# 河南数有

高考英语复习提纲

本教材主要根据 1976 年上海市中小学英语教学大纲中所列出的语言教学要求编写的, 供中学毕业班学生使用,也可供教师在各年级教学中编选补充练习时参考。

本书将一些中学英语的基本语言点列为练习项目 (item),每一项目约有3—4个练习(exercise),共有74个项目,246个练习。这些项目和练习可按顺序做,也可根据学生实际,选用其中一部分。一般讲,这些习题都要求学生先口头练习,再笔头巩固。

本书的特点是语法讲解从简,语法术语少用,着重于让学生通过口笔头练习来掌握基本语言点。对一些最基本的语法结构形式和用法需要讲解时,教师可适当进行补充(例如某种时态的形式和基本用法等)。本书在注解(note)中仅就容易混淆的概念和一些习惯用法加以说明。

书后附有不规则动词表、词汇表、惯用词组(expressions)、英汉对照的练习说明

(exercise directions) 以及部分练习(填充和译成英语)的答案。其答案主要是针对该项目要求而作的,并不是唯一的答案。

本教材由于编写时间仓促,编者水平有限,一定存在不少缺点和错误,欢迎提出批评和建议,以便再版时修订。

上海市中小学英语教材编写组 1977年10月

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Appendix I Exercise Directions

Appendix II Key to the Exercises

Appendix III Irregular Verbs

Appendix IV Vocabulary

Appendix V Expressions

## 10. It ugher the look how being the control of A/AN

a cap	an apple
a tree	an eye
a plane	an ink-bottle
a key	an oil pipe-line
a university	an uncle
a European country	an English book
a house	an hour

Exercise 1 Put "a	" or "an" before the	ne following words.
pencil	desk	English song
cat	flag	eye
umbrella	hand	arm
ear	jet plane	island
knife	ox	old worker
Exercise 2 Put in	"a" or "an".	
1. This is	ship.	
2. He is	old worker.	
3. I have	_ brother and _	sister.
4. There is	map on the	wall.
5. This is	yellow pencil.	ercise 3 Make sc
6. Tom [tom]	is Americ	can boy.
7. English is _	useful tool.	

- 8. He is telling them \_\_\_\_ interesting story.
- 9. Britain is \_\_\_\_ European country.
- 10. It takes \_\_\_\_ hour and \_\_\_\_ half to get there.

Note: a 用于辅音(不是指辅音字母)前。an 用于元音(不是指元音字母)前。例如: hour ['auə] 是以元音开头的词,前面用 an; house [haus] 是以输音开头的词,前面用 a。又如: uncle ['aŋkl] 是以元音开头的词,university [.ju:ni'və:siti] 是以辅音开头的词。

Item 2

#### BE (AM/IS/ARE)+noun

I am a pupil.

You are a teacher.

This is a book.

It is ink.

I	am
you	are
he	
she	10-10
it	is
this	Trow blo
that	

Exercise 3 Make sentences after the examples.

A. eg an apple

--- It is an apple.

1. a pig

3. cotton

5. wheat

7. a cow

9. an orange 10. a hen

2. rice

4. an ox

6. a duck

8. water

B. eg a school/a factory

This is a school.

That is a factory.

- 1. a map/a picture
- 2. a desk/a table
- 3. a blackboard/a wall newspaper
  - 4. a classicom/an office
  - 5. a radio/a telephone
  - 6. paper/ink
- C. eg Monday/Tuesday

--- Today is Monday.

Tomorrow is Tuesday.

- 1. Tuesday/Wednesday
- 2. Wednesday/Thursday
- 3. Friday/Saturday
- 4. Saturday/Sunday
- 5. Sunday/Monday
- D. eg I/a pupil he/a worker

→ I am a pupil.

He is a worker.

- 1. I/a soldier you/a peasant
- 2. she/a doctor he/a driver

- 3. you/a teacher he/a cook
  - 4. I/a sailor she/a nurse

#### Exercise 4 Put in the missing words.

- 1. I \_\_\_\_ Chang Hua. You \_\_\_\_ Li Hung.
- 2. He \_\_\_\_ Tom. His sister \_\_\_\_ Mary.
- 3. Your mother \_\_\_\_\_ a commune member.
- 4. Ling-ling and Ming-ming's father \_\_\_\_\_ a model worker.
- 5. Comrade Li \_\_\_\_ their teacher.
- 6. This \_\_\_\_\_ a good film. It \_\_\_\_\_ a colour one.
- 7. The school \_\_\_\_\_ a long way from here.
- 8. This \_\_\_\_ our classroom.
- 9. China \_\_\_\_\_ a socialist country.
- 10. A foreign language \_\_\_\_\_ a weapon in the strug-gle of life.

#### Exercise 5 Put the following into English.

- 1. 这是墨水。那是钢笔。
- 2. 我叫吴刚, 我是个中学生。
- 3. 今天是星期天,明天是星期一。
- 4. 那是一本书。它是一本英语书。
- 5. 我妈妈是个教师。她是个英语教师。
- 6. 那个男孩是 John。他是个美国男孩。

Note: 英美人的名字分男子名、女子名。例如: Tom [tom], John [dʒ:n] 是男子名; Mary ['msəri], Janc [dʒein] 是女子名。

#### Item 3

### Singular and plural nouns

We are pupils.

Those are books.

singular.	plural
a bag	bags
a box	boxes
a factory	factories
a child	children

singular		plural	
I	am	we	ronsi
you	are	you	
he		100	
she		they	are
it	is	these	
this	brow su	those	
that		ATSATO	

#### Exercise 6 Read the following.

a bike

two bikes is the spart walk . A

a flag

three flags

a class	four	classes			
a benc	h a lot	of benches			
a brus	h four	brushes			
a box	three	three boxes			
a coun	try many	countries			
a key	five 1				
a potai	to a lot	of potatoes			
a piano	o two	pianos			
a knife	six k	nives			
a man	seven	men			
a foot	two	feet			
a sheep	many	sheep			
4, 141	7 Cian Ala	titio	r 11 ·		
xercise	i Give the	plurals of the	following wo		
sister	chair	ear	bed		
gate	class	glass	watch		
fox	factory	library	baby		
city	boy	toy	tomato		
piano	radio	wolf	woman		

words.

tooth

#### Exercise 8 Put in the missing words.

1. We \_\_\_\_ workers.

day

postman child

sheep

- 2. My sister and I \_\_\_\_ both pupils.
- 3. You \_\_\_\_ all middle school pupils.

foot

bookshelf

- 4. They \_\_\_\_ trees and flowers.
- 5. Cats and dogs \_\_\_\_ animals.

E

- 6. Both his parents \_\_\_\_\_ Party members.
  - 7. Most of us \_\_\_\_\_ Red Guards.
  - 8. All of them \_\_\_\_\_ teachers.

#### Exercise 9 Change the sentences after the example.

eg This is a bench. (these)

--- These are benches.

- 1. This is a book. (these)
- 2. That is an apple. (those)
- 3. That is a knife. (those)
- 4. Li Hung is a Red Guard. (the two girls)
  - 5. She is a Party member. (her parents)
  - 6. It is a large factory. (they)
  - 7. He is a PLA man. (he and his brother)
  - 8. This is a pencil box. (these)
  - 9. It is a bus. (they)
  - 10. That is her child. (those)

Note: 名词的复数形式: 1) 一般加词尾 s, 如 book → books, pen → pens。
2) 以 s, x, ch, sh 结尾的则加 es, 如 bus→buses, box→boxes, bench→benches, dish→dishes。 3) 以辅音字母加 y 结尾的, 将 y 改成 i 再加 es, 如 city→cities。4)以 f (fe) 结尾的。多数将 f (fe) 改成 v 再加 es, 如 wolf→wolfes, knife→knives; 少数只加 s, 如 roof→roofs。5)以 o 结尾的,多数加 es, 如 potato→potatoes; 少数只加 s, 如 piano→pianos。6) 不规则变化,如 man→men, child→children。7) 单复数形式相同,如 sheep→sheep。