

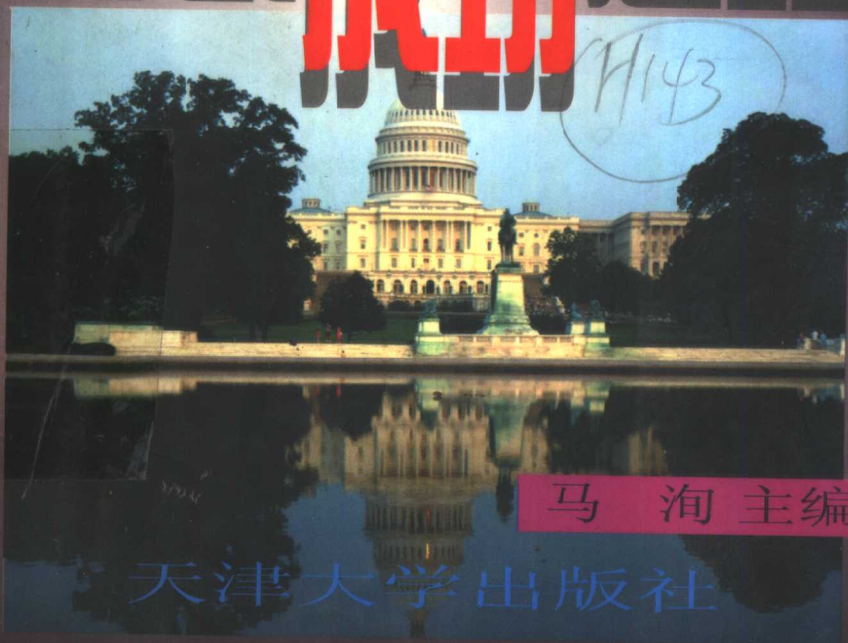
THE BEST WAY TO  
PASS NEW

最新

题型  
题解  
精力  
原文  
新题  
最试  
听

TOEFL

测试成功之路



马 洵 主编

天津大学出版社

**The Best Ways to Pass New TOEFL**

# 最新托福成功之路

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## 内容提要

本书作者精心研究了 1995 年 8 月以来的托福新题型,针对近 3 年来托福试题的发展趋势,并结合我国考生在准备和考试过程中所遇到的关键问题,精编 10 套托福标准样题,并附有答案精解和听力原文,使读者能知其所以然,以期托福高分。书后附有托福必备词汇、英语与美语不同用法对照及美国主要大学一览表等。

本书适用于托福(TOEFL)考生、研究生(GRE)考生、英语水平考试(EPT)的考生和大专院校师生及广大的英语学习者。

# 前 言

TOEFL 即 Test of English as a Foreign Language 的简称,可直译为“以英语作为外国语的考试”,是美国普林斯顿教育测试署(ETS: Educational Testing Service, Princeton, New Jersey, the U. S. A.)主办,专为申请留学美国而母语为非英语国家的人员所设计的一种正式的英语水平考试。

自 1995 年 8 月开始,托福的题型有了较大的变动。具体情况是:听力理解部分(Listening Comprehension)取消了原来 Part A 中的 20 个单句,而由 30 个简短对话构成了新的 Part A,共 30 道题测试考生对英语口语的理解能力;Part B 是 2 篇较长的对话共 8 道题;Part C 由 3 篇谈话或演说构成共 12 道题。这样新题型听力理解部分仍是 50 道题。句子结构与书面语表达部分(Structure and Written Expression)没有变动,仍然是 40 道题,测试考生辨认标准英语与书面语言的能力。阅读理解部分(Reading Comprehension)由原来的 60 道题减少到 50 道题,将词汇部分融入阅读理解题中,测试考生对非技术性的阅读材料的理解能力。这样,一份托福新题型的考题数是 140 道,其难易程度变化不大。

我们认真研究了 1995 年 8 月以来的全部托福新题型真题,并根据我国考生的特点和备考中的主要问题,编成这本《最新托福成功之路》,以期考生能获取托福高分,实现自身价值。

在本书编写过程中,王玉贞、马筱阁女士对本书作者给予了全心帮助;高亚洲先生对本书的构思和编排给予了热情的指导;杜毅、焦梅青对本书进行了技术性处理,在此我们表示衷心感谢。由于作者教学繁忙,时间有限,难免有疏漏之处,诚请同行和读者指正。

马 洵

1999 年 5 月于天津外国语学院

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# TOEFL Model Test 1

## Section 1 Listening Comprehension

Time: 35 minutes



In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand conversations and talks in English. There are three parts to this section with special directions for each part. Answer all the questions on the basis of what is stated or implied by the speakers in this test. Do not take notes or write in your test book at any time. Do not turn the pages until you are told to do so.

### Part A

**Directions:** In Part A, you will hear short conversations between two people. After each conversation, you will hear a question about the conversation. The conversations and questions will not be repeated. After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

**Sample Answer**

● (B) (C) (D)

In your test book, you read:

- (A) He doesn't like the painting either.
- (B) He doesn't know how to paint.
- (C) He doesn't have any paintings.
- (D) He doesn't know what to do.

You learn from the conversation that neither the man nor the woman likes the painting. The best answer to the question "What does the man mean?" is (A), "He doesn't like the painting either". Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

1. (A) She doesn't know anything about it.  
(B) A good name hasn't been found for it.  
(C) They decided to postpone building it.  
(D) It hasn't been designed yet.
2. (A) Stay home to prepare for his exams.  
(B) Attend the concert after his exams are finished.  
(C) Ask the woman to study with him.  
(D) Go to the concert with the woman.
3. (A) He's surprised he couldn't find the hotel.  
(B) He often gets lost.  
(C) He doesn't know where the hotel is.  
(D) He'd rather go to another hotel.
4. (A) He went mountain climbing last year.  
(B) He's climbed mountains in many parts of the world.  
(C) He was the last person to go.  
(D) He isn't interested in going.
5. (A) She gave one or two parties.



- (B) She came to two parties.  
(C) She comes to most of their parties.  
(D) She missed most of their parties.
6. (A) Finish the game. (B) Play harder next time.  
(C) Reconsider his decision. (D) Stop complaining.
7. (A) She doesn't like to go shopping.  
(B) She went shopping yesterday.  
(C) She doesn't live near the shops.  
(D) She prefers shopping to studying.
8. (A) Take a lot of money.  
(B) Go to a different restaurant.  
(C) Ask someone else to go with her.  
(D) Wear different clothes.
9. (A) Turn up the volume. (B) Stop talking so much.  
(C) Play the music more softly. (D) Play different music.
10. (A) He decided not to attend summer school.  
(B) He may have difficulty working and studying at the same time.  
(C) He's working hard so that he can afford to go to New York.  
(D) He's teaching school this summer.
11. (A) The clothes don't look clean to him.  
(B) He doesn't intend to get the clothes.  
(C) He can pick out his own clothes.  
(D) The woman should stop staring at his clothes.
12. (A) The woman should get another job.  
(B) He won't have to wait much longer.  
(C) The woman was mistaken.

- (D) He was waiting in the wrong place.
13. (A) Rewrite the paper.  
(B) Ask the woman to do some typing.  
(C) Read the newspaper again.  
(D) Check the paper for mistakes.
14. (A) They're being mailed to his old address.  
(B) They're being sent to the woman's address.  
(C) They're being forwarded to his apartment.  
(D) They're being held at the post office.
15. (A) She might not be able to attend the ceremony.  
(B) She's not going to graduate this semester.  
(C) She has only a week to complete the work.  
(D) She hasn't been able to find a job.
16. (A) A salary cut. (B) A real estate bargain.  
(C) A rent increase. (D) A vacation trip.
17. (A) He doesn't know how to turn the calculator on.  
(B) He lost the woman's calculator.  
(C) He broke something the woman lent him.  
(D) He can't help the woman tonight.
18. (A) The transportation for the trip is free.  
(B) The class didn't enjoy going on the field trip.  
(C) Some people may not go on the trip.  
(D) Everyone in the class has paid the fee.
19. (A) The train is always late.  
(B) She needs to check the train schedule.  
(C) They are going to be delayed again.  
(D) They need to decide on a schedule.
20. (A) The plans are being drawn up.

- (B) The construction was finished on time.  
(C) The library is closed for repairs.  
(D) The addition will be completed soon.
21. (A) Ask Joan to come to the meeting before lunch.  
(B) Tell Joan about the meeting at lunch.  
(C) Ask Joan to meet him for lunch.  
(D) Cancel the meeting with Joan.
22. (A) It's interesting. (B) It's easier than he expected.  
(C) It's too crowded. (D) It's quite difficult.
23. (A) She wasn't able to organize it.  
(B) Its location has been changed.  
(C) It has been rescheduled.  
(D) She doesn't know anything about it.
24. (A) The modern art prints are too expensive.  
(B) He really appreciates the woman's gift.  
(C) He hopes the woman likes modern art.  
(D) People who enjoy modern art would like the prints.
25. (A) He has taken extra courses before.  
(B) He won't mind the extra work.  
(C) He's making a bad decision.  
(D) He should be graduating this term.
26. (A) Watch the clock carefully during the final exam.  
(B) Pick up their papers on the twelfth.  
(C) Finish their assignment early.  
(D) Discuss their paper topics after class.
27. (A) He spoke to a well-known expert on inflation.  
(B) He didn't have time to prepare for the discussion.  
(C) He doesn't know when the group will finish.

- (D) He expected the discussion to be shorter.
28. (A) He's probably nearby.  
(B) He might be playing tennis right now.  
(C) He broke his racket.  
(D) He should pick up his things.
29. (A) She doesn't need an umbrella.  
(B) She doesn't plan to stay outside long.  
(C) She'll share her umbrella with the man.  
(D) She left her umbrella in the car.
30. (A) The test was harder than he had anticipated.  
(B) He never does well in biology.  
(C) He was lucky to pass the test.  
(D) Professor Morrison is known for giving hard tests.

## **Part B**

**Directions:** In this part of the test, you will hear longer conversations. After each conversation, you will hear several questions. The conversations and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Remember, you are not allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

31. (A) To find out if the book she ordered is in.  
(B) To ask him to attend a Student Federation meeting.  
(C) To get his schedule of classes for next semester.  
(D) To see if he has time to welcome new students.

32. (A) Many of them work full-time.  
(B) They usually arrive on the weekend.  
(C) They have volunteered for the orientation.  
(D) They will need new textbooks.
33. (A) Take Ruth's place as a tour guide.  
(B) Ask Ken if he will be at the orientation.  
(C) Leave work early if he can.  
(D) Help out when he has time.
34. (A) Orientation will have to start sooner.  
(B) The bookstore will place its orders earlier.  
(C) Ken will call Tim about the orientation.  
(D) The Student Federation will meet on Fridays.
35. (A) The election for senator.  
(B) The election for treasurer.  
(C) The election for secretary.  
(D) The election for president.
36. (A) They're competing against each other in an election.  
(B) The man is writing the woman's speech.  
(C) The man is interviewing the woman.  
(D) The woman is planning the man's campaign.
37. (A) Make posters. (B) Write a speech.  
(C) Answer questions. (D) Study chemistry.
38. (A) Compare their lecture notes.  
(B) Review the man's talk.  
(C) Prepare questions to ask candidates.  
(D) Vote in the school election.

## Part C

**Directions:** In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and the questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

**Sample Answer**

(A) (B) ● (D)

In your test book, you read:

- (A) To demonstrate the latest use of computer graphics.
- (B) To discuss the possibility of an economic depression.
- (C) To explain the workings of the brain.
- (D) To dramatize a famous mystery story.

The best answer to the question "What is the main purpose of the program?" is (C), "To explain the workings of the brain." Therefore, the correct choice is (C).

Now listen to another sample question.

**Sample Answer**

(A) (B) (C) ●

In your test book, you read:

- (A) It is required of all science majors.
- (B) It will never be shown again.
- (C) It can help viewers improve their memory skills.
- (D) It will help with course work.

The best answer to the question "Why does the speaker recommend watching the program?" is (D), "It will help with course work." Therefore, the correct choice is (D) Remember, you are not allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

39. (A) The role of the print media.  
(B) The relationships between different media.  
(C) Television's effect on the movie industry.  
(D) Radio news as a substitute for newspapers.
40. (A) People who listen to the radio also buy newspapers.  
(B) Many newspaper reporters also work in the radio industry.  
(C) Radio is a substitute for newspapers in people's homes.  
(D) Newspapers discourage people from listening to the radio.
41. (A) Television had no effect on movie attendance.  
(B) Old motion pictures were often broadcast on television.  
(C) Movie attendance increased due to advertising on television.  
(D) Motion picture popularity declined.
42. (A) To illustrate another effect of television.  
(B) To provide an example of something motion pictures can't present.  
(C) To demonstrate the importance of televised sports.  
(D) To explain why television replaced radio broadcasting.
43. (A) Voluntary napping. (B) Excessive sleepiness.  
(C) Difficulty falling asleep. (D) Frequent nightmares.
44. (A) Most are easily cured.  
(B) Most are teenagers.

- (C) Most are insomniacs.
  - (D) Most suffer from hypersomnia.
45. (A) After a person turns fifty. (B) In a person's teens.  
(C) During early childhood. (D) In a person's twenties.
46. (A) Sleep eight hours a night.  
(B) Avoid social situations.  
(C) Take naps during the day.  
(D) Stop taking certain drugs.
47. (A) A piece of equipment.  
(B) The layout of the laboratory.  
(C) The workbook for the laboratory course.  
(D) A laboratory experiment.
48. (A) A great deal of equipment is available.  
(B) Homework must be handed in on time.  
(C) The students must follow all instructions exactly.  
(D) The students will be able to make choices about the laboratory work.
49. (A) Students are not required to do the activities.  
(B) The activities take less time.  
(C) The activities are to be done during class.  
(D) Few instructions are given for the activities.
50. (A) When the students have done good work.  
(B) After the first laboratory session.  
(C) When the students need to be motivated.  
(D) At the beginning of the semester.



## Section 2

### Structure and Written Expression

2

Time: 25 minutes

This section is designed to measure your ability to recognize language that is appropriate for standard written English. There are two types of questions in this section, with special directions for each type.

#### Structure

**Directions:** Questions 1—15 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

#### Example I

#### Sample Answer

(A) ☒ (C) (D)

Geysers have often been compared to volcanoes...

they both emit hot liquids from below the Earth's surface.

(A) due to (B) because (C) in spite of (D) regardless of

The sentence should read, "Geysers have often been compared to volcanoes because they both emit hot liquids from below the Earth's surface." Therefore, you should choose (B).

#### Example II

#### Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) ☒

During the early period of ocean navigation...

any need for sophisticated instruments and techniques.