. For more information enter www.knowbetter.com. If you buy two or more books at a time, you'll get 10% off.



Best Learners What're the three difficulties in study and how to 1. _____ with them.
What if you aren't 2. _____ in a subject you are studying.
If you finish the 26 simple exercises, you can study easily and fast.

How to Keep Pets You should choose the pets you like.
You'd better build houses or nests for them.
In order to make your pets 3. _____, you should feed them and keep them clean.

The book, 4. _____, is better for younger students to read.
If you 5. _____ more information, you can go to our website.

答案 1. deal 2. interested 3. healthy/keep/stay healthy

4. *Learn to Study for Beginners* 5. need/want to get/ask for

解析 1. 从介绍 *Best Learners* 这本书中我们可以找到这一句: What the three difficulties in study are and what to do with them. 学习中的三大难题是什么以及怎么处理它们。what to do with=how to deal with, 所以此处应填 deal。

2. 从文中我们可以找到这一句: What to do if you are not interested in a subject you are studying. 如果你对你学习的科目不感兴趣, 你会做什么。be interested in 对……感兴趣, 实际上也是对词组的考查。所以此处应该填 interested。

3. 此空的后半句 "... you should feed them and keep them clean. 你应该饲养它们并让它们保持干净。”这样做就是为了让宠物更健康。所以这个空可以填 healthy / keep / stay healthy。

4. 我们从文章当中寻找信息 "You will get more from this book. For younger students, you can buy *Learn to Study for Beginners*. It is easier to understand. 你将从这本书中得到更多。对较小的学生来说, 你可以买 *Learn to Study for Beginners* 这本书, 它更容易理解。”所以填 *Learn to Study for Beginners*。

5. 从文中找到此句 "We have many other books on sale. For more information enter www.knowbetter.com. 我们还有很多其他的书销售, 了解更多信息登陆 www.knowbetter.com 这个网站。”“获取更多信息”这个短语, 表达方式不尽相同。所以填 need/want to get/ask for 都可以。

解题技巧 做本题时可先阅读全文了解文章大意, 其次阅读表格, 根据表格的考查内容回到对应的文章段落中查找信息。本文的空格内容在原文中都能找到相应信息, 但是所填的答案需要相应的修改, 这里也考查到学生的语法知识, 如第一道 what to do with 和 how to deal with 的转换, 还有学生的理解推理和语言组织能力, 如第三道。

三、回答问题型

回答问题型的题目要求我们根据短文、表格、图片或图文结合的材料回答命题者设定的问题。所设置的任务通过事实或细节的查找就能完成, 与普通阅读理解的解题方法相似, 只是题目设计采用了主观题形式, 没有给出选项, 需要我们从材料中寻求信息, 以一个完整的句子, 或者是其适当的缩略形式作答。其主要设题形式有回答问题、句子翻译、填句子或选句子、改写句子等。考查考生对文章的理解能力和对语言的组织能力。回答问题时最好是先看问题, 带着问题去读文章, 就可以有重点、有侧重地阅读, 在原文中尽快找出问题的答案。翻译句子时要使用地道的表达方式, 译出符合逻辑关系的句子。填句子或选句子时, 要注意从原文中捕捉最有价值的信息, 注意逻辑性和连贯性。改写句子时, 要按具体要求改写, 注意句子结构、习惯用法、文化差异等。该类型题目涉及写, 应特别注意大小写及书写规范问题, 做到每个细节都



能万无一失,保证做题的准确性和得分率。

例3 (山东省菏泽中考)

In the Charles E. Johnson Elementary School in New York, there is a special radio. It gives people warnings(警报) about bad weather.

One day, there came a sound from the radio. This sound brought the piece of news: a heavy storm was coming. William Tomic, principal(校长) of the school, asked teachers to bring children indoors and put them in a safe place at once.

Minutes later, the storm came. However, because of the warning of the radio and quick work of the principal, no one was hurt.

“The radio really did work very well. _____ (我们对它的工作感到很高兴),” William Tomic said, “The parents were as well.”

The U. S. government hopes there will be more such success stories. It plans to give this kind of radios to all 97,000 public schools in the country.

Every year, more than 10,000 big thunderstorms, 2,500 floods, 1,000 tornadoes(龙卷风) and some hurricanes(飓风) take place in the U. S., so the warning radios are very useful. They not only give people warnings about bad weather, but also give warnings about other dangerous things.

(一)请根据短文内容,简要回答下列问题。

1. What does the special radio give people?

2. Why was no one hurt in the storm?

(二)请根据短文中所给汉语完成句子。

3. _____

(三)请把短文中画线的句子译成汉语。

4. _____

(四)请给短文拟一个恰当的英文标题。

5. _____

答案 1. It gives people warnings about bad weather.

2. Because of the warning of the radio and the quick work of the principal.

3. We felt/were happy about its work.

4. 它们不但给人们关于坏天气的警报,还发出关于其他危险事情的警报。

5. A special radio. /The warning radios. / Radios to help keep students safe.

解析 1. 由第一段“... there is a special radio. It gives people warnings about bad weather.”可知。

2. 由第三段中“... because of the warning of the radio and quick work of the principal, no one was hurt.”可知是由于电台的提示和校长的快速工作。

3. 感到高兴 feel /be happy.

4. not only... but also... 不但……而且……。

5. 通读全文可知有一个特殊的无线电台,预报可怕的天气,来保护学生们的安全。故本文的标题可以是:A special radio. /The warning radios. /Radios to help keep students safe.

解题技巧 本文第一大题要求回答问题,问题的答案从原文可以找到,要注意书写时第一个字母要大写;第二、三大题要求英汉互译,注意词组的翻译;第四大题要求拟标题,考查学生对文章主旨的把握,可以从第一段的主旨句中得知,也可从文章多次提及的频率词得知。



四、补全短文型

补全短文型的题目要求根据给定短文的意思,在选项中分别选出符合语法知识、逻辑结构和前后内容意思衔接的选项,补充到原文画线的填充处,使原文成为一篇意思完整、前后连贯的短文,或根据短文各段落大意,在给出的选项中选出符合文意的标题。所以这类题实际上是段落填充题。这类题考查考生的综合逻辑思维推理能力和概括能力。做这类题时首先通读短文,明确大意,理解其内容、结构和逻辑关系。其次阅读选项,明确各选项的意思,做到心中有数。再细读全文,对空格前后的句子,要反复读,找出关键词,根据文章结构和逻辑关系,选出正确的选项。选好答案之后,要从头到尾再把短文读一遍,从语意语境的角度检查所选选项是否正确。

例 4(北京市中考)

Time to Dance

Are you the kind of person who likes to move with music? It's a natural thing to do. Even little children start jumping up and down when they hear music.

Scientists say that animals dance, too. 1. The "dances" of animals send messages to other animals. But when people dance, they express feelings about life and love, or about these very human experiences.

Dances are good for you in many ways. For one thing, dancing is good for you physically. It makes your heart work and makes you breathe fast. 2. If you go dancing often, you can keep physically fit.

You may feel very tired after dancing, but you'll probably also feel relaxed and happy. This is another important point about dancing. It gives you a chance to express your feelings and feel better about yourself. 3, dancing helps those feelings go away.

4. Some dances are for couples and some are for groups. But all kinds of dances give you a chance to meet new people or to do something enjoyable with friends.

- | |
|--|
| A. But their dancing is different
B. And finally, it's a social activity
C. If people like dancing very much
D. If you are angry or upset about something
E. It also makes you use your arms and your legs |
|--|

答案 1. A 2. E 3. D 4. B

解析 1. A 空格前一句科学家说动物也跳舞,空格后讲动物与人类跳舞的功能不同,故选 A。

2. E 根据空格后一句“如果你经常去跳舞,你可以保持身体健康”可知跳舞可以活动四肢。故选 E。

3. D 空格前一句是跳舞使你有机会表达自己的情感,也使你对自己的感觉更好。空格处应是从句,主句是跳舞帮助消除那些情绪,可见 those feelings 是指一些不良的情绪,故选 D。

4. B 空格是最后一段首句,应是本段的主题句。根据空格后的内容,跳舞可以是双人的,也可以是多人的。各种舞蹈都可以给人们提供结识新朋友或者和朋友们愉快相处的机会。可见,舞蹈是一种社会性活动。故选 B。

解题技巧 本题需要根据文章的逻辑结构来判断选项,但有些空也有别的技巧可循。如第三空根据后半句的关键词 those feelings 可知是跟情感有关,而选项中 D 项的 angry 和 upset 符合语境。第四空在最后一段, B 项关键信息“ And finally”符合。



第二部分 题组训练



一、信息匹配型

(一)(杭州市中考)

阅读下面短文,从 A—F 六副图中找出与第 1—5 各题号各内容相匹配的图,其中一幅为多余选项。

Royal Mail Special Delivery

At the Post Office you can send letters and parcels(包裹) in different ways. First-class post takes one to two working days. Second-class post takes two or three working days. And Special Delivery is for important things.

When you send something by Special Delivery, 1. _____ First you write the person's address on the front of the parcel and your address on the back. 2. _____ Then you take it to the Post Office. Tell the assistant that you want to use Special Delivery. 3. _____ Next show her the address, 4. _____ and then put the parcel on the scales(秤) so she can weigh it. 5. _____ Then give the parcel to the assistant, and say how much it is worth. She will check you have put your address on the parcel. Then she will give you a receipt for your parcel. Special Delivery gets there before lunch the next working day.



A



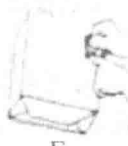
B



C



D



E



F



(二)(湖州市中考)

请根据下面三部电影的剧情介绍,找出对应的电影片名,将片名前的字母 A、B、C 分别填入 1—3 三小题空格内,然后按要求回答 4—5 两小题。



A. *Lost in Thailand* B. *To Our Youth* C. *Finding Mr. Right*

- _____ 1. A food magazine editor comes to the United States to give birth to a baby and chooses to stay in Seattle because she loves the movie *Sleepless in Seattle*. The driver who used to be a famous doctor in Beijing meets her at the airport. After a series of ups and downs, the two fall in love with each other and the editor finds her Mr. Right.
 - _____ 2. Three Chinese young man, a scientist, a businessman and a tourist, come to the beautiful country, Thailand, for different purposes. They meet one another during their journeys and many interesting funny stories happen among them.
 - _____ 3. A lovely girl of 18 goes to her ideal university to be with a boy she loves, who turns out to go abroad for some reason. Though feeling a little sad and upset, she makes a lot friends and even finds her love. But they break up before graduation, years later, after many twists and turns, as the youth is going by, she is still looking for her true love.
4. Of the three movies, which would you like to see?
- _____
5. Why do you want to see it?
- _____

(三)(绍兴市中考)

阅读某校网站上新生的留言和老师的回复,并将它们配对。请把序号 A—E 填入 1—5 题中。

1. _____

As a new person, it's almost impossible for people to ignore(忽视) you, so talk to people who look friendly. Then, you won't feel so shy.

2. _____

You've got to think why you're at school. You're at school to get an education and develop as a person. You can take an active part in school activities and you'll enjoy your school life.

3. _____

Why not speak to the people you're sitting next to in class, before and after class? Besides, join the clubs you're interested in. You'll have some friends soon.

4. _____

Remember that everyone's homesick(想家的), but some people are better at hiding it

此为试读, 需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com



than others. So just keep yourself busy, talk to people when you feel lonely, and ring home regularly.

5. _____

Don't worry. It's better for you to tell your parents the truth. I'm sure they'll understand you. Also, you can ask your teachers for help.

Questions:

- No one wants to be friends with me. Can you tell me what to do?
- I didn't pass the math test and I'm afraid to face my parents. What should I do?
- I'm getting homesick. Do you have any advice?
- I hate school. Could you give me some suggestions?
- I'm really shy. How can I become more confident?

(四)(宁波市中考)

请仔细阅读 1—4 四段话,从 A、B、C、D 中找出对应的小标题,并回答第 5 小题。

- No one wins all the time. Learn from the times that you lose. All great champions were once losers at some point. But they learned. And they kept a positive attitude until they got better.
- Your happiness is up to you. Many people forget this. Truly successful people choose happiness no matter what their present situations are.
- Chances lie in what you do every day. You do the same work. You eat the same food. You wear the same clothes. Try a new way. Take a new path. Even talk to someone new.
- Opportunity is everywhere. Even the worst situations have opportunities. Seize(抓住) the opportunity, and seize the time. That's the secret of success.

A. Choose to Be Happy

B. Do Something New

C. Look for the Opportunity

D. Learn from Losing

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

() 5. The material above tells us the ways to _____.

A. find a good job

B. live a positive life

C. protect the environment

D. keep us healthy

(五)(舟山、嘉兴市中考)

美国加利福尼亚州 Bellcrest 学校的学生创办了一本名叫 School Bell 的校刊,阅读下面制作校刊的六个步骤,并按照制作流程正确排序,其中一个步骤已给出。

A	A student from each grade is invited to a meeting. Ideas for the magazine are collected and discussed.
B	After the articles are chosen, they are reviewed. The spelling and grammar are checked. The pages of the magazine are designed on the computer.

C	The artwork is chosen and put into the pages on the computer. The finished pages are ready to be printed(印刷).
D	After the articles are written, they are read by the group leaders. The best ones are chosen.
E	A list of the best ideas is given to all the students in the school and they decide what they want to write.
F	The magazine isn't printed on new paper. It's printed on recycled paper. It's free for the students, but it is sold to the public for \$2.5 a copy.

1. _____ → 2. _____ → D → 3. _____ → 4. _____ → 5. _____

(六)(温州市中考)

王瑶打算去参观伦敦国家大剧院并观看演出。以下是她问的五个有关剧院的问题(1—5),请从剧院信息栏 A—F 六条信息中找出相应的内容回答她的问题(其中一项为多余项)。

- () 1. Where is the National Theatre?
 () 2. When is the theatre open?
 () 3. What can I do at the theatre?
 () 4. How can I book tickets?
 () 5. How do I collect my tickets?



National Theatre

Information for First Time Visitors

- A. You can collect your tickets from the box officers in the building or from the ticket collection machines. You will need to bring the card you made the booking with to collect your tickets.
- B. Mondays to Saturdays, 9:30 a. m. to 11:00 p. m. . We open later on bank holidays, usually from 4:00 p. m. , and we also open from noon to 6:00 p. m. on Sundays.
- C. Tickets can be booked online at nationaltheatre.org.uk, by phone(020-7452-3000), or in person at the box office on the ground floor. Telephone and in person booking are available between 9:30 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. .
- D. The tickets prices can be different from show to show. The lowest ones for adults are usually £12 each. For those who are under 18, the tickets are cheaper—usually £8 each.
- E. Besides seeing shows, you can attend talks, take backstage tours, see exhibitions, shop in the bookshop, sit and relax in the cafes and restaurants in the main building to have a cup of coffee, a snack, lunch or dinner.
- F. On the South Bank, by the River Thames in London, next to the Southbank Centre and about half-way between the London Eye and Tate Modern.



(七)(台州市中考)

以下是 Sam 对他最喜爱的一种名叫 albatross(信天翁)的鸟进行研究后所完成的报告中的一页,阅读有关信息,然后从 A—E 中选择正确的标题填入相应的板块中,完成 1—5 小题。

Sam's Project

The Albatross

1

There are more than 12 different types of albatross and the largest kind is the Wandering Albatross. Albatrosses are mainly found Antarctica, but some can be found near Alaska, China and Japan.

2

Albatrosses eat mainly squid(鱿鱼) and fish, but they will follow ships to pick up food scraps.

3

Albatrosses can live for a very long time, and one was recorded as living for 85 years.

4

Albatrosses are very large birds that can fly very long distances. They spend most of their lives flying. In fact one albatross has been recorded as flying 6000 km in 12 days.

5

The mother lays a single egg every two years. The baby usually comes out of the egg after about two months.

Resources used

www. Birdtalk. org(website)

Amazing Birds(video)

Seabirds magazine(Volume.2)

- A. What do they eat?
- B. How long can they live?
- C. How do they have a baby?
- D. Where do they live?
- E. How do they travel?

(八)(广东省佛山中考)

阅读下面 5 段语言材料,从 A 到 F 选项中找出与它们相对应的标题。

Here are some things you can do to help stop global warming(全球变暖).

- () 1. Walk, cycle, take a subway or a bus. Ask your parents to use public transportation as much as possible instead of using cars too often.
- () 2. Think before you throw away waste. Cut down on how much you throw in the waste. And be sure to take e-waste, like computers, mobile phones and harmful waste to a special recycling waste bin.
- () 3. When it comes to your shopping habits, think of buying products that are better for the environment or that are made from recycled materials, and above all, have less or no packaging(包装).



- () 4. It takes a lot of energy to heat water. Don't always heat the water when you do washing with the washing machine. Wash a full load of clothes in cold water.
- () 5. Talk to your friends, family and school teachers. Teach them what you've learned and make your house and school as green as possible. Think of ways to educate others. Create fund-raisers(募捐活动) in your local community to make a change.

- A. Don't throw away waste
B. Avoid products with a lot of packaging
C. Recycle more
D. Use less hot water
E. Drive less
F. Spread the word

(九)(黑龙江省绥化中考)

Choose the best topic from A to F according to the meaning of each paragraph.

- () 1. Every year, thousands of students choose to study in another country for a term, the summer, or a year. Studying abroad can be an exciting experience for many people.
- () 2. Living in another country can help you to learn a language, and about another culture. You will see the world in a new way, and learn more about yourself. The experience of studying abroad may also look good on your future resume(求职简历). Many companies today want people who speak a second language, or have experienced living or working in another country.
- () 3. Once you decide to study abroad, you have to make choices. To choose the right country or school, ask yourself: Where do I want to go and why? How much do I want to pay? How long do I want to study abroad? Do I want to live with roommates, alone or somewhere else?
- () 4. Get your passport and visa(签证) early! Before you go, learn some of the languages, and read about some common customs(习俗) in the country that you are going to. Learn about the money. Bring some of it with you.
- () 5. After the first few weeks abroad, many students will feel a little homesick(想家). They may miss their family, friends, and familiar ways of doing things. Remember that it takes time to get used to a new place, school, and culture. When you feel sad or homesick, try to talk to others, or write about your feelings in a notebook.

- A. Once you are in another country
B. Why study in another country
C. So many students choose to study abroad
D. Making the right choice
E. How to get a passport and visa
F. Getting ready



(十)(黑龙江省齐齐哈尔中考)

Choose the best topic from A to F according to the meaning of each paragraph.

Being safe at school and in your everyday life needs knowledge. If you remember the following information, your life will be safer.

- () 1. You should think it over by yourself when you meet trouble. If you don't know how to deal with it, you may ask for help from your teachers or classmates.
- () 2. If you cannot swim, don't get into the water. Cry for help if you drop in the water. Look after yourself all the time.
- () 3. Don't play with matches or candles, because it may cause fire. If your house catches fire and you have to run away through smoke, move on your hands and knees with your head 30—60 centimeters above the floor. Remember there's cleaner and cooler air near the floor during the fire.
- () 4. If you are hit by a car, remember the number of the car. And then call the police or your parents right away.
- () 5. You must lock the door inside and close the window when you are at home by yourself. You should put the mobile phone near you. Never open the door when you hear someone knocking at the door because your parents have the keys and they know your phone number.

A. If you fall into the water

B. Stay at home by yourself

C. If you are in a traffic accident

D. When you meet trouble at school

E. When there is a fire

F. When you are ill

(十一)(广西省玉林中考)

匹配题: 请阅读 1—5 小题的内容说明, 从 A—E 五幅图片中, 选择符合描述的选项。

1. Liu Yang, born in October 1978, was chosen as the first Chinese woman astronaut in space on 16 June, 2013. From then on, she made history.

2. Lhasa is the capital of Tibet. One of the sights in Lhasa is the Potala Palace. Tibet is also well-known for its beautiful natural sights.

3. *The Voice of China*, a Chinese talent show, performed on Zhejiang Television. It was probably the most popular TV show last year in China.

4. The Liaoning is China's first aircraft carrier. The ship was given to the Navy of the Chinese People's Liberation Army (中国海军) at a ceremony held in Dalian Port, Liaoning Province, on Sept 25, 2012.

5. Hands in the pockets (口袋) — This is commonly seen in daily life. In Sweden, France, Belgium, putting your hands in your pockets would be considered impolite in a business meeting.

A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____



(十二)(广东省中考)

左栏是五个人对家电用品需求的描述。右栏是七种家电用品(electric product)功能的介绍。请根据每个人的需求,为他们选择合适的家电用品。

() 1. Bob is often late for school because he always gets up late. This makes his teacher mad. He needs to buy something to wake him up in the morning.	A. This electric product can make you cool during the hot days. It can help you change the temperature and control the humidity(温度) of your room.
() 2. Tim likes listening to music when he is free. And he has to send e-mails to his customers(顾客) every day. He wants to buy something that can help him.	B. You can do many things with this product, such as sending e-mails, playing games, getting on line and so on. You can also listen to the music with it when you want to relax.
() 3. Summer has come. Tony is fat and he can't sleep well on such hot days. This troubles him a lot. He'd like to buy something to make him feel cool.	C. This electric product is useful to all of us. People often have one at home. It often put up on the wall. If you want to know the time, just take a look at it.
() 4. Alice often washes her hair late at night. It is often wet when she goes to bed. She is going to buy something that can dry her hair in a short time.	D. This can help you wash your dirty clothes and dry them. What you need to do is to turn it on and later hang the clothes on the fan. With this electric product, life will be a lot easier for you.
() 5. Susan is a housewife. She has to do the washing for her family every day. She gets tired of it. She is in need of a product to do it for her.	E. Each family needs this product. You can use it to store meal, vegetables, fruits, drinks and medicine. It can keep them cool and fresh so that they will not go bad easily on hot days. F. It is a very helpful product which tells you the time. It can wake you up with a piece of music any time you want, but you have to set the time first. G. When you wash your hair, you need this product. It can make your wet hair dry in a minute. It can also be used for drying your wet clothes or some other wet things.

(十三)(广东省梅州中考)

配对阅读,左栏 1—5 小题是五个人所遇到的天气状况,请在右栏 A—G 中选择相对应的一项。(有两个多余项)