

7634.417/5

# 初中英语

## 同步单元练习手册

主编：阎晓天  
审校：马俊明 吴迪

中国妇女出版社

# 初中英语同步单元 练习手册

(1—6)

中国妇女出版社

一九八八年·

# 初中英语同步单元练习手册

(1—6)

阎晓天 主编

中国妇女出版社出版 新华书店首都发行所发行

测绘出版社印刷厂印刷

787×1092 毫米 32 开本 17 印张 364 千字

1988 年 5 月第一版 1988 年 5 月第一次印刷

印数: 1—41500 册

ISBN7-80016-066-1/G·38 定价: 3.90 元

## 目 录

### (六)

LESSON ONE .....	( 1 )
LESSON TWO .....	( 4 )
LESSON THREE.....	( 10 )
LESSON FOUR.....	( 14 )
LESSON FIVE .....	( 18 )
LESSON SIX .....	( 20 )
单元测试题 (L1—6) .....	( 26 )
LESSON SEVEN .....	( 33 )
LESSON EIGHT .....	( 38 )
LESSON NINE .....	( 42 )
LESSON TEN .....	( 46 )
单元测试题 (L7—10) .....	( 52 )
第六册自测试题 .....	( 60 )
<b>参考答案</b>	
LESSON ONE .....	( 67 )

LESSON TWO .....	( 68 )
LESSON THREE.....	( 68 )
LESSON FOUR.....	( 69 )
LESSON FIVE .....	( 70 )
LESSON SIX .....	( 71 )
<b>单元测试题答案 (L1—6)</b> .....	( 73 )
LESSON SEVEN .....	( 75 )
LESSON EIGHT .....	( 76 )
LESSON NINE .....	( 78 )
LESSON TEN .....	( 78 )
<b>单元测试题答案 (L7—10)</b> .....	( 80 )
<b>第六册自测试题答案</b> .....	( 81 )

## LESSON ONE

1. Divide the following words into different groups according to the pronunciation;

find high fire early near where  
dare repair careful hear require  
behind tire dar here unfair care  
fear learn hire night bright hare  
there chair mind search kind earth

1) [eə]

2) [iə]

3) [ə:]

4) ['aiə]

5) [ai]

6) [aɪnd]

2. For each of the following words and phrases find a word or phrase of similar meaning in the text,

1) learning

2) before long; soon

3) 100 years

4) almost (but not quite)

certain

5) stop trying to do something

6) need (vt.)

3. Put the following into Chinese,

1) China the United States England France

- Sweedden Japan Australia Egypt
- 2) Chinese American Frenchman German  
Hungarian Japanese Australian Egyptian Arab
- 3) Chinese English Russian Japanese  
French German
4. Word-building
- A. Give the adverbs of the following words,  
wide brave immediate bad loud usual  
easy terrible
- B. Give the adjectives of the following words,  
use care help thank  
sun cloud wind rain
5. Fill in the blanks with the verbs given, using the correct voice,
- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ recorders \_\_\_\_\_ (use) in English classes? Recorders \_\_\_\_\_ (not use) in English classes.
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ this kind of truck \_\_\_\_\_ (make) in Tianjin? This kind of truck \_\_\_\_\_ (not make) in Tianjin.
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ this song often \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) by girls in your class?  
This song \_\_\_\_\_ often \_\_\_\_\_ (not sing) by girls in my class.
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ table tennis \_\_\_\_\_ (play) through-

out the world? Table tennis \_\_\_\_\_ (not play) throughout the world.

5) \_\_\_\_\_ English \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) in that country? English \_\_\_\_\_ (not speak) in that country.

6. Put the following into English,

- 1) 我们房屋的窗户每周擦一次。
- 2) 教材要及时印行。
- 3) 世界上讲汉语的人最多。
- 4) 星期天下午常常要放映一部日本影片。
- 5) 大多数的科学书籍是用英语写的。
- 6) 在欧洲使用英语、法语、德语、和俄语。

7. Put the following into Chinese,

- 1) Russian is also taught in their school.
- 2) Basketball is played in middle-schools throughout the country.
- 3) English is spoken in England, the United States, Australia and some other countries.
- 4) This kind of recorder is made in China.
- 5) Slides are often shown in our class.

8. Read the story on pp. 11-12 of the Textbook 6, and then choose the correct answer,

- 1) The story happened in \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. Germany    B. France    C. England
- 2) The author of the story is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. a driver    B. a Frenchman    C. a traveller



- 3) Why did the young man stop the car?  
 A. Because he wanted to drive the car himself.  
 B. Because he was knocked down by the car.  
 C. Because he wanted to get into the car.
- 4) In what language did the two men greet one another?  
 A. In English. B. In Chinese. C. In French.
- 5) The author knew \_\_\_\_\_ French.  
 A. a little B. a lot of C. a few
- 6) Why did the author look at the young man in surprise?  
 Because he found that the young man was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. unable to speak quickly  
 B. also an Englishman  
 C. also a Frenchman

## LESSON TWO

1. Divide the following words into seven groups according to the pronunciation of the underlined letters.

told   hour   more   poor   floor   our  
before   sold   cold   door   hold   strike  
show   rose   person   publish   business  
class   busy   wish   waste   rise   shoot

sure

1 )

2 )

3 )

4 )

5 )

6 )

7 )

2. For each of the following words and phrases find a word or phrase of similar meaning in that text,

- 1) set free          2) man, woman, or child  
3) (be) always ready to do things  
4) refusing to go on working, to get better pay and better conditions  
5) without fear      6) fight

3. Put the following into English:

- 1) 这个工会大约是三十年前组成的。  
2) 这是关于工人反对老板的英勇斗争的故事。  
3) 乔·希尔是 1915 年盐湖城罢工斗争的中心人物。  
4) 监狱位于小山顶上。  
5) 他最后的话号召美国工人阶级组织起来。  
6) 教师办公室的电话是今天下午四点钟打来的。  
7) 凶手捕获了，并于四个月后判以死刑。  
8) 这个句子是错的。你必须注意词的正确用法。  
9) 中华人民共和国是 1949 年 10 月 1 日建立的。

10) 失踪的小孩三天之后找到了。

4. Fill in the blanks.

Model, work          worker (工人)

sing \_\_\_\_\_ (歌唱者)    win \_\_\_\_\_ (胜利者)

wait \_\_\_\_\_ (侍者)      fight \_\_\_\_\_ (战士)

murder \_\_\_\_\_ (凶手)    speak \_\_\_\_\_ (演说家)

read \_\_\_\_\_ (读者)      lead \_\_\_\_\_ (领导者)

found \_\_\_\_\_ (缔造者)    organize \_\_\_\_\_ (组织者)

write \_\_\_\_\_ (作家)

5. Turn the following into the active voice.

1) This song is often sung by children.

2) Slides are made (by them) in that workshop.

3) Jenney's bicycle was repaired (by them) last night.

4) A speech was made by the scientist at the meeting.

5) Two thieves were caught (by the policemen) last night.

6) The Children's Palace was given a colour TV set by the factory as a present.

7) A letter was posted (by him) to his friend in Sweden yesterday.

8) The baby was left by herself (by them).

6. Choose the correct answer according to the text.

- 1) Joe Hill was born in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. England in 1789    B. Swedeen in 1879  
C. Swedeen in 1789
- 2) He went to \_\_\_\_\_ when he was in his twenties.  
A. the United States    B. China    C. France
- 3) He \_\_\_\_\_ in the workers' struggle.  
A. took an active part    B. took place  
C. did nothing
- 4) Joe was a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. worker    B. musician    C. dancer
- 5) Joe \_\_\_\_\_ to call on the workers to take up the struggle.  
A. asked a good musician to write the words and music  
B. asked the piano  
C. himself wrote the words and music of the song
- 6) The bosses hated Joe because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he had fair hair and blue eyes  
B. he was a tall, thin, good-looking man  
C. they were afraid of his work among the workers and afraid of his songs
- 7) Joe lead a strike in \_\_\_\_\_ in 1915.  
A. Salt Lake City    B. New York    C. London
- 8) The bosses decided to get rid of Joe

because \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. they needed an excuse
- B. he was the soul of the struggle
- C. he murdered a man

9) Then the bosses \_\_\_\_\_ and put Joe into prison.

- A. needed an excuse
- B. tried a man
- C. found an excuse

10) In prison Joe went on \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. writing songs
- B. singing songs
- C. sending messages

11) His last words were \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. "Don't forget my death"
- B. "Don't stop striking"
- C. "Don't waste time mourning. Organize."

7. Complete the following sentences;

1) Beijing \_\_\_\_\_ (是一九四九年解放的).

2) The Chinese Communist Party \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (是一九二一年七月一日在上海建立的).

3) The Great Hall of the People \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ (是一九五九年建成的).

4) My uncle's radio \_\_\_\_\_ (是我哥哥修理的).

5) These photos \_\_\_\_\_ (是在长城拍摄的).

8. Fill in the blanks with the verbs given in their proper forms:

Comrade Li Dazhao \_\_\_\_\_ (bear) on October 29, 1889. In 1913 he \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to study in Japan. There he \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) Marxist theory. He \_\_\_\_\_ (become) one of China's earliest Marxists and communists. After the Chinese Communist Party \_\_\_\_\_ (found) in 1921, he \_\_\_\_\_ (direct) Party work in North China. In 1922 he \_\_\_\_\_ (send) by the Party to hold talks with Dr Sun Yat-sen in Shanghai. He \_\_\_\_\_ (do) a lot to help establish the revolutionary united front.

Li Dazhao \_\_\_\_\_ (put) in prison by the enemy on April 6, 1927 and \_\_\_\_\_ (hang) on April 28 at the age of 37.

While he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) in prison, he would not \_\_\_\_\_ (give) in and \_\_\_\_\_ (fight) bravely. Just before he \_\_\_\_\_ (kill), he \_\_\_\_\_ (make) a speech. These \_\_\_\_\_ (be) his last words: "You can \_\_\_\_\_ (kill) me, but you can't \_\_\_\_\_ (kill) all the communists. Communism \_\_\_\_\_ (be) sure to win."

Comrade Li Dazhao \_\_\_\_\_ (be) not dead! He \_\_\_\_\_ (never die)! His name \_\_\_\_\_ (remember) by the Chinese people for ever.

## LESSON THREE

1. Transcribe the following words in phonetic symbols,

general    goat    eight    laugt    judge  
German    dig    straight    cough    bridge  
knowledge    enough    daughter    plough  
struggle    orange    programme    danger

2. Explain the following in English,

1) dustman                      2) rubbish  
3) everywhere                  4) take place  
5) be careful                    6) excellent

3. Put the following into English,

1) 节目什么时候结束? (end vi.)  
2) 到罢工结束时, 整个街道会变成一个大垃圾堆。  
(end n.)  
3) 骆驼很远就能闻到水。 (smell vt.)  
4) 那难闻的气味使人恶心。 (smell n.)  
5) 关于那次足球赛已经做了一个报告。 (report n.)  
6) 布莱克先生警告詹妮他要把她的情况向校长汇报。  
(report vt.)  
7) 由于垃圾清运工还不复工, 垃圾袋在街上已经成堆了。  
(pile vt.)  
8) 一堆堆的棉花已经用卡车运到城里去了。 (pile n.)

- 9) 垃圾箱没有倒，因此到处都是垃圾袋。  
(empty vt.)
- 10) 他们已经搬到新楼房，现在旧房子里是空的。  
(empty adj.)
4. Turn the following into the passive voice,
- 1) People have turned the whole street into one big rubbish dump.
  - 2) They have warned us to be careful of rats.
  - 3) People have piled plastic bags full of rubbish in the streets.
  - 4) They have asked the public not to use the streets as rubbish dumps.
  - 5) Why haven't they done anything to end the strike.
  - 6) The dustmen haven't emptied the dustbins.
5. Turn the following into the active voice,
- 1) A new school will be opened (by them) in the village soon.
  - 2) A monument will be put up (by them) in the middle of the park.
  - 3) Something will be done (by them) to end the strike.
  - 4) The matter will be reported (by them) in the newspaper.
  - 5) A talk about international trade will be given (by them) next Thursday.



- 6) A short play will be put on (by us) for the English evening.
6. Choose the correct answer according to the text:
- 1) The job of a dustmen is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. cleaning our rooms B. emptying dustbins  
C. washing clothes
  - 2) The dustmen did not come to empty the dustbin on the Turners' road because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. they were tired B. they had no time  
C. they were on strike
  - 3) They had been on strike for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. three weeks B. ten days C. one year
  - 4) Robert could put the rubbish \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. at the gate of their home  
B. in the middle of the street  
C. near the dustbin
  - 5) The street looked like \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a big dustbin B. a big rubbish dump  
C. a bag of rubbish
  - 6) The people put their rubbish \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. around their houses B. in the dustbins  
C. everywhere in the streets
  - 7) The dustman's job is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. important, but not necessary