义务教育课程标准英语辅导用书

# 題這極



九年级 全一册 主编 陶龙富







## 新目标英语课课练

九年级 全一册

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本书是为《新目标英语》(Go for it) 同步配套使用的最新教学用书,它根据教育部《英语课程标准》,融合了全国著名教师对英语学习理念和方法的研究成果,以及多年的教学实际经验。

本书共15个单元,并精选了三套中考模拟试题。内容安排上充分体现国家英语课程改革的理念,紧密结合初中学生英语学习的目标。书中每道练习题都是针对每个单元的知识点而设,并配有听力磁带,具有灵活性和趣味性,便于教师、学生课堂使用。

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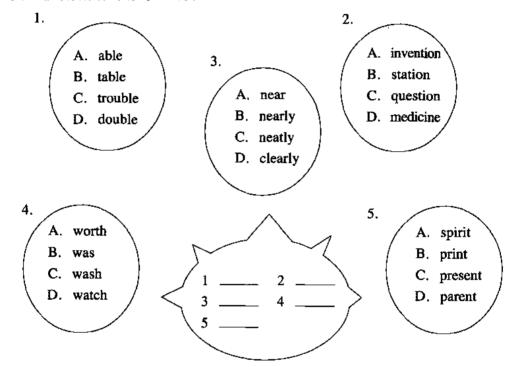
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## Unit 1 How do you study for a test?

(时间: 45 分钟 满分: 100 分)

## **听力部分(30 分)**

#### 「. 听句子, 选出你所听到的词(10分)



## II. 听短文,选择最佳答案回答问题(10 分)

- 1. What is the main idea of the passage?
  - A. It is very important and useful to learn a foreign language.
  - B. Some people learn a foreign language more easily than others.
  - There are different ways to help you learn a foreign language more easily.
- 2. What's the first way to help you learn English?
  - A. Try not to make any mistakes.
  - B. Try not to ask others for help.
  - C. Try to build up your confidence.
- 3. What's the second way to help you learn English?

- A. Practise using English.
- B. Practise writing English.
- C. Practise speaking English.
- 4. What does"Practice makes perfect"mean?
  - The more you practise your English, the less you will enjoy it.
  - B. The more you practise your English, the more mistakes you will make.
  - C. The more you practise your English, the better you will learn it.
- 5. Which is wrong according to the passage?
  - The harder you study English, the better you are at it.
  - B. English is easy for us to learn it well.
  - C. If you want to learn English well, you should keep on using it.



## III. 听句子, 选出与你所听到的句子意思相同或相近的选项(10 分)

- 1. A. English is very important.
  - B. English is spoken widely.
  - C. English is very difficult to learn.
  - D. English is a subject.

- A. He doesn't like speaking English.
  - B. He speaks English very well.
  - C. He enjoys speaking English.
  - D. He isn't interested in English at all.
- 3. A. You can smoke in the office.
  - B. Smoking is not allowed in the office.
  - C. Please don't smoke in the office.
  - D. Smoking is bad for your health.
- 1 \_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_

- A. He went to the U. S. for the purpose of buying and selling.
  - B. He went to America during a busy time.
  - C. He went to the United States on a trip.
  - D. He went to the U. S. on holiday.
- 5. A. She is not old enough to work.
  - B. She is very old, but she can work.
  - C. She is old, but she still works long hours.
  - D. She is too old to work.

	笔试部分(70	分)
/ <b>&lt;</b> /	-Enduly ()	/4 /

١.	平.	央延择(10 万) -
	1.	- How does your sister learn Japanese?
		— She learns it listening to the radio.
		A. by B. on C. from D. about
	2.	It's too hard for me English well.
		A. learning B. to learn C. to learning D. learnt
	3.	They often ask me Hefei.
		A. for B. on C. about D. of
	4.	It is important for us our English.
		A. improving B. improved C. improves D. to improve
	5.	This kind of cloth very soft.
		A. feels B. feel C. to feel D. feeling
H,	在	E空白处填入适当的词,使改写后的句子与原意思相同(10 分)
	1.	Antonio doesn't do well in Chinese.
		Antonio is Chinese.
	2.	We have music lessons on Monday and Thursday.
		We have mnsic lessons a
	3.	The building was burning then.
		The building was at that time.
	4.	His mother came to Paris four years ago.
		His mother in Paris for four years.
	э.	English is not so interesting as Chinese.  English is interesting Chinese.
ij.	. 村	根据提示完成对话(10 分)
	н	4工事业会类深观学 Ni 更复习 / 4补子到类资力 / 44均连续 No.i. 复交_词
	ij	用天要进行英语测试,Pierre 要复习,但找不到英语书,他打电话给 Mei,每空一词。
		erre: Hello! This is Pierre. Is 1 Mei 2?
		ei: Hello, Pierre. 3 is Mei 4. How are you?
	Pie	erre: Fine, thanks. We'll have an English test tomorrow. Have you got ready for it?

Mei: Yes, why?

Pierre: I've 5 6 my English book everywhere,

but I can't \_\_7 it. Will you \_\_8 lend yours to me?

Mei: Sure. But you must give it \_\_9\_ to me soon.

Pierre: OK. I'll return it to you as soon as 10

Mei: Please come to get it. See you then.

Pierre: See you.



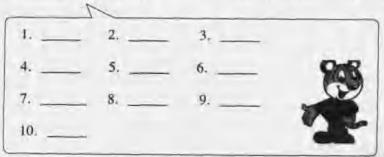
## 1. \_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_

#### IV. 完形填空(10分)

A 1 way to pass an exam is 2 hard every day in the year. You can't succeed in 2 exam if you are lazy for 4 of the year and then work hard only a few days before the exam.

A few days before the exam you should go to bed early. Don't stay up late  $\underline{5}$  night. When you start the exam, you should read  $\underline{6}$  over the question paper. Before you hand in the paper, read over your  $\underline{7}$ . Correct the mistakes if there are  $\underline{8}$ , and make sure that you  $\underline{9}$  all the  $\underline{10}$  in the paper.

I. A. well	B. good	C. short	D. long
2. A. worked	B. working	C. to work	D. works
3. A. an	B. a	C. the	D. one
4. A. many	B. more	C. less	D. most
5. A. at	B. to	C. down	D. on
6. A. careful	B. care	C. careless	D. carefully
7. A. questions	B. watches	C. answers	D. pens
8. A. a	B. any	C. the	D. an
9. A. have answered	B. answered	C. to answer	D, answering
10. A. answers	B. questions	C. teachers	D. boys



#### V. 阅读理解(6分)

Children's education is changing very fast today. In the past, teachers made children sit quietly for hours. They made them remember all kinds of things. The children had to go on reading things again and again until they knew them "by heart". Today, many teachers wonder if it is possible to make children learn at all. They say you can only help them learn. They say you must let children learn and discover things for themselves. But for some of the children, school is a kind of place they cannot escape from. They are there only because their parents make them go. They get out of the classroom as soon as the teachers let them leave. Many of them want to find jobs but the law (法律) will not let them work until they reach a certain (一定的) age. And so, they have to stay in school. Often they do not learn anything at all and hate every moment.

- 1. In the past, the students had to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. sit quietly for hours
  - B. remember all kinds of things
  - C. read things again and again until they knew them "by heart"
  - D. do all of the above
- Now many teachers think that \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. they don't need to give the students lessons
  - B. they should help the students discover things
  - C. they shouldn't let the students learn and discover things
  - D. they can help the students and let them learn and discover things
- 3. Some of the students go to school because \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. they want to find some jobs
  - B. they do not learn anything at all
  - C. their parents make them go
  - they hate school and stay there as a place to escape from



## VI. 根据解释写出单词(10分)

- I. a loudly
- 2. v \_\_\_\_\_ the sound produced by a human being
- 3. f \_\_\_\_ go or come after
- 4. S\_\_\_\_\_ the ninth month of a year
- 5. h \_\_\_\_\_ difficult

## VII. 书面表达(14分)

北京2008年将举办奥运会, 奥运会期间有许多外国人来中 作准备。他们忙于学习英语。



## Unit 2 I used to be afraid of the dark.

(时间: 45 分钟 满分: 100 分)

听力部分(30分
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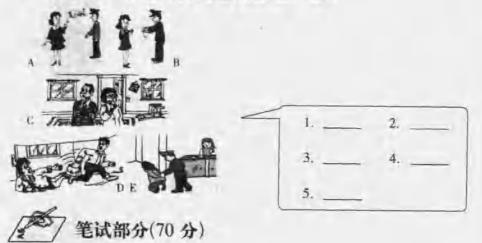
1. 听对话, 填入所缺的词(20分)

Tina: Why not? Let's go.

Amy: 1 me. I've lost my pencil-box. 2 you seen it anyw	here. Tina?
Tina: Is it a new one 3 or old one?	
Amy: It's a new one.	(A)
Tina: I saw it 4 now.	<b>文学</b>
Amy:5_ did you see it?	2000年
Tina: I saw it 6 on the floor. I didn't know 7 it was. 1 picked it 8 and handed it to the teacher.	2 1000
Amy: So I can get it 9 from the teacher. Thank you very much. Will you go 10 me to the teachers' office?	

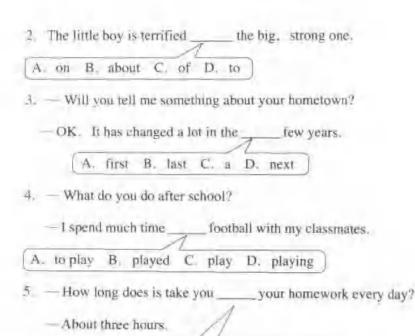
1	2	3.	4.	5.
	7			

## 11. 听录音,选择与所听句子意思相符的图画(10分)



## 1. 单项选择

1.	His	grandma	-	_drive to her	offic	e.		
	A.	used to	B.	was used to	C,	was used for	D.	did use to



## 川. 从川栏中找出与 | 栏中相对应的选项(10分)

A. to finish B. finishing C. finished D. finishes



- 1. Do you like e-mail English?
- 2. Does F2F stand for face to face?
- E-mail English is modern, interesting and fashionable.
- 4. Where does e-mail English come from?
- 5. E-mail English saves space and time.



11

- A. It comes from computer programmes.
- B. The young like it.
- C. Yes. It's a new kind of English.
- D. Yes, it's interesting.
- E. Many young people like to speak and use it.

## 川. 短文改错, 将正确答案写在左边横线上, 如没有错, 在横线上打"√"(10分)

It was Sunday. I never gets up early on Sundays. I sometimes stay in the bed until lunch time. Last Sunday I got up very late. Looked out in the window. It was dark outside. "What a day!" I thought. "It's rain again." Just then the telephone ring. It was my aunt Amy. "I'll just arrived by bus," she said. "I coming to see you."

"But I'm still having breakfast," I say. "What are you doing?" she asked. "I'm haveing breakfast." I answered. "Do you aften get up so late? It's one o'clock in the afternoon." she cried.

1	2	3	4	5
				10

#### IV. 完形填空(10分)

In recent years, people have become more and more interested in computer games in many towns and cities. A lot of small shops and restaurants along busy 1 have changed into 2 arcades (游戏厅) in order to (为了) get more money. These places are always filled with 3 especially young boys.

In the computer arcades, people <u>4</u> a lot of money playing on computers. It's <u>5</u> for one to win against a computer, but one can make progress after <u>6</u> again and again. The <u>7</u> people lose, the more they want to win. In the end they can't live <u>8</u> playing.

The result is that some people don't want to 9, instead, they play in the computer areades for hours and hours. For school boys, things are 10. They don't care about their lessons. When class is over, they rush ( ) to the nearby computer areade.

L	A.	rivers	B.	cities	C.	markets	D.	streets	L
2.	A.	small	B.	big	C.	computer	D.	sports	2.
3.	A.	people	B.	boys	C.	women	D.	girls	3.
ŧ,	A.	take	B.	win	C.	cost	D.	spend	4 65
5.	A.	easy	В.	hard	C.	important	D.	wonderful	5
6.	A.	trying	В.	winning	C.	going	D.	coming	6.
7.	A.	more	В.	less	C.	harder	D.	busier	7.
8.	A.	with	B.	for	C.	without	D.	by	8.
9.	A.	speak	B.	play	C.	work	D,	live	9.
10	A	differe	nt		B.	better			10.
	C.	even w	orse		D.	changed			10-

#### V. 阅读理解(10分)

The Internet is becoming important in our life. How much do you know about it? What is the Internet?

The Internet is a large, worldwide collection (聚集) of computer networks (网). A network is a small group of computers put together. The Internet is many different networks from all over the world. These networks are called the Internet. Once you have learned to use the Internet, you can do a lot of interesting things on the World Wide Web.

What is the World Wide Web?

The World Wide Web has been the most popular development of the Internet. The Web is

like a big electronic (电子的) book with millions of pages. These pages are called homepages (主页).

You can find information (信息) about almost anything in the world on these pages. For example, you can use the Internet instead of a library to find information for your homework. You can also find information about your favourite sport or film star, talk to your friends or even do some shopping on the pages. Most pages have words, pictures and even sound or music.

What is e-mail?

VI.

t \_\_\_\_\_ go from place to place
 w \_\_\_\_ go on foot but not run
 f \_\_\_\_ the front part of the head

Electronic mail (e-mail) is a way of sending messages to other people. It's much quicker and cheaper than sending a letter.

If you want to use e-mail, you must have an e-mail address. This address must have letters and dots (点) and an '@' (meaning 'at'). This is what an address looks like; emily@star. net. Write a message, type (打字) in the person's e-mail address, then send the message across the Internet. People don't need to use stamps, envelopes or go to the post office since the invention of the Internet. Quick, easy and interesting —— that's the Internet!

	- , ,	
1.	The Internet is	
	A. a big computer	B. a small group of computers
	C. lots of computer networks	D. the World Wide Web
2.	The World Wide Web is like	
	A. an electronic book	B. homepages
	C. an electronic page	D. an interesting picture
3.	What does "talk to your friends on the	pages" mean? It means
	A. you can talk to your friends face t	
	B. you can type your words in the co	omputer and then send them to
	your friends across the Internet	
	C. you talk to your friends through the	he same computer
	D. you go to your friends' houses to	talk to them
4.	People like to use e-mail to send messa	ages to their friends and family because
	A. they don't have to pay any money	B. it's faster and cheaper
	C. they don't need to have stamps,	envelopes or addresses
	D. sending e-mail is interesting	1 2
5.	The "e" in e-mail means	3 4
	A. easy	B. electrical
	C. electronic	D. enjoyable 5
#8 ±	据英文解释和汉语据示写出单词(10 ;	Δ١
TIX 7	场大人所作性以增加小与 <b>由</b> 华例(10)	ת ו
1. d	l with no or very little light	

5,	0	many	times
		200 240	

6. It \_\_\_\_ (好像) Anhui has changed a lot.

7. My biggest \_\_\_\_\_ (问题) is that I'm not interested in English.

8. The boys love \_\_\_\_\_ ( 电脑 ), They don't love dolls.

9. The women look after their \_\_\_\_\_ (家庭) carefully.

10. They improved the \_\_\_\_\_ (软件) to make it easier for people to use.

#### VII. 书面表达

根据提示写一篇短文。

现在大家都在忙于学习有关互联网的知识。上网很容易,每天有许多人在上网。发送电子邮件在学生中越来越流行。

## Unit 3 Teenagers should be allowed to choose their own clothes.

(时间: 45 分钟 满分: 100 分)



#### 1. 听句子,选出你所听到的词(10分)

- 1. A. light
  - B. fight
  - C. night
  - D. right
- 2. A. talk
  - B. take
  - C. walk
  - D. work

- 3. A. star
  - B. stairs
  - C. stay
  - D. say

- A. sometime
  - B. sometimes
  - C. some time
  - D. some times
- 5. A. use
  - B. yours
  - C. you
  - D. youth

- 2. \_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_

## □、听对话,填入所缺的词(20分)

Molly: I'd like to know 1 about shopping online.

Peter: Shopping online?

Molly: Yes.

Peter: What \_2\_ you like to know?

Molly: Have you ever 3 anything online?

Peter: Never. Molly: Why?

Peter: The disadvantage is that I can't see the goods before I 4 them. And I can't touch the goods and I can't talk to the salespersons. In a 5, I feel uncomfortable.

Molly: (To Anna) Do you like shopping online?

Anna: Yes. Molly: Why?







Anna: Because it's interesting. It6_ a lot of time and I7_ leave home to buy
things. I just click the <u>8</u> to order what I like.
Molly: Have you ever done shopping online?
Anna: Yes. I bought a car online last year. It was very nice. I had just 9 the type,
the brand I like. Then they 10 it to my home. I was glad that I had just got what
I wanted in half an hour. That's great.
Molly: Thank you two.
Peter and Anna: You are welcome.
1.
笔试部分(70分)
· 单项选择(10 分)
1. — Do you think should be allowed to drive in our country?
— No, I don't think
A. fifteen-year-olds, so B. fifteen-year-olds, it
C. sixteen-year-olds, it D. seventeen-year-olds, so
2. — I am so interested in English.
— Sowe.
A. do B. are C. did D. were
3. — Kathy is very cool.
— Yes, she always wears thejeans.
A. new B. latter C. latest D. lattest
4. Theday, my wife and I went to the cinema.
A. last B. later C. else D. other
5. The students learn a loteach other.
A. of B. from C. to D. about

## 川. 根据汉语完成下列各句,每空一词(10分)

1. 其他的学生长大后想当教师。

	Other students	to the teachers when	they grow i	ip.	
2. 问题是我们都认为作业太多。					
	The problem isw	e all think the homework	is too		
3.	做早操对我们的健康有益				
		s is goodour health	i.		
4.	教师对工作要一丝不苟				
	Teachers must be				
5.	他每天花三小时看电视				
	lthim three hours		y		
111, -*	根据对话内容, 在空白处	填适当的词。完成对话,	每空一词	(10分)	
M	AN: What can I do for yo	w_ madam <sup>9</sup>			
	OMAN: I'm I for a				
	AN: Here, madam, then				
	DMAN: The red 2		e droen't	ire Player	and the state of the on
GI	RL: No. Mum, Idon'tl	ike red very much I prefe	er 3	it; Do yo	u nke n, Ance?
	AN: Green? What about			con like the	·+2
GU	RL: It's nice, 4 it?	great the great there;	THOW GO	THE THE	11.1
	OMAN: Yes, How much	is it?			
	AN: 180 dollars.				
W	OMAN: That's 5 ex	pensive. I'm afraid.			
	AN: A woollen coat like th		can find vo	nia 6	rane
	What do you think of th	nis one? It's only 150 doll	ars.		One,
WO	DMAN: That'll be all righ			on?	
	RL: Yes, Mum.	100 A	-	pa,	
WC	DMAN: Hum, it looks ve	ry nice, but it's a bit large		i	2
	RL: Never 8 . It'll				4.
		ing fast, don't you?			6
WC	MAN: That's quite true.		1	7	
	形填空(10分)	,	1	9	10.
			,		
S	Sam wanted to know when	re he could travel 1	holiday.	As he was	busy 2 the
nterne	t, he became 3 in h	now different countries we	ere. He do	wnloaded	the information
tbout s	everal countries and made	a 4 . He 5 th	at he would	visit these	
countri	es. He wanted to start _	6 the smallest country	and end w	ith the 7	700
me. H	le wondered what his trave	path would be 8 . H	le took 9	a map of	1
he wo	rld and began to 10	lines on it. After Sam le	oked at hi	s path, he	The state of
ecided	that his path wasn't a very	y good one.		pess, m	-