根据教育部最新考试大纲调整范围编写

## 新编大学英语儿级考试

# 高分突破

(模拟题库)

- 策划 大学英语六级考试命题研究组
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为确保本系列书的生命力,满足广大读者的最新需求,以及遏制不法分子的盗版行为,我们将不断增加新品种、新版本、新内容。

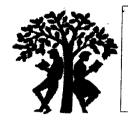
我社本次推出的新编大学英语系列,是在第一版 及其修订版的基础上精雕细琢而成。其选材更新、针 对性更强。

新的系列书特邀我国著名英语教学专家、北京大 学英语系孙亦丽教授担任主编。孙教授治学严谨,对 本书全文逐字逐句地进行了审阅,在此我们向她表示 衷心的感谢!

我们坚信:本系列书不仅能够直接帮助你通过四、六级考试,也可使你的英语水平有大幅度提高。

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#### (Riddle)

The strangest thing: whoever has it doesn't tell it, whoever takes it doesn't know it, and whoever knows it doesn't want it.

What is it?

### Simulated Test One

#### Part I Listening Comprehension

(30 minutes)

#### Section A

Directions: In this section you will hear 10 short conversations. At the rend of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

M: When shall we begin our test?

W: Tomorrow at 10 o'clock. But we've got to do it quickly, for we have to finish everything before 3 in the afternoon.

Q: For how long can they work on their test?

You will read:

A.2 hours.

B. 3 hours.

C. 4 hours.

D. 5 hours.

From the conversation we know that the two are talking about some test they will start at 10 o'clock in the morning and have to finish at 3 in the afternoon. Therefore, D "5 hours" is the correct answer. You should choose [D] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the center.

Sample Answer [A] [B] [C] [D]

1. A. In a museum.

B. In a park.

C. In a library.

D. In an art store.

2.A.2.

B. 5.

C. 7.

D. 9.

- 3. A. She lost a finger.
  - B. She became a surgical nurse.
  - C. She had an operation on her eyelids.
  - D. She had one of her eyes removed.
- 4. A. By one o'clock.

B. By two o'clock.

C. By three o'clock.

D. By twelve o'clock.

5. A. A concert.

B. An opera.

C. A play.

D. A movie.

- 6. A. The phone has disconnected.
  - B. Mr. Black does not finish his sentence.
  - C. The woman is not attentive.
  - D. The man wants to talk to Mr. Black.
- 7. A. 95.
- B. 75.
- C.65.
- D. 85.
- 8. A. The customer must pay actual dollars.
  - B. The customer must sign the check first.
  - C. The customer may either pay cash or pay check.
  - D. The customer is not allowed to buy the photo-album.
- 9. A. 50miles.
- B. 40miles.
- C. 80miles.
- D. 90miles.

- 10. A. She needs another size of dress.
  - B. She does not like the color any more.
  - C. She liked the dress when she bought it, but later changed her mind.
  - D. She needs another style.

#### Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the question will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding

letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

#### Passage One

#### Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 11. A. Because Menlo Park was his birthplace.
  - B. Because he died at Menlo Park.
  - C. Because he did much of his research at Menlo Park.
  - D. Because he made no discoveries at Menlo Park.
- 12. A. Electricity.
  - B. A soft glowing light.
  - C. A multiplex laboratory.
  - D. A certain kind of carbon filament.
- 13. A. The radio.

B. Television.

C. A type of telegraph.

D. The sewing machine.

#### Passage Two

#### Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A. 90 million

B. 100 million

C. 120 million

D. 150 million

- 15. A. The skills of foreign teachers are good.
  - B. Chinese People like learning languages.
  - C. China's opening to the world.
  - D. All of the above.

- 16. A. BBC English programs are broadcast on weekends.
  - B. BBC English programs are supplied to radio stations in 120 countries.
  - C. BBC English programs also supply films and videos.
  - D. BBC English programs help to add more English speakers to the population.

#### Passage Three

#### Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 17. A. The Constitution of 1789.
  - B. The first Constitution of the United States.
  - C. The thirteen original states.
- D. The government under the Articles of Confederation.
- 18. A. 10.
- B. 11.
- C. 12.
- D. 13.

- 19. A. Borrow money.
  - B. Establish a postal system.
  - C. Maintain an army.
  - D. Collect taxes.
- 20. A. They showed that it is possible to achieve a certain degree of unity in a nation.
  - B. They helped the young nation to expand.
  - C. They ended the Constitution of 1789.
  - D. They helped establish a strong executive branch.

#### Section C Compound Dictation

Direction: In this section you will hear a passage three times. During the first reading, you should listen carefully for a general idea of the whole passage. Then listen to the passage again. When the first part of the passage is being read, you should fill in the missing word during the pause at each blank. After listening to the second part of the passage, you are required to write down the main points according to what you have just heard. Finally, when the passage is read the third time you can check what you have written.

Because can be kept easily in small ponds and aquari
ums, they, but like any other pets, they must have prope
care and the right kind of place to live.
A two-inch fish requires containing suffi
cient oxygen to support life. Some oxygen will make its way into the
water of an aquarium from the air that: plants in ar
aquarium also help to oxygen. Snails help to keep an aquarium
clean. Thus, with plenty of and snails, the water in ar
aquarium does not have to be changed frequently.
It is important that goldfish not be They can be fed such
things as in addition to commercially-prepared goldfish
food, but they should never be fed more than

#### Part II Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are 4 reading passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

#### Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage.

France made <u>soccer</u> history here on Sunday night, when the underdogs beat defending champions Brazil 3-0 to win the last World Cup this century before a delirious crowd of 80 000 people.

The host nation fully deserved their ultimate <u>triumph</u>, teaching a static Brazil how to play the disciplined attacking football, which has characterized their campaign at France 98. Players on both sides burst into tears at the final whistle, French President Jacques Chirac raised his arms in triumph and co-organizer Michel Platini broke into a huge grin. Brazil had just played their worst match of the tournament.

French coach Aime Jacquet, who now steps down from the national coaching job, said: "We are very proud, we worked very hard for this. We didn't just want to be finalists," the 56-year-old man went on. "We have worked very hard for the last two years and we justified everything on the pitch. We deserved to win. We've got huge faith in our players, who have improved as the tournament has gone along. We've been through everything in these World Cup finals, with

the sending-off of Zidane and Laurent Blanc, and yet we've made up for their absences and overcome all the obstacles. And to crown all that, we've had the sending-off tonight of Desailly. But this team has extraordinary heart."

France were the better side throughout the tournament. They won all their matches, scored more goals than anyone else and conceded fewer goals than anyone else only two, to boast the meanest defense of any winning side.

It was the perfect finishing touch for a memorable evening in world sport, rounded off by fireworks, massed singing of "La Marseillaise" (马赛曲) and the image of Deschamps holding the World Cup high above his head.

21. The overall attitude of the writer towards the French soccer team is

A. appreciation

B. resentment

C. indifference

D. jealousy

- 22. What does the writer think of the Brazil team?
  - A. He thinks the Brazil team simply has bad luck.
  - B. He thinks the Brazil team should be sympathized.
  - C. He thinks the Brazil team has played quite well.
  - D. He thinks the Brazil team has not improved its technique.
  - 23. What was NOT the reason for their final victory according to what French coach Aime Jacquet thinks?
    - A. They have worked very hard for the last two years.
    - B. They believe the abilities of their players.
    - C. They think the absence of several good players on the part of the

Brazil team offered them good chances.

D. They have successfully overcome all the obstacles on the way to the victory.

24. On line 2 from	n the bottom of	Paragraph 3,	"crown" is similar in
meaning with	•		
A. disappoint	B. beat	C. please	D. overcome

25. The memorable evening include all the following EXCEPT

A. fireworks

B. singing together a famous song

C. a solo by a famous singer

D. the holding of the World Cup by Deschamps

#### Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage.

When Iraq invaded Kuwait, I was on a course of study in Taiwan. On the way home, my plane stopped off a Dhahran Airport for refueling. At that time, the airport was silent and deserted. It is hard to believe that it is now at the center of a savage and brutal war.

When the war began on January 18th, the authorities believed that the multi-national force was irresistible and that the war would be short and swift. But now, the situation seems quite the reverse; the war is likely to take at least several months before it blows itself out.

No matter how long the war lasts, it is undeniably a great tragedy. The region is now bristling with bombers, warships and soldiers. Saddam Hussein has already begun to make random bombing attacks on Israel and Saudi Arabia. He has even brazenly threatened to use missiles charged with biological or chemical warheads.

Recently the problem of environmental pollution has emerged with the large oil slick that Saddam has intentionally created. This threatens all the wildlife in the area.

Whether or not the Gulf War is a just war is a hotly debated question. Although most people agree with the deployment of soldiers in the region, a considerable number of people do not want Britain to get involved.

A. he was impressed by the brutality of the war.  B. the region was bristling with bombers, warships and soldiers.  C. he thought it dangerous to refuel in the warring area.  D. he didn't see any signs of a war going on.
27. The beliefs of the authorities and the actual situation are
A. opposite B. the same C. similar
D. partly same and partly different
<ul> <li>28. The reason for the resentment of the war mentioned in the passage includes all the following EXCEPT</li> <li>A. several nations' sovereignty is violated</li> <li>B. the possible biological and chemical war is disastrous</li> <li>C. the war is a catastrophe no matter whether it will last long or end soon</li> <li>D. the soldiers may sacrifice their lives</li> </ul>
729. In regard to the nature of the war,
A. people unanimously agree with each other

B/people has radically different opinions

C. people do not care about it

D. most people choose to withhold their opinions

030. The last sentence reflects the English people's

X/ambivalence

B. ambiguity

**C**ambition

D. timidity

#### Questions 31 to 35 are based on the following passage.

In winter we are faced with the problem of keeping comfortably warm both indoors and out. The solution of this problem involves what we call the conservation of heat. In summer the situation is reversed, although the problem of keeping cool also means the control of heat in its proper place.

In our factories we regard heat from another point of view. Factories are power plants where various fuels are burned and where the heat energy produced is converted into mechanical energy. Even where water power is used its ultimate source is heat: for, after all, we are dependent upon the sun for evaporation of the water that produces the rainfall which fills our streams.

All our means of transportation and communication depend upon some forms of heat engine. In fact, we may think of our own bodies as heat engines and the food we eat as fuel to keep us warm and to supply the need mechanical energy. We shall see that the discoveries in this field of physics have already produced tremendous changes in our everyday life. We need only to think of the part that the automobile plays in everyday affairs to realized this.

Our most important source of heat is the sun. The more nearly

vertical the sun's rays are, the more heat they give on a horizontal surface. This explains why we receive more near the equator than near the poles.

31	. The main topic of this passage is
	A. the sun provides most of the heat that we need
	B. our daily life needs some forms of the heat energy
	C. the reaction of our body to the changes of heat
	D. a general survey of the heat energy
32	. Why do you think the writer begins the passage with our daily experience?
	A. The writer thinks this way of approaching from the familiar to
	the unfamiliar will make the contents easier to accept for read ers.
	B. The writer thinks this way is appealing.
	C. The writer wants to establish an intimating relationship with readers.
	D. The writer does not know other ways to begin his article.
33	. In factories,
	A. the heat is viewed the same as is viewed in our daily life
	B. the heat is only used to keep people warm
	C. different forms of energy are changed into heat and vice versa
	D. the ultimate product is only the heat energy
34.	. What is the source of water power?
	A. Heat. B. Mechanical energy.
	C. Fuel. D. Coal.