

# 初多英语上册

亢玉枝 瞿作章 主编

- ◆ 名师精心打造
- ◆ 同步随堂练习
- ◆难点尽数囊括







# 初多英语上册

班	级:	
地	夕.	

机械工业出版社 CHINA MACHINE PRESS 主 编 亢玉枝 瞿作章 参 编 李 柳 李 强 闻 波 周 永 曹玉珍 瞿文文

#### 《黄冈难点课课练丛书》编委会

语文教研组组长

陈明星 湖北省黄冈中学英语特级教师

张 凡 湖北省黄冈中学语文中级教师

王宪生 湖北省黄冈中学数学特级教师

刘 详 湖北省黄冈中学物理特级教师 刘道芬 湖北省黄冈中学化学特级教师

#### 图书在版编目(CIP)数据

黄冈难点课课练. 初二英语. 上册 / 亢玉枝, 瞿作章主编. 一北京: 机械工业出版社, 2004. 5 ISBN 7-111-01865-6

I. 黄··· II. ①亢··· ②瞿··· III. 英语课—初中—习题 IV. 6634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2004) 第 041294 号

机械工业出版社(北京市百万庄大街22号 邮政编码100037) 责任编辑: 郑文斌 封面设计: 饶 薇

责任印制: 洪汉军

北京中加印刷有限公司印刷·新华书店北京发行所发行

2004年5月第1版第1次印刷

850mm×1168mm 1/16・6.25 印张・137 千字

定价: 9.00 元

凡购本书,如有缺页、倒页、脱页,由本社发行部调换本社购书热线电话(010)68993821、88379646 封面无防伪标均为盗版

### 前 言

本套丛书全部由湖北黄冈中学的一线教师编写,是一套中高定位的教学辅导及课后作业用书,适用于成绩中等及以上的学生。它有以下几个特点:

#### 一、教改和考试"双吃透"

所谓的这两个"吃透"是指:一要"吃透"当前新·课标改革的进展情况;二要"吃透"中考的新动向和新要求。本套丛书在编排上不仅精选了历年中考的优秀题目,同时还将所有的练习题贴近应试真题,能给学生以更有效的指导。另外,本套丛书还配备了相应的新课标版本,可以满足不同学校和教师的各种要求。

#### 二、突出重点,强调难点

本套丛书没有强行和刻意地去全面反映考纲和教材的内容要求,一些简单的、学生应知应会的内容,本套丛书很少涉及。中等及中等以上难度题目的内容占全书 90%左右。基础:中等(巩固):难题(提高)=1:3:6,这是本套丛书在习题难度设定上依照的原则。这一点也是本书习题编排区别于一般的同步辅导用书、课后练习、作业本等的关键之处。

#### 三、知识的灵活应用

为了适应新课标培养学生灵活运用知识的教学目标,本套丛书在强调难点的同时,也引入了很多综合类的题目,帮助读者在同步学习的过程中就能养成综合考虑问题和解决问题的习惯。这样做完全适用于教改在素质提高方面的要求。

#### 四、面向日常,注重提高

这套丛书中的习题均有"期中测试题"、"期末测试题",绝大多数还有"单元测试题",考虑到部分学科和年级的特殊性,还有新颖题赏析、课外创新题、点击中高考题目相关的内容,学生可以在课上或课后在老师的辅导下进行练习,也可以单独进行测试。参考我们精心设计的题目,相信同学们能在平时的作业练习中逐步地提高自己的能力。

总的来说,这套丛书是从中高定位出发,为各省市区重点中学中等程度以上的学生精心策划和编写的,完全能够满足广大学生和中学教师教与学的需求。

由于时间仓促,书中难免有所疏漏,诚请广大教师和学生批评指正。

丛书编委会 2004年2月

## 目 录

則言		
Unit 1	Welcome back! ·····	
Unit 2	What are we going to do?	٠5
Unit 3	Autumn festivals ·····	٠ 9
Unit 4	On the farm	14
Unit 5	Shall we go to the zoo?	18
Unit 6	Find the right place!	23
Unit 7	Mainly revision	28
期中测试	式题	33
Unit 8	I was not here yesterday	41
Unit 9	The memory robot ·······	45
Unit 10	The Swedish rock band	50
Unit 11	Dates, months and seasons	55
Unit 12	What's the weather like?	61
Unit 13	Come to the party!	
Unit 14	Mainly revision	71
期末测证	式题	75
参考答	<b>秦</b> ····································	<b>B</b> 1

## Unit 1 Welcome back!

I,	单项	<b>5选择</b>			
	1.	Please say "yes" w	hen sheyour	name.	
		A. call	B. calls	C. is call	D. is calling
	2.	The meeting will b	egin at 2:30. Please_	·	
		A. on time	B. in time	C. be on time	D. to come on time
	3.	Tomorrow is her bi	irthday. What are you	going to buyhe	r?
		A. for	B. at	C. to	D. of
	4.	Look! The girls	over there.		
		A. is playing	B. play	C. are playing	D. playing
	5.	John's father	_to London for holid	ay every year.	
		A. fly	B. flys	C. is flying	D. flies
	6.	We can call David	Dave		
			B. for short	C. short	D. in short
	7.	Thank youu	is so well.		
		A. to teach		C. for teaching	D. by teaching
	8.	you a happ			
		-	B. Want		D. Give
	9.		lot ofin the pa	-	
		A. fun		C. funny	D. funning
	10.	·	elp methe tabl		
		A. move	B. with move	C. to moving	D. moving
II,	用道	适当的介词填空			
	11.	. Tom comes	_Canada. What	_Jim?	
		. Who'sduty	•		
			youour be		
	14. Oh, you know a lotEnglish names.				
	15.	. I would like a Chi	nese nameyou	ırs.	
III.	句	型转换		•	
	16.	I am late <u>because</u>	my bike is broken. (X	付划线部分提问)	•
	17.	I am thinking abou	ut what to say. (对划:		



		•
	18.	I don't know all your names. (改写,不改变句意)
	19.	She studies English very hard. (变一般疑问句)
	20.	They are going to make their teacher a card. (对划线部分提问)
IV.	汉详	<b>秦英</b>
	21.	欢迎到中国来。
	22.	表示
	23	
	23,	English names are Chinese names.
	24.	我们正在打扫教室。
		We the classroom.
	25.	明天你打算干什么?
		Whatyoutomorrow?
V,	下列	各句中均有一处错误,请找出并改正
	26.	His parents likes English very much.
		A B C D
	27.	Tomorrow is the Teachers' Day and we want to buy something for our teacher.
		A B C D
	28.	You can give your best wishes him.
		A B C D
	29.	His friend is comes from Shanghai.
	30	A B C D
	30.	You may call she Lily.
		A B C D
VI,	阅读	填词(首字母已给出)
		y has a white dog. She likes it very much. But now she c 31 find it at home. She looks
		it here and t 33. Then she finds a dog at Mr Brow's. She goes and says to Mr Brown, "You have
		t your home." Mr Brown h 34 a look at Mary, then says, "No, it's my dog. My dog is black. Is
		black, too?" No, Mary's dog is white. So she says sorry to him. She has to 1 35.
		at this time it begins to rain. Mary has to s 36 in Mr Brown's house. It rains so h 37.
		n the rain s 38, Mary goes o 39. Aha! The black dog t 40 into white.
	36 36	c       32. f       33. t       34. h       35. l         s       37. h       38. s       39. o       40. t
	<i>5</i> 0.	<u>s</u> 37. <u>h</u> 38. <u>s</u> 39. <u>o</u> 40. <u>t</u>



#### VII、完形填空

What do you do at the weekend? Some people like to 41 at home, but others like to go 42 a
walk or to play football. My friend Jack works hard in a factory during (在期间) the43 At the
weekend, he always 44 the same thing. On Saturday he 45 his car and on 46 he goes with
his family to a village (村庄) by car. His uncle and aunt have a farm there. It isn't a47_ one, but there's
always 48 to do on it. The children help to give the animals their 49. Jack and his wife help in the
fields. At the end (结束) of the day, they are all and Jack's aunt gives them a big meal.

(	) 41. A. play	B. live	C. stay	D. enjoy
(	) 42. A. to	B. for	C. in	D. at
(	) 43. A. day	B. time	C. autumn	D. week
(	) 44. A. does	B. makes	C. borrows	D. has
(	) 45. A. watches	B. driving	C. sells	D. washes
(	) 46. A. Monday	B. Sunday	C. Saturday	D. Wednesday
(	) 47. A. small	B. big	C. hard	D. short
(	) 48. A. much	B. little	C. fast	D. far
(	) 49. A. clothes	B. places	C. food	D. water
(	) 50. A. clean	B. late	C. hungry	D. friendly

#### VIII、阅读理解

#### It's a NO. Three Bus

Mike is seven and begins to go to school this week. It's Sunday today. His mother Mrs Smith doesn't go to work. Mike wants to go to the zoo. He gets up at six thirty and asks his mother to take him there. After breakfast they go to the bus stop. They want to take a NO. Three bus to the zoo.

C. Mr Smith is.

"Look, Mummy!" the boy is calling out. "A No. Three bus is coming!" "No, dear," Mrs Smith is saying. "It isn't No. Three. It's No. Twenty-one." "You're wrong, Mummy," Mike is saying. "My teacher says two and one is three!" 51. Mike is a student of Grade . A. one B. Two C. Three D. Four 52. Mike is going to the zoo with\_\_\_\_\_. A. his father C. his sister B. his mother D. his brother 53. Mrs Smith and her son want to go to the zoo by\_\_\_\_\_ A. bus B. bike C. boat D. plane 54. Mike thinks\_\_\_\_\_, so he is calling out. A. two and one is three B. a No. Twenty-one bus is coming C. a No. Three bus is coming D. a No. Two bus is coming 55. Who is wrong? A. The teacher is. B. Mike is.

### IX、连词成句

56. at, East Lake, go, Let's, fishing



D. Mrs Smith is.

57.	be, that's, to, going, fun	
58.	you, are, Uncle Wang, see, going, next holiday, to	—·
59.	the, Jill, way, wrong, goes, often	—'
60.	do some shopping, next, are, going, Monday afternoon, you, to	—·

#### X、书面表达

根据提示写一段对话。

明天是教师节,Tom 准备去商店买点什么送给老师。李雷说,我们是学生,没有很多钱,最好做张卡片,带上最美好的祝愿送给老师。Tom 认为这是个好主意。



## Unit 2 What are we going to do?

I,	单项	选择			
	1.	Are they goin	ig to have a field trip t	omorrow?	
	_	•	B. No, they are	•	D. No, they don't
	2.		not going to walk		_
			B. how		D. more
	3.		ooks in this new book		
			B. a lots of	C. lots of	D. much
	4.	Does hever			
		A. likes go fishing		B. like to go fish	
	_	C. like going fishing	_	D. like goes fishin	g
	5.	What are you goin	g to do?		
		A. yesterday		B. the day before y	yesterday
	_	C. the day after to		D. in next week	
	6.	-	emshis homew		
	_	A. do	B. to do	C. doing	D. does
	7.		ighis classmate		_
			B. with	C. together	D. so
	8.	•	u going next Sunday?		
		——My hometow			_
	_	A. Who	2,	C. How	D. What
	9.		a picnicSaturd		
		A. in	B. at	C. on	D. for
	10.	Does he speak Er	Ť		
		A. good	B. well	C. nice	D. bad
71	与#	型转换			
111					
	11. The students are doing their homework. (对划线部分提问)				
			ne students?		
	12.	We usually get up	at six. (变一般疑问句	可)	
		•	lyup at six?		
	13.	<del>-</del>	Alice. (对划线部分提	:问)	
		is			
	14.	-	he classroom. (变否定	至句)	
		corru the l	one to the classroom		



	15.	They are talking about English name:are theyabout?	s. (对划线部分提问)
111、	根护	居汉语意思,完成下列句子	
	16.	我们经常在家吃午饭。	,
		We often have lunch	
	17.	我喜欢晚饭后散步。	
		Iafter supper.	
	18.	去放风筝怎么样?	
		aboutto fly a kite?	
	19.	我通常骑自行车上学,但有时也步	行。
		I usually go to school by bike,	_I walk
	20.	高小姐由海路去青岛。	
		Miss Go goes to Qingdao	<del>.</del>
IV.	阅词	<b>卖填词(首字母已给出)</b>	
	It's	S 21 New term b 22 This	is the first English class. Mr Zhang is our n 23 English
teac			English very w 25. He s 26 he doesn't know all our
			desk. Our names are a 28 on it. He c 29 our names
		ne. I think we'll like him s 30	
	21.	<u>S</u> 22. <u>b</u>	23. <u>n</u> 24. <u>t</u> 25. <u>w</u>
		<u>s</u> 27. <u>o</u>	•
••	41 A	·····································	
٧,		对话,从下面七项中选出五项填入。	空日处,
		Excuse me, may I ask some questions?	
	-	31	
		What does "perhaps" mean?	
	_	32	
		What is the difference between "other"	
		33 . You'd better go and ask our E	
	_	34 . Are "other" and "another" the	same?
	В: _	35	
		A. I'll tell you the answer later	B. Sure
		C. No, you can't	d. Sorry, I don't know
		E. Excuse me, Miss Li	F. It doesn't matter
		G. It means "maybe"	
VI.	完刑	<b>/填空</b>	

This is a meeting room. It is not big, 36 it is bright and clean. There are two long tables in the



middle 37 the meeting room. On the right-hand side, there are seven chairs. On the left-hand side, there 38 six chairs. There is a big table 39 the front of the room. In 40 of the table, there are some flowers. Behind the table, there is a white board. On the board are 41 words. They say, "Welcome 42 our school!"

Four people are standing near the door. The woman <u>43</u> the left is the teacher. The other three are students. They <u>44</u> happy. The teacher <u>45</u>, "Very good. Everything is ready for our meeting."

(	) 36. A. but	B. But	C. and	D. And
(	) 37. A. on	B. at	C. of	D. with
(	) 38. A. am	B. is	C. are	D. be
(	) 39. A. on	B. behind	C. with	D. at
(	) 40. A. front	B. back	C. hand	D. side
(	) 41. A. a little	B. a few	C. little	D. few
(	) 42. A. in	B. on	C. at	D. to
(	) 43. A. on	B. in	C. at	D. to
(	) 44. A. see	B. look at	C. look	D. looks
(	) 45. A. say	B. says	C. speak	D. speaks

#### VII、阅读理解

#### A

An old woman has a cat. The cat is now very old, she cannot run fast, and she can't bite (咬). One day the old cat sees a mouse, she jumps and catches the mouse. But she can't bite it, so the mouse gets out of her mouth and runs away.

Then the old woman becomes very anger because the cat can't kill the mouse. She begins to beat the cat. The cat says to her, "Don't beat your old servant (仆人). Don't be unkind to the old. When they are young, they can do good work."

В

46.	What does the old	woman have?		
	A. The old woman	has a young cat.	B. The old woman h	as an old dog.
	C. The old woman	has an old cat.	D. The old woman h	as an old mouse.
47.	Why can't the cat r	un fast?		
	A. Because she is v	ery fast.	B. Because she is no	t slow.
	C. Because she is n	ot old.	D. Because she is no	t young.
48.	What does the cat s	ee one day?		
	A. She sees a mont	h,	B. She sees a horse.	
	C. She sees a mous	e.	D. She sees a house.	
49.	The old woman bed	cames angry because_	·	
	A, the cat eats her r	neat	B. the cat can't bite t	he mouse
	C. the cat can't bite	the fish	D. the cat can't bite t	he horse
50.	The word "unkind"	means		
	A. very happy	B. not kind	C. so kind	D. like



A good breakfast is important. You can easily understand it. By breakfast time you have not eaten anything about twelve hours. Your body needs food for morning activities.

One good breakfast should be rice or bread, an egg, milk and fruit. On a cold morning a cup of hot drink is necessary.

You must get up early to have plenty of time to eat breakfast.

A good breakfast helps you to smile more easily. It helps you to be more friendly and also to work better and play more happily. Your whole day will be more fun after you have enjoyed a good breakfst.

51.	According to this passage we know that_	can help us work better.
	A. getting up early	B. having a good breakfast
	C. having enough time to eat breakfast	D. having a good meal
52.	Food is needed in the morning because yo	u haveto eat for the whole night.
	A. not had everything	B. had everything
	C. had nothing	D. not had something
53.	will be a good breakfast.	-
	A. Only rice or bread	B. Only bread or an egg
	C. Only milk and fruit	D. Rice or bread, an egg, milk and fruit
54.	If you want to make your whole day more	fun you must
	A. only enjoy a good breakfast	
	B. only have a good breakfast	
	C. have a very good breakfast besides lunc	h and supper
	D. have plenty of time to have meals	
55.	This passage mainly tells us a good breakf	ast
	A. is of great importance	B. can help us smile more easily
	C. can make us more friendly	D. can let us play more happily

#### VIII、书面裹达

根据提示写一篇短文(词数 60~70 个)

后天我们班同学准备去远足。我们想带点食品和水果,还想带点桔子汁。明天我和 Lucy 打算去买东西。后天早上七点我们将在校门口集合,然后步行去西山,中餐将在那里野餐,下午五点回校。



## Unit 3 Autumn festivals

I,	单项	选择					
	1.	Chinese people usually eat mooncakesMid-Autumn Day.					
		A. at	B. on	C. in	D. with		
	2.	Would you like	an English song wi	th me?			
		A. so sing	B. singing	C. sing	D. sings		
	3.	younext Sunday?					
		A. Do, free	•	C. Are, free	D. Does, free		
	4.	all the sisters					
				C. Of, younger	D. Of, the youngest		
	5.	This apple pie is ver	-				
		Good! Would you likeone?					
		A. another	B. other	C. the other	D. others		
	6.		kinds of animals in				
			B. a lot		D. different		
	7.			to my house fo			
	_			C. come in	D. come at		
	8.		esmeata				
	_		B. with, on	C. in, with	D. with, inside		
	9.	. ——How about another one?					
		I am ful					
	1.0			C. Yes, thanks.	D. Why not?		
10. ——I'd like you to come to our Thanks giving dinner.							
		A. No, I wouldn't		B. Yes, I do.			
		C. I'm sorry, but I o	can't come	D. I can't go			
II,	句型	<b>型转换</b>					
	11.	Jim is the tallest boy in his class. (同义句转换)					
		Jim isboy in his class.					
	12.	This one is bigger t	an that one. (同义句转换)				
	That one						
	13.	My father goes to work on foot every day. (对划线部分提问)					
		your fatherto work every day?					
14. They often have supper at six thirty. (对划线部分提问)							
	they often have supper?						

П,



15. It is Children's Day tomorrow. (对划线部分提问)is it tomorrow?						
III、汉译英,每空一词						
16、我爸爸是我们三人中最高的。						
My father isus three.						
17. 南瓜比月饼便宜得多。						
The pumpkins are the mooncakes.						
18. 我非常感谢你邀请我。						
Thank you very much for						
19. 商店里有不同种类的月饼。						
There are of the mooncakes in the shop.  20. 明天晚上你有空吗?						
tomorrow evening?						
IV、阅读填词(首字母已给出)						
We have a big library in our school. There're 1 21 of books in it. We can b 22 many book						
from the library, b 23 we can not 1 24 them to others freely. Each student can borrow two book						
a $25$ a time. We can keep these books $f$ $26$ two weeks.						
If we can't finish them on t 27, we must go to the library to renew (续借) t 28.						
When we are reading in the library, we must keep q 29. It's a good p 30 for reading. We lik						
our library very much.						
21. <u>1</u> 22. <u>b</u> 23. <u>b</u> 24. <u>1</u> 25. <u>a</u>						
26. <u>f</u> 27. <u>t</u> 28. <u>t</u> 29. <u>q</u> 30. <u>p</u>						
V、完形填空						
A						
Mrs King is often ill. Mr King is very 31 and tells his son Peter to 32 his mother to do som						
housework. So the boy has33 time to watch TV when he comes back from34 He is sorry for it,						
Now Class Two are having English. Miss White, his 35 asks, "Do you have any brothers or sister						
Peter?"						
The boy 36 and answers, "No, madam."						
"What would you like to have?"						
"A sister."						
<u>" 37 "</u> asks Miss White.						
"Because she could 38 my clothes, tells a lot of stories to me, cook 39 for our family and						
look after my mother, so I could 40 all the time after school."						
"You don't want a sister, but a slave (奴隶)!"						
"That's right, madam."						
( ) 31. A. young B. old C. good D. busy						



(	) 32. A. help	B. teach	C. watch	D. think				
(	) 33. A. few	B. little	C. a few	D. a little				
(	) 34. A. shop	B. river	C. school	D. home				
(	) 35. A. friend	B. teacher	C, mother	D. classmate				
(	) 36. A. stands up	B. gets up	C. sits down	D. gets to				
(	) 37. A. When	B. Where	C. Who	D. Why				
(	) 38. A. buy	B. sell	C. wash	D. clean				
(	) 39. A. meals	B. water	C. milk	D. orange				
(	) 40. A. work	B. study	C. play	D. write				
			3					
A:	What do you usually do o	on Mid-Autumn Day?						
B: In China, we usually sit 41 the open air and 42 the moon. That night the moon is 43 and								
looks 44 brighter. 45 the same time we eat mooncakes.								
A: Mooncakes? 46 do they look like?								
B: They are round, and look like the moon.								
A: Are47 many kinds of mooncakes?								
			nme have meat or eggs	. 49 you like to come	OVer			
	ouse tomorrow everning?	• nats, and se	sine have meat or eggs	you like to come	, 0001			
-	ank you very much,60	1						
(	) 41. A. in	B. on	C. at	D. with				
(	) 42. A. look out	B. look after	C. look at	D. look for				
(	) 43. A. small	B. open	C. away	D. full				
(	) 44. A. much	B. very	C. many	D. more				
(	) 45. A. In	B. At	C. On	D. To				
(	) 46. A. How	B. Where	C. What	D. Which				
(	) 47. A. they	B. we	C. have	D. there				
	) 48. A. in	B. inside	C. into					
(	) 40. A. III	D. HISIUC	C. Into	D. with				

#### VI、阅读理解

) 49. A. Would

) 50. A. I like

to

#### A

C. Can

C. I'd love to

D. Are

D. I would

B. Do

B, I do

Children in the USA like K Day very much. K is for kites. March 7 is the day. On that day lots of children go out in the open air. They take their kites with them. Some kites are very big. Others are small. They are in different colours. Every kite has a long string (纲绳).

To get the kites up, the children begin to run. They let out the string from the ball in their hands. Now the kites are flying in the air. How nice they look!

Now, all the kites are high up in the air. Some are higher than others. The one like a bird is the highest. But what's wrong? It's flying away! The string is broken.

Another kite gets away. And more kites fly away. But the children are running after them. They want to



get them	i back. Peopie are wa	acning them and lau	gning.					
51. Onlots of children go out in the open air.								
	A. May 1	B. June 1	C. March 7	D. April 7				
52.	Kites are in	colours.						
	A. same	B. different	C. white	D. black				
53.	Now all the kites are high up in the open air. Some are							
	A. highest than other		B. higher than others					
	C. higher than		D. highest than					
54.	The one like a bird	is						
	A. very big of all	B. small of all	C. high than others	D. the highest				
55.	Another kite gets_							
	A. away	B. up	C. back	D. over				
			В					
One	e day Einstein is wal	king in the street in	New York, His friend m	eets him and says to him, "Einstein,				
you shou	ıld (应该) buy a new	coat. Look, how old	d your coat is!"					
But	Einstein answers, "I	it doesn't matter. No	body knows me here."	•				
Afte	er a few years Einste	in becomes (成为) a	famous scientist. But he	still wears the old coat.				
His	friend meets him ag	ain and asks him to l	buy a new one.					
But	Einstein says, "I nee	edn't buy a new one.	Everyone knows me her	re."				
56.	Einstein iss	cientist.						
	A. an English	B. Chinese	C. an American	D. a Japanese				
57.	Einstein's coat is ve	ery old. His friend_		•				
	A. gives him a new	one	B. asks him to buy a	new one				
	C. helps him buy a new one		D. helps him mend the old coat					
58.	Einstein doesn't wa	Einstein doesn't want to buy a new one because						
	A. nobody knows him		B. he likes the old or	B. he likes the old one				
	C. he has no money		D. he doesn't mind it					
59.	A few years later E			-				
	A. buys a new one		B. become a great sc	ientist				
	C. still wears a old coat		D. B and C					
60.	The title of this passage should be (短文的题目应是)							
	A. Einstein and His Friend		B. Einstein and His New Coat					
	C. Einstein's Coat		D. Einstein					
	O. Daision & Cour		D. Lington					
VII、看	图填词	ì		·				
61.	. Tom isthan Jane.							
62.	<ul> <li>62. The Chinese book isthan the English book.</li> <li>63. The football isthan the basketball.</li> <li>64. Which is, an elephant, a tiger or a bear?</li> </ul>							
63.								
64.								

