

# SUCCESS ENGLISH

特级教师刘锐诚主编 学生实用 成功英语 丛书



STUDENTS' PRACTICAL

高中 成功英语  
学生实用

# 词汇锦囊

SECRET OF VOCABULARY  
OF SENIOR ENGLISH

主编 刘锐诚



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# 成功英语 助你成功!



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# 前 言

## 《成功英语》助你走向成功!

一点新颖的想法能激起串串智慧的火花，一闪智慧的火花能帮助获得串串成功的果实，同时赐予无限的欢乐。

目前，教育部最新颁布的《英语课程标准》正在开始实施，该课标与以往《英语教学大纲》最显著的区别之一就是词汇量的要求几乎翻了倍：2000年高中的《（实验修订版）英语教学大纲》的词汇表中的词汇量是1940个，而当前正在开始实施的《英语课程标准》的词汇表中的词汇量达到3660个！教学课时数不增加的情况下要使词汇量翻番，这对学生来说无疑是个莫大的挑战，因此如何能迅速、高效地掌握英语词汇就更显重要。

本书专为解决这一难关而编写。本书以最新《英语课程标准》“词汇表”为根据，以相关心理学理论为依托，结合中国学生学习英语中的难点、现行教材里的重点、以及近年高考中的热点，将重点难点词汇重分类组合、对比讲解、趣味呈现、系统学习。以帮助高中生在更快、更好地掌握词汇的同时，教会高中生如何去科学地学习词汇，更深刻地理解词汇的构成规律，从而获得更强的词汇学习能力，使自己在英语学习上能更上一层楼。

本书的主要特点如下：

### 一. 只收重点难点词汇，重讲活用辨析正误

收入的词语均为英语学习中的重点词（语）、高频词（语）、关键词（语）、易混词（语），同时重点“点击”易混易错词语的辨析，以使读者准确理解用法，轻松明白异同，主动提高认识，积极避免错误，快速掌握用法，获得理想效果。

### 二. 构词图示独树一帜，深化理解提高记忆

通过“构词奥秘”栏目清晰地展现出单词的结构，充分体现构词方式，深化



对构词规律的认识与理解，强化词汇结构在学生大脑中的立体印象，从而大大提高对词汇的学记效率。

### 三. 栏目新颖编排科学，撞击智慧升华心灵

本书栏目新颖时尚（如：[构词奥秘]、[亮点回眸]、[联想站点]、[超级辨析]、[妙语网吧]、[走出陷阱]、[即学即用]、[过关自测]等），彩色插图精致趣味。既使内容更易理解，又使学习充满乐趣。大量融入英语经典名言、格言警句，不但使读者能全方位地享受英语语言的精华，而且能给人以智慧的沐浴，心灵的启迪。

### 四. 准确讲解辅以精练，常看常练常有心得

本书一反词汇书籍中常见的艰深晦涩的理论说教，采用简单明了的讲解图示，准确清楚地传授知识，并配有针对性强的精练，兼顾拓展性和拔高性，方便不同层次的读者学习使用，激发读者对学习内容的兴趣，保证读者在不断复读时不断深化，次次获益，回回长进。

### 五. 条目设置一条长龙，明晰快捷方便查询

全书精讲三百六十组词汇，按照主词的字母顺序编排。一目了然，方便查询。

### 六. 资料详实装帧精美，出处权威值得信赖

在编写过程中，作者参考了大量国内外权威出版社出版英语资料与图书，确保本书内容准确，保证本书的参考价值。不仅能使读者在英语语言学习上受益匪浅，而且也能使读者在文化素养方面获益多多。

尽管编者作出了最大的努力，但是由于能力有限，不足之处在所难免。我们恳请广大读者和专家学者提出批评指正，以使本书不断地臻于完善。



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## 1. 表“一”的a/an与one

### 亮点回眸

1. 辅音(不一定是辅音字母)开始的词前, 不定冠词用**a**; 元音(不一定是元音字母)开始的词前, 不定冠词用**an**。

Being **a university** student is glorious. 作为大学生是光荣的。

I'll be back in **an hour**. 我一个小时后回来。



This is **a useful** book. 这是一本有用的书。

I shall try to make **a one-legged** robot. 我尽力制造一条腿的机器人。

All good things come to **an end**. 天下没有不散的宴席。

The policeman ran after the robber as swift as **an arrow** and caught the man soon. 警察疾如飞失追赶盗贼, 很快就抓住他了。

2. a/an后只能加可数名词的单数形式(或具体化了的不可数名词)。

I have received **a piece of information**. 我收到一条信息。(但是不可说I have received **an information**.)



She got **a piece of good news** yesterday. 她昨天收到一则好消息。(但是不可说She got **a good news** yesterday.)

I have achieved **great success** recently. 近来我取得了巨大成功。(success 为抽象名词, 不可与不定冠词连用)

She is **a great success** in our country. 她



是一位在我们国家很有成就的人。(success 为具体化了的抽象名词, 指“成功者”或“成功之事”。)

3. 在表示“一两个、一两天、一两小时”等词组中, **a, an, one**都可以用, 但要注意其位置, 同时必须注意词组中名词的单复数形式:

**a couple** or two 或 **one or two couples** (一一对……人)

**an hour** or two 或 **one or two hours** (一两个小时)

### 联想网吧

“a/an+名词+or two”表示“一两……”

**a day** or two = **one or two days** (一两天)

**a year** or two =

**one or two years**

(一两年)

**a boy** or two =

**one or two boys**

(一两个男孩)

**a young couple** or

**two** = **one or two**

**young couple** (一两对年轻人)

**a dress** or two = **one or two dresses** (一两件衣服)

**an old couple** or two = **one or two old couples** (一两对老年人)

**an accent** or two = **one or two accents** (一两种口音)

**an accident** or two = **one or two accidents** (一两起事故)

**an account** or two = **one or two accounts** (一两个帐目/帐户)

**an act** or two = **one or two acts** (一两条法令)

**an action** or two = **one or two actions** (一两





次行动)

an activity or two = one or two activities (一两次活动)

an actor or two = one or two actors (一两位男演员)

an actress or two = one or two actresses (一两位女演员)

an ad or two = one or two ads (一两则广告)

an adult or two = one or two adults (一两位成年人)

an advantage or two = one or two advantages (一两个优点)

an adventure or two = one or two adventures (一两次冒险)

an advertisement or two = one or two advertisements (一两则广告)

an airplane or two = one or two airplanes (一两架飞机)

an affair or two = one or two affairs (一两件事)

an African or two = one or two Africans (一两个非洲人)

an age or two = one or two ages (一两个时代)

an agreement or two = one or two agreements (一两项协议)

an aid or two = one or two aids (一两个辅助器具)

an aim or two = one or two aims (一两个目的/标)

an aircraft or two = one or two aircraft (一两种航天器—不是aircrafts!)

an airline or two = one or two airlines (一两条航线)

an airport or two = one or two airports (一两个机场)

an alarm or two = one or two alarms (一两个警报器/一两次警告)

an ambulance or two = one or two ambulances (一两辆救护车)

an American or two = one or two Americans (一两个美国人)

an ancestor or two = one or two ancestors (一两位祖先)

an animal or two = one or two animals (一两个动物)

an announcement or two = one or two announcements (一两个通知)

an answer or two = one or two answers (一两个答案)

an ant or two = one or two ants (一两只蚂蚁)

an antique or two = one or two antiques (一两件古董)

an apartment or two = one or two apartments (一两套公寓)

an apology or two = one or two apologies (一两次道歉)

an apple or two = one or two apples (一两个苹果)

an application or two = one or two applications (一两份申请)

an appointment or two = one or two appointments (一两次约会)

an Arab or two = one or two Arabs (一两个阿拉伯人)

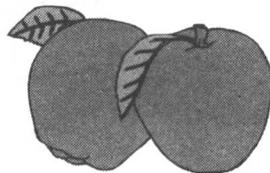
an area or two = one or two areas (一两个地区)

an argument or two = one or two arguments (一两次辩论/一两个论据)

an armchair or two = one or two armchairs (一两把扶手椅)

an army or two = one or two armies (一两支军队)

an arrow or two = one or two arrows (一两支





箭 )

an article or two = one or two articles (一两篇文章)

an artist or two = one or two artists (一两位艺术家)

an Asian or two = one or two Asians (一两个亚洲人)

an assistant or two = one or two assistants (一两位助手)

an astronaut or two = one or two astronauts (一两位宇航员)

an athlete or two = one or two athletes (一两位运动员)

an atom or two = one or two atoms (一两个原子; 一两粒……)

an attitude or two = one or two attitudes (一两种态度)

an author or two = one or two authors (一两位作者)

an aunt or two = one or two aunts (一两位姑姑)

an Australian or two = one or two Australians (一两个澳大利亚人)

an autumn or two = one or two autumns (一两个秋天)

an avenue or two = one or two avenues (一两条大道)

an award or two = one or two awards (一两份奖品)

### 超级辨析

#### 1. a 和 one 不同:

**a** 指任何一个或一类, **one** 指不是两个或三个等。

It'll take more than **a week**. 这件事要用一周多的时间。(一周零两天或一周半)

It'll take more than **one week**. 这件事要用不止一周的时间。(恐怕两周、三周等, 重在表达数目之多)

2. **a** 和 **one** 一般可在专有名词之前换用。

一个叫斯密斯的人

**a Mr. Smith** = **one Mr. Smith** (也可以说成 **a certain Mr. Smith**)

但是, **Smith** 之前没有称呼, 如 **Mr.** 等时, 只能用 **one**, 不能用 **a** 来表示“一个叫什么的人”。如用了 **a**, 其意义会有所不同:

I met **a Miss Brown** on the way home yesterday. (一个叫布朗的女士)

**One John Denver** called me at ten o'clock last night. (一个叫约翰·丹佛的人)

She wishes to be **a Maria** in the future. 她想成为一个像玛利亚那样的人。

试试看, 我很棒

用 **a, an, one** 完成下列句子:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ bird is known by its note, and \_\_\_\_\_ man by his talk. (鸟以声闻, 人以言知。)

[key: **A, a**]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ black plum is as sweet as \_\_\_\_\_ white one. (黑梅白梅一样甜。/心中喜爱皆为美。)

[key: **A, a**]

3. \_\_\_\_\_ useful trade is \_\_\_\_\_ mine of gold. (家有良田千亩, 不如薄挤在身。)

[key: **A, a**]

4. \_\_\_\_\_ ass is known by his ears. (见耳知驴, 听话知愚。)

[key: **An**]

5. \_\_\_\_\_ ox is taken by the horns, and \_\_\_\_\_ man by the tongue. (牛因角被逮, 人因舌遭殃。)

[key: **An, a**]

6. \_\_\_\_\_ mad action is not enough to prove \_\_\_\_\_ man mad. (一次疯狂不算疯狂。)

[key: **One, a**]

7. \_\_\_\_\_ volunteer is worth two pressed men. (一个志愿者抵得上两个被迫者。)

[key: **One**]