

大学英语六级 真题详解

主编 林学明 江滨

▶ 听力

English

English

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大学英语六级真题详解

听 力

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2004年1月大学英语六级考试听力试题

Part I Listening Comprehension (20 minutes)

Section A Conversations

Directions: *In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

Example: *You will hear:*

You will read: A) 2 hours.

B) 3 hours.

C) 4 hours.

D) 5 hours.

From the conversation we know that the two are talking about some work they will start at 9 o'clock in the morning and have to finish by 2 in the afternoon. Therefore, D) "5 hours" is the correct answer. You should choose [D] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

Sample Answer [A] [B] [C] [D]

1. A) She knows where Martha has gone.
 - B) Martha will go to the concert by herself.
 - C) It is quite possible for the man to find Martha.
 - D) The man is going to meet Martha at the concert.
2. A) The air pollution is caused by the development of industry.

- B) The city was poor because there wasn't much industry then.
 C) The woman's exaggerating the seriousness of the pollution.
 D) He might move to another city very soon.
3. A) The man should work harder to improve his grades.
 B) The man will benefit from the effort he's put in.
 C) It serves the man right to get a poor grade.
 D) It was unfair of the teacher to give the man a C.
4. A) She can make a reservation at the restaurant.
 B) The man should decide /where/ to eat.
 C) She already has plans for Saturday night.
 D) The man should ask his brother for suggestions.
5. A) *The man deserved the award.*
 B) The woman helped the man succeed.
 C) The man is thankful to the woman for her assistance.
 D) The woman worked hard and was given an award.
6. A) Voluntary work can help the man establish connections with the community.
 B) The man's voluntary work has left him little room in his schedule.
 C) Voluntary work with the environment council requires a time commitment.
 D) A lot of people have signed up for voluntary work with the environment council.
7. A) The patient must receive treatment regularly.
 B) The patient can't leave the hospital until the bleeding stops.
 C) The patient's husband can attend to the business in her place.
 D) The patient must take a good rest and forget about her business.
8. A) Alice does not know much about electronics.
 B) Alice is unlikely to find a job anywhere.

- C) Alice is not interested in anything but electronics.
D) Alice is likely to find a job in an electronics company.
9. A) Jimmy is going to set out tonight.
B) Jimmy has not decided on his journey.
C) There is no need to have a farewell dinner.
D) They may have a dinner when Jimmy's back.
10. A) The woman had been planning for the conference.
B) The woman called the man but the line was busy.
C) The woman didn't come back until midnight.
D) The woman had guests all evening.

Section B Passages

Directions: *In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices, marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) They are delighted because they can enjoy the scenery while driving.
B) They are frightened because traffic accidents are frequent.
C) They are irritated because the bridge is jammed with cars.
D) They are pleased because it saves them much time.
12. A) They don't have their own cars to drive to work.
B) Many of them are romantic by temperament.
C) Most of them enjoy the drinks on the boat.
D) They tend to be more friendly to each other.

13. A) Many welcome the idea of /having/ more bars on board.
B) Many prefer the ferry to maintain its present speed.
C) Some suggest improving the design of the deck.
D) Some object to using larger luxury boats.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) Coca Cola.
B) Sausage.
C) Milk.
D) Fried chicken.
15. A) He has had thirteen decayed teeth.
B) He doesn't have a single decayed tooth.
C) He has fewer decayed teeth than other people of his age.
D) He never had a single tooth pulled out before he was fifty.
16. A) Brush your teeth right before you go to bed in the evening.
B) Have as few of your teeth pulled out as possible.
C) Have your teeth X-rayed at regular intervals.
D) Clean your teeth shortly after eating.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

17. A) A visit to a prison.
B) The influence of his father.
C) A talk with some miserable slaves.
D) His experience in the war between France and Austria.
18. A) He sent surgeons to serve in the army.
B) He provided soldiers with medical supplies.
C) He recruited volunteers to care for the wounded.

- D) He helped to flee the prisoners of war.
19. A) All men are created equal.
 B) The wounded and dying should be treated for free.
 C) A wounded soldier should surrender before he receives any medical treatment.
 D) A suffering person is entitled to help regardless of race, religion or political beliefs.
20. A) To honor Swiss heroes who died in the war.
 B) To show Switzerland was neutral.
 C) To pay tribute to Switzerland.
 D) To show gratitude to the Swiss government for its financial support.

试题详解

Section A

1. 正确选项为 C), 属于简单推断型题。题目问: 女士的话是什么意思? 男士问女士看到 Martha 没有, 女士的回答“you might still be able to catch her”是关键, 由此可推断出男士还有可能找到她。因此, 选项 C) 符合题意。

2. 正确选项为 A), 属于简单推断型题。题目问: 男士的话是什么意思? 女士说她受不了这个城市的污染了。男士话中的“*We've never had so many factories before.*”是解题的关键, 由此可判断是由于太多的工厂导致了更严重的污染。因此, 选项 A) 为正确答案。

3. 正确选项为 B), 属于细节型题。题目问: 女士的话暗指什么意思? 男士说他为完成论文做了很努力的工作, 但只得了个 C。关键要听懂女士话中的“*What you have learned in the process will prove useful in your future work.*”(你在此过程中所学到的东西会在以后的工作中证明是很有用的)。其中 go through 的意思为“完成”。与此意

相符的只有选项 B)。

4. 正确选项为 B), 属于细节型题。题目问: 女士的话是什么意思? 男士说周六晚想出去吃饭, 征求女士的意见去哪里吃。关键要听懂女士话中的“*It's up to you.*”(由你做决定)。故选项 B) 正确。

5. 正确选项为 D), 属于主旨大意型题。题目问: 我们能从对话中得出什么信息? 女士说没有男士的帮助她是不会获奖的, 关键要听清男士的话“*You have been working so hard. You deserve the honor.*”表明女士一直都很努力, 应该获奖。此题必须要弄清是谁获奖了, 谁在感谢谁。故正确选项为 D)。

6. 正确选项为 C), 属于主旨大意型题。题目问: 女士的话暗指什么意思? 男士说他想要和环境委员会签约参与志愿者工作, 女士回答中的“*So you must leave some room in scheduling your time.*”是解题的关键。她认为男士要参加志愿者工作会花费很多时间, 所以男士必须要留出余地来安排好他的时间。故根据题意, 选项 C) 正确。

7. 正确选项为 B), 属于细节型题。题目问: 医生的话是什么意思? 女士问医生她何时可以离开医院, 关键要听清医生的话“*You may leave as soon as the bleeding stops.*”, 故选项 B) 符合题意。

8. 正确选项为 A), 属于简单推断型题。题目问: 女士的话是什么意思? 男士听说 Alice 要在一家电器公司找工作, 听懂并正确理解女士话中的“*she is good at anything but electronics*”是关键, 特别注意 *but* 在读时被重读, 表示“除了”, 由此可推断 Alice 在电子方面并不擅长。因此选项 A) 与题意相符。

9. 正确选项为 C), 属于简单推断型题。题目问: 女士的话是什么意思? 男士问是否举行一个告别晚宴为 Jimmy 送行, 从女士的“*Do you think it's necessary?*”中就可判断出她觉得没有必要这样做, 而且从她的后一句“*... he will be away just a few days*”(他过几天就回来了), 也可进一步证明。故选项 C) 符合题意。

10. 正确选项为 D), 属于主旨大意型题。题目问: 我们能从对话

中得出什么信息? 迅速浏览各备选项,发现主语都是 the woman,所以在听时要特别注意听懂女士所说的话。男士认为昨晚女士应打电话给他,女士为此而道歉,接着说明了理由“but Tom and Jane stopped by and stayed until Midnight”,其中 stop by 的意思是“顺便到某处访问”,因此只有选项 D)正确。

Section B

Passage One

11. 正确选项为 C),属于推理型题。题目问:根据说话者所说,乘车上下班者坐车穿过金门大桥时他们有怎样的感受? 本文开头谈到每天有 100,000 辆车通过金门大桥,并且“More than half of them cross the bridge during the morning and evening rush hours when traffic is so heavy the trip is not pleasant.”(半数以上的车辆都在早高峰和晚高峰通过金门大桥,那时交通很拥挤,旅程也不令人愉快)。由此可推断,那些坐车的人心情应该不会很好,不会感到高兴(delighted, pleased)和害怕(frightened)的,因此可排除选项 A),B)和 D)。选项 C)中 irritated 的意思是“恼怒的,生气的”,jam 的意思是“堵塞,塞满”。故选项 C)符合题意。

12. 正确选项为 D),属于主旨大意型题。题目问:关于渡船上下班者,说话者说了什么? 本文说话者重点谈了渡船上下班者与与众不同之处。短文提到“Commuters can enjoy the sun ... The trip takes only 30 minutes and is not very costly ... Best of all, being on a boat seems to make people more friendly toward each other.”从中我们可了解到:渡船上下班者可享受太阳的照射,旅程只有 30 分钟,花费也不高。不过最好的一点就是大家坐在船里好像使得彼此更加友好了。迅速浏览各备选项,只有选项 D)正确。

13. 正确选项为 B),属于推理型题。题目问:对于渡船未来的计划,渡船上下班者的反应如何? 短文的最后谈到了渡船未来的计划。有人建议用更大、速度更快的船。“but”一词表转折,要特别注意 but

后面的话“not everyone is happy about that. A lot of people feel that half an hour is just enough time to relax.”,说明很多人觉得半个小时正好是一个可以充分放松的时间,也就是说他们还愿意保持原来的船速不变。因此选项 B)与题意相符。

Passage two

14. 正确选项为 A),属于事实细节型题。题目问:根据短文所说,哪种食物最容易腐蚀牙齿?短文中提到“*He pointed out that sugar is a major agent in dental decay. Particularly the sugar in sweets, cakes, and soft drinks.*”备选项所提及的四种食物中只有可口可乐属于饮料,与题意相符,故选项 A)正确。

15. 正确选项为 B),属于事实细节型题。题目问:短文告诉我们有关 Dr. Faustick 牙齿现状的什么信息?短文中明确谈到“*Dr. Faustick has cleaned his teeth after meal for thirteen years and has not had a single decayed tooth.*”本题属于信息再现,听到的就是答案。因此选项 B)正确。

16. 正确选项为 B),属于主旨大意型题。题目问:为防止牙齿腐蚀变坏,Dr. Faustick 给了我们什么建议?回答本题需要听清并了解短文的大意。不管从短文前部分 Dr. Faustick 所做的实验和调查,还是其后部分他做出的分析中都可以看出通篇他都在讲一个问题——吃完东西后应立即清理牙齿。因此选项 B)符合题意。

Passage three

17. 正确选项为 A),属于事实细节型题。题目问:最初是什么使得 Henri Dunant 想要帮助那些受到压迫的人们?这篇短文讲述的是 Henri Dunant 创办红十字会的经历和过程。短文开头就提到红十字会来源于一瑞士银行家的理想。在他 10 岁的时候,“*Dunant was taken by his father to visit a prison, there he saw prisoners chained together exercising in the yard and breaking stones along the road.*”就是这次经历给

他留下了深刻的印象,使他萌发了为受压迫的人们做点什么的念头。故选项 A)符合题意。

18. 正确选项为 C),属于主旨大意型题。题目问:在法国和奥地利军队作战时, Henri Dunant 做了什么? 他目睹了法国和奥地利军队的残酷战争,看到当时药品匮乏,伤员缺少必要的护理,他感到很震惊,于是“Dunant decided that volunteer service had to be organized. He gathered together a number of women who attended the hundreds of wounded soldiers of all nationalities and helped the surgeons as best they could.”由此可以总结其大意为:发动和组织志愿者照顾伤员。因此只有选项 C)与题意相符。其中 recruit 的意思是“补充,征募”。

19. 正确选项为 D),属于事实细节型题。题目问:Henri Dunant 创办红十字会时他的信条是什么? 短文中提到了 Henri Dunant 的主张,“Dunant held that a suffering human being should be helped for his own sake only and without regard to race, religion, or political beliefs.”即他认为任何一个患病的人都应得到帮助,不管他的种族、宗教及政治信仰如何。故选项 D)正确,其中 be entitled to 的意思是“有资格做,有权做”。

20. 正确选项为 C),属于事实细节型题。题目问:为什么把红十字会的会标设计为白地红十字? 短文最后提到了红十字会会标的诞生,“As a tribute to Switzerland, the symbol was the Swiss flag was reversed.”为了表达对瑞士的感激,把瑞士国旗(图案)的颜色对换过来,于是诞生了红十字会会标。因此选项 C)正确。

录音原稿及参考答案

Part I Listening Comprehension (20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of

each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Each conversation and question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four suggested answers marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

M: When shall we start our work, Jane?

W: Tomorrow at 9 o'clock. But we must work quickly, for we have to finish everything before 2 in the afternoon.

Q: For how long can they work?

You will read: A) 2 hours. B) 3 hours. C) 4 hours. D) 5 hours.

From the conversation we know that the two are talking about some work they will start at 9 o'clock in the morning and have to finish at 2 in the afternoon. Therefore, D) "5 hours" is the correct answer. You should choose answer [D] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

Sample Answer [A][B][C][D]

1. *M: Did you see Martha just now? I want to ask her to go with us to the concert tonight.*

W: She must be around somewhere. You might still be able to catch her.

Q: What does the woman mean? (C)

2. *W: I can't bare the air pollution in this city anymore. It is getting worse and worse.*

M: You said it. We've never had so many factories before.

Q: What does the man mean? (A)

3. *M: Just think I went through so much work on my paper only to get a C.*

W: Well, I don't think grades are everything. What you have learned in the process will prove useful in your future work.

Q: What does the woman imply? (B)

4. M: My brother is coming this weekend, and I was thinking the three of us could go out to dinner Saturday night. Any suggestions?

W: It's up to you. I don't know the restaurant here that well.

Q: What does the woman mean? (B)

5. W: I couldn't have won the award without your assistance. Thank you very much.

M: You have been working so hard. You deserve the honor. do we learn from the conversation? (D)

6. M: I'd like to sign up for some voluntary work with the environment council. I hear it is a great way to connect with the community.

W: It sure is. But you'll have to put in a lot of hours. So you must leave some room in scheduling your time.

Q: What does the woman imply? (C)

7. W: Can you tell me when I can leave here doctor? I have some important business to attend to.

M: That depends on how your condition reacts to our treatment. You may leave as soon as the bleeding stops. I think that will take a couple of days.

Q: What does the doctor mean? (B)

8. M: I'm told Alice is trying to find a job in an electronics company.

W: As far as I know, she is good at anything but electronics.

Q: What does the woman mean? (A)

9. M: Jimmy is going on a journey tomorrow. Shall we have a farewell dinner tonight?

W: Do you think it's necessary? You know he will be away just a few