英漢雙縣 航空辭典

A COMPREHENSIVE GLOSSARY

OF

DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURE

FOR

AERONAVTICS

中央航空學校

英漢雙解

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字學難, 辭學亦難, 中文辭學難, 西文簡譯為中文尤難。航空雖為新興事業, 其所用名詞, 無慮數千餘種, 繁雜紛紜, 周知 類難, 本校負全國航空教育之重任, 對於此項航空名詞, 亟有整 理編譯嘉惠後學之必要。

吾人皆知航空名詞之在中國,率多因人而異,同一物也,而 有數種稱呼,同一外國字也,而有數種譯名,譯義譯音,各自為 政,此種現象,不特增加學者之困難,且為統一空軍事業上之一 大障礙。民國二十三年本處編譯科同人有鑒於此,曾有航空用語 詞典一書之編譯,意至善也。

二十四年冬季,編譯科長嚴壽康君向余商議科務,以航空用語制典尚不足以包括幷解釋一切航空名詞,乃計劃更進一步,廣事搜維,將各國現有航空用語,譯成中名,並加以中英文說明,而命名[航空辭典]。議旣定,即指定舒伯炎,姚士宣,郭玉麟,劉寒江四君負責進行。詎知工作方始,而本核奉命改組,編譯科同人大部均調航委會服務,僅舒君一人留本處工作。 王宗深以正在編譯中之[英國皇家空軍操典]及本書[航空辭典]之工作中斷為個,仍赐舒君繼續努力,期此偉大工作,能照初議完成,蓋人事

雖有變遷,而决辦之工作必須貫澈始終,庶無負初志也。

數月以來,舒君苦心孤詣,勞瘁不辭,除担任課堂翻譯外, 即單獨苦幹,埋頭編譯,卒將此書完成付印,幷自任校譬,始終 不懈,其服務精神,誠難能可貴,而盡瘁學術裨益後進之功,亦 不可沒也。

本書內容豐富,總計名詞四千餘種,中英說明約計數十萬言,其中意譯直譯,難無少數特殊,惟望海內宏達,對於已有之航空名詞,總以統一為前提,此後當再力求劃一,及新字之補充,以期應用之便利,則此書問世之日,即吾國所用航空名詞奠定統一基礎之時,想亦航空學術界所樂觀厥成,而願賜以指正也。是為序。

晏玉琮於航校教育處 廿五年雙十節

編 譯 大 綱

- 一、本書專供吾國航空人士,及各界研究航空學術者,讀書或 參考時檢查名詞之用。
- 二、本書之編譯以切於應用為目的,故取材標準,凡與航空學 術有關之名詞及定義,皆廣為搜羅之。
- 三、本書英文名詞之編輯,全根據英文字母秩序為主,凡兩詞以上所合成之複名詞,亦依照各詞內字母先後排列之。例如; air hole; air flow 及 airfoil; 則其排列秩序為 air flow; airfoil; air hole。
- 四、本書名詞依照用途共分為二十四門,用略字標誌於各名詞之後,以資區別。例如:飛行與航行名詞,則用【飛】標誌之。
- 五、凡同一名詞有數意義時,則分別規定相當之中文名詞,加 冠以用途略字,以示區別。
- 六、凡一名詞僅有一義,而有數種對照之中文名詞,且均覺可 取而能通用者,則并存之,但於中文名詞後加以逗點分別 之。
- 七、本書各英文名詞有相等中文名詞外,再加簡易文句詳為說 明, 弁附英文原文於後,以供對照。
- 八、本書為求易於瞭解起見,有照對圖表六十五幅,凡名詞必 須對照者,可於附錄中參閱之。
- 九、本書名詞範圍極廣,參考各科書籍計數十種,現就其最重要者,別之於后:——

- (1) Aircraft Handbook By Fred H. Colvin
- (2) Air Questions and Answers By P. M. Henshaw
- (3) A Textbook of Aviation (4 Vols.) By Lt. Leslie Thorp
- (4) Audels New Electric Science Dictionary By F. D.

 Graham
- (5) Aviation Handbook By Warner & Johnsnon
- (6) Aviation Manual By Leut. Com. John W. Iseman
- (7) British standard glossary of Aeronautical Terms

 By British Standard Institution
- (8) Glossary of Words, Terms & Phrases From Popularr Aviation
- (9) Rankin text (8 Vols.) By Tex Rankin
- (10) Simplified Definitions and Nomenclature for Aeronautics By Lt. Leslie Thorpe
- (11) 中國工程學會編訂之:
 - a.汽車工程名詞
 - b·無線電工程名詞
 - c.電機工程名詞
- (12) 氣象學名詞中外對照表

國立中央研究院氣象研究所編

(13) 物理學名詞

國立編譯館編訂

(14) 航空用語辭典

中央航空學校編

十、本書名詞編譯,因以時倉促, 舛誤必多, 尚希讀者加以指 正, 俾於再版時修改。

舒伯炎謹誌

略語表

【力】 力學及理數 Acrodynamics, Physics and Mathematics Acronautic Engineering and 【工】工作及工作方法 its Methods 【化】 化學 Chemistry 【公】 航空機關及團體 Organizations & Clubs on Aviation 【材】 航空材料 Materials on Aviation 【油】燃料及滑油 Fuel and Oil Military Aviation & Arma-【軍】 航空軍事及兵器 ment on Aviation 【飛】 飛行及航行 Flying and Navigation 【氣】 氣象;天文及地理 Meteorology, Astronomy & Geography 【珠】 氣珠 Balloon 【設】 地面設備 Ground Eqvipment 【發】 航空發動機 Aviation Engine 【傘】 保險傘 Parachute 【艇】 氣艇 Airship 【電】 電氣及無線電 Electricity and Radio

【裝】飛機裝備 Airplane Equipment

【單】 單位 Unit

【儀】 航空儀器
Aviation Instrument
【輸】 航空運輸
Air Transportation

【應】 航空應用 Applied Science on Aviation

【螺】螺旋漿 Propeller

【操】操縱裝置 Air Controls

【機】飛機 Airplane

【醫】 航空醫藥 Aviation Medicine

英漢雙解

航空辭

A COMPREHENSIVE GLOSSARY of **DEFINITIONS AND NOMERCLATURE** for **AERONAUTICS**

a-axis, [力] A 軸.

解:軸中的垂直中心線,或圖中的縱

The vertical centerline of a shaft or the vertical lines (axis) of graph.]

abrasive, [工] 磨料, 磨磋物.

解:為磨磋而用的一種硬粒物,如沙 傑金鋼砂,硅罐 (carborundum)等。 [A hard sharp grained substance such as sand, emery, carborundum, etc., used for grinding or which causes grinding.

abscissas、【力】横坐標.

解:曲線圖解上沿黃軸的距離,多係 由左至右,垂直距離稱爲縱坐標。

例:圖中OX或YP為軌線上 P 點的

檔坐標,OY或 XP 爲此點的縱坐標。 相交線OX與OY為縱軸與微軸,O點 爲元點。

[Distances along the horizontal axes on curve diagrams or graphs, usually from left to right.

vertical distances are The called ordinates.]

absolute angle of attack,

【力】 絕對衝角。

解:機翼所成的角度,係由零度昇力 位置量起.

The angle made by a wing, measured from the position or zero lift.]

absolute coefficient, [力] 絕對 係數.

absolute ceiling-absolute temperature

解:美國航空顧問委員會 (N. A. C. A.) 根據長度, 重量,和時間的基本單位,所創立的一種係數.

[The coefficients (C) originated by the National Advisory Committee on Aeronautics (N. A.C.A.) which are based upon the fundamental units of length, weight and time.]

absolute ceiling, [力] 絕對上昇 限度.

解:一種機機假定在標準空氣情况之 中能保持水平飛行的海平線上最大高 度。

(The maximum height above sea level at which a given airplane would be able to maintain horizontal flight, assuming standard air conditions.)

absolute horizontal, [力] 絕對 水平線。

解:液體在靜止時的水面位置,即一 塊水的水平面。

[The position of the surface of a liquid at rest, such as the horizon indicated by a body of water.]

absolute humidity, [氣] 絕對溫

度。 解:空氣內的水蒸氣實際總量,以每 立方呎喔數說明之。

(The actual amount of water vapor in the air, expressed in grains per cubic foot.)

absolute inclinometer, [儀] 絕對 傾斜表.

解:還是指示飛機對於垂直面上姿勢

的儀器, 此種儀器是依賴旋轉儀的動 作而指示。

(An instrument which indicates the attitude of an aircraft with reference to the vertical. The indications of instruments of this type usually depends on gyroscopic action.)

absolute pressure, [力] 絕對壓 力.

解:真空上所測量的壓力,在海平面 正常情况下,大氣的絕對壓力,每平方 吋為14.7磅,因此絕對壓力,是將 14.7 加在壓氣表示數上而得之.

(Pressure measured above a vacuum. At sealevel, under normal conditions, the absolute pressure of the atmosphere is 14.7 pounds per square inch, hence the absolute pressure is obtained by adding 14.7 to the pressure indicated by a gauge.)

absolute temperature, [力] 絕對 温度.

解:由無熱度存在點測起的温度,華 氏温度表是在零度下 461°, 攝氏温度 表是在零度以下 273°, 故計算絕對温 度時,華氏温度表的示數, 須加461.而 攝氏温度表的示數須加273.

(Temperature measured from the point where heat ceases to exist. This is 461° F. below the zero on the Fahrenheit thermometer, or 278°C. below the centigrade zero. Thus, 461 is added to the readings of a Fahren-

absolute vertical-acceleration of gravity

heit scale and 273 to the readings of a centigrade thermometer to obtain the absolute temperature.

absolute vertical, [力] 絕對垂直。 解:放射線如鉛錘所示, 而經過地球 中心的為絕對垂直緩, 此綫是奧水平 面成直立的位置。

(A radial line passing through the center of the earth as shown by a plumb-bob line. It is perpendicular to the horizon.)

absolute viscosity, [力] 經對黏性, 解:液體流動所生的肌力, 而此係一 秒鐘經過一平方公分(糎)物體剪力 的達因數(dynes)。

(The resistance offered by a fluid to flowing. It is the force in dynes required to shear through a square centimeter of the substance in one second.)

absorption [氣] [力] 吸收、

解: 熱浪進入某物體而被損壞的過程。 (The process whereby heat waves are destroyed by the body they enter.)

A. C. 【電】交流雷.

解:交流電的縮寫字。

(Abbreviation for alternating current.)

accelerating well, [發]加速井.

解:在氣化器 (carburetor) 內,用 以貯藏汽油,油門 (throttle)驟然開 放時能遣出所須要的濃厚混合氣. 油 門關閉時,此井即盛滿汽油,以備油門 驟然開放時之用。

(In a carburetor it is a small

well of fuel which is made available to the main jet for the richer mixture desired when the throttle is opened quickly. When the throttle is closed this well fills up so that it is always primed with fuel for sudden throttle openings.

acceleration. [力] 加速率.

解: 速度改變率。一物體的運動減率 在每一秒節的終了時,較前一秒節快 每小時一英里。 則此物體每秒節的加 濟率路每秒每秒鐘一英里。 此稱情形 稱爲恆定加涼運動。 加速率與速度本 身報關,僅興速度改變率有關。

The rate of change of velocity. If, at the end of each succeeding second, the velocity of an object is one mile per hour greater than at the end of the preceding second, then the acceleration of the object is one mile per second per second. This would be a case of uniformly accelerated motion. The acceleration has no relation to velocity itself, but only to the rate of change of velocity.

acceleration of gravity, [力] 電力加速率。

解:在緯度四十五度的海平面上每秒 每秒鐘的電力加速率路 32.17英尺,其 他各處差異裝御,故普通多忽略不計。 其縮字在公式中路"g"。

(In feet per second per second is 32.17 at sea level at 45° latitude. The variation at other places is so small that it is negligible in

acceleration uniform-actinic light

ordinary calculations. Its symbol is "g".]

acceleration (uniform),[力]不變 加速率。

解:在變化運動中,每一個連續時間 單位內都有劃一的速度增加率.

(Is is variable motion in which velocity increases uniformly with each succeeding unit of time.)

accelerator, [發] 加速器.

解:一種槓桿裝接在發動機氣化器的 油門上,可以節制速度。

(The lever connected with the throttle of a gasoline engine carburetor which controls the speed.)

accelerometer, [儀] 加速表.

解;指示測量或配錄加速率的儀器. (An instrument for indicating, measuring or recording accelerations.)

acculting light, [設] 暫數壁. 解:一種忽明忽暗的燈光, 但其明時 較暗時為當久.

[An intermittent light in which the duration of the bright period is longer than that of the dark.] acctylene, [化] 亞嬴質, 乙炔

解:一種無色有審氣體,氣味如韭臭, 為發化氣,(hydrocarbon.)的化合物·化學公式為C2 H2,每立方呎的氣 體所含熱力,較其他氣體爲强,在空氣 中燃燒時發生暗黃色的火烟,用作銲 火時,在未開放氣氣管使火烟中和之前,火嘴的盡端,即發現此種火焰.

(A hydrocarbon gas having a rank garlic odor. It contains

more heat per cubic foot than any other gas, hence it is extensively used in welding.

acetyl-gasoline, [油] 乙炔汽油.

解:汽油內滲有乙炔,而使熱度和動力增高。

(Gasoline inpregnated with acctylene gas for increasing its heat and power capacity.)

acid-battery, [電] 酸性蓄電池.

解:用硫酸溶液作電液, (electro lyte) 的一種蓄電池.

(A storage battery employing a sulphuric acid solution for electrolyte.)

aclinic line, [應] 磁赤道.

解:地球上的一條想**像**線,是與無磁 性傾角的各點連貫而成。

(An imaginery line on the earth's surface passing through points having no magnetic inclination or dip. Also called magnetic equator)

acorn, 【機】隔線核.

解: 此物是裝在張線交叉間,用以防 免磨擦.(參閱附錄第十五圖,11)

(A device introduced at the intersection of bracing wires to prevent abrasion.)

acrobatics,【飛】特技飛行。

解: Laerobatics,

actinic light, [化] 化學光線.

解:一種光線,可使照相底片受影或 起化學變化.

(Light rays that are capable of affecting a camera film or of causing chemical to take place.)

A.·Cu, [氣] 高積雲.

解:此即 alto-cumulus 字影縮寫. adiabatic, [類] 斷熱.

解:當物質受氣壓變化時及無熱度傳 入或引出時。它的温度和密度**發生的** 一種變化。

The term applied to the changes which may take place in the temperature and density of a substance when it is subjected to changes of pressure and no heat is communicated to or withdrawn from it.

adiabatic compression, [機]斷熱 壓縮.

解:氣缸內的氣體壓縮,是用物隔離 不使熱度出入。

The compression of a gas accomplished so that heat cannot leave nor enter the cylinder.

adiabatic cooling, [氣] 斷熱冷却。 解:空氣上昇則冷,下降則熱, 每三千 英尺約差華氏1.6度。

(Air cools with ascent and heats with descent at the rate of approximately 1.6°F. per ?,000 feet.)

adjustable pitch propeller,

【螺】調距螺旋槳.

解:一個螺旋槳的槳葉裝置,可於未 旋轉時作任何角度的定置。

(A propeller whose brades are so attached to the hub that they may be set to any desired pitch when the propeller is stationary.)

adjustable stabilizers, 【機】活 動安定面 解:安定面的装置方法,可在地面或在長行時,改變其傾角。

(A stabilizer so arranged that its angle of incedence can be changed either when on the ground or in flight.)
adjustable strut,[機] 可調整支

解:一種支柱有長度調整的裝置.

柱.

Struts or compression members provided with adjustments for length

adjustable surface, [機] 調整面。 解:調整面就是一個在飛行中可以調 整的異面。例如調整安定面可以調整 飛機的縱面均衡性。

(It is a surface which may be adjusted while in flight. Adjustable stabilizer which may be adjusted to balance the airplane longitudinally is the most notable example.)

adjustable wings, [機] 可變異解:機異有改變面積的裝置。相當的名辭是"變積異" (Varaible area wings).

(Wings provided with means for adjusting their area. Preferred term; - Varaible Area Wings.)

adjusting gear for aileron, rudder, fin, or tail plane,

【機】副翼,方向舵,或尾翼的調整齒輪。 解:一種機械的設備,於飛行時可變 更揉縱面等的俯仰角.(參閱附錄第十 六圖)

(Mechanism provided for altering the trim of the control surface during flight.)

advanced spark,[發]先期火花, 解:汽油發動機的點火火花,在活塞

達到壓縮行程以前發火的,則謂先期 火花.

(An ignition spark, in a gasoline engine, that occurs before the piston has reached the end of the compression stroke.)

advanced timing,[餐]先期正時。 解:將機件調整,使其較正常略早,發 生動作,如發動機的氣門,作先期的正 時,則其開整提早發生。

(Adjusting the mechanism so that the events occur carlier than normal. Thus, the valves of an engine may be advanced so that they open earlier.)

advancing edge, [機] 前線

解:機翼的空氣進入最前邊,亦稱—leading edge.

(Edge of wing entering air. Leading edge.)

A.E.A. 【公】航空實驗會.

解: Aerial Experiment Association 的縮寫.

aerial (collapsible) 【電】收縮式

天線.

解:一種可收縮的天線竿,於飛機不 飛行時可以伸出使用.

(an aerial, extended by a retractable pole or similar means, for use when the aircraft is not in flight.)

Aerial Experiment Association,

【公】航空實驗會.

解:飛機實驗家的最早組織 (1907— 1909), 內有 Alexander Graham Bell, Glenn H, Curtiss 及Lieut. Selfridge 等,彼等曾造成 Silver Dart, the Red Wing, White Wing 及 June Bug 等飛機.

(An early and successful group of airplane experimenters (1907—1909) consisting of Alexander Graham Bell, Glenn H. Curtiss and Lieut. Selfridge. They produced the Silver Dart, the Red Wing, White Wing and June Bug airplanes.

aerial (fixed), [電] 固定式天線.

解:一種天線在飛機構造上作固定的 装接。

(An aerial permanently attached to two or more points on the structure of an aircraft.)

aerial (trailing),[電]垂下式天線。 解:一種天線在活動端繫有一錘,當 飛機飛行時可在空中垂下。

(An aerial with a small weight or drogue secured to its free end, trailing from an aircraft in flight.)

aerial train, 【機】空中列車.

解:滑翔撥一架或駁架由一飛機拖曳 飛行。

One or more gliders towed behind an airplane.

aerial weight,【裝】天線錘.

解:天線末端所裝的重量物。

[A small weight for attachment to the end of the trailing aerial.]

aerobat, [機] 飛行器.

解:一種空中飛行的器具,如氣艇或飛機。

(A flying machine, a dirigible or airplane.)

aerobatics, [茂] 特技飛行術。

解:表演駕駛員的能力,飛機的强度, 鑑数性與操縱性的種種動作,非航行 上所必需的,稱為故意的特技飛行。

These are defined as intentional aerial aerobatics which are not necessary to air navigation, but which demonstrate the ability of the pilot and the strength, maneuverability and controllability of the airplane.

aeroclinosope, [氣][儀] 天候信號 機。

解:一種信號上有樣臂指示氣壓大小,同時亦表示風向及低壓區。

(A weather signal with arms raising or lowering with baromatric pressure, at the same time showing the direction of the wind and low pressure area.)

acrocurve,[機]曲異面.(=aerofoil)解:機製或昇力面的上下作弧形,用 以產生氣動力上有効的反動力,此種 弧度在異稍處,或裏剖面上即可察出 (參閱附錄第七圖。)

(A chamber lifting surface or aerofoil. The outline or boundary surfaces of a section taken through a wing.)

aerocyst, 【艇】氣囊.

解:一種小氣囊.

(An air cell.)

nerodone,【機】滑翔機.

解:一種滑翔機或御風機,凡重航空

器不用發動前進者,亦用此名。

(A glider or soaring plane. Any plane or heavier-than air machine that flies without an engine.)

aerodonetics,【飛】滑翔學.

解:研究滑翔或御風飛行的學術, 這是 F. W. Lanchester 所用的名辭. (As defined by F. W. Lanchester; the study of gliding and soaring flight.)

acrodrome, 【機】滑翔機. 【力】 翻 翔動力. 【艇】 棚廠. 【設】飛行場.

解:〔機〕一種滑翔機或御風機,特別 指, S. P. Langley 於1896所造的 串型單翼機.

〔力〕推動滑翔機或飛機的動力.

[挺]收藏氣球或氣艇的房屋.

(設)一個有確定有限制的地域或水面 包括一切房屋和裝設,而全部或一部 作航空器起降之用。

Gliding or soaring machine, particularly the tendem wing monoplane devised by S. P. Lan gley in 1896. A power driven aerodone for airplane. A balloon shed or housing for an an airship. A definite and limited area of ground or water, including any buildings or installations, intended to be used, either wholly or in part, for landing and takingoff.

aerodrome beaeon, [設] 飛行場標

解:在飛行場內,或其附近指示路線的標燈。(參閱附錄第四十五圖)

aerodrome lighting-aerofoil

(A beneon located at or near an aerodrome to indicate its position.)

aerodrome lighting.[設] 飛行場 增光.

解:飛行場內的燈光制度.

(The system of lighting on an aerodrome.)

nerodromics,[飛] 翱翔學.

解:飛機或滑翔機的飛行科學。

[Science of aerial flight by planes or gliders.]

nerodromometer,【儀】速度表.

解:測量空氣速度或氣流的後咎,由 Zwaardemakes 所發明。

(An instrument devised by Zwaardemaker for measuring the velocity of air or gas streams.)

aerodynamic balance, [儀] 氣動 天秤.

解:一旋轉臂上裝有一翼,用以測量 翼面上的氣壓,用時係在風洞之前,有 時稱風洞天秤.(wind-tunnel bala ce).

(A rotating arm carrying a aerofoil for measureing the air pressure on the aerofoil. Used before the wind-tunnel. Also called wind-tunnel balance.)

aerodynamic coefficient,[力]動 力係數、

解:物體受氣流的影響,由試驗所决定的恆數,且用以計算昇力和阻力,故 昇力係數的符號為 Ky或 Cy,而阻力 係數的符號為Kx或Cd.

(Numerical constants of bodies subjected to air-streams, determined by test, and employed in the computation of lift, drag or resistance. The lift coefficients are symbolized by (Ky) or (Cl) while the drag coefficients are indicated by (Kx) or (Cd).

aerodynamie force,[力] 氣助力.

解:流動空氣所產生的力.

[Forces created by flowing air.] aerodynamics,[力] 氣動力學.

解:動力學的一度分,專研究空氣與 其他氣體的運動,與固體對於此種氣 體運動時所發生的力量。

(The branch of dynamics which treats of the motion of air and other gaseous fluid and of the forces acting on solids in motion relative to such fluid.)

aerodynamic volume, [艇] [球] 氣難容積.

解:在空氣中推勁氣挺形的排氣量,n-與 air volume 相同。

(The volume of the form which must be driven through the air. Same as "air volume".)

aerodyne、【機】航空器.

解:利用空氣動力而昇起或支持的器 械·

(A generic term for aircraft which derive their lift in flight chiefly from aerodynamic forces.)

aero engine,[發] 航空發動機.

解: 為航空器發出原動力的發動機. [An engine used to provide the motive power for an aircraft.]

nerofon [機] 翼形,翼面.(=airfoil) 解:機翼或昇力面的上面或下面作弧 形,用以產生氣動力上有効的反動力,