

第七屆國際癌腫會議文獻索引

中國科學技術情報研究所

1958 年 12 月

目 錄

會議報告.....	1
全体會議.....	1
實驗組會.....	3
臨床組會.....	5
實驗部會.....	9
臨床部會.....	14
国际抗癌协会組織的會議.....	21
實驗方面的論文.....	27
臨床方面的論文.....	77

第七屆国际癌腫會議文献索引

(1958年7月6日—7月12日倫敦)

會議報告

医学研究的(機構)組織

L'organisation de la recherche scientifique médicale
Bugnard, L. Paris, France.

乳腺癌

On mammary cancer
Huggins, Charles. Chicago, U. S. A.

口腔癌在印度的情况

Oral cancer in India
Khanolkar, V. R. Bombay, India.

肺瘤: 組織学, 病原学和地理病理学

Lung tumours: histology, aetiology and geographic pathology
Kreyberg, Leiv. Oslo, Norway.

全体會議

癌之防制

美国防癌情况

Cancer control in the United States
Heller, J. R. Bethesda, U. S. A.

癌的防治法——一种批評性的意見

Cancer control methods—a critical assessment
Windeyer, B. W. London, Gt. Britain.

激素和癌

激素和癌

Hormones and cancer

Dodds, Sir Charles. London, Gt. Britain.

激素对癌发生的影响

Hormones in the genesis of cancer

Muhlbock, O. Amsterdam, Holland.

生癌作用

生癌作用的机制：致癌代谢物的作用

Mechanisms of carcinogenesis:

The role of carcinogenic metabolites

Berenblum, I. Rehovoth, Israel.

生癌作用—生物学观点

Carcinogenesis—the biological aspect

Burnet, Sir Macfarlane.

Melbourne, Australia.

癌之化学療法

癌之化学疗法：抗代谢物质和抗生素

Chemotherapy of cancer:

Antimetabolites and antibiotics

Farber, Sidney. Boston. U. S. A.

烷化物在癌之化学治疗中之现状和展望

The present status and future prospects of cancer chemotherapy by the use of alkylating agents

Larionov, L. F. Moscow, U. S. S. R.

实 驗 組 会

內分泌对癌的影响

鼠 Balb-A 不完全阉割(“卵巢不全”)导致的卵巢瘤与其他瘤的反应

Ovarian tumours and other tumoural responses induced by subtotal castration (“ovarian fragmentation”) in mice Balb—A
Lipschutz, A. Santiago, Chile.

男性素和生癌作用、抑制腫瘤生長的关系

The relation of androgen to carcinogenesis and to the control of tumour growth
Kirkman, Hadley. San Francisco, U. S. A.

甲状腺新生物的激素因素

Hormonal factors in neoplasia of the thyroid
Bielschowsky, F. Dunedin, New Zealand.

放射引起的垂体瘤的发病原因和性質

Pathogenesis and character of radiation-induced pituitary tumours
Furth, J., Buffett, R. F., and Haran-Ghera, N. Boston, U. S. A.

癌細胞的性質

腫瘤細胞羣的选举及变化

Variation and selection in population of tumour cells.
Klein, George.
Stockholm, Sweden.

癌細胞的免疫原性質

The immunogenetic properties of tumour cells
Sachs, Leo. Rehovoth, Israel.

与癌的性質和原因有关的分解酶的清除

Deletion of catabolic enzymes in relation to cause and nature of cause
Potter, Van R. Madison, Wis., U. S. A.

癌細胞呼吸燃料的代謝

Metabolism of respiratory fuels in cancer cells

Weinhouse, Sidney. Philadelphia, U. S. A.

癌的實驗感應

Experimental induction of cancer

利用放射性同位素在小鼠身上產生惡性骨瘤

The induction of malignant bone tumours in mice by radioisotopes

Finkel, M. P. Lemont, Ill., U. S. A.

猴子惡瘤的傳播

Provocation des tumeurs malignes chez les singes

Petrov, N., Krotkina, N., Vadova, A., Guelesteyne, V., and Smoilovskaya E
Leningrad, U. S. S. R.

碳氫類物質生癌作用的機制的研究

Studies on the mechanism of hydrocarbon carcinogenesis

Heidelberger, Charles. Madison, Wis., U. S. A.

易生腫瘤類的鼠的垂體腺與神經系統的一些功能的特性

Some functional peculiarities of the pituitary gland and the nervous system in mice of high tumour strain

Kavetsky, R. E., Turkevich, N. M., and Samoondgean, E. M. Kiev
U. S. S. R.

癌之化學療法

Chemotherapy of cancer

癌的實驗性化學療法的研究

Experimental cancer chemotherapy considerations

Stock, C. C. New York, U. S. A.

癌化學療法的目的

The aim of chemotherapy of cancer

Yoshida, T. Tokyo, Japan.

醌——亞氨基烯各种豚生物的比較研究。小鼠移植的白色性病。人的惡性瘤和血病。

Etude comparée de divers dérivés de l'éthylèneimine-quinone. Leucémie transplantée de la souris. Hémopathies et tumeurs malignes humaines

Bernard, J., Mathe, G., Tran Ba Loc, and Weil, M. Paris, France.

癌之化学疗法

Chemotherapy of cancer

Haddow, London, Gt. Britain.

临 床 组 会

癌的发现,包括剝脫細胞学。

Cancer detection, including exfoliative cytology.

Granam, R. M.

Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A.

阴道細胞学在实用妇科医学中的地位

The place of vaginal cytology in gynaecological practice.

McLaren, H. C.

Birmingham, Gt. Britain.

肺癌的剝脫細胞学

Exfoliative cytology and pulmonary cancer.

Ackerman, L. V., and Spjut, H. J.

St. Louis, U. S. A.

癌的胃細胞学诊断

Gastric cytology in the diagnosis of cancer.

Duguid, J. B.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Gt. Britain.

显明瘤的細針吸出細胞学

Thin needle aspiration cytology of the palpable lump.

Lopes, cardozo, P.

Leiden, Holland.

細胞学恶性诊断的范围

Grenzen der cytologischen Malignitätsdiagnose.

Streicher, H. J.

Heidelberg, Germany.

乳癌的治疗方法

手术疗法的指示

Indications for operative treatment.

Haagensen, C. D.

New York, U. S. A.

除治疗以外的影响乳癌预后的一些影响因素

Some factors influencing prognosis in breast cancer other than treatment

Smothers, D. W.

London, Gt. Britain.

乳癌疗法

Breast cancer treatment.

Kholdin, S. A.

Leningrad, U. S. S. R.

根据内乳淋巴結包含物的预后

Prognosis according to involvement of the internal mammary lymph nodes.

Handley, R. S.

London, Gt. Britain.

支持超根除手术的辯論

Arguments in favour of super-radical operation.

Margottini, M.

Rome, Italy.

乳癌的激素疗法及化学疗法

Hormonotherapy and chemotherapy in [the treatment of cancer of the breast.

Loutey Aboul Nasr, A.

Cairo, Egypt.

腦下腺切除术及腎上腺切除术的指示

Indications for adrenalectomy and hypophysectomy.

Luft, R.

Stockholm, Sweden.

單獨使用X綫療法在乳癌治療長期後的結果,初步几个阶段例外。

Résultats éloignés obtenus par la roentgenothérapie seule dans le traitement des cancers du sein, les stades I exceptés.

Baclesse, F.

Paris, France.

放射綫的生癌作用

放射綫之致癌危險

Carcinogenic risk of radiation.

Mole, R. H.

Harwell, Gt. Britain.

某些电子发光的癌危險的研究

Recherches sur certains risques cancérogènes des rayonnements ionisants.

Duplan, J. F.

Paris, France.

放射綫之生癌作用。

The carcinogenic risk of radiation.

Mole, R. H.

Harwell, Gt. Britain.

对癌发生的突变学說的評論

Critique of mutational theories of carcinogenesis.

Brues, A. M.

Lemont, Ill., U. S. A.

釷的生癌作用

Carcinogenesis of thorium.

Johansen, C.

Copenhagen, Denmark.

放射綫之致癌危險

Carcinogenic risk of radiation.

Kaplan, H. S.

San Francisco, U. S. A.

网織細胞增多症和白血病之化学疗法

我們在以化学疗法治疗恶性肿瘤方面的工作

Our work in the chemical therapy of malignant tumours.

Blokhin, N.

Moscow, U. S. S. R.

抗代謝物質治疗白血病的生理学基础

The physiologic basis of the therapy of leukemia by anti-metabolites.

Rhoads, C. P.

New York, U. S. A.

Diepoxybutane 治疗何杰金氏病

Treatment of Hodgkin's disease with diepoxybutane.

Bichel, J.

Aarhus, Denmark.

化学治疗及化学治疗与照射治疗相结合的疗法对于血液病患者期間的久暫的影响

Über die Beeinflussung der Krankheitsdauer von Blutkrankheiten durch die Chemotherapie und kombinierte Chemotherapie und Strahlenbehandlung.

Heilmeyer, L.

Freiburg, Germany.

在网織紅血球增多症中化学療法化合物的評價

Evaluation of chemotherapeutic compounds in the reticuloses.

Paterson, E.

Manchester, Gt. Britain.

慢性淋巴性白血病

Chronic lymphatic leukaemia.

Bodley Scott, R.

London, Gt. Britain.

实 驗 部 会

(a) 生 物 化 学

腫瘤的代謝

嘌呤在腫瘤內的代謝情况

The metabolism of purines by tumours

Ralis, M. E. New York, U. S. A.

鼠的典型性上皮癌、 P^{32} (在活体外)在核酸中的掺合

A typical epithelioma of the rat. In vitro incorporation of P^{32} into the nucleic acids

Khouvine, Y., Yagi, K., Szafarz, D., and Matsuoka, Y. Paris, France.

腹水瘤細胞中間代謝的一些觀察。

Some observations on the intermediary metabolism of ascites tumour cells

Emmelot, P. Amsterdam, Holland.

在癌的和卫生組織中氨基酸的構成問題

Le problème de la formation de D-amino-acides dans les tissus sains et cancéreux

Boulanger, P., and Osteux, R.

細胞化学

細胞脂类:正常及贅生性細胞的示范和其構造的可能作用

Cell lipids: Their demonstration and possible structural roles of normal and neoplastic cells

Serra, J. A. Lisbon, Portugal

来自正常的及白血病白血細胞的DNA異种。DNA異种与細胞型的相互关系及/或異种与白血病阶段的互相关系

Heterogeneity of DNA from normal and leukaemic leucocytes. Correlations between DNA heterogeneity and cellular type, and/ or between DNA heterogeneity and leukaemic stage

Polli, E. E. Milan, Italy.

在細胞化学的研研中生理化学分析和組織化学分析有同样的重要性

The need of parallel biochemical and histochemical analyses in studies on cell chemistry

Daoust, R. Montreal, Canada.

腫瘤細胞化学中有关的形态学化学研究

Correlated morphological and chemical studies in tumour cytochemistry

Novikoff, A. B. New York, U. S. A.

癌的酶化学

氨基酸在贅生組織与正常組織蛋白質的混合的动力与控制因子

Energetics of, and factors controlling, amino acid incorporation into neoplastic and normal tissue proteins

Quastel, J. H. Montreal, Canada.

正常贅生性組織的碳水化合物代謝的比較, 酶的研究

Comparison of carbohydrate metabolism on normal neoplastic tissues, enzyme studies

Weber, G., and Cantero, A.

Montreal, Canada.

Deoxyribonucleic acid 含量与二倍体和四倍体腫瘤品系代謝之間的定量关系

Quantitative relationships between deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) content and metabolism of diploid and tetraploid tumour strains

Kit, S., Graham, O. L., Gross, A. L., Ragland, R., and Fiscus, J.
Houston, Texas, U. S. A.

酶和輔酶与生癌作用和癌的化学治疗有关嗎?

Are enzymes and co-enzymes involved in carcinogenesis and carcinother-
emotherapy?

Bergel, F. London, Gt. Britain.

生癌作用时蛋白質的合成与核酸

氨-2 基-9 (C^{14})-苄与鼠肝臟蛋白的反应。

Reactions of 2-amino-9(C^{14})-fluorene with rat liver proteins
Hultin, T. Stockholm, Sweden.

正常与贅生性組織中氨基酸掺合的中間反应。

Intermediate reactions in amino-acid incorporation in normal and neo-
plastic tissues

Zamecnik, P. C., Hecht, L. I., and Stephenson, M. L. Boston, U. S. A.

在活体外与活体内情况下氨基酸在鼠 subcellular tissue 成分中的混合

The incorporation of amino acids into subcellular tissue components of
the rat under in vivo and in vitro conditions

Campbell, P. G., Nrengard, O., and Rendi, R. London, Gt. Britain.

核醣核酸在鼠的肝瘤中的代謝情况

The metabolism of ribonucleic acid in rat hepatoma

Munro, H. N., and Clark, C. M.
Glasgow, Gt. Britain.

(b) 生 物 学

免疫学及免疫遺傳学

Immunology and immunogenetics

癌的免疫学說

The immunological theory of cancer

Green, H. N. Leeds, Gt. Britain.

在生癌作用及組織培养中器官特殊細胞抗原的消失

The loss of organspecific cell antigen during carcinogenesis and in tissue culture

Weiler, E. Pasadena, Calif., U. S. A.

可移植小鼠腫瘤的“弱”異抗原的示范

The demonstration of “weak” isoantigens of transplantable tumours of mice

Snell, G. D. Bar Harbor, Maine, U. S. A.

腫瘤抗原之研究

Studies on tumour antigens

Zilber, L. A. Moscow, U. S. S. R.,

对癌細胞的抗原有反应的抗体的影响及特征:实例及意义

Specificity and effects of antibodies that react with antigens of cancer cells: Examples and implications

Kidd, J. G. New York, U. S. A.

生癌作用的机制

在人的环境中的生癌物質特別是 3,4-benzpyrene

On-carcinogenic substances and, in particular, on 3, 4-benzpyrene in the environment of man

Shabad, L. M. Moscow, U. S. S. R.

在 Syrian 田鼠的生癌作用

Carcinogenesis in the Syrian hamster

Shubik, P. Chicago. U. S. A.

癌学的經活动的电子理論

La théorie électronique de l'action des hydrocarbures cancérogènes
Pullman, B. Paris, France.

致癌物作用的間接机制

Indirect mechanisms of action of carcinogenic agents
Kaplan, H. S. San Francisco, U. S. A.

鼠的白血病

Murine leukaemia
Loutit, J. F. Harwell, Gt. Britain.

病毒和癌

在活体外 Rous 肉瘤病毒的生長曲綫。在活体内瘤生長和毒含量的比較

Growth curve of the Rous sarcoma virus in vitro. Comparison with sarcoma growth and virus content in vivo.
Vigier, P. Paris, France

关于鼯鼠骨髓性白血病的病毒样的动因的若干性質

Über einige Eigenschaften des virusartigen Agens der myeloischen Leukämie der Maus
Graffi, A. Berlin-Buch, Germany.

小鼠乳腺腫瘤葯剂的新近的研究

Recent studies on the mouse mammary* tumour agent (MTA)
Bittner, J. J. Minneapolis, U. S. A.

人体腫瘤中的球形类病毒小体。

Globular virus-like bodies in human tumours
Timofejevsky, A. D. Moscow, U. S. S. R.

瘤与寄主的关系

腫瘤对过氧化氢酶的作用

Some aspects of tumours on catalase.
Adams D. H.
London, Gt. Britain.

毒性激素,一种起源于癌组织的毒性液递因素

Toxohormone, a toxic humoral factor originating from cancer tissue.

Nakahara W.

Tokyo, Japan.

以肿瘤组织作为食物的一成分及其对有肿瘤大鼠生长的影响

Tumour tissue as a dietary constituent and its effect upon the growth of tumour-bearing rats.

White J., and Millar F. K.

Bethesda, Md., U. S. A.

关于 X 射线在鼠的血液和造血器官内引起的贅瘤的变化

Variables concerned with the X-ray induction of neoplasms of the blood and blood-forming organs of the mouse.

Law, L. W.

Bethesda, Md., U. S. A.

宿主和环境因素改变肿瘤的发生。

Host and environmental factors modifying the genesis of neoplasms.

Tannenbaum A.

Chicago, U. S. A.

临 床 部 会

(a) 外科及妇科, 内科, 放射学

子宫体癌的治疗

子宫体癌的治疗

Treatment of corpus cancer.

Gusberg, S. B.

New York, U. S. A.

子宫体癌的治疗

Treatment of carcinoma of the body of the uterus.

Kottmeier, H.-L.

Stockholm, Sweden.

子宫体癌的治疗

Behandlung des Korpuskarzinoms.

Navratil, E.

Graz, Austria.

子宫体癌

Carcinoma corpus uteri.

Hawksworth, W.

Oxford, Gt. Britain.

膀胱癌的治疗

膀胱癌之放射治疗

Treatment of carcinoma of the bladder-radiotherapy.

Blomfield, G. W.

Sheffield, Gt. Britain.

膀胱癌在埃及的情况

Carcinoma of bladder in Egypt.

Fawzy, R. M.

Cairo, Egypt.

膀胱肿瘤名称的标准化。

Standardisation of nomenclature of epithelial tumours of urinary bladder

Mostofi, F. K.

Washington, U. S. A.

膀胱癌之治疗

Treatment of cancer of the bladder.

Franksson, C.

Stockholm, Sweden.