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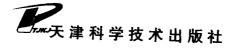
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# 大学英语四级词汇 快易通

主编 刘国明



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# 前 言

本书是为了适应我国高等教育新的发展,提高非英语专业大学生及相应人员的英语水平而编写的。本书包含了1999年教育部颁布的大学英语通用词汇表及《大学英语教学大纲》(修订本)中所有的四级词汇。对于希望在短时间内顺利通过大学英语四级水平考试的考生来说,本书是不可多得的工具书。本书重点锁定新大纲中所有四级词汇,并逐一进行展开释义、说明,语言精练易懂,对提高读者英语语言能力和顺利通过四级考试将起到重要的作用。

本书具有以下特点。

- 1. 最新四级词汇全,释意精确,简单易懂。
- 2. 联想派生词汇全,扩大词量,简便好记。
- 3. 同义反义词汇全,突出辨析,避免混淆。
- 4. 短语搭配词条全,考点清晰,规范准确。

本书编者均为多年从事大学英语教学工作的教师,深通大学英语四、六级考试特点。具体编写分工为:刘国明(Q、R、T) 张晓昆(J、K、L、M) 杨长荣(F、G、H、I) 孙淑玲(A) 温骏(S) 姜丽(C、D) 王玉婧(N、O) 贾玉梅(B) 薛京津(P) 刘莉(E、U、V、W、X、Y、Z)。希望本书在帮助广大读者提高英语水平的同时,更能成为广大读者的良师益友。

由于编写时间仓促,书中难免有疏漏之处,敬请广大读者批评指正。

编者

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#### abandon [əˈbændən]

1. w. (1) 抛弃,遗弃 (同: desert): They abandoned us to our fate. 他们抛弃我们,听任命运支配。(2) 离弃,丢弃: They abandoned the sinking ship. 他们离开了下沉的船。(3)放弃: He abandoned all hope. 他放弃了一切希望。(4)使沉溺于: He abandoned himself to despair. 他陷入了绝望。2. n. 纵情,尽情,放任,放肆(反: restraint, constraint): They were so exciting that they jumped and shouted in gay abandon. 他们如此激动,高兴地、尽情地蹦跳、喊叫。

[短语] abandon oneself to 纵情,沉溺,恣意

[**联想**] abandonment n. 放任,纵情,遗弃,离弃 / abandoned a. 堕落的,放纵的,恣意的

#### ability [əˈbiləti]

n. (1) (体力或智力方面的)能力 (同: capability, capacity): have a great musical ability 有高超的音乐才能 (2)[U]才能, 才智: a man of great ability 富有才干的男子 (3)[pl.] 天资,天才,(专门)才能: natural abilities 天赋的才能 [短语] to the best of one's ability 尽(自己)最大的努力

## aboard [əˈbəʒd]

1. ad. 在(或往)船(或飞机、车等)上: They climbed (went) aboard. 他们上了船(或飞机、火车)。2. prep. 在(船、飞机或车)上: He was already aboard the plane. 他已上飞机了。

#### abroad [əˈbrɔːd]

**ad.** (1)在国外,去国外(同: overseas): a holiday abroad 去国外度假(2)到处,流传(同: around): There's a new spirit abroad. 到处都有一种新的精神面貌。(3)户外,出外: that domestic sort which never stirs abroad at all 足不出户的恋家者。

## absence [ˈæbsəns]

n. (1) [U] 缺席,不在场;离开(反: presence): I did not notice his absence. 我没注意到他缺席。(2) [C] 一次缺席,不在的一段时间: an unexcused absence from school 旷课(3)不存在,缺乏(同: lack)(反: presence): The absence of electricity made matter worse. 沒有电使事情更糟。

[短语] absence of mind 心不在焉,神不守舍

# absent ['æbsənt]

1.a. (1) (from)缺席的,不在场的(同: out, off)(反: present): be absent from school 缺课 (2) 〈书〉缺乏的,不在的: Love was absent from his childhood. 他的童年没有爱。(3) 茫然的,心不在焉的: an absent air 一种茫然的神情 2. 以〈书〉

使(自己)缺席,使(自己)离开: He absented himself from the class. 他没来上课。

[短语] absent oneself from 离开,不在

[联想] absent-minded 心不在焉的,茫然的,恍惚的 / absent-mindedly ad. 心不在焉地,茫然地,恍惚地 / absent-mindedness 心不在焉 / absente n. 缺席者

# absolute ['æbsəlu:t]

1. a. (1)完全的,绝对的(加强语气用)(同: complete): an absolute necessity 绝对必要 (2)不容置疑的: It's an absolute fact. 这是不容置疑的事实。(3)握有绝对权利的: an absolute monarch 专制的君主 (4)非相对的:独立的(反: relative): absolute construction [语] 独立结构(5)绝对不变的: the absolute protection of free speech 任何情况下对言论自由的保护(6)(法则等)普遍有效的,具有普遍性的 2. n. [pl.]绝对(正确)的法则(或规定等): Exact measurement of any kind must be based upon absolutes. 任何准确的测量必须依据绝对的准则。

[联想] absolutely ad. 完全地,绝对地 / absolutism n. 专制政治,专制主义

## absorb [əb'sə:b]

w. (1) 吸收(液体、气体等): This kind of material absorbs water easily. 这类材料易吸水。(2) 吸收(光、热等)(反; reflect) (3) 消滅(震动等)(同: deaden): Buffers absorbed most of the shock. 缓冲器吸收了大部分的撞击力。(4)(in, into) 兼并,控制,同化,接收(人员、小组等): The larger firm absorbed the smaller one. 那家大公司兼并了较小的那家。(5) 汲取(知识等)(同: digest): She absorbed everything in the book. 她吸收了书中的一切。(6)(in) 吸引(某人)(的注意力)(同: grip): They were absorbed in their work. 他们专心工作。(7) 易于应付(变化等): The societies of the Highlands were able to absorb these changes. 苏格兰高地的群落能适应这些变化。(8) 大量消耗(钱、精力等): Defence spending absorbs almost 20% of the country's money. 防务费用耗去国家 20%的金钱。

[短语] be absorbed in 被吸引,专注于

[**联想**] absorbed a. 全神贯注的 / absorbent a. 有吸引力的,能吸收的 / absorbing a. 极吸引人的,非常有趣的 / absorption n. 吸收,专注

# abstract [ˈæbstrækt]

1.a. (1)抽象的, 纯理论的, 不具体的, 难以理解的 (同: theoretical): an abstract idea 抽象的概念 (2)空泛的, 不切实际的:

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abstract good 空泛的善(3)《油画等》抽象派的(同: representational): an abstract painting 一幅抽象派的油画 2. n. (1) [U]抽象,概括,抽象的理想(或概念等) (2) [C] (油画等)抽象派的作品 a painter of abstracts 抽象派画家 (3)[C] 摘要: an abstract of approximately 100 words 一篇约 100 字的摘要 3. w. (1) (from)提取,抽取出: Salt can be abstracted from seawater. 盐可从海水中提取。(2)摘取……的要点: The author abstracted his book. 作者写出其著作的摘要。(3)〈书〉(from) (从……)拿走: The thief abstracted £5 from my wallet. 小偷从我钱夹中偷走了5英镑。(4)〈书〉停止参加: a life from which he had voluntarily abstracted himself 一种他主动摆脱的生活方式

[短语] in the abstract 抽象地,从纯理论上 / abstract from 提炼出,取出,抽出

[**联想**] abstractedly ad. 心不在焉地,出神地 / abstraction n. 提炼,取出 / abstracted a. 心不在焉的

#### abundant [əˈbʌndənt]

a. (1) 丰富的,大量的(同: generous, plentiful)(反: scarce); an abundant harvest 丰收 (2)(书)(in, with)富足的: be abundant in natural resources 自然资源丰富

[短语] abundant in 富余,富有……

[联想] abundantly ad. 丰富地,大量地,富足地

#### abuse [əˈbjuːz]

1. nt. (1) 濫用,妄用 (同: misuse): It is important not to abuse your position (privileges, authority). 重要的是不要滥用你的地位(特权,取权)。(2)虐待,胡乱使用(器具等)(同: ill treat, misuse): Stop abusing the old horse. 别再虐待那匹老马!(3)谩骂,辱骂(同: insult): Most of the foremen abused the workmen in the foulest language. 多数工头用最下流的话辱骂工人。
2. n. (1) [U,C] 濫用,妄用(同: misuse): drug abuse 滥用麻醉药物(2) [U,C] 虐待,(对器物的)胡乱使用(同: ill treatment, misuse): Child abuse is a punishable offense. 虐待儿童是该受罚的罪行。(3) [C] 陋习,弊端,腐败行为: put a stop to political abuses 结束政治弊端(4) [U]辱骂,谩骂(同: insult): a shower (stream) of abuse 一阵(一串)谩骂话

[短语] abuse of 滥用

[联想] abusive a. 辱骂的,诅咒的 / abusively ad. 辱骂地,诅咒地

academic [ acka'damik ] and a lab ( lab and a state of the lab

1.a.(1) 大专院校的,(大专院校)教育的: the academic year 学年(2) 学术的: academic discussions 学术讨论(3) 纯学术的,学究式的,不切实际的(同: theoretical): a matter of academic concern 纯学术性的事物(4) 善学习的,爱学习的(同: studious): an exam for academic children 对好学的儿童的考试 2.n. 大专院校成员(尤指教师或研究人员)(同: scholar)

[联想] academically ad. 学术地,教育地 / academicals n. 学位服

#### academy [əˈkædəmi]

n. (1) [C] 专科学院(同: college, institute): a military (naval) academy 陆军(海军)军官学校(2)[C]学术(或艺术)团体 (同: institute)(3)[C]中学(4)[Academy](古雅典郊区的)柏拉图学院,柏拉图哲学体系,(公元前3—前2世纪的)哲学怀疑主义(5)[the Academy]: the Royal Academy of Painting, Sculpture and Architecture 皇家绘画雕塑和建筑学院

#### accelerate [ək'seləreit]

1. vt. (1) 使(车辆、过程等)加速(反: decelerate): accelerate the heartbeat 加快心脏的跳动 (2)(书)使提早发生: The bad weather accelerated our departure. 坏天气使我们提早离开。
2. vi. (车辆等)加速(反: decelerate): The car suddenly accelerated. 车突然加速。

[联想] acceleration n. 加速,促成,加速率 / accelerator n. 加速装置

#### accent ['æksent]

1.n. (1)[C]董音(同: stress): an cute accent 失重音(符) (2) [C]董音符号(同: stress) (3)[C,U]口音: speak with a foreign accent 说话带外国口音 (4)[C][the-]〈口〉(on)着重点,强调点(同: emphasis): The accent is on quality. 强调的是质量。2. vt. (1)重读: He accented the wrong syllable. 他重读的音节错了。(2)在……上标出重音(或强音)符号 (3)重读(音节、音符),加强(同: stress): The choir claps and taps to the swing of the music. 合唱队拍手踏脚打出音乐的节奏。(4)强调;突出(同: emphasis): In any advertising campaign, you must accent the areas where your product is better than your competitors. 在任何广告宣传中,必须强调自己的产品优于竞争对手。

[联想] accentuate ut. 加重,强调 / accentuation n. 加重,强调 acceptance [ək'septəns]

n. (1)[U]接受(反: refusal)(同: adoption): one's acceptance of

bribes 受贿 (2)[C,U](被)接纳,(被)招收,(被)认同(反: rejection): sb.'s speedy acceptance into the community 某人迅速被居民区接纳 (3)[U]赞同: The new laws gained widespread acceptance. 这些新法律得到广泛的赞同。(4)[U](对困难等的)正视,容忍: the cheerful acceptance of one's plight 笑对自己的逆境 (5)[C,U]承兑(票据)

#### access ['ækses]

1. n. (1) [U] (to) 通路,进入,进入的途径(同: entry): The mountain is easy of access. 这座山很容易上。(2) [U] (to) (接近或使用的)机会,权利: Students need access to good books. 学生需要有机会读好书。(3) [C] 〈书〉(of) (疾病、怒气的)突然发作: an access of fever (fury) 突然发烧(盛怒)(4) [U] (往电脑)存储,(从电脑)提取: random access software 随机存取软件 2. vt. (1) (从计算机中)提取(信息等),(为研究或更改所存信息)调阅(电脑档案)(反: store) (2)登记(图书馆、博物馆等的新添馆藏品)

[短语] access to 接触,使用或接近的权利,可接近的,可进人的,可参观的

[联想] accessible a. 可接近的,可进入的,可参观的 accidental [ æksi'dentl]

a. 偶然的,非故意的,非有意安排的(同: unintentional, inadvertent)(反: deliberate): The site was located after the accidental discovery of bones in a field. 该遗址是在田野里偶然发现骨头后找到的。

[联想] accidentally ad. 偶然地 / accident n. 意外事件,过失accommodation [əkəməˈdeiʃn]

n. (1)[C,U]住所: a shortage of cheap accommodation 缺乏廉价住房(2)[U]工作场所(指大楼和房间等): office accommodation 办公场所(3)[pl.]〈美〉食宿服务(4)[pl.]〈美〉(列车、轮船上的)卧铺: We have executive and standard accommodations on this flight. 本次航班上有豪华座和普通座。(5)[C,U]〈书〉(争议等的)解决:协议: reach an accommodation with neighboring countries 与邻国达成协议(6)[C,U]适应,调整(b): make an accommodation to wartime conditions 适应战时条件(7)[C]提供方便的设施: more airy office accommodations 通风更好的办公设施

[联想] accommodate (1)u. 接待,为……提供住宿,容纳,资助,乐于帮助,使适应,协调 (2)u. 适应 / accommodating a. 乐于助人的,乐于通融的

accompany [əˈkʌmpəni]

w. (1) 〈书〉 陪伴, 伴随: His wife accompanied him on his trip to London 他的妻子陪他赴伦敦。(2) (by, with) (用……) 伴随……发生: His words were accompanied by exclamations from the audience. 他的讲话伴有听众的感叹声。(3) 给……伴奏: Bill accompanied Sarah on the guitar. 比尔用吉他给萨拉伴奏。 [联想] accompanist n. 伴奏者 / accompaniment n. 伴奏, 伴随(发生的事)物

#### accomplish [əˈkʌmpliʃ]

vt.完成,做成(同: achieve, attain, fulfill, realize): accomplish a great deal 取得很大成就

[**联想**] accomplished a. 已完成的,已实现的,熟练的,擅长的,有造诣的,多才多艺的 / accomplishment n. 完成,实现,成就,才艺,技能,造诣

[说明] accomplish,achieve,complete,finish 和 fulfill 的区别: accomplish 多指成功、成就一定的计划、志愿、目的等;achieve 与前者相近,指在有一定困难的情况下成就一定的计划、志愿、目的等;complete 较为正式,指完工或加上所缺部分使之完善;finish 为普通用词,指日常琐事的完成或完工;fulfill 指履行了诺言、职责等或完成了任务、计划等。

# accord [əˈkəːd]

1. wi.(with) 一致,符合: The two stories don't accord. 这两种说法不一致。2. w. 给予(同: grant)(反: deny): His friends accorded him sincere thanks. 他的朋友们向他致衷心的谢意。3. n. (1)[U](with) 一致,相符(反: disagreement): The decision is in accord with popular sentiment. 这一决定符合群众的感情。
(2)[C]协议,协定: an accord between two countries 两国间的一项协议

[短语] of one's accord 自愿地,主动地 / with one's accord 一致地,异口同声地 / accord with 一致,符合

## accordance [əˈkɔːdəns]

n.[U]—鞍: Act in accordance with our wishes. 按照我们的意愿

[短语] in accordance with 与……一致,按照,依据

# accordingly ['əkə;diŋli]

ad. (1)照着,相应地: You told me to lock the door and I acted accordingly. 你叫我锁门,我照办了。(2)所以,因此(同: consequently): He was too sick to stay. Accordingly, we sent him home. 他病得无法呆下去。因此,我们送他回家。

[短语] according to 根据,按照 / according as 依照,根据 account [əˈkaunt]

1. n. (1) 账(户): I keep an account in that bank. 我在那家银行 有个账户。(2)[C][pl.](记录收支的)账目: The accounts show that business is improving. 账目说明业务正在好转。(3)[C] 赊账(= credit account): Do you have an account at this store, madam? 夫人,您在本店有赊购账户吗? (4)[C]欠账: Could you please pay / press your account in full? 请还清所有欠账。(5) [C]客户,主顾: We have secured several big accounts recently. 最 近我们弄到几家大客户。(6)[U]价值,重要性: a man of no account 无足轻重的人 (7)[C]叙述,描写,说明,报道: newspaper / press accounts 新闻报道 (8)[U]理由,缘故,原因: On this account, we should be cautious. 就因为这缘故,我们应小心。 2. wt. 认为: He was accounted a wise man. 他被认为是聪明人。 3. vi. (1)(for)说明,解释: He was unable to account for his foolish mistake. 他无法为自己的愚蠢错误做解释。(2) 提供(……的)收支账目,说明(钱的)花费: He has to account to me for all the money he spends. 他必须向我报账。(3) (数量、比例等)占,构成: Students account for the vast majority of our customers. 我们的绝大多数顾客是学生。(4)(口)(for) 消灭,杀死,俘获:They accounted for 20 of the enemy. 他们消灭 了20个敌人。

[短语] bring / call sb. to account (迫)使某人对……做出解释,惩罚,斥责 / by / from all accounts 据众人所说,据传闻 / give a good / poor of oneself 表现出色(不佳)/ not on any account = on no account 无论如何都不,决不,切莫 / on account 预支,赊账 / on account of 因为,由于 / on sb. 's account 为自己的利益 / put / turn ... to (good) account (充分)利用 / take account of = take ... into account 考虑,把……考虑进去 / no accounting for taste 人各有所好

[联想] accountability n. (对自己的行为) 应负的责任,做解释的义务 / accountable a. (对自己的行为)负有责任的 / accountancy n. 会计学;会计工作

accountant [əˈkauntənt]

n.会计,会计师

accumulate [əˈkjuːmjuleit] and a life and long a long a life and long areas are

1. vt. 积累, 积聚(同: amass): accumulate books 收集书籍 2. vi. 堆积, 积累: Snow accumulated on the ground. 雪堆积在地上。 [联想] accumulation n. 积累, 积累的东西 / accumulative a. 累

积的,累积而成的,喜欢积聚的,热心贮存的 / accumulator n. 蓄电池

[说明] accumulate, gather, collect, amass, assemble 都作"收集"、"聚集"讲。accumulate 表示在某段时间内自然积累的同类的、相关的物品; gather 使用范围广, 表示捡起凌乱散布的物品,不含收集后的处理方法; collect 指逐个地、有选择地收集物品,有较大的目的性,尤指为收藏而进行收集; amass 较正式,尤指逐渐聚集起(大量)财富、权力等; assemble 指有意聚集,常用于人群为共同目的而聚集。

#### accuracy [ˈækjərəsi]

n. [U](1)精确度,准确性: a surprising degree of accuracy 惊人的精确度(2)真实性: the traditional reputation of the paper for accuracy 该报历来享有的报道真实的声誉

#### accurate ['ækjərit]

a.(1)精确的,准确的: We hope to become more accurate in predicting earthquakes. 我们希望在地震预报方面更准确。(2) 符合真实的,符合实际的(同: authentic, precise): an accurate picture of social history 社会历史的真实画面(3) (装置等)精密的,能从事精密工作的(反: inaccurate)

[联想] accurately ad. 精确地,准确地

#### accuse [əˈkjuːz]

wt.(of) 谴责,指责,控告(同: charge): He was quite wrongly accused. 他受到十分错误的指责。

[短语] be accused of 被指控,被控告

[联想] accuser n. 原告, 控告者, 指责者 / accusing a. 指责的 / accused a. 被指责的, 被控告的 / the accused 被告

#### accustomed [əˈkʌstəmd]

a.(1)(作定语,无比较级)习惯的,通常的(同: practised, customary): sb.'s accustomed seat 某人习惯的座位 (2)(作补语)

(to) 习惯的: He soon became / got / grew accustomed to walking long distances. 他不久就习惯于长途步行。

[短语] be / become accustomed to 习惯于

[联想] accustom ut. 使习惯于,使适应

#### achievement [ə'tʃiːvmənt]

n. (1) [U]完成,实现,成功(同: fulfillment, realization): the achievement of one's goals 达到目标 (2) [C]成就,业绩(同: exploit, feat): an outstanding achievement in science 科学上的一项 杰出成就 (3) [C](纹章上)纪念某业绩的盾纹面

[联想] achieve (1) u. 完成, 达到, (努力后)取得 (2) u. 成功,

取得成就 / achievable a. 可完成的

#### acid ['æsid]

1. n. (1) [C, U]酸,酸性物质(反: alkali): Vinegar contains acetic acid. 酸含醋酸。(2) [U]〈口〉麦角酸酰二乙胺(= LSD)(3)〈俚〉迷幻药 2. a. (1)(含)酸的,酸性的(2)(味)酸的: These oranges are very acid. 这些橙子很酸。(3)尖刻的,刻薄的,愤懑的: acid remarks 尖刻的话

[联想] acidic a. 味酸的,酸性的 / acidify v. (使)变成酸,酸化 / acidity n. 酸味,酸度,(土壤等的)酸性,尖刻,刻薄

#### acknowledge [ək'nəlidʒ]-

w. (1) 承认(同: confess, admit): acknowledge the truth of the statement 承 认 声 明 的 真 实 性 (2) 承认(某人或自己),把(某人)认作(同: admit): They acknowledged him as their leader. 他 们 把 他 认 作 领 袖。(3) 告知收到(信件、礼物等),确认(收到)(同: confirm): She acknowledged the gift with a pleasant letter. 她愉快地写信感谢收到礼物。(4)对……表谢意: The president stood up to acknowledge the cheers of the crowd. 总统起立 答 谢 群 众 的 欢 呼。(5) (用身势等)表示注意到,注意并认出: He acknowledged her greeting with a nod. 他点头表示回答她的问候。

[联想] acknowledgement n. 承认,致谢,回音,收悉回执,表示感谢(之物),致谢(之物),(用身势)表示已注意到(或认出)[说明] acknowledge, admit, confess 和 concede 的区别: acknowledge 指承认某事为事实或承认收到某物; admit 可指承认某事为事实,也可指招认某事; confess 指承认曾经做过不正确的事情,经常翻译为"招认,坦白"; concede 指承认自己被击败,承认失败。

#### acquaintance [əˈkweintəns]

n. (1)[U]{遇见后或通过直接接触得到的)认识,了解: have no acquaintance with a person 不认识某人(2)[C](指交情友谊不深的)认识的人,相识: an acquaintance of mine 我认识的一个人

[短语] a passing acquaintance 点头之交,粗浅的知识 / make sb.'s acquaintance 初次遇见 / of one's / sb.'s acquaintance 某人所认识的 / on further / closer acquaintance 进一步了解之后[联想] acquaintanceship n. 交际圈,所有相识者

# acquire [əˈkwaiə]

vt. (1)[靠自己努力等) 获得,取得,拥有(同: get, obtain, accomplish): acquire a fortune 得到大笔财产 (2)学到(同: adopt):

acquire a habit 培养习惯

[联想] acquisition n. 获得,得到 / acquisitive a. 渴望得到的, 能够获得的

acquisition [¡ækwi'ziʃən]

n. (1)[U]获得,具有: the acquisition of skill 获得技能 (2)[C] 得到的物(或人): the museums recent acquisitions 博物馆最近得到的收藏品

[**联想**] acquisitive a. 贪求的,贪婪的,渴望得到的

acre ['eikə]

n. (1)[C] 英亩 (2)[C]—片土地,一块田地: rolling acres of farm land 起伏的片片农田 (3) [pl.](口)(of)大量: Her wedding dress had acres of material in it. 她的结婚礼服用了大量的衣料。

[联想] God's acre 教堂墓地 / acre-age 土地面积

action ['ækʃən]

n. (1)[U] 行动,活动: take immediate action 立即采取行动 (2)[U, C] 行为,动作: 〈谚〉Actions speak louder than words. 行动胜于言语。(3)[the -](已)发生的有趣(或重要)的事: be near the center of the action 接近发生事件的中心 (4) (影剧中的)故事情节: films with plenty of action (故事)情节曲折的影片 (5)[C]诉讼: take legal action 进行诉讼 (6)[U] 战斗,作战: The action lasted five hours. 战斗持续5小时。(7)作用: action and reaction 作用与反作用 (8) (机械等的)运转,操作: The machine has a very smooth action. 这机器操作灵活。(9)[C][the -] (机械等的)活动部件: The action of this piano is becoming stiff. 这架钢琴的活动部件变得不灵活。

[短语] a piece / slice of the action 〈口〉(为获一份好处)参与一项活动 / into action 进入行动状态 / out of action 不活动,不起作用

[说明] an act 和 an action 的用法比较: an act 指一次孤立的、目的有限的行动; an action 常指一个时期内发生的,或由一系列相关的 acts 构成的行动。

activity [æk'tiviti]

n. (1)活动,积极活跃,充满活力,忙碌(反: inactivity): one's time of activity 人生精力充沛时期 (2)[C](娱乐或政治性)活动: classroom activities 课堂活动 (3)[U] 放射性

[联想] active a. 积极的,活跃的,忙碌的,认真的,热烈的, (火山)活跃的 / activist n. (政治上的)积极分子,活动分子

#### acute [əˈkjuːt]

a. (1)[感言等]敏锐的(同: keen)(反: poor): an acute mind 敏捷的思维 (2)[看法等)尖锐的,深刻的(同: penetrating)(反: obtuse): an acute analysis of the situation 对形势的深刻分析 (3) (角)锐的: An acute angle is less than 90 degrees. 锐角小于 90°。 (4)剧烈的,严重的(反: obtuse, slight): suffer acute hardship 遭遇极大的艰难 (5)急性的,危急的: acute appendicitis 急性阑尾炎 (6) 尖重音的,有尖重音的: It's spelled with é acute. 拼法中有带尖重音的 é。

[联想] acutely ad. (感觉)敏锐地,(观察)深刻地,非常,极为adapt [a'dæpt]

1. w. (1)(to, for)使适应,使适合(同; accustom): adapt plans to changes in circumstances 使计划适应情况的变化 (2)(to, for) 改写,改编; adapt a play for television 把剧本改编成电视剧 2. wi.(to)适应: Our eyes slowly adapted to the dark. 我们的眼睛慢慢地适应了黑暗。

[短语] be adapted to 使适应,使适合

[联想] adaptable a. 适应性强的,善于适应的,可改编的 / adaptation n. 适应,改写,改写处,改制物

#### addition [əˈdiʃən]

n. (1)[U] 增加,加(法): the addition of more water 添了更多的 水 (2)[C] (to) 增加的人或物: They've just had an addition to the family. 他们家刚刚添了丁。

[短语] in addition 此外(还),并且 / in addition to 除……外(还有)

## additional [əˈdiʃənl]

a. 附加的,额外的: additional charges 附加的收费

[**联想**] additionally ad. 额外地,进一步地,此外,再者 adequate ['ædikwit]

a.(1)(刚)足够的,充分的(同: enough, sufficient): take adequate measures 采取足够的措施 (2)恰当的,令人满意的(同: satisfactory): He sought for adequate expression of his admiration. 他搜寻恰当的措词表达他的赞美。(3)胜任的(同: competent, capable): He was adequate to the job. 他胜任这项工作。(4)差强人意的,过得去的: Being adequate is not good enough. 过得去是不够的。

[**联想**] adequately, ad. 足够地,充分地,恰当地,令人满意地 / adequacy n. 适当,足够,胜任

[说明] adequate, sufficient 和 enough 的用法比较: adequate 意

为"足够的",不可修饰名词; adequate, sufficient 比 enough 正式; 单指数量时宜用 sufficient 或 enough。

# adjective ['ædʒiktiv]

- n.形容词: Adjectives modify nouns. 形容词修饰名词。 adjust[ə]dʒʌst]
- 1. nt. (1)(to)调整,调节,校正: The teacher adjusted his methods to suit the needs of slower children. 这老师调整教法,以适应差生的需要。(2)(to)使适应(同: adapt): He had to adjust himself to the new climate. 他必须(使自己)适应新的气候。(3)调解,调和: adjust discrepancies 调解分歧 (4)评估(损失等) 2. nt. (1)调整,调节: Your tie needs adjusting. 你的领带要整一整。(2)可调整,可调节: It has a hinged head which adjusts to clean all sizes of windows. 这工具的顶端有较链,可调节,以便擦大小不同的窗户。(3)适应(同: adapt): Astronauts in flight must adjust

to weightlessness. 宇航员飞行时必须适应失重状态。 [短语] adjust oneself / sth. to 调节,调整,使适应

[联想] adjuster n. 公司保险调节员 / adjustable a. 可调节的, 可调整的 / adjustment n. 调节,调整

#### administration [ədiminis treifən]

n.(1)[U] 主管,(机构等的)治理(同: admin): be experienced in administration 管理方面有经验(2)[U] 实施,行使: the administration of justice 执行正义(3)[U](宣誓仪式等的)主持: the administration of an oath 主持宣誓仪式(4)[U] 给予,提供: the administration of (charitable) aid 给予(慈善性) 援助(5)[the-] 行政领导,(企业的)主管部门,[the Administration] 〈美〉政府(同: admin): the school Administration 学校当局[联想] administrative a. 行政的,管理的/administrator n. 行政官,理事,董事,(医院等)院长,(学校等)校长,具有行政管理能力者,(财产等)管理人

#### admission [ad'misan]

n. (1) [U] (to, into)(被)准进入,(被)准参加,接纳(同: admittance)(反: exclusion): apply for admission to a university 申请入某大学(2)[C] 被接纳者,被准进入者: How many admissions have been made to the hospital today? 今天医院收了多少人?(3)[U] 入场费,门票费(同: entry): Admission free. 免费入场。(4)[C] 承认(同: acknowledgement, confess): He made an admission of guilt. 他承认有罪。

[联想] admissible a. (证据)可考虑的,可接受的,可采纳的,可接纳的