

全日制义务教育英语课程标准

英语听力 强化训练

九年级（初三）

主编 / 刘道义



长 春 出 版 社



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前言

社会生活的信息化和经济的全球化，使英语的重要性日益突出。英语作为最重要的信息载体之一，已成为人类生活各个领域中使用最广泛的语言。然而，英语教育的现状尚不能适应我国经济建设和社会发展的需要，与时代发展的要求还存在差距。此次英语课程改革的重点就是要改变英语课程过分重视语法和词汇知识的讲解与传授、忽视对学生实际语言运用能力的培养的倾向，强调课程从学生的学习兴趣、生活经验和认知水平出发，倡导体验、实践、参与、合作与交流的学习方式和任务型的教学途径，发展学生的综合语言运用能力，使语言学习的过程成为学生形成积极的情感态度、主动思维和大胆实践、提高跨文化意识和形成自主学习能力的过程。

基础教育阶段英语课程的任务之一是使学生掌握一定的英语基础知识和听、说、读、写技能，形成一定的综合语言运用能力；培养学生的观察、记忆、思维、想像能力和创新精神；帮助学生了解世界和中西方文化的差异，拓展视野，培养爱国主义精神，形成健康的人生观，为他们的终身学习和发展打下良好的基础。

新课程标准要求九年级学生有较明确的英语学习动机和积极主动的学习态度。能听懂教师有关熟悉话题的陈述并参与讨论。能就日常生活的各种话题与他人交换信息并陈述自己的意见。能读懂供7~9年级学生阅读的简单读物和报刊、杂志，克服生词障碍，理解大意。能根据阅读目的运用适当的阅读策略。能根据提示起草和修改小作文。能与他人合作，解决问题并报告结果，共同完成学习任务。能对自己的学习进行评价，总结学习方法。能利用多种教育资源进行学习。进一步增强对文化差



异的理解与认识。

语言技能是构成语言交际能力的重要组成部分。语言技能包括听、说、读、写四个方面的技能以及这四种技能的综合运用能力。听和读是理解的技能，说和写是表达的技能；这四种技能在语言学习和交际中相辅相成、相互促进。学生应通过大量的专项和综合性语言实践活动，形成综合语言运用能力，为真实语言交际打基础。因此，听、说、读、写既是学习的内容，又是学习的手段。

新课程标准对九年级学生的听力提出了明确的要求：

1. 能根据语调和重音理解说话者的意图；
2. 能听懂有关熟悉话题的谈话，并能从中提取信息和观点；
3. 能借助语境克服生词障碍、理解大意；
4. 能听懂接近正常语速的故事和记叙文，理解故事的因果关系；
5. 能在听的过程中用适当方式做出反应；
6. 对针对所听语段的内容记录简单信息。

本册书的编写遵循了以下几项原则：

1. 发展性和拓展性原则；
2. 科学性原则；
3. 思想性原则；
4. 趣味性原则；
5. 灵活性和开放性原则。

本册书每个单元精心设计四至六道听力试题，知识从基础到扩展，内容从课本到生活，能力螺旋式上升，学生会很容易接受这样梯度的变化。本书配置了大量的图画，一定会引发学生的兴趣。使学习不再成为枯燥的行为，真正做到让学生在轻松快乐中学到知识。具有时代气息的话题，真实而自然的英语会使学生获得学习的成功感。

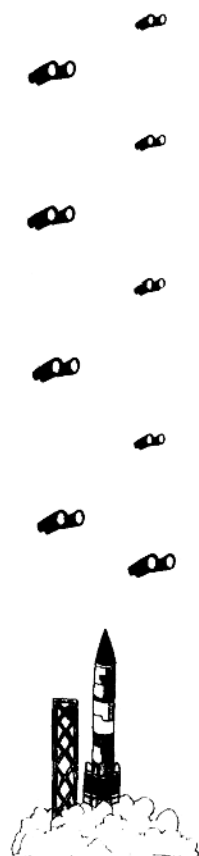
希望本书能陪伴九年级学生走过他们人生最美的一段。

编者

2004年12月8日



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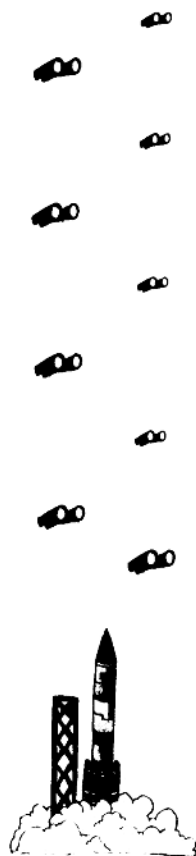
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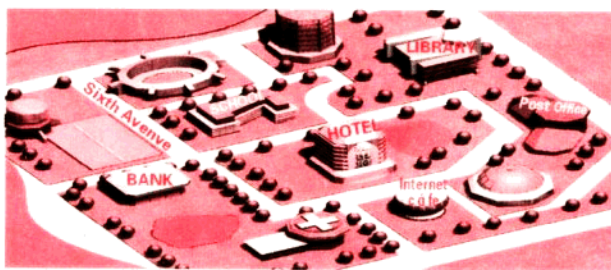


测试部分

Unit 1

I. 听下面的五段小对话及问题，在正确的答案下划“√”。

1.



- A. school B. post office C. hospital

2.



A



B



C

3. A. 6748290 B. 6789543 C. 6387623

4.



A



B



C

5. A. She thought that the class was excited because it would soon be the end of term.
B. She thought they were happy.

C. She thought they were playing tricks.

II. 听对话，填空格。

1. The boy says the girl needs _____.
2. The girl can listen to the _____ on the VOA or BBC.
3. The girl can buy some _____.
4. The girl should find an _____ if she wants to improve her written English.
5. There is an old saying in the dialogue. "It's easier _____ than _____."

III. 听磁带，填表格。

Name	Destination	Distance (km)
Mark	Kunming	1.
Frank	2.	1,462
Philip	Hainan	3.
Lily	4.	2,078
5.	Tibet	2,988

IV. 听对话，选择正确答案。

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| () Harvest Festival | 1. On that day people eat moon-cakes. |
| () The Edinburgh Festival | 2. It's the most important festival in China. |
| () Mid-Autumn Festival | 3. It is held in Brazil. |
| () Spring Festival | 4. People collect food from trees and plants. |
| () Thanksgiving | 5. Each year in Scotland artists, dancers, and actors come together to put on plays and performances. |
| () The Rio de Janeiro Carnival | 6. It is celebrated on the fourth Thursday in November. |

V. 听短文，填空格。

One summer, a _____ in New York was having a terrible problem. It had grown too big for its building and had to move to a newly built library across town. When everything was finished and paid for, the librarians found out that they hadn't left _____ money to move their _____ of books across town. Even the cheapest moving company was going to ask for several hundred thousand dollars to _____ and move the books. What could they do? _____ one clever

librarian had a _____ idea. She said that the _____ was going to take all summer and _____ that time, the library would be closed. Why not ask everyone to come in to borrow 20, 40, or 100 books? At the end of the summer they could _____ them to the new library. The idea worked _____, and not only did the library save a lot of money, but also people read a lot of books.

Unit 2

I. 听录音，判断对错。

	True	False
1. Couriers bring letters and packages to people.		
2. Couriers wear uniforms.		
3. Couriers wear gloves in summer.		
4. Couriers drive buses.		
5. They quit because it's very cold.		

II. 你会听到一段关于动物如何防卫的录音，根据录音内容填空回答问题。

1. What is happening to animals?

- ① Some animals _____ or disappeared from the earth.
- ② Some are _____ to survive.
- ③ Some _____.

2. Where does the danger for animals come from?

- ① _____.
- ② _____.

3. What ways do animals have to defend themselves?

- ① Color: to keep them _____.
- ② _____: to keep them from being seen.
- ③ Playing _____.
- ④ _____ shells or needle coverings.

- ⑤ _____ away.
⑥ _____ for survival.

III. 听短文，选择最恰当的答案。

1. People want to be creative because _____.
A. everyone else wants to creative.
B. creativity is a fashion.
C. creativity can make us successful both for ourselves and for our mother-land.
2. The idea is wrong that _____.
A. creativity is something one is always born with.
B. education plays the most important role.
C. high grades are not always equal to creativity.
3. To educate a child means _____.
A. to send the child to school.
B. more than just sending the child to school.
C. to take care of the child all the time.
4. Playing basketball _____.
A. is a kind of education.
B. has nothing to do with education.
C. is not good for creativity.
5. Creativity is developed _____.
A. in school, not at home.
B. through everything a child does in life.
C. only with the help of the teachers.

IV. 听短文，根据短文内容给下列句子排序。

- () 1. Independent film producers and television studios have made use of the facilities in Hollywood.
- () 2. Most major film and television studios and their executives used to be in Hollywood.
- () 3. Many tourists visit Hollywood every year.
- () 4. Hollywood is the home of many legendary film studios.
- () 5. Although many films are made in other parts of the world, Hollywood is still the symbolic center of the American motion - picture industry.



V. 生活中的不同事件会产生不同程度的压力，你将听到一些关于压力的数值，仔细听并写下这些数字。

SCALE OF STRESSFUL EVENTS	
The chart below show how much stress is caused by different events in life.	
Event	Amount of Stress
Death of a wife or husband	
Divorce	
Marriage	
Losing a job	
Retirement	
Changing jobs	
A change of responsibilities at work	
A change in the health of a family member	
Pregnancy	
A new baby	
A son or a daughter leaving home	
Trouble with in laws	
Outstanding personal achievements	
Vacations	

Unit 3

I. 根据你所听到的句子，选择相应的图片。



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

II. 根据你所听到的问题, 选出最恰当的答语。

- () 1. A. That's a good idea.
B. Yes, I will go to the office.
C. Sending e-mail is convenient.
D. OK. But you must address an envelope first.
- () 2. A. No, thanks. B. All's right.
C. Not at all. D. Never mind.
- () 3. A. Yes, please. B. Not at all.
C. Have another try. D. Yes, of course.
- () 4. A. Go to see the doctor. B. Much better, thanks.
C. Take good care of her. D. She will be better.
- () 5. A. Neither did I. B. Wait a moment, please.
C. Me too.
D. Why don't you wash your hands?

III. 你将听到五段对话及五个问题, 根据对话内容及问题选择最恰当的答案。

- () 1. A. She likes it very much.
B. She doesn't like it at all.
C. She doesn't like its size.
D. The dress is too short for her.
- () 2. A. Because it rained yesterday.
B. Because it's a wet day.
C. Because his mother has watered them.
D. Because they needn't water them when it is dry.
- () 3. A. It was good and the talk was interesting.
B. It was good. She received many presents.
C. It was good. She had a long talk with her close classmates.
D. It was not good. Only a few of her friends took part in it.
- () 4. A. Because it is still early.
B. Because he doesn't feel hungry.

- C. Because he had lunch half an hour ago.
 D. Because he had lunch an hour ago.
- () 5. A. Because Beijing is a large modern city.
 B. Because China is the largest developing country.
 C. Because Beijing is becoming more and more boring.
 D. Because China has become much stronger and has received support from most countries in the world.

IV. 根据你所听到的对话, 选出最恰当的答案。

- () 1. Frank Jones isn't a _____.
 A. hitchhiker B. student
 C. beggar D. young man
- () 2. Frank likes traveling because _____.
 A. a college student is asked to
 B. he has a lot of money
 C. he thinks it very important
 D. his girlfriend likes traveling
- () 3. A hitchhiker is a person who _____.
 A. gets a free ride from a passing car
 B. begs for money
 C. travels from one country to another
 D. sees a lot of things by traveling
- () 4. Does Frank think that it is easy to hitchhike?
 A. Yes. B. Of course not.
 C. It depends. D. He doesn't tell us.
- () 5. Frank thinks that it's _____ for a woman to hitchhike alone.
 A. important B. dangerous
 C. interesting D. necessary

Notes: hitchhike *vi* 沿途搭乘别人车旅行

V. 判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示。

- () 1. California is famous for its goals.
 () 2. The California gold rush was in 1948.
 () 3. You can tell from the story that Ray Briggs had a son.
 () 4. Ray Briggs was born after 1849.
 () 5. The Briggs family mined more than \$32,000 worth of gold.

VI. 根据所听短文和问题, 选择正确答案。

- () 1. A. North America. B. Europe.
 C. Africa. D. Asia.

- () 2. A. Seven. B. Four.
C. Six o'clock. D. A late age.
- () 3. A. Marcia does not like dancing.
B. Marcia is not a good dancer.
C. Marcia is a hard worker.
D. Marcia enjoys sports.
- () 4. A. Yes, they were.
B. No, they weren't.
C. No, she wasn't.
D. Yes, she was.
- () 5. A. Practice, Practice, Practice.
B. Marcia's New Dancing Clothes.
C. A Dance That Failed.
D. A Visit to Africa.

Unit 4

I. 根据你所听到的句子，选择相应的图片。



A



B



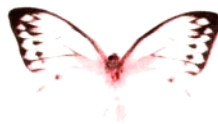
C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

II. 根据你所听到的内容，选出最恰当的答语。

- () 1. A. I am Alfred. B. Alan is here.
C. Who are you? D. This is Alan speaking.

- () 2. A. Sorry, I would.
B. Certainly, I'd be glad to.
C. Of course, I shall not go with you.
D. Excuse me. I would not.
- () 3. A. Hello, how are you?
B. Hello, how are you doing?
C. Hi, how are you getting on?
D. How are you? Nice to meet you, Mr Smith.
- () 4. A. That's right. B. It's right.
C. That's all right. D. All right.
- () 5. A. Let me try. B. I'd like.
C. How nice it is! D. All right.

III. 判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容, 符合的用 "T" 表示, 不符合的用 "F" 表示。

- () 1. Jason's new town had no stores.
- () 2. Jason decided to start a school.
- () 3. Jason got an award from the President.
- () 4. It could be inferred that Jason liked to read.
- () 5. Jason Hardman was named "America's Youngest Librarian", a title he richly deserved.

IV. 听短文和问题, 选择正确答案。

- () 1. A. To have a picnic. B. To ride about.
C. To see how trees grow. D. To go a sight seeing.
- () 2. A. Ten kilometers. B. Twenty kilometers.
C. 25 kilometers. D. 35 kilometers.
- () 3. A. Yes, they were. B. No, they weren't.
C. Yes, they did. D. No, they didn't.
- () 4. A. Yes, they took them there.
B. No, they couldn't.
C. Yes, they could take them home.
D. Sorry, I don't know.
- () 5. A. The end of the forest. B. John's house.
C. The mountain. D. Their camp.

Unit 5

I. 根据你所听到的句子，选择相应的图片。



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

II. 根据你所听到的内容，选出最恰当的答语。

- () 1. A. You can mail a letter. B. I don't know you.
C. No, I needn't.
D. I'm sorry, but I'm a stranger here myself.
- () 2. A. Yes, a little.
B. I wouldn't mind speaking German.
C. No, I can. D. Yes, I shall.
- () 3. A. Indeed I do. B. Certainly.
C. Yes, it's very interesting. D. Thank you.
- () 4. A. Not at all. It's my pleasure. B. Never mind.
C. It doesn't matter. D. Don't talk about it.
- () 5. A. Cheer up. B. That's all right.
C. That's just it. D. You're so helpful.

III. 判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容，符合的用“T”表示，不符合的用“F”表示。

- () 1. The old man was angry because he didn't like being looked at.
() 2. The little boy kept looking at the man because the man wore an ex-