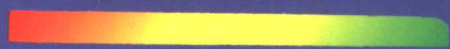


冲刺



英语高考双项模拟试题

海淀区教师进修学校 编

外语教学与研究出版社

MET & NMET

冲 刺

英语高考双项模拟题集

北京市海淀区教师进修学校编

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前 言

近几年来,中等教育学制改革形势发展迅猛。最突出的是建立了会考与高考两级检测制度,使检测、考核、选拔的方式逐渐系统、完善起来。新的高考考核方式除了检测考生对知识的记忆、理解和应用的存储与灵活提取的能力,还要检测考生分析与综合等创造性的能力。在这种新形势下,为了让考生在这最后冲刺阶段,得以迅速提高,组织好高考复习和应试训练,其精华最集中地反映在高考模拟试题上。

北京市海淀区教师进修学校组织了部分长期从事高中英语教学与研究工作、经验丰富的高级教师与教研员们认真研究了近五年来英语高考的考查内容和形式的变化,同时分析了国内外英语考查的趋势,预测了今后高考的动态,精心编写了《冲刺——英语高考双项模拟题集》奉献给高三毕业班学生及中学英语教师。

本题集的特点:

1. 紧扣《中学英语教学大纲》及国家教委编写的《英语科考试说明》。重点突出,考点齐全,题设典型。

2. 偏重测试考生对英语整体的运用能力和交际能力。

3. 书中短文大多选自国外最新文章。题材新颖,内容广泛,难度适宜。

4. 设 MET 和 NMET (会考后英语高考试卷)两种不同内容的套卷。全面使用,开拓思路。

本题集荟萃了众多英语教师探索外语教学规律的科研成果,反映英语高考命题的基本方向与考查的侧重点。不同程度的学生研做此书,一定能有长足的进步,获得事半功倍的效果!

参加本书编写工作的有:北京海淀区教师进修学校马淑英、周斌,北京海淀区万寿寺中学柳宁,北京石油学院附中张海翔、张凤生,北京一〇一中学王力行,清华大学附中王英民等教师。插图朱奇凡。全书由马淑英审订。

由于我们水平有限,时间仓促,疏漏之处在所难免。恳请读者批评指正。

北京市海淀区教师进修学校

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高考模拟试题一

Matriculation English Test (MET)

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分。共 100 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

第 I 卷 (三部分, 共 85 分)

第一部分(K) 英语知识

K I. 语音和拼写知识 (共 10 小题, 计分 5%)

A) 从 A、B、C、D 中找出其划线部分与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。

1. realize

A. measure

B. break

C. appear

D. airport

2. needed

A. cleaned

B. walked

C. regarded

D. lived

3. touch

A. double

B. mouse

C. soup

D. count

4. expert

A. exist

B. example

C. extra

D. exactly

5. ruler

A. lung

B. pollute

C. refuse

D. stupid

B) 从 A、B、C、D 中选出适当的字母或字母组合, 使以下所给单词完整与正确。

6. act ____ ly

A. ual

B. aul

C. au

D. ua

7. T ____ day

A. euz

B. eus

C. ues

D. uez

8. t ____ ng ____ e

A. e; u

B. o; u

C. u; e

D. o; a

9. bel ____ f

A. ei

B. ee

C. ii

D. ie

10. q ____ lity

A. ua

B. au

C. uar

D. ar

K II. 单项填空 (共 30 小题, 计分 15%)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

11. Towards _____ noon _____ thin, warm rain began to fall.
A. 不填; a B. the; a C. a; the D. the; 不填
12. We got _____ the laboratory _____ in time.
A. 不填; finished B. up; finish C. on; finished D. at; finishing
13. It is often easier to make plans than it is to _____.
A. carry out them B. carry on them
C. carry them out D. carry them on
14. He is always the first _____ to school and the last _____.
A. to come; leaving B. coming; to leave
C. comes; leaves D. to come; to leave
15. _____ the earth's land surface, twenty percent _____ desert.
A. Of; are B. In; is C. Of; is D. Among; is
16. Mr. Bernard told me not to _____ dictionaries too often when we read novels in English.
A. turn over B. turn on C. turn to D. turn off
17. For the patient, walking was the only activity _____ in the evening.
A. permitted B. of permission C. to permit D. permitting
18. Generally _____, some animals are warm-blooded, while _____ are cold-blooded.
A. speak; the others B. speaking; others
C. talking; other D. saying; anothers
19. —Tom won the first prize for an essay (论文).
—_____.
A. So did he B. So he did, also
C. So did he either D. So he did
20. Our village is quite different _____ it used to be.
A. from which B. from that C. to what D. from what
21. —How did you find your visit to the museum?
—I thoroughly enjoyed it. It was _____ than I expected.
A. far more interesting B. even much interesting
C. so more interesting D. a lot much interesting
22. Little _____ he was seriously ill until the latest operation.
A. knew he B. did he learn C. he learned D. would he know
23. _____ you have seen, the score is 4—2, you have just _____.
A. As; beaten them B. Which; over it
C. Like; won them D. That; been defeated them
24. We congratulated them _____ to the college.
A. to their being sent B. on their sending
C. on their being sent D. at their sending

25. This is the very motor boat _____ next week.
 A. to be repaired B. repaired
 C. being repaired D. having been repaired
26. —Must I finish typing all these papers by 10:00 this morning?
 —No, you _____.
 A. have not to B. don't have to C. mustn't D. dare not
27. It was on April 14, 1865 _____ Lincoln was murdered.
 A. where B. when C. on which D. that
28. —I feel a bit thirsty.
 —Why don't you have _____ tea?
 A. a few B. little C. some D. any
29. There are over 2,000 students in our school, _____ are boys.
 A. two-three of that B. two-thirds of whom
 C. second-three of which D. who of two-thirds
30. Could you give me some advice on how to _____ a foreign language in a short time?
 A. put on B. catch C. master D. study
31. _____ to go to the cinema this afternoon?
 A. Could you like B. Would you like
 C. Are you liking D. When do you love
32. Can you believe _____ weak people carried _____ heavy boxes.
 A. such; such B. such; so C. so; such D. so; so
33. She is only one of the _____ writers who _____ stories for children.
 A. woman; write B. women; write C. women; writes D. woman; writes
34. —_____ does the No. 15 run along this road?
 —Every 30 minutes.
 A. How soon B. How long C. How many D. How often
35. Hearing the speaker's exciting speech, _____ every listener was excited.
 A. almost B. all C. mostly D. not
36. The manager will be free _____.
 A. 20 minutes later B. after 20 minutes
 C. in 20 minutes D. 20 minutes after
37. In many parts of the world, black tea _____ with sugar.
 A. serves B. is served C. served D. is serving
38. He sat down and drank a _____.
 A. cup of milk B. milk's cup C. cup for milk D. milk cup
39. —Did Mr. White buy that car?
 —No, he didn't. If he _____ enough money, he would have bought it.
 A. had only B. have only C. had had only D. had only had
40. —Don't waste your breath on him. He isn't paying _____ you.
 —Thanks for your advice.

- A. mind for
C. a visit for

- B. attention to
D. thought to

第二部分(KU)英语知识综合运用

KU. 完形填空(共 25 小题, 计分 25%)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 41—65 各题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。

One day a stranger came to the nearest village and asked where he could find wild pigs. 41 told him, and he went off. He had no 42 with him, and the village people 43 what he was going to 44 with the pigs.

When he 45 a few months later and said that he had 46 all the pigs, the villagers were still more surprised, but some of them agreed to go with him 47 he asked for help in bringing the pigs out. They wanted to see whether he was telling 48.

They soon discovered 49 he was. All the pigs were inside the enclosure (围栏) which had a fence round it and a 50 in one of its sides.

“51 did you do it?” they asked the stranger.

“Well, it was quite 52 really,” he answered. “I began by 53 some Indian corn. 54, they would not touch it, but after a few weeks, some of the younger pigs 55 to run out of the bushes (灌木丛), take some of the 56 quickly, and then run back. Soon all the pigs were eating the corn I 57 out there. Then I began to build a fence round the corn. At first it was very 58, but little by little I built it higher and higher without 59 the pigs away. When I saw that they were 60 me to bring the corn each day 61 going and searching for their own food 62 they had done in the past, I built a gate in my fence and 63 one day while they were all eating inside the enclosure. I can 64 any animal in the world in the same way if I can get it into the habit of 65 me for its food.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 41. A. Somebody | B. Anybody | C. Everybody | D. Nobody |
| 42. A. money | B. food | C. tools | D. guns |
| 43. A. understood | B. surprised | C. wondered | D. knew |
| 44. A. say | B. do | C. treat | D. fight |
| 45. A. went out | B. came back | C. walked about | D. looked around |
| 46. A. bought | B. found | C. seen | D. caught |
| 47. A. and | B. so | C. then | D. when |
| 48. A. a story | B. the truth | C. a joke | D. a bad word |
| 49. A. that | B. what | C. who | D. how |
| 50. A. gun | B. hole | C. gate | D. window |
| 51. A. How | B. Why | C. When | D. Where |
| 52. A. clear | B. interesting | C. easy | D. difficult |
| 53. A. looking for | B. growing | C. getting in | D. putting out |
| 54. A. After all | B. At first | C. By and by | D. Above all |

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 55. A. began | B. risked | C. tried | D. decided |
| 56. A. guns | B. fence | C. corn | D. pigs |
| 57. A. had taken | B. had lain | C. had laid | D. had brought |
| 58. A. low | B. slow | C. shabby | D. small |
| 59. A. driving | B. frightening | C. sending | D. shooting |
| 60. A. looking at | B. interesting in | C. searching for | D. waiting for |
| 61. A. besides | B. except | C. instead of | D. because of |
| 62. A. as | B. though | C. since | D. if |
| 63. A. shot it | B. shot them | C. shut them | D. shut it |
| 64. A. kill | B. catch | C. close | D. grasp |
| 65. A. satisfying with | B. lived on | C. depending on | D. asking for |

第三部分(U)英语运用

UI、阅读理解(共20小题, 计分40%)

阅读下面短文, 并做每篇后面的题目。从四个选项中, 选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

One night about nine o'clock, Dr. Eyck had a phone call from Dr. Haydon at the hospital in Clens Falls. Dr. Eyck was asked to go there at once to operate on a very sick boy who shot himself while playing with a gun.

Dr. Eyck was soon on his way to Clens Falls. It was 60 miles away. And it was snowing heavily in the city. He thought he could get there before 12 o'clock. A few minutes later, the doctor was stopped by a man in an old black coat. Gun in hand, the man ordered the doctor to get out. Then he drove the car down the road, leaving the doctor in the falling snow.

It was after two o'clock in the morning when the doctor arrived at the hospital in Clens Falls. Dr. Haydon told him that the boy had died an hour before. When they walked by the door of the hospital waiting room, there sat the man in the old black coat with his head in his hands.

"Mr. Cunningham," said Dr. Haydon to the man, "This is Dr. Eyck. He is a surgeon (外科医生) who came all the way from Albany to save your boy."

66. Dr. Eyck was asked to come to Clens Falls to _____.

- A. see Dr. Haydon
- B. see his patients there
- C. operate on a very sick boy
- D. find the boy's father

67. Clens Falls was _____.

- A. 60 miles from the hospital

- B. 60 miles from Albany
 - C. not far from Dr. Eyck's home
 - D. near to the city
68. The doctor was late because _____.
- A. the weather was terrible
 - B. he was stopped by the police
 - C. Clens Falls was too far away
 - D. he was robbed of his car
69. The boy could have been saved if _____.
- A. Dr. Eyck had arrived there two hours earlier
 - B. he had not been sent to hospital
 - C. he hadn't shot himself
 - D. his father was sent away
70. The man who took the doctor's car away was _____.
- A. a stranger
 - B. a policeman
 - C. the boy's father
 - D. an escaped prisoner

B

At the southern tip of Africa there was once a post office under a rock. In the old days the route from England to India was around the Cape of Good Hope (好望角). The journey was stormy and dangerous. It took six long months. Sailors often wished to send mail (邮件) home, but they seldom met ships bound (开往) back to England. So at the Cape the sailors would go on shore. They headed for a certain large stone. On the stone were scratched the words "Look here under for letters." They would leave their letters there, knowing that the next homeward-bound ship would stop and pick them up.

71. Cape of Good Hope lies at the tip of _____.
- A. Africa
 - B. India
 - C. England
 - D. South America
72. "Look here under for letters" was directed to sailors going _____.
- A. to India
 - B. to England
 - C. in the same direction
 - D. in either direction
73. It took the sailors six months _____.
- A. to go around the Cape of Good Hope

- B. to send letters home
 - C. to go from England to India
 - D. to get to the post office
74. At the Cape of Good Hope the sailors went on shore because _____.
- A. the journey was too dangerous
 - B. they wanted to send letters home
 - C. the ship wanted repairing
 - D. they wanted to wait for a ship sailing to India
75. Which of the following is true?
- A. There were lots of ships from England to India.
 - B. The route from England to India is very long.
 - C. It was impossible for the sailors to send letters home.
 - D. The sailors often died during the journey.

C

Thomas Lagos graduated (毕业) from Wittenberg University in Ohio in only one year. His father, a Greek immigrant (移民), said, "Whatever Tommy do, he like to do fast."

Thomas studied at Howee High School. He taught himself to read 750 words a minute. While he was in high school, he took $15\frac{1}{2}$ of the 36 credits (学分) he needed to graduate from university. He took another 12 credits at the university simply by taking examinations without attending the courses. The remaining credits he took by the old-fashioned (老式的) method of attending classes.

His grades were an average (平均) straight A, so he graduated with greatest honors. Now, at the age of nineteen, he has entered the graduates school of Michigan University.

76. Thomas Lagos is _____.
- A. a Greek
 - C. an immigrant
 - B. an American
 - D. an American living in Greece.
77. Thomas' father _____.
- A. doesn't speak English at all
 - C. does speak English well
 - B. speaks English perfectly
 - D. speaks English poorly
78. While in high school, Thomas _____.
- A. completed his university studies
 - B. took most of his university credits
 - C. finished nearly half of his university credits
 - D. didn't start his university studies

79. From the passage, we learn _____.
A. Thomas was accepted by the graduates school of Wittenberg University
B. Thomas took all the credits at the university without taking the courses
C. Thomas was taught to read fast
D. his grades at the university were quite good
80. Thomas entered Wittenberg University _____.
A. one year after he graduated from Howee High School
B. with greatest honors
C. at the age of 18
D. at the age of 19

D

A lady once wrote a long story. She sent it to a famous editor. After a few weeks the story was returned to her. The lady was angry. She wrote to the editor: "Dear sir, Yesterday you sent back a story of mine. How do you know that the story is not good? You didn't read it. Before I sent you the story, I pasted (粘贴) together pages 18, 19 and 20. This is a test to see whether you would read the story. When the story came back to me yesterday, the pages were still pasted together. Is this the way you read all the stories that are sent to you?"

The editor wrote back: "Dear Madam, At breakfast when I open an egg I don't have to eat all the eggs to discover that it is bad."

81. The woman sent a story of hers to a famous editor, hoping _____.
A. to have it returned
B. that he would cut her long story short
C. that he would read and like it, even have it published
D. to make him angry by pasting together pages 18, 19 and 20
82. How did the woman know that the editor had not read the story?
A. She found that the three pasted pages remained unchanged when the story returned to her.
B. The editor wrote back, telling her the reason.
C. She was told that the editor was not interested in any stories written by women.
D. When the editor returned her story, he wrote it down.
83. The woman pasted together the three pages of her story because _____.
A. she thought that it was a good way to find out whether the editor had read her story or not
B. she thought that what was written on the three pages wasn't worth reading
C. it was a usual test to see whether any editor would read stories sent to him
D. she wanted to make a joke about the editor
84. The editor's reply to the woman implied that he _____.
A. would be able to tell whether or not a story was well written without having to read the whole of it
B. would have liked her story if she hadn't pasted together pages 18, 19 and 20 of her story

- C. ... had read her story except for pages 18, 19 and 20
D. ... usually had an egg for his breakfast every day
85. The best title for this passage is _____
- A. a Lady and Her Story
B. the Story and the Egg
C. a Good Story and an Irresponsible (不负责的) Editor
D. a Stupid Lady and a Clever Editor

第Ⅱ卷

UⅡ. 书面表达 (共 1 题, 计分 15%)

一批外宾到你校参观, 并决定参加你班的英语晚会, 会上将由你致词表示欢迎, 并介绍班级情况。为此, 请你写一篇简短的发言稿。内容要点如下:

1. 表示欢迎;
2. 介绍班级情况, 如男女生人数、籍贯、年龄、兴趣爱好等;
3. 介绍你班学习科目及学习情况;
4. 介绍晚会的主要节目;
5. 祝愿的话。

注意:

1. 致词须包括所有内容要点, 但不要逐条译成英语。
2. 词数 100 左右。

高考模拟试题二

Matriculation English Test (MET)

本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分。共 100 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

第 I 卷 (三部分, 共 85 分)

第一部分(K)英语知识

K I. 语音和拼写知识 (共 10 小题, 计分 5%)

A) 从 A、B、C、D 中找出与其划线部分与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。

1. famous

A. family

B. natural

C. nature

D. apple

2. crowded

A. grown

B. sorrow

C. hollow

D. Brown

3. sign

A. angry

B. longest

C. understand

D. strength

4. great

A. breathe

B. break

C. pasant

D. seated

5. with

A. worthy

B. month

C. worth

D. cloth

B) 从 A、B、C、D 中选出适当的字母或字母组合, 使以下所给单词完整与正确。

6. expl _ _ n

A. ei

B. ai

C. ie

D. ia

7. char _ _ ct _ _ r

A. a; e

B. e; o

C. e; e

D. a; u

8. mil _ _ _ n

A. lie

B. lio

C. ion

D. aon

9. Pa _ _ _ fic

A. ce

B. se

C. si

D. ci

10. appr _ _ _ ate

A. ice

B. esi

C. eci

D. ise

K II. 单项填空 (共 30 小题, 计分 15%)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

11. _____ Amazon is one of _____ longest rivers in the world.
A. 不填; the B. 不填; 不填 C. The; the D. The; 不填
12. _____ you read, _____ your reading speed will be.
A. The least; the less B. More; the faster
C. The more; the higher D. Little; the least
13. His car, _____ 10,000 yuan three years ago, is now worth 50,000 yuan.
A. for that he paid B. for which he paid
C. he paid for it D. which he paid
14. He had to come and worry her with questions just _____ she was busy doing some sewing.
A. while B. as C. when D. then
15. I don't believe that he knows four foreign languages, _____?
A. does he B. do I C. don't I D. doesn't he
16. —Will you please spare me a few minutes right now?
—_____. But I'll be free this evening.
A. No, I don't B. I'm afraid not
C. Yes, please D. Yes, I'll be glad
17. Mr Green told the children that water _____ at one hundred degrees centigrade.
A. boils B. boiled C. has boiled D. is boiling
18. Give me the reason _____ your coming late.
A. on B. of C. why D. for
19. The soldiers spent two days digging a swimming pool _____.
A. three metres deep B. three-metres-deep
C. three metre deep D. three-metre-deep
20. In these large cities, the air and water are made _____ by cars, buses and factories.
A. clean B. dirty C. fresh D. cloudy
21. —Sorry to have interrupted you.
—_____.
A. All right B. Don't say so
C. It doesn't matter D. It is not necessary
22. —I slipped on the stairs and fell down. I think, my arm is broken.
—Oh! _____. Which arm is it?
A. I hope so B. I think so C. I think not D. I hope not
23. Miss Nany works in an _____ office building.
A. 8-storey B. 8-storeys C. 8-stories D. storeys-8
24. I lost my bike this afternoon. I _____ all the time, but _____ yet.
A. have been finding it; haven't looked it
B. have been looking for it; haven't found it

- C. have been looked at; didn't found it
D. have searched for it; didn't see it
25. _____, have you seen Mr Wang recently?
A. By the way B. In a way C. On the way D. In the way
26. Mary seems _____ the bad news, for she looks nice and happy.
A. not to have learned B. not to learn
C. not to be learned D. not having learned
27. A letter _____ today is going to reach my aunt next week.
A. being posted B. to post C. having posted D. posted
28. We thought _____ a great honour _____ to the party.
A. it; to be invited B. that; to invite
C. this; to be invited D. what; being invited
29. He tries to speak louder so as to _____ himself heard.
A. let B. put C. make D. have
30. The elephant was lucky that it just missed _____.
A. to be caught B. being caught C. to catch D. catching
31. Is there anything _____ I can do for you?
A. which B. that C. when D. where
32. —When did your uncle visit Moscow?
—I think it _____ in 1990.
A. should have been B. must be
C. must have been D. should be
33. The young girl _____ the manager for almost three years.
A. has been married with B. has married with
C. has been married to D. has married to
34. The professor wrote a useful book on _____ a computer.
A. how to learn to control B. how learn control
C. how to be controlled D. how learning controlled
35. _____ got into the office _____ the telephone rang.
A. Hardly had he; when B. He hardly had; then
C. He had not; than D. Had he; when
36. —I don't like coffee _____ tea.
—I don't like coffee, _____ I like tea very much.
A. and; and B. and; but C. or; and D. or; but
37. Readers can _____ quite well without knowing the exact meaning of each word.
A. get over B. get in C. get along D. get through
38. It worried her a bit _____ her hair was turning grey.
A. while B. that C. if D. for
39. We can hardly imagine _____ across the Indian Ocean by boat in a day.
A. sail B. to sail C. sailing D. to have sailed