英语考试大揭秘





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英语考试大揭秘

四级模拟快突破

(第三版)

大学英语教学与考试命题研究组 编

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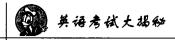
前



自从本套丛书出版以来,受到了全国大学生和参加四、六级考试的读者的欢迎,同学们互相推荐,一届传一届。为了帮助同学们适应近几年来新的题材和内容,我们在原有的基础上重新修订本丛书。在编写词汇和语法的过程中,我们利用大学英语语料库,统计历年考试最常出现的单词和语法结构,把这些内容充实到本丛书里,阅读的内容紧跟时代发展的步伐。本书总体是依据大学英语四级考试大纲以及有关采用新题型通知的精神编写的,所选词汇以全国大学英语四级词汇表为依据。

本书主要内容及特点:

- 1. 第一部分对大学英语四级考试的所有题型作了概述,让读者了解考试形式、难点及考点,以便在做应考准备时有针对性。
- 2. 第二部分为 15 套模拟题,涵盖了大学英语四级考试所有 题型。每套题从"考点、难点、语言点"三个方面对模拟题做了详细 的注释,以帮助读者开阔思路,悟出其道,提高应试能力。
 - 3. 从全国大学英语考试委员会历年公布的统计数字看,英译



汉为考生的一个弱项。为此,本书每套题中均设有"英译汉"练习, 以使读者得到最大限度的训练。

- 4. 本书的编者均为长期从事大学英语教学的教师。书中自始至终体现了他们在指导四级考试中所积累的经验。因此本书不仅信息量大,而且难易程度适中。
- 5. 本书不仅适用于准备参加大学英语四级考试的读者,也适用于准备参加 EMBA 和 MBA 考试的读者。

由于编者水平有限,书中不当之处敬请读者批评指正。

编 者 2003年1月



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第一部分 大学英语四级 考试 题 型 概述

第一章 听力理解

大学英语四级考试的听力理解部分主要考核学生获取口头信息的能力。 听力材料中没有超出四级考试大纲词汇表的生词。

听力理解部分共设三种题型:

一、对话(Conversation)

听力理解的对话均为日常生活和交际场合中的一般对话。通常由一男一女进行对话,然后由第三人就对话内容进行提问。要求考生根据所提问题和对话内容在所给的四个选择项中选出最佳答案。

二、短文(Passage)

听力理解的短文部分通常有三篇短文,每篇设3至4个问题,共计10个问题。每篇词数为150~210词。短文均为题材熟悉的讲话、叙述或解说。要求考生在听完短文之后,根据所提的问题,在所给的四个选择项中选出最佳答案。

三、复合式听写(Compound Dictation)

复合式听写题所用的短文的长度、难度、题材和听力短文相同。每篇短文含10题,由两部分组成:第一部分有7个空格,要求考生在空格处填入所听到的单词,一格一词;第二部分有3处空格,要求考生在听懂原文的基础上用所听到的原文或用自己的语言叙述空格处内容的要点。全文朗读3遍。第一遍是全文朗读,没有停顿,要求考生听懂全文内容。第二遍朗读时,第一部分在第个空格后略有停顿,让考生填入所缺单词;第二部分之后停顿5分钟,让考生根据所听到的内容写出主要意思。第三遍没有停顿,供考生进行核对。

评分标准:

- $1.S1 \cong S7$ 每题为 0.5 分。拼写完全正确的单词给 0.5 分,凡有错不给分;
- 2.58 至 S10 满分为 2 个 2 分和 1 个 2.5 分,分值依据内容长短而定。答出全部内容且语言正确得满分;答出部分内容且语言正确得 1 分。

扣分标准:

- 1.58 至 S10 题中凡有语言错误扣 0.5 分, 每题语言错误扣分不超过 0.5 分;
 - 2.S8 至 S10 题中凡有与问题无关的内容扣 0.5 分:
 - 3. 用汉语回答问题不给分

每次考试时,10个对话为必考题,而短文和复合式听写则交替出现。

第二章 阅读理解

阅读理解部分由4篇文章组成,每篇文章后有5个问题或未完成的句子,要求考生根据文章内容,针对每个问题从所给的4个选择项中选出最佳答案。

阅读理解文章的长度在 220~280 词之间。篇章的词汇基本上均在四级 考试大纲词汇表的范围内。超纲词均给出汉语释义。

文章的题材涉及自然科学和社会科学,但背景知识不超出考生的理解能力。体裁以说明文、议论文和论说文为主。

大学英语考试中的阅读理解部分主要测试以下能力:

- 1. 掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;
- 2. 了解说明主旨和大意的事实和细节;
- 3. 既理解字面意思,也能根据所读材料进行一定的判断和推论;
- 4. 既理解个别句子的意义,也理解上下文的逻辑关系。

第三章 词汇与语法结构

大学英语考试中词汇与语法结构部分共为30题,每题测试一个语言点。

其中词语用法占40%, 语法结构占60%。但近年来, 词语用法所占比例呈上 升趋势。

大学英语考试中词汇与语法结构部分主要测试以下三类问题:

- 1. 语义问题:包括多义词、同义词、近义词、反义词和近形词等。
- 2. 搭配问题:包括名词与形容词的搭配,动词与名词的搭配,动词、名词 或形容词与介词的搭配,动词与副词的搭配等。
- 3. 语法结构问题:主要是时态、语态、虚拟语气、非谓语动词、从句(包括 连接词和关系代词或关系副词)等方面的问题。

第四章 完形填空

完形填空部分的目的是测试学生综合运用语言的能力,即理解篇章和使 用词汇和语法的能力。大学英语四级考试所采用的完形填空题是一篇题材 熟悉、难度适中的短文(约200词),内有20个空白处,每个空白为一颗,每题 有4个选择项,要求考生在全面理解内容的基础上选择一个最佳答案,使短 文的意思和结构恢复完整。留空的词中60%为实义词.40%为结构词。实义 词包括名词、形容词、数词、动词和副词。结构词包括代词、冠词、介词、连词、 关系词等。

第五章 英译汉

英译汉安排在阅读理解部分之后。每次考试共4至5颗。从阅读理解 部分的4篇文章中选择1至2个句子组成1题,每篇文章选择1至2题。考 试时间为 15 分钟。考试时,考生可以参阅阅读理解部分的有关文章,以便了 解上下文。英译汉主要考查学生对英语书面材料的确切理解能力。

英译汉的评分采用采分点的办法。一般情况下,全句结构为 0.5 分,每 个采分点为 0.5 分。题中的采分点往往是一个意群(sense group)。

第六章 简短回答题

简短回答题(Short Answer Questions)主要考核考生对英语书面材料的确切理解能力。每次考核为一篇文章,文章后有5个问题或不完整的句子。要求考生在阅读文章之后用简短的英语(可以是句子,也可以是单词或短语)回答所提的问题或补足不完整的句子。考试时间为15分钟。

简短回答题所用篇章的长度、难度、题材、体裁与阅读理解的篇章相同。

给分标准:

- 2分——答出全部内容,语言正确;
- 1分——答出部分内容,语言正确:
- 0分——没有答对问题。

扣分标准:

- 1.语言错误扣0.5分,每题语言错误扣分不超过0.5分;
- 2. 涉及无关内容者扣0.5分;若答案中有相互矛盾的内容,则内容矛盾的部分均不得分;
- 3. 整句原封不动照搬应扣分,照搬一句扣 0.5 分,照搬两句及两句以上不得分;
 - 4. 考生所给答案超过10个单词扣0.5分。

从考试试题看,完形填空、英译汉和简短回答题每次只出现其中一种题型。

第七章 写 作

大学英语四级考试中写作部分均为命题作文,即给出作文题目,再给出每段的段首句或写作提纲(outlines)。写作提纲一般用汉语给出,并要求在作文中包括提纲的全部内容。

写作部分通常为三段式作文,字数不能少于 100 词。评分时同时考虑内容和语言两个方面。满分为 15 分,最低分为 0 分。

评分标准:

- 2分——条理不清,思想紊乱,语言支离破碎或大部分句子均有错误,且多数为严重错误;
- 5分——基本切题。表达思想不够清楚,连贯性差,有较多的严重语言错误。
- 8分——基本切题。表达思想比较清楚,文字尚连贯,但错误较多,其中有少量的严重错误;
 - 11分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字连贯,但有少量语言错误;
- 14分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字通顺,连贯性较好,基本上无语言错误。

[注:白卷、作文与题目毫不相关或只有几个孤立的词而无法表达思想则给0分。]

字数不足应酌情扣分:

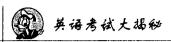
累计字数		90—99	8089	70-79	60—69	5059	< 49
扣	分	1	2	3	5	7	9

为了促进各高校重视作文教学,着重提高学生的语言实际运用能力,大学英语考试设了作文最低分,即作文分低于某一分值者,总分即使达到 60 分也不给予及格。目前,作文最低分为 6 分。设作文最低分后采用以下方式计算成绩:

- 1. 作文分为0分者,总分若高于60分,报导时一律作不及格处理;
- 2. 作文分大于0分而小于6分者,按下列方式计算成绩:

最后报导分=原计算总分-6+实得作文分

例如:原计算总分为 63 分,实得作文分为 2 分,最后报告分 = 63 – 6 + 2 = 59 分。



第二部分 考点强化训练

Model Test 1

Part I Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read:

- A) At the office.
- C) At the airport.
- B) In the waiting room.
- D) In a restaurant.

From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they had to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) "At the office" is the best answer. You should choose $\llbracket A \rrbracket$ on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

Sample Answer [A] [B] [C] [D]

1.A) They are twins.

- C) They are friends.
- B) They are classmates.
- D) They are colleagues.
- 2. A) The man is planning a trip to Austin.

R)	The	man	has	not	heen	to	Austin	before	

- C) The man doesn't like Austin.
- D) The man has been to Austin before.
- 3. A) The size of the room.
- C) The hot weather.
- B) Long working hours.
- D) The fan in the room.
- 4. A) The man has changed his destination.
 - B) The man is returning his ticket.
 - C) The man is flying to New York tomorrow morning.
 - D) The man can't manage to go to New York as planned.
- 5. A) It is difficult to identify.
 - B) It has been misplaced.
 - C) It is missing.
 - D) It has been borrowed by someone.
- A) Looking for a timetable.
- C) Reserving a table.
- B) Buying some furniture.
- D) Window shopping.

- 7. A) Cold and windy.
 - B) Snow will be replaced by strong winds.
 - C) It will get better.
 - D) Rainy and cold.
- 8. A) It is no longer available.
 - B) It has been reprinted four times.
 - C) The store doesn't have it now, but will have it soon.
 - D) The information in the book is out of date.
- 9.A) Henry doesn't like the color.
 - B) Someone else painted the house.
 - C) There was no ladder in the house.
 - D) Henry painted the house himself.
- 10. A) In a cotton field.

- C) On a farm.
- B) At a railway station.
- D) On a train.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage,

you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the question will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 11. A) They invited him to a party.
 - B) They asked him to make a speech.
 - C) They gave a special dinner for him.
 - D) They invited his wife to attend the dinner.
- 12. A) He was embarrassed.
- C) He felt sad.
- B) He felt greatly encouraged.
- D) He was deeply touched.
- 13. A) Sam's wife did not think that the company was fair to Sam.
 - B) Sam's wife was satisfied with the gold watch.
 - C) Sam did not like the gold watch.
 - D) The company had some financial problems.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 14. A) The number of students they take in is limited.
 - B) They receive little or no support from public taxes.
 - C) They are only open to children from rich families.
 - D) They have to pay more taxes.
- 15. A) Private schools admit more students.
 - B) Private schools charge less than religious schools.
 - C) Private schools run a variety of programs.
 - D) Private schools allow students to enjoy more freedom.
- 16. A) The churches.

- C) The local authorities.
- B) The program designers.
- D) The state government.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 17. A) She was found stealing in a bookstore.
 - B) She caught someone in the act of stealing.
 - C) She admitted having stolen something.

- D) She said she was wrongly accused of stealing.
- 18. A) A book. B) \$3,000. C) A handbag. D) A Christmas card.
- 19. A) She was questioned by the police.
 - B) She was shut in a small room for 20 minutes.
 - C) She was insulted by the shoppers around her.
 - D) She was body-searched by the store manager.
- 20. A) They refused to apologize for having followed her through the town.
 - B) They regretted having wrongly accused her of stealing.
 - C) They still suspected that she was a thief.
 - D) They agreed to pay her \$ 3,000 damages.

Part I Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are 4 reading passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage:

(71) China is trying to speed up agricultural industrialization to meet the forthcoming challenges that it faces as the country enters the World Trade Organization. Agricultural industrialization is a basic way to solve China's disadvantages in agricultural resources and its laggard(落后的) technologies. The government will further support agricultural product-processing enterprises to increase their presence in rural areas and will sign planting contracts with farmers. This is an efficient way to educate China's many farmers about how to produce goods in accordance with market demands. Meanwhile, the government is also considering slashing State-owned agriculture research institutions and may merge some into enterprises. Through enterprises, new and efficient agricultural technologies can be better popularized. The household responsibility system—which allots land to the rural population on a contractual basis and has largely helped promote China's farm production since the late 1970s—will still go ahead