

PRETCO辅导系列丛书 总主编 顾伯清

高等学校英语应用能力考试

Practical English Test for Colleges

# 综合测试

主编 顾伯清 副主编 周明芳 曹晓华 施彩虹

 复旦大学出版社

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## 内 容 提 要

本书为高等学校英语应用能力考试(高职高专应试)辅导系列丛书之二。

本书共由以下几部分组成:1. 听力分类测试,包括应试中的听力三个部分各种形式的介绍与总结。2. 语法测试指导,包括应试中的典型试题,试题的简要解答和强化练习。3. 词性转换的强化试题和精解,其中包括各词条的多种词性变化。4. 翻译训练,针对学生考试中的题型而编的模拟试题及解答。5. 写作技巧与练习,包含各种应用性文体的写作要点、格式及范文。考生通过强化训练后,必定有明显的成效。

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# 前 言

每年两次的“高等学校英语应用能力考试”是检验全国高职高专英语课程教学的一项教学水平测试,它能检查学生在学完本课程后,在英语应用能力方面的真实水平。本辅导系列书针对 A 级考试而设计,共由三本书组成:

1. 应试必读
2. 综合测试
3. 阅读理解与全真试题

本书由以下五大部分内容组成:听力分类测试;语法测试指导;词形转换强化试题;翻译训练以及写作技巧与练习。编者以多年在该领域中的教学和辅导经验,精心模拟设计和汇集了最新、最典型的各类综合测试题,旨在帮助考生全面、系统地复习迎考,以争取最佳考分。

本套书在试题要求、试题题型、答题方法等方面都给予了重点而简要的阐述和总结,并配有全真模拟试题,供学生考前热身练习。书末还配有试题答案与详解等。音带另外配套供应。

编者所教的学生通过本辅导系列丛书的强化训练后,提前一学期参加了 2002 年 12 月 28 日的全国 A 级统考,结果取得了优异成绩,通过率高达 95.03%,名列上海榜首。

书中难免有不足之处,敬请读者批评指正。

编 者  
2003 年 3 月 18 日

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## 一、听力分类测试

听力理解 (Listening Comprehension) 包括三个部分: 第一部分为短对话 (short dialogues); 第二部分为长对话 (conversations), 每个对话后面有二三个问题; 第三部分为短文 (short passages), 主要测试考生对短文的理解能力, 根据短文回答五个问题。

第一部分的考题(1至50题)主要分下列几种类型:

### 一、就对话发生的地点进行提问

1. A) At a hospital. B) In a college.  
C) At the post office. D) In a bookstore.
2. A) Opposite the bank building. B) In the street.  
C) The second turning on the right. D) On the right side of the bank building.
3. A) In New York. B) In Boston. C) At the airport. D) In his office.
4. A) In a bar. B) In a cinema. C) At home. D) At a lecture.
5. A) In the office. B) In bed.  
C) In a friend's home. D) At the airport.
6. A) At the barber's. B) At a hospital.  
C) At a photographer's. D) At a jeweler's.
7. A) On the train. B) At the gate.  
C) On the platform. D) At the information desk.
8. A) At the women's store. B) At the men's store.  
C) At a department store. D) At a tailor's store.
9. A) In a restaurant. B) In a department store.  
C) At home. D) At a hospital.
10. A) To the movie. B) To her sister's home.  
C) To the station. D) To the ticket office.

### 二、就对话发生的时间进行提问

11. A) He hasn't decided yet. B) In five days.  
C) In two weeks. D) In two days.
12. A) 60 minutes. B) 20 minutes. C) 30 minutes. D) 40 minutes.
13. A) Very soon. B) In about one hour.  
C) Tomorrow morning. D) Before 3:30.
14. A) Yesterday. B) Two days ago. C) Three days ago. D) Early last week.
15. A) At 2:35. B) At 2:45. C) At 3:00. D) At 3:15.
16. A) 10:00. B) 9:00. C) 8:00. D) 7:00.
17. A) At 6:15. B) At 5:00. C) At 5:30. D) At 6:00.



18. A) 90 minutes.      B) 5 minutes.      C) 10 minutes.      D) 15 minutes.  
 19. A) 7:00.              B) 7:10.              C) 7:30.              D) 7:50.  
 20. A) Tuesday morning.      B) Tuesday afternoon.  
      C) Wednesday morning.      D) Wednesday afternoon.

### 三、就对话中的数字进行提问

21. A) Once a week.                      B) Twice a week.  
      C) Three times a week.              D) Four times a week.  
 22. A) \$39.95.              B) \$45.              C) \$40.              D) 39.85.  
 23. A) 150 pounds.      B) 160 pounds.      C) 140 pounds.      D) 143 pounds.  
 24. A) Ten dollars.      B) Twenty dollars.      C) Thirty dollars.      D) Forty dollars.  
 25. A) 450 million.      B) 400 million.      C) 550 million.      D) 470 million.  
 26. A) 6.              B) 12.              C) 10.              D) 18.  
 27. A) 5 cents.              B) 11 cents.              C) 6 cents.              D) 16 cents.  
 28. A) A room on the second floor.      B) A room of twin beds on the top floor.  
      C) Two rooms on the top floor.      D) Three rooms for two persons.  
 29. A) 5.              B) 6.              C) 8.              D) 9.  
 30. A) Two.              B) Three.              C) Four.              D) Five.

### 四、就对话中的活动类型进行提问

31. A) Repairing the radio.                      B) Listening to the broadcast.  
      C) Chatting with friends.                      D) Playing cards.  
 32. A) His wife doesn't want him to.      B) He will be out of town.  
      C) He has some work to do.                      D) He doesn't want to.  
 33. A) The girl praises the boy's father.      B) The boy praises the girl's father.  
      C) They both praise their own fathers.      D) The girl praises the boy's mother.  
 34. A) What that thing is.                      B) How long he will have to wait.  
      C) Where the woman has been.                      D) Where they are going.  
 35. A) She's having an interview.                      B) She's applying for a job.  
      C) She's having a chat with an old friend.      D) She's attending an important meeting.  
 36. A) Looking for a room.                      B) Posting a letter.  
      C) Looking for a coin.                      D) Making a phone call.  
 37. A) He would have the car repaired.      B) He would have walked home.  
      C) He would have called the police.      D) He would have taken a taxi.  
 38. A) Onions.                      B) Tomatoes.  
      C) Mushroom soup.                      D) French onion soup.  
 39. A) He is going to cook in the kitchen.  
      B) He is going to help his wife with cooking.  
      C) He is going to get the table ready for the meal.  
      D) He is going to clean the kitchen.

40. A) Become a doctor. B) Calm down a little.  
C) Find a better doctor. D) Get medical advice.

五、就对话中的事物概括或推理进行提问

41. A) Tickets will probably be difficult to buy.  
B) All the available tickets were sold last week.  
C) The tickets will not go on sale until tomorrow.  
D) There are probably many tickets still on sale.
42. A) The train is crowded. B) The train is late.  
C) The train is empty. D) The train is on time.
43. A) He left his notes at home.  
B) He doesn't know where his notes are.  
C) He agrees to lend her his notes.  
D) He doesn't want to lend his notes to the woman.
44. A) She doesn't think the old record player is beyond repair.  
B) No one knows how Mary got the record player to work.  
C) She threw away all the records that were too old to play.  
D) It is surprising that Mary could repair the record player.
45. A) She doesn't like to read. B) Their taste in books is different.  
C) The man is hard to please. D) She reads good books only.
46. A) He will go in spite of the cold weather.  
B) He won't go since he is not feeling well.  
C) He will go when he feels better.  
D) He won't go as he hasn't finished his work.
47. A) She can use his car. B) She can borrow someone else's car.  
C) She must get her car fixed. D) She can't borrow his car.
48. A) He thinks he's taken too many.  
B) He thinks the number is just about right.  
C) He doesn't think he has taken enough.  
D) He thinks he's taken too few.
49. A) The man is getting much fatter now.  
B) Her sister doesn't have a good sight now.  
C) Her sister doesn't like the man.  
D) They still can be good friends.
50. A) The man couldn't give up smoking.  
B) The man found it easy to give up smoking.  
C) The woman believed that the man could give up smoking.  
D) The man wanted to convince the woman that he could give up smoking.

第二部分是 10 篇较长的对话,对话后的问题(1 至 38 题)主要测试考生对于对话发生

的时间、地点、会话中的明示信息、重要细节的理解能力。本部分的解题技巧是在听之前先快速浏览下面的选项,在听的过程中,在相应的选项旁做好适当的记录或标记。

### Conversation 1

- A) One-bedroom apartment less than \$400 a month.  
 B) Two-bedroom apartment less than \$400 a month.  
 C) One-bedroom apartment less than \$450 a month.  
 D) Two-bedroom apartment less than \$450 a month.
- A) Close to the university.  
 B) Close to the shopping center.  
 C) On Main Street.  
 D) On Broadway Avenue.
- A) A dishwasher.  
 B) Air conditioning.  
 C) A swimming pool.  
 D) A balcony.

### Conversation 2

- A) He got them free from Pepsi.  
 B) He bought them from a friend.  
 C) He bought them on the black market.  
 D) He stood in line for hours to buy the tickets.
- A) It's the movie's sponsor.  
 B) It sponsors athletic events.  
 C) It's a charity organization.  
 D) All corporate sponsors get free tickets.
- A) \$50.  
 B) \$100.  
 C) \$200.  
 D) \$400.
- A) 8 p. m. tonight.  
 B) 10 p. m. tonight.  
 C) 8 p. m. tomorrow.  
 D) 10 p. m. tomorrow.

### Conversation 3

- A) Repairmen.  
 B) Automobile travelers.  
 C) Postmen.  
 D) Car drivers.
- A) There are more than two stories in most motels.  
 B) Each unit of motels has a garage.  
 C) Motels are usually cheaper than hotels.  
 D) Most motels are seated around a highway.
- A) Hotels are easy to find.  
 B) Motels are air-conditioned.  
 C) Hotels are comfortable.  
 D) Motels are convenient and cheaper.

### Conversation 4

- A) At the Law Library.  
 B) At the Business Library.  
 C) At the Library of Sciences.  
 D) At the Research Library.
- A) Excited.  
 B) Confused.  
 C) Disappointed.  
 D) Interested.
- A) He needs to do some research.  
 B) He has lost his way on the campus.  
 C) He is interested in computers.  
 D) He wants maps and information.

### Conversation 5

14. A) Because his father is a doctor.  
B) Because he likes working regular hours.  
C) Because there is nothing to worry with his brain.  
D) Because he wants to earn big money.
15. A) A doctor's work is hard.                      B) A doctor does not work at night.  
C) A doctor has much free time.                D) A doctor can never be a good father.
16. A) He still wants to be a doctor.            B) He may object to the woman's opinion.  
C) He may change his mind.                    D) He will choose teaching as his career.

### Conversation 6

17. A) To report this suitcase was stolen.      B) To hand in a suitcase.  
C) To steal a suitcase.                        D) To buy a suitcase.
18. A) The man who reported the robbery.      B) The man whose suitcase was stolen.  
C) The man who bought a new suitcase.      D) The man who knew the woman.
19. A) Because he had taken all the containers in it and didn't want it.  
B) Because he didn't want the empty suitcase.  
C) Because he was afraid of being caught.  
D) Because he was afraid of being recognized by the person who had lost the suitcase.

### Conversation 7

20. A) Go to see a movie.                        B) Go to the museum.  
C) Have a party at Maria's house.            D) Have a party at Brenda's house.
21. A) She wants to buy a dress.  
B) She always enjoys going shopping.  
C) There is a big sale this weekend.  
D) A new dress shop will open this weekend.
22. A) They have seen the movie before.  
B) The College Theater is too far.  
C) Maria doesn't want to see a movie.  
D) Maria doesn't want to see the movie with Paul.
23. A) She has to work this weekend.  
B) She has to take care of her little brother.  
C) She wants to go to see the computer exhibit.  
D) She has to help her mother at home.

### Conversation 8

24. A) Books a room.  
B) Reserves a room.  
C) Confirms his reservation.  
D) Tells the receptionist he has reserved a room.

25. A) To fill in a form. B) To lend her a pen.  
 C) To look around for a pen. D) To reserve a room.
26. A) On Tuesday. B) Probably on Tuesday.  
 C) Three days later. D) Not mentioned.
27. A) At 7. B) At 7:30. C) At 8. D) At 6:30.
28. A) She asks for her pen back. B) He lent her his pen.  
 C) He left his pen behind. D) She put his pen in her pocket.

**Conversation 9**

29. A) Dr. Downs' health.  
 B) The books they have to buy for their course.  
 C) The man's proposal.  
 D) Fifty dollars.
30. A) Two. B) Three. C) Five. D) Fifty.
31. A) He is very strict. B) All his students are rich.  
 C) These books are not expensive. D) He wants to discuss them in detail.
32. A) They intend to borrow them from the library.  
 B) They intend to get them from Dr. Downs.  
 C) They intend to share the books.  
 D) They intend to drop out of the course.
33. A) She wants the man to buy three books and she herself will buy two books.  
 B) She will buy the books she likes and the man should buy the rest.  
 C) She will pay the man fifty dollars for sharing.  
 D) Each of them should pay half of the total amount for the books and divide them at the end of the course.

**Conversation 10**

34. A) To introduce new products to potential consumers.  
 B) To increase sales of existing products.  
 C) To devalue the same products manufactured by other factories.  
 D) To persuade the consumers to buy the products.
35. A) Advertising can help people to discover their latent needs.  
 B) Toothpaste is widely used by the consumers.  
 C) Toothpaste advertisements are successful.  
 D) Toothpaste can be used to solve social problems.
36. A) Junk-food commercials mislead the consumers.  
 B) Junk-food is not nutritious.  
 C) Junk-food advertisements should be improved.  
 D) Advertisements are not trusted any more.
37. A) She doesn't like to make any comment on other ads.

- B) Most of her best consumers are food manufacturers.
  - C) She doesn't know such ads.
  - D) She doesn't think there are such ads.
38. A) Steady increases in informational advertising and in promotional advertising.
- B) Steady increases in informational advertising and a decrease in promotional advertising.
  - C) Steady decreases in informational advertising and in promotional advertising.
  - D) Steady increases in informational advertising and a lower increase in promotional advertising.

第三部分是 15 篇短文, 每篇短文都设有五个问题, 这些问题基本上是测试考生对短文细节的理解能力。短文和问题都读两遍, 这样为考生提供了很好的条件, 在听完第一遍以后, 对短文和题目都有了大致的了解, 在听第二遍时就可以有的放矢、准确地回答问题。而且后面的回答都带有一定的关键词。这部分的解题技巧是边听边做好记录, 并留意题目的关键提示。

**Passage 1**

1. He arrived \_\_\_\_\_ ago.
2. He visited many \_\_\_\_\_.
3. He'll leave \_\_\_\_\_.
4. To the field of \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Our \_\_\_\_\_ and best \_\_\_\_\_ to his people.

**Passage 2**

1. It is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ ago.
3. Because Volvos were so \_\_\_\_\_ they lasted an average of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ miles.
5. To \_\_\_\_\_ cars.

**Passage 3**

1. It is about the \_\_\_\_\_.
2. It was founded in \_\_\_\_\_.
3. It was held in \_\_\_\_\_.
4. They obtained \_\_\_\_\_ at the 24th Olympic Games.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ gold medals.

**Passage 4**

1. They tend to eat it \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Often \_\_\_\_\_ than Chinese hospitality.
3. You should ask for \_\_\_\_\_.
4. "I'm not accustomed \_\_\_\_\_ such things."

5. To finish \_\_\_\_\_ on your plate.

**Passage 5**

1. At the \_\_\_\_\_.
2. They went past the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ years old.
5. A mile stone, which reads \_\_\_\_\_ to Dublin.

**Passage 6**

1. The driver and passenger \_\_\_\_\_.
2. I wish you \_\_\_\_\_.
3. It shook its head \_\_\_\_\_.
4. They were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 7**

1. He would have a \_\_\_\_\_ next day.
2. He saw \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A dress of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Because one of her arm is \_\_\_\_\_ and the other has a \_\_\_\_\_ in it.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ sent by the God.

**Passage 8**

1. They say that advertising determines \_\_\_\_\_.
2. That you do have a mind \_\_\_\_\_.
3. You simply \_\_\_\_\_ it.
4. Advertising is \_\_\_\_\_ society's tastes.
5. It is based on a great deal of \_\_\_\_\_, and many years of \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 9**

1. She is known throughout the world for \_\_\_\_\_ with the International Red Cross.
2. He had been concerned about the \_\_\_\_\_ the wounded soldiers.
3. They were left \_\_\_\_\_ on the battlefield.
4. To care about \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 10**

1. They usually go shopping \_\_\_\_\_.
2. They do their shopping \_\_\_\_\_.
3. One reason is the \_\_\_\_\_ and the other reason is the \_\_\_\_\_.

4. They can go to the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ shops.
5. They often go to the mall \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 11**

1. He went into a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. It was \_\_\_\_\_.
3. It was \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Because he had not \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Because the little boy left there her \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 12**

1. They'll \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ section of the newspaper.
2. They usually go to the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Both you and the landlord sign \_\_\_\_\_.
4. It makes clear your \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ as a tenant, as well as your landlord's.
5. It equals to the amount of the \_\_\_\_\_.

**Passage 13**

1. A \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Her child was \_\_\_\_\_ and she did not know how she could pay the \_\_\_\_\_ and hospital \_\_\_\_\_.
3. He endorsed his \_\_\_\_\_ for payment to the woman.
4. He was \_\_\_\_\_ by the young woman.
5. "That's the \_\_\_\_\_ I've heard all week."

**Passage 14**

1. It includes only \_\_\_\_\_.
2. It includes \_\_\_\_\_ and uncles, cousins, etc. .
3. On some \_\_\_\_\_ occasions.
4. They see their extended families \_\_\_\_\_.
5. They usually \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ to keep in touch.

**Passage 15**

1. He wanted a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. She bought him a dozen pairs of \_\_\_\_\_ and a pair of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. She \_\_\_\_\_ his little feet and \_\_\_\_\_ them with a \_\_\_\_\_.
4. You will feel \_\_\_\_\_ now.
5. "Are you \_\_\_\_\_?"



## Listening Comprehension Tape Script

### Part One

**Directions:** *This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 50 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.*

1. W: I'd like to remind all of you of the mid-term test next week.  
M: Could you have a review session before then?  
Q: Where are these people?
2. W: Excuse me, please. Could you tell me the way to the post office?  
M: Go for five blocks down the street and turn right. The post office is on the right opposite the Bank Building.  
Q: Where is the post office?
3. M: Hello. This is Mr. Hayes from New York. May I speak to Mr. Robertson?  
W: Sorry. I'm afraid you can't. He is still waiting for a flight from Boston.  
Q: Where is Mr. Robertson now?
4. W: Did you see the film last night?  
M: I wouldn't have gone to see it if I'd known it was so boring.  
Q: Where was the man last night?
5. W: Would you turn off the alarm? I'm too tired to get up.  
M: But you said you would see a friend off at the airport this morning.  
Q: Where is the woman now?
6. W: Lean a little farther back. Keep very still. I'm going to shave your face.  
M: Ah! You have cut me.  
Q: Where does this conversation probably take place?
7. M: Where have you been all this time? The train's about to leave!  
W: I'm sorry I'm late, but I was waiting for you at the information desk. It's lucky I found you here on the platform.  
Q: Where did the woman think they were supposed to meet?
8. W: I'd like to buy a new dress, but all the clothes in the store seem to be for men.  
M: Just go upstairs, Madam. The women's department is on the second floor.  
Q: Where does the conversation take place?
9. M: Now, take the menu and choose whatever you like. It's on me.  
W: Oh, it's very kind of you. But I really don't feel like eating anything now.  
Q: Where does this conversation most probably take place?