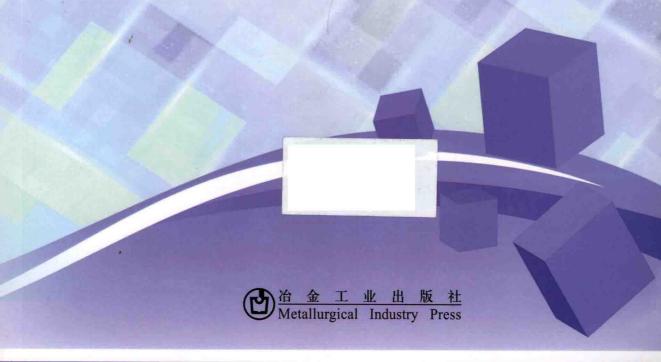
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北京 冶金工业出版社 2014

内容提要

高等学校英语应用能力考试(Practical English Test for Colleges)是教育部 批准实行的一项教学考试,由高等学校英语应用能力考试委员会与各省、市、 自治区教学主管部门实施。

本书由高等学校英语应用能力考试 A 级和 B 级全真模拟试卷组成, A 级和 B 级各 8 套,每套试卷都配有参考答案和听力文字材料。可供学生进一步掌握题型,顺利通过考试。

本书可供高等学校的师生参考使用,也可供英语自学者使用。

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

高等学校英语应用能力考试 (Level A&B) 全真模拟 试卷 / 李丽春, 余娟主编. 一北京: 冶金工业出版社, 2014.12

ISBN 978-7-5024-6782-1

I. ①高··· Ⅱ. ①李··· ②余··· Ⅲ. ①大学英语水平 考试—高等职业教育—习题集 Ⅳ. ①H319. 6

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2014) 第 276614 号

出版人 谭学余

地 址 北京市东城区嵩祝院北巷 39 号 邮编 100009 电话 (010)64027926

网 址 www. cnmip. com. cn 电子信箱 yjcbs@ cnmip. com. cn

责任编辑 郭冬艳 美术编辑 吕欣童 版式设计 孙跃红

责任校对 王永欣 责任印制 李玉山

ISBN 978-7-5024-6782-1

冶金工业出版社出版发行;各地新华书店经销;北京百善印刷厂印刷

2014年12月第1版, 2014年12月第1次印刷

787mm×1092mm 1/16; 12.75 印张; 362 千字; 196 页

36.00元

冶金工业出版社 投稿电话 (010)64027932 投稿信箱 tougao@cnmip.com.cn 冶金工业出版社营销中心 电话 (010)64044283 传真 (010)64027893 冶金书店 地址 北京市东四西大街 46 号(100010) 电话 (010)65289081(兼传真) 冶金工业出版社天猫旗舰店 yjgy.tmall.com

(本书如有印装质量问题,本社营销中心负责退换)

前言

本书根据教育部颁布的有关高等学校英语应用能力的要求,将考试 A 级作为学生达到的标准要求,B 级作为过渡性要求。高等学校英语应用能力考试 (A、B级)均包括五个部分:听力理解 (15%)、语法结构 (15%)、阅读理解 (35%)、英汉互译 (20%)和写作 (15%)。从题型所占比例来看,A、B 级测试的重心由基础知识转向综合应用能力,这更有利于培养学生的实践应用能力。

为此,编写本书的老师认真分析了高等学校英语应用能力考试 A、B级历年考试题,在采纳来自高等院校一线英语教师的多年教学经验和资料积累的基础上,为了指导和帮助考生更好地全面了解 A、B级考试,并在考试中取得理想的成绩,精心设计并编写了本书。

本书的特点是:

- (1) 紧扣考试大纲、针对性强。本书的试卷内容、难易程度、覆盖面和试 卷质量均严格按照高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲编写。
- (2) 选题新颖、实用性强。本书由高等学校英语应用能力考试 A 级和 B 级 各 8 套试卷组成,均为全真模拟试卷,每套试卷都配有参考答案和听力文字材料(索取听力录音可发送邮件到 englishab2014@163.com)。考生使用本书进行复习,有助于提高考试通过率,并有助于学习者掌握英语的实际应用本领,提高其语言交际能力。

本书是编者在长期研究高等学校英语应用能力 A、B 级考试的基础上编写的。我们诚挚地希望广大读者对本书提出宝贵意见。

编 者 2014年10月



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● 模拟试卷

Model Test One

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken **two times.** When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet.

Now the test will begin.

1. A) I'm pleased.

B) It's a pleasure.

C) Yes, of course.

D) Yes, I could.

2. A) Go ahead.

B) It's OK.

C) You are welcome.

D) Don't mention it.

3. A) Sure.

C) Nancy is out.

4. A) The same to you.

C) You are welcome.

5. A) No, with pleasure.

C) Yes, sure.

B) No trouble at all.

D) I am doing a report right now.

B) Thank you.

D) That's OK.

B) No, I will.

D) Yes, thanks.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5

recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues
and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the
correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then
you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the
center.

center.			
6. A) Four.	B) Six.	C) Eight.	D) Ten.
7. A) Mrs. Robinson.	B) The man.	C) Mary.	D) Mr. Green.
8. A) She is a student.		B) She is a teacher.	
C) She is a worker.		D) She is a newcomer.	rī
9. A) June 13.	B) June 30.	C) July 13.	D) July 30.
10. A) The man.	B) The woman.	C) Both of them.	D) Neither of them.
	S	ection C	
Directions: In this see	ction you will hear a re	corded short passage. T	he passage is printed in the
test paper, but with s	ome words or phrases	missing. The passage	will be read three times.
During the second re	ading, you are requir	ed to put the missing	words or phrases in the
numbered blanks acc	ording to what you he	ear. The third reading	is for you to check your
writing. Now the passa	age will begin.		
Linda, you must _	11 these documents	s. Oh, after you finish	them, make two <u>12</u> of
each. Can you do that	before 13_o'clock	? I'd like to <u>14</u> the	em before the meeting. And
don't forget to make a	n <u>15</u> with Mr. Che	en.	
Part II Vocabul	lary & Structure		(15 minutes)
			rases correctly to construct
meaningful and gramn	natically correct senten	ces. It consists of 2 sec	tions.
	S	ection A	
Directions: There are	e 10 incomplete state	ments here. You are i	required to complete each
statement by choosing	the appropriate answe	r from the 4 choices ma	arked A),B),C)and D).
You should mark the	corresponding letter or	the Answer Sheet wit	h a single line through the
center.			
16. The train starts at	8:00, so you	_ better be at the static	on by 7:50.
A) had	B) should	C) have	D) would
17. I'd like to	your essay with you	when you have time.	
A) go for	B) go over	C) go after	D) go by
18. I don't think these	e books aref	or young children.	
A) suitable	B) capable	C) reasonable	D) probable



19. In Britain the father is more involved w	rith children, often because the mother				
goes out to work.					
A) bringing out B) bringing up	C) bringing forth D) bringing about				
20. Such problems air and water p	pollution have no limited boundaries.				
A) of B) about	C) as D) of				
21. With the of Mary, all the girl s	students are eager to go to the party.				
A) exhibition B) exception	C) except D) reception				
22. He works in our university as a visiting	, not as a formal faculty member.				
A) traditional B) scholar	C) nurse D) pilot				
23. The girl left him a few weeks	ago.				
A) he fell in love with	B) whom he fell in love				
C) that he fell in love	D) with who he fell in love				
24 I arrived in South Africa, I	was struck by the very great difference in the				
atmosphere of the country.					
A) Since the moment	B) During the time				
C) By that time	D) From the moment				
25. Mr. Johnson suggested before	details are discussed.				
A) not to draw a conclusion	B) should not draw a conclusion				
C) to draw not a conclusion	D) not drawing a conclusion				
S	ection B				
Directions: There are also 10 incomplete stat	ements here. You should fill in each blank with the				
proper form of the word given in the bracket	ets. Write the word or words in the corresponding				
space on the Answer Sheet.					
26. It's much (easy) to talk about	your problems than it is to solve them.				
27. (believe), the little boy can s	peak three foreign languages.				
28. Unless he (tell) us who he is	, we won't let him in.				
29. I'd like to go with you, but with so much	29. I'd like to go with you, but with so much work to do today I'm (able) to.				
30. When we were young, we had already lewater.	earnt that life (be)dependent on air and				
31. It is reported that many cases of sickness	31. It is reported that many cases of sickness were caused by (eat) during the Spring				
Festival this year.					
*	, Charles felt very embarrassed and could not say a				
word.					
33. A guest in this hotel accused waiter of (
but in Sucot in this notes accused water of	(steal) his money.				
34. When she was 5 years old my sister a					
34. When she was 5 years old, my sister a dolls.	(steal) his money. lready knew where (put) her toys and				

Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

There are many ways to learn about people of other lands. One way is to study the clothing other people wear.

For thousands of years, people in different parts of the world have worn very different types of clothing. There are four big reasons for this.

One reason might be religion. In many Moslem countries, women must wear veils to hide their faces. The veils must be worn in public. Veils are part of the Moslem religion.

The second reason is that different materials are used in different countries. For instance, in France the materials used in clothing may be cotton(棉), silk, wool, or many other man-made materials. Most people in China wear cotton.

The ways clothes are made are also very different. This is another reason why people dress differently. Western countries rely on machines to make most of their clothing. Someone living in India can use only hand power to make the clothing he needs.

World-wide differences in customs also lead to differences in clothing. A Mexican farmer wears a straw hat with a brim (帽檐) up. In China, a farmer wears a straw hat with a brim down. Both hats are used to protect the farmers from the sun. Some of these customs have come down through thousands of years.

	The same are a properties and the same same of those subtomic has
dow	on through thousands of years.
36.	If you want to learn about the differences about people in the world, you
	A) should know the ways to study other lands
	B) should know the four big reasons given in the passage
	C) may study the different types of clothing people wear
	D) may be surprised by the ways people wear hats
37.	In many Moslem countries, women have to in public.
	A) wear more clothes than men B) cover their faces with veils
	C) protect their faces from being hurt D) wear religious clothing
38.	Which of the following is the reason for the differences in clothing?
	A) Materials used for clothes differ from country to country.
	B) Cotton is the common material for clothing.
	C) Man-made materials are invented to make clothes.

D) Most people like silk clothes.



39.	39. The third reason for difference in clothing is					
	A) different materials	B) different ways of making clothes				
	C) different styles of dressing	D) different religions				
40.	40. The two examples of wearing hats are given in the last paragraph to showA) the effect of customs on dressing style					
	B) the function of wearing straw hat					
	C) the correct way of wearing straw hat					
	D) the long history of some customs					
Tas	sk 2					

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

We use both words and gestures to express our feelings, but the problem is that these words and gestures (手势) can be understood in different ways. It is true that a smile means the same thing in any language. So does laughter or crying. Fear is another emotion that is shown in much the same way all over the world. In Chinese and in English literature, a phrase like "he went pale and began to tremble" suggests that the man is either very afraid or he has just got a very big shock. However, "he opened his eyes wide" is used to suggest anger in Chinese whereas in English it means surprise.

In Chinese surprise can be described in a phrase like "they stretched out their tongues!" Sticking out your tongue in English is an insulting(侮辱) gesture or expresses strong dislike. Even in the same culture, people differ in their ability to understand and express feelings. Experiments in America have shown that women are usually better than men at recognizing fear, anger, love and happiness on people's faces. Other studies show that older people usually find it easier to recognize or understand body language than younger people do.

find it easier to recognize or understand body language than younger people 41. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A) It is difficult to tell what people's words or gestures really mean.

B) Gestures can be understood by most people but words can not.

C) Words can be better understood by older people.

D) We can easily understand what people's gestures mean.

42. People's facial expressions may be misunderstood because _____.

A) people of different sexes may understand a gesture differently

B) people speaking different languages have different facial expressions

C) people from different cultures use different facial expressions

D) people of different ages may have different interpretations

43. In the same culture, people _____.

A) hardly fail to understand each other's ideas and feelings

B) are equally intelligent even if they have different backgrounds

C) almost have the same understanding of the same thing

D) may have different abilities to understand and express leenings					
4. From the passage, we can conclude that					
A) words and gestures can both be used to express feelings					
B) gestures are more effectively used than words					
C) words are often more difficult to understand than gestures					
D) words are used as frequently as gestures					
5. The best title for this passage can be					
A) Gestures and Feelings B) Words, Gestures and Feelings					
C) Words and Feelings D) Culture and Understanding					
°ask 3					
Directions: The following is a letter about the arrangement for a conference. After reading	it.				
ou should complete the information by filling in the blanks marked 46 through 50 (in					
nore than 3 words) in the table below.					
Dear Nancy,					
Now I am sending you a copy of the final program schedule of the Conference, together w	vith				
map of the location of St. Martin's College.					
Please note also that there has been an exchange between meetings. Those meetings	for				
riday morning will be replaced by those for Saturday afternoon. I hope this will not cause					
ny problem.	,,,,,,,,				
If you are going to present a paper, please let me have an abstract(摘要) of it as soon	ıas				
ossible. The deadline for the abstract is Monday 23, September.					
The entire Conference fee (3 days) is \$120. You may send the fee to the Confere	nce				
rganizer according to the above address or just pay on arrival.					
Looking forward to meeting you soon.					
Yours sincerely,					
Dr. Johnson					
Professor of Collins University & Organizer of the Conference					
	~~				
Information about a Conference at Collins University	}				
Place of the Conference: 46	{				
Change in the schedule: Meeting for Friday morning will be held on 47	}				
The time for receiving an abstract: no later than 48	}				
Conference fee: 49	}				
Receiver of the Conference fee: 50					
	}				
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	$\sim$				

## Task 4

Directions: The following are some expressions in a computer menu. After reading it, you are

required to find the items equivalent (与…等同) to those given in Chinese in the list below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

A-to select power management mode

B-to show hidden files

C-to select the path name for the file

D-to rename an existing file

E-to complete a document

F-to select the text you want to print

G-to move to the start of the current line

H-to delete the current line

I-to delete the current selection

J-to open second edit window

K-to close second edit window

L-to open the file in read-only mode

M-to click the item you want to change

N-to display information about edit

O—to confirm each replacement

Examples:(E)完成一个文档

#### (M)点击想更改的项目

51. (	)显示编辑资料	(	)关闭第二个编辑窗口
52. (	)选择你想打印的文本	(	)删除当前选项
53. (	)选择电源管理模式	(	)以只读模式打开文件
54. (	)移动光标到当前行的开头	(	)给一个已存在的文件重命名
55. (	)显示隐藏文件	(	)给当前文件选择一个路径名

## Task 5

**Directions:** Read the following advertisement and the application. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow the questions (No. 56 to No. 60). You should write your answers (in no more than 3 words) on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

A Job Wanted Ad CASTLE HOTEL

Assistant Manager

We are looking for an enthusiastic person to assist in the expansion of the hotel.

The successful applicant(申请人) will have experience of overall hotel work and at least one year's experience as an Assistant Manager.

Applicants need good knowledge of English and possibly two other languages.

Good salary, bonus(奖金), good holidays and excellent prospects for promotion(晋升) within the group.

Apply in confidence with a full resume and a recent photograph to: Mr. Gerry Bateman, Castle Hotel, Green Street, Barton BR7 7QT.

An Application Letter

136 Brownless Road Catford, PIA 2 EB August 19,2000

Dear Mr. Bateman,

I saw your advertisement for an Assistant Manager in this week's issue of The Hotelier and I should like to apply for the position.

I am enclosing my resume and a recent photograph. As you see I have been Assistant Manager at the Granada Hotel in Madrid for a year and I would very much like to have experience of hotel work in England.

I am at present on holiday in England and staying with friends at the above address. I shall be returning to Spain at the end of the month.

Yours sincerely, Maria Sanchez

56.	Where did the applicant find the advertisement?	
	In of T	he Hotelier.
57.	What other experience should the applicants have beside	les being an Assistant Manager?
	They should have experience of	·
	What are the applicants required to send to Mr. Gerry	
	A full resume and	
59.	What is Maria Sanchez's present job?	
	She is	
	What is Maria Sanchez doing in England now?	
	She is	there.

## Part IV Translation—English into Chinese ...... (25 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). Make the best choice and write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. Write your translation of the paragraph (No. 65) in the corresponding space on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

- 61. Today's young people generally have more purchasing power than their parents and they are more prepared to use it.
  - A) 如今年轻人的购买力一般超过他们的父母, 而且更乐意消费。
  - B)总体上今天的年轻人赚的钱比父母多,而且他们时刻准备消费掉。

- C)如今年轻人在消费上大都比父母大方,而且他们更做好了花钱的准备。
- D) 今天的年轻人大都认为他们需要比父母多买东西, 而且时刻准备这么做。
- 62. Every employer wants and needs employees who can suggest improvements in an honest and constructive manner.
  - A)每位雇主都以诚实和建设性的方法要求雇员提出改进意见。
  - B)每位雇主都希望能有以诚实积极的态度提出改进意见的雇员。
  - C)每位雇主都要求雇员能够提出诚实积极的改进意见。
  - D)每位雇主都需要他们的雇员能够诚实而富有建设性。
- 63. The increase in international business has created a need for managers with skills in crosscultural communication.
  - A)国际贸易增加了跨文化交流的机会,也提高了经理的技能。
  - B) 国际贸易提高了对经理掌握跨文化交流技能的要求。
  - C) 国际贸易的增加需要具有跨文化交流技能的经理。
  - D) 国际贸易增加了对经理跨文化交际能力的需求。
- 64. Scientists are eager to talk with other scientists working on similar problem.
  - A)科学家热衷于与从事类似课题研究的其他科学家交流。
  - B)科学家更容易与其他科学家谈话来解决相同的问题。
  - C)科学家很乐意在解决类似问题时同其他科学家交流。
  - D) 科学家更容易就雷同的问题与其他科学家交谈。
- 65. Financial management includes the search for adequate sources of capital and the management of the capital already invested. It requires estimating the amount of cash the company will need in its operations, deciding whether to use short-term or long-term credit, choosing the right time to issue stock or sell bonds, etc.

## Part V Writing ...... (25 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a Notice according to the information given below. Remember to write it on the Translation / Composition Sheet.

- 1. 事宜:关于计算机的用途以及如何利用 Internet 进行学习的讲座。
- 2. 讲座人: 武汉大学计算机系申蓝教授。
- 3. 时间:12 月 26 日,星期六,下午2:00。
- 4. 地点:图书馆 208 室。
- 5. 参加对象: 计算机爱好者。
- 6. 组织者:学生会。
- 7. 通知时间:12 月 19 日。