

JUNIOR MIDDLE  
SCHOOL ENGLISH  
COMPREHENSIVE

# 中考英语综合测试 999

本书编写组 / 编

JUNIOR MIDDLE  
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COMPREHENSIVE

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COMPREHENSIVE  
TEST

999

上海交通大学出版社

## 内容提要

本书是根据新颁布的《课程标准》,为参加中考的学生精心编写的考前综合能力训练书。所选试题覆盖面广,重点难点突出,旨在帮助考生进一步提高应试能力及实际运用语言的能力。

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## 前 言

《中考英语综合测试 999》是为参加中考的学生精心编撰的考前进行综合能力训练书,旨在帮助考生进一步提高应试能力及实际运用语言的能力。

本书特点:

1. 遵循新的《课程标准》的要求,突出语言能力上的培养及应试能力的提高。

2. 本书反复筛选整理了颇有价值的考题,并进行了解析。在解析题中,根据学科特点以及学生的知识结构特点,强调解题思路、解题方法及技巧的运用,语言分析和讲解力图准确,并配有典型的例句加以适当拓宽。

3. 测试题命题角度新,覆盖了语言基础知识的重点和难点,强调知识的渗透及综合运用能力的拓展,对巩固考生知识和能力上的薄弱环节有技大帮助。

参加编写人员有:李学晋、潘文雅、李艾炜、薛仁龙、徐淑娟、傅艺君、侯宏业、汪上上、傅明伟等。

尽管编者作了努力,疏漏不妥之处在所难免,敬请读者批评指正,以便再版时加以修正和完善。

编 者

2004 年 6 月

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## 一、单项选择题

### 一、例题

001. We have a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ to do today. (名词)

- A. homeworks      B. homework      C. us homework      D. our homework

答案: B

解析: homework 是不可数名词,后面不加 s,前面可用 a lot of 修饰。

002. One day little Tom walked along \_\_\_\_\_ towards his boat. (名词)

- A. sand      B. the sands      C. sands      D. the sand

答案: B

解析: sand 为物质名词,不可数。加复数之后,意义有了变化,意为“沙滩”。

003. He finished \_\_\_\_\_ school at the age of fifteen. (冠词)

- A. a      B. the      C. this      D. /

答案: D

解析: 有些个体名词表示抽象意义时前不加冠词。如,本句中 school 的意义由“学校”转为“读书,学校教育”。类似情况还有 go to school (church, hospital)。

004. He's so ill that his father has to send for \_\_\_\_\_ doctor. (冠词)

- A. the      B. a      C. some      D. one

答案: B

解析: 冠词 a 泛指任何一位医生,不只是具备数量含义。

005. Food and rent are more expensive than \_\_\_\_\_ used to be. (代词)

- A. it      B. their      C. they      D. he

答案: C

解析: 当两个单数名词是由 and 连接时,要用复数代词 they。

006. \_\_\_\_\_ never wanted to be bad children. (代词)

- A. We boy      B. Our boys      C. Us boys      D. We boys

答案: D

解析: we 是主格代词,作主语。boys 是 we 的同位语。

007. \_\_\_\_\_ do you think can do it? (代词)

- A. Who                      B. Whom                      C. Why                      D. How

答案: A

解析: 题中 do you think 为插入语。四个选项中只有 A 项能作主语。

008. I wonder if I can ask him \_\_\_\_\_ time. (数词)

- A. four                      B. fourth                      C. the fourth                      D. a fourth

答案: D

解析: 这句是不定冠词 + 序数词 + time 表示“又一次”(已经四次了)。

009. About \_\_\_\_\_ of the workers in that steel works are young people. (数词)

- A. third-fifths                      B. three-fifths                      C. three-fives                      D. three-fifth

答案: B

解析: 表示分数时,分子用基数词,分母用序数词。当分子大于 1 时,分母要用复数形式。

010. Did you know why an apple \_\_\_\_\_ down and not up? (动词)

- A. falls                      B. falling                      C. fall                      D. falled

答案: A

解析: 根据题目,我们可以推断出这是一句表示一种普遍自然现象的句子,应用一般现在时。

011. —Will you come shopping with me? (动词)

—\_\_\_\_\_, if Tom does.

- A. So do I                      B. So shall I                      C. I do so                      D. So I do

答案: B

解析: 表示“我也……”时,可用 so 开头的倒装句,由于在条件状语从句中用了一般现在时代替了一般将来时,故倒装句中的时态用将来时。

012. —Must I copy the new words in class? (情态动词)

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You \_\_\_\_\_ do it at home.

- A. needn't, may                      B. mustn't, must                      C. mustn't, may                      D. needn't, mustn't

答案: A

解析: must 引导的一般疑问句,作否定回答时,不用 mustn't,而要用 needn't 或 don't have to。

013. The horse is getting old and cannot run \_\_\_\_\_ it did. (形容词)

- A. as faster as                      B. so fast than                      C. so faster as                      D. as fast as

答案: D

解析: as + adj. / adv. + as 表示两者性质相同的“一样”。

014. The fat man always says his meat looks \_\_\_\_\_ and sells \_\_\_\_\_. (形容词)

- A. good, good      B. well, well      C. good, well      D. well, good

答案: C

解析: 第一空用形容词作表语,第二空用副词作状语。

015. The cow was led down the road \_\_\_\_\_ nose. (介词)

- A. in the      B. on the      C. by the      D. by its

答案: C

解析: by the nose 是习惯用法,此处介词 by 和冠词 the 都不可以用其他词替换。

016. She's very popular \_\_\_\_\_ her schoolmates, for her deeds were wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ a girl of her age. (介词)

- A. with, for      B. in, for      C. with, to      D. in, to

答案: A

解析: be popular with 意为“在……中受欢迎”,for a girl of her age 意为“对一个像她这样大的女孩来说……”。to a girl 意思是“在一个女孩……看来”,不符合题意。

017. You must do \_\_\_\_\_ I told you. (连词)

- A. after      B. before      C. where      D. as

答案: D

解析: as 意为“正如”,引导方式状语从句。此句中文是“你必须按照我说的去做”。

018. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ Jane is getting on well with her classmates? (连词)

- A. what      B. how      C. that      D. which

答案: C

解析: 由 that 引导一个宾语从句。因为从句中已有 well 修饰动词的状语,故不填 A 或 B。

## 二、测试题

001. —Have you seen \_\_\_\_\_ pen? I left it here this morning.

—Is it \_\_\_\_\_ black one? I think I saw it somewhere.

- A. a, the      B. a, a      C. the, a      D. the, the

002. I thought it was a good idea but he didn't \_\_\_\_\_ me.

- A. send for      B. lend to      C. point to      D. agree with

003. —Excuse me. What did you say you would like to do, Miss White?

—I said I'd better go back to the office. I \_\_\_\_\_ someone this afternoon.

A. would meet      B. met      C. am going to meet      D. was meeting

004. This is \_\_\_\_\_ empty bottle. Could you give me \_\_\_\_\_ full one?  
A. a, a      B. an, a      C. the, the      D. /, a

005. —Have you finished your report yet?

—No, I'll finish it in \_\_\_\_\_ ten minutes.

A. another      B. more      C. other      D. else

006. I don't like the colour of the T-shirt. Would you show me \_\_\_\_\_ one?

A. other      B. the other      C. another      D. others

007. —When shall we meet again next time?

—\_\_\_\_\_ day is OK.

A. Either      B. Neither      C. None      D. Any

008. —Is there \_\_\_\_\_ wrong with me, doctor?

—I'm afraid so. Your heart is beating a bit too slow.

A. something      B. anything      C. everything      D. nothing

009. —What would you like to drink?

—It doesn't matter. \_\_\_\_\_ will do.

A. Nothing      B. Everything      C. Something      D. Anything

010. —I can find few children in the classroom. Where're they?

—They \_\_\_\_\_ the World Cup Football Games on TV in the hall.

A. watch      B. have watched      C. watching      D. are watching

011. English is widely used. Many business letters around the world \_\_\_\_\_ in it today.

A. are written      B. were written      C. are writing      D. were writing

012. You'd better do it \_\_\_\_\_ your mother did.

A. when      B. as      C. like      D. because

013. —In our English study reading is more important than speaking, I think.

—I don't agree. Speaking is \_\_\_\_\_ reading.

A. as important as      B. so important as      C. the most important      D. the same as

014. Tim felt too hungry when he got home. He quickly \_\_\_\_\_ all the food on the table.



A. ate up                      B. looked up                      C. took out                      D. ate out

015. —Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_ Wuzhen and Taohua Island?

—No, never. But I'm going to Wuzhen or Taohua Island this summer.

A. been in                      B. gone in                      C. been to                      D. gone to

016. Yang won the women's 500 metres in the sports meeting. She did \_\_\_\_\_ of all.

A. good                      B. well                      C. better                      D. best

017. Before 1990 there was no airline \_\_\_\_\_ the two cities.

A. along                      B. in                      C. between                      D. among

018. The sign "No smoking" can be seen \_\_\_\_\_.

A. in a hospital                      B. at home                      C. in a cinema                      D. both A and C

019. —I won't go to the party tomorrow.

—\_\_\_\_\_ you told me you would. What's happening?

A. But                      B. So                      C. And                      D. Or

020. —Is David at school today?

—No. He is at home \_\_\_\_\_ he has a bad cold.

A. because                      B. if                      C. though                      D. until

021. —You are so lucky.

—What do you mean \_\_\_\_\_ that?

A. for                      B. in                      C. of                      D. by

022. —Did you \_\_\_\_\_ what the teacher said?

—Not really. He spoke a little too fast.

A. prefer                      B. listen to                      C. catch                      D. learn from

023. —The coat is too expensive.

—Don't worry. Here's another one. It's nice and \_\_\_\_\_, I think.

A. cheap                      B. dear                      C. easy                      D. difficult

024. We must keep the classroom \_\_\_\_\_.

A. clean                      B. to clean                      C. cleaning                      D. cleaned

025. —Sam, I passed the art exam.

—Did you? \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Congratulations    B. Good idea    C. Best wishes    D. With pleasure

026. She said she didn't take the dictionary, but I am sure she \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. is    B. was    C. does    D. did

027. —These farmers have been to the United States.

—Really? When \_\_\_\_\_ there?

- A. will they go    B. did they go    C. do they go    D. have they gone

028. Mary's brother had a talk at school yesterday afternoon, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. had he    B. hadn't he    C. did he    D. didn't he

029. —Excuse me. Have you got an eraser?

—Sorry, I haven't. Why \_\_\_\_\_ you ask Mary? Perhaps she's got one.

- A. do    B. don't    C. did    D. didn't

030. \_\_\_\_\_ call me Mimi! It's my cat's name.

- A. Not    B. Didn't    C. Doesn't    D. Don't

031. \_\_\_\_\_ late. It's your first day to work. You see, well begun is half done.

- A. Don't to be    B. Don't be    C. Not be    D. Be not

032. —Which would you like, rice or noodles?

—\_\_\_\_\_ is OK. I'm hungry.

- A. Either    B. Neither    C. Both    D. All

033. Mr Smith comes from Australia, but he has worked in China for five years. So you can talk with him \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. either in English or in Chinese    B. not in Chinese but in English  
C. just in English, not in Chinese    D. neither in Chinese nor in English

034. We saw him \_\_\_\_\_ the building and go upstairs.

- A. to enter    B. enter    C. entering    D. entered

035. I don't like to talk with those know-alls. They seem to know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. everything    B. something    C. anything    D. nothing

036. —She tried hard to stop her husband from smoking, didn't she?

—Yes. But she \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. failed                      B. fell                      C. made it                      D. got it

037. English names are different from Chinese names. In England the last name is the \_\_\_\_\_ name.

- A. middle                      B. given                      C. first                      D. family

038. He feels lonely. He has \_\_\_\_\_ friends here except me.

- A. many                      B. some                      C. few                      D. more

039. The window is broken. Try to \_\_\_\_\_ who broke it.

- A. find out                      B. find                      C. look                      D. look for

040. —Where have you been these days?

—I have been to Beidaihe with a friend \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in Chinese                      B. of Japan                      C. of American's                      D. from Canada

041. Be careful, Jane. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ your hands dirty.

- A. get                      B. keep                      C. have                      D. let

042. —Excuse me. Where is the Hualian Hotel, please?

—Take the No. 5 bus and \_\_\_\_\_ at the second stop.

- A. get on                      B. get up                      C. get off                      D. get to

043. The students in our class \_\_\_\_\_ very well with each other.

- A. get in                      B. get up                      C. get on                      D. get to

044. —Can I use this expression in the text?

—No. It has \_\_\_\_\_. Nobody uses it today.

- A. given up                      B. broken down                      C. gone out                      D. got off

045. Reading in bed isn't \_\_\_\_\_ our eyes.

- A. good at                      B. weak in                      C. bad for                      D. good for

046. —What was the weather like yesterday?

—It was terrible. It rained so \_\_\_\_\_ that people could \_\_\_\_\_ go out.

- A. hardly, hard                      B. hardly, hardly                      C. hard, hardly                      D. hard, hard

047. Jack \_\_\_\_\_ his homework yet, so he won't go out with his friends.

A. finishes                      B. has finished                      C. doesn't finish                      D. hasn't finished

048. Both his parents look sad. Maybe they \_\_\_\_\_ what's happened to him.

A. knew                      B. have known                      C. must know                      D. will know

049. I won't go to see the film tonight, because I \_\_\_\_\_ my ticket.

A. lost                      B. have lost                      C. will lose                      D. didn't have

050. "Harry Potter" is a very nice film. I \_\_\_\_\_ it twice.

A. will see                      B. have seen                      C. saw                      D. see

051. It's too hot today. Please give \_\_\_\_\_ a bottle of orange.

A. mine                      B. he                      C. her                      D. our

052. —Is this shirt yours?

—No, it's not mine. It's \_\_\_\_\_

A. his                      B. he's                      C. he                      D. him

053. —\_\_\_\_\_ is this dictionary?

—10 yuan.

A. How much                      B. How                      C. Whose                      D. Which

054. In the bookshop, a reader asked the shopkeeper \_\_\_\_\_ *Who Moved My Cheese* was an interesting book.

A. that                      B. how                      C. what                      D. if

055. —When is the plane to Shanghai going to take off?

—\_\_\_\_\_. Please get ready as soon as possible.

A. For a moment                      B. Just a moment                      C. In a moment                      D. A moment ago

056. —Jack, will you be home \_\_\_\_\_ to see the children before they go to bed?

—No problem.

A. on time                      B. in time                      C. at times                      D. at the same time

057. You look tired. \_\_\_\_\_ working indoors you should be out for a walk.

A. Ahead of                      B. Instead of                      C. In front of                      D. In spite of

058. Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ by the largest number of people.

A. is speaking                      B. speak                      C. speaks                      D. is spoken

059. Xiao Ming will come and play with me if he \_\_\_\_\_ busy.  
A. is                      B. won't be                      C. isn't                      D. will be
060. —Dad, I've just seen only one copy of FOOTBALL at that newsstand.  
—Go and buy \_\_\_\_\_ back, Bob.  
A. one                      B. other                      C. it                      D. this
061. —How long may I \_\_\_\_\_ your dictionary?  
—A week. But you mustn't \_\_\_\_\_ it to others.  
A. borrow, lend                      B. keep, lend                      C. lend, borrow                      D. keep, borrow
062. Mum, this T-shirt is much too small for me. Would you buy me a \_\_\_\_\_ one?  
A. nice                      B. large                      C. nicer                      D. larger
063. —What a day! It's raining again. I'm afraid we can't go boating tomorrow.  
—Don't worry. It won't \_\_\_\_\_ long.  
A. drop                      B. last                      C. rain                      D. go
064. —Cindy, is it OK to \_\_\_\_\_ you at home by yourself?  
—I think it's OK, Mum. I can look after myself \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. leave, good                      B. put, good                      C. leave, well                      D. put, well
065. —I'm sorry I'll have to \_\_\_\_\_ my office. I've had a wonderful time here.  
—It's a pleasure to have you here.  
A. get to                      B. return                      C. leave for                      D. reach
066. I'm sorry I haven't got any money. I've \_\_\_\_\_ my handbag at home.  
A. missed                      B. left                      C. put                      D. forgotten
067. Ann is so careful that she always goes over her exercises to \_\_\_\_\_, there are no mistakes.  
A. look for                      B. make sure                      C. find out                      D. think about
068. —I hear you've got a set of Australian stamps. \_\_\_\_\_ I have a look?  
—Yes, certainly.  
A. Do                      B. May                      C. Shall                      D. Should
069. She \_\_\_\_\_ know the answer, but I'm not sure.  
A. maybe                      B. may be                      C. may                      D. must

070. Now China has joined WTO(世贸组织), so I think English is \_\_\_\_\_ useful than before.  
A. more                      B. most                      C. much                      D. many
071. The 2008 Olympic Games will be held in Beijing. \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese are learning English.  
A. The more and the more                      B. Fewer and fewer  
C. More and more                      D. Most and most
072. The traffic \_\_\_\_\_ stop when the lights are red.  
A. mustn't                      B. may                      C. can't                      D. must
073. The old man was quite weak after the accident, so he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. must be take care of                      B. must take care of  
C. must be looked after                      D. must look after
074. —May I go swimming in the river, Mum?  
—No, you \_\_\_\_\_. It's dangerous.  
A. mustn't                      B. needn't                      C. don't                      D. haven't
075. —Must we finish the work before five?  
—No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You can do it tomorrow.  
A. mustn't                      B. may not                      C. can't                      D. needn't
076. I asked the twins to come to my birthday party, but \_\_\_\_\_ came at last.  
A. both                      B. neither                      C. all                      D. none
077. —I couldn't tell you how sorry I am. I wanted to be here earlier, but the traffic was too heavy.  
—\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Glad to hear that                      B. That's right  
C. Thank you all the same                      D. Never mind
078. —Would you like some more chicken?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. I'm full.  
A. Yes, please                      B. No, thanks                      C. Yes, I would                      D. No, I wouldn't
079. —Nothing serious, I hope.  
—I hope \_\_\_\_\_.

A. not to have      B. to have not      C. so      D. not

080. How interesting the computer game is! Why \_\_\_\_\_ join us?

A. won't      B. no      C. don't      D. not

081. —We get knowledge \_\_\_\_\_ from books \_\_\_\_\_ from life.

—Yes, both are important.

A. either, or      B. not only, but also  
C. neither, nor      D. not, but

082. I've found \_\_\_\_\_ in the box. It's empty.

A. something      B. nothing      C. anything      D. everything

083. There is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting in the film, so \_\_\_\_\_ is interested in it.

A. something, nobody      B. nothing, somebody  
C. anything, anybody      D. nothing, nobody

084. It's very nice \_\_\_\_\_ you to get me two tickets \_\_\_\_\_ the World Cup.

A. for, of      B. of, for      C. to, for      D. of, to

085. Lucy was \_\_\_\_\_ duty yesterday, but she forgot to clean the classroom.

A. in      B. on      C. at      D. of

086. —How many teachers are there in your school?

—\_\_\_\_\_, but I'm not sure.

A. Hundreds      B. Hundred      C. Hundreds of      D. One hundred

087. When you're learning a foreign language, use it, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll lose it.

A. and      B. but      C. then      D. or

088. Stop cutting trees, \_\_\_\_\_ the earth will become worse and worse.

A. and      B. then      C. lmt      D. or

089. —Which city is the capital of France?

—\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Sydney      B. New York      C. London      D. Paris

090. The smile on the teacher's face showed that she was \_\_\_\_\_ with us.

A. strict      B. pleased      C. angry      D. sorry

091. —I'm going to school now, Bye, Mum.  
—Wait! It's cold outside. \_\_\_\_\_ your coat, please.  
A. Put on                      B. Take off                      C. Put up                      D. Take down
092. Could you tell me which \_\_\_\_\_ best among the books on sale?  
A. is sold                      B. sells                      C. are written                      D. writes
093. —Mr Black, some boys are going to fight.  
—You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ the police.  
A. send for                      B. send to                      C. look for                      D. look over
094. China \_\_\_\_\_ another spaceship, "Shenshou III" into space in March from the Satellite Centre in Gansu.  
A. put up                      B. put off                      C. sent up                      D. sent away
095. The foreign teachers have worked in that school \_\_\_\_\_ last year.  
A. since                      B. when                      C. before                      D. until
096. —I'm going to play basketball after school. What about you?  
—\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Yes, basketball is very popular.                      B. Are you? It's so hot!  
C. I like basketball very much.                      D. So am I.
097. Yesterday morning I got up early \_\_\_\_\_ be late for the exam.  
A. in order to                      B. in order to not                      C. so as not to                      D. so as to
098. Father read the newspaper, and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. so do I                      B. so I do                      C. so I did                      D. so did I
099. —May I ask you \_\_\_\_\_, Mum?  
—Yes. What is it?  
—Our class are going to have a picnic tomorrow. Can I go?  
A. something                      B. anything                      C. some questions                      D. a problem
100. The sweetest \_\_\_\_\_ in the world is birds' singing, I think.  
A. cry                      B. noise                      C. voice                      D. sound
101. —Hello. May I speak to Mike?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. Please call back later.



- A. Wait a minute  
C. Speaking
- B. Hold on for a moment  
D. Sorry, he is out
102. He could \_\_\_\_\_ neither French nor German. So I \_\_\_\_\_ with him in English.  
A. speak, talked      B. talk, told      C. say, spoke      D. tell, talked
103. Don't worry. It won't \_\_\_\_\_ you too much time to fly from Haikou to Guangzhou.  
A. take      B. cost      C. spend      D. use
104. —Shall we start just now?  
—There's no need to hurry. Just \_\_\_\_\_ your time.  
A. keep      B. take      C. make      D. spend
105. The plane to Hongkong \_\_\_\_\_ at this time of day.  
A. takes off      B. gets to      C. leaves for      D. takes away
106. September 10th is \_\_\_\_\_ Day.  
A. Teacher      B. Teachers'      C. Mothers      D. Mother
107. \_\_\_\_\_ the new computer, travellers at the offices of CAAC can now buy their air tickets much faster.  
A. Because      B. Thanks for      C. Thanks to      D. Since
108. —What's behind \_\_\_\_\_ door? I can't open it.  
—Let me see. Oh, there's a chair.  
A. a      B. an      C. the      D. /
109. \_\_\_\_\_ Greens are on \_\_\_\_\_ visit to a beautiful city in China.  
A. /, a      B. A, the      C. The, a      D. The, /
110. Bob jumps farther than \_\_\_\_\_ in his class.  
A. any other boys      B. the other boys      C. any boy      D. another boy
111. We are sure that our football players will do \_\_\_\_\_ best.  
A. their      B. they      C. them      D. themselves
112. There are lots of rivers in China, and the longest of \_\_\_\_\_ is the Changjiang River.  
A. they      B. them      C. their      D. theirs