

高中英语词汇学习手册

(修订本)

A HANDBOOK
OF
ENGLISH WORDS
AND EXPRESSIONS
FOR
SENIOR MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS
(REVISED EDITION)

广东教育出版社

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戚国南 编

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编写说明

《高中英语词汇学习手册》是根据人民教育出版社中小学外语编辑室英语组编的高级中学英语课本第一、二、三册编写的，目的在于帮助高三毕业班学生复习和掌握高中阶段所学的词汇，也可作为其他年级学生的学习辅导材料，对指导高中毕业复习的老师亦有一定的参考价值。本书自1988年出版以来，颇受师生欢迎。现根据广大师生的要求，修订和增补了部分内容，重新出版，改署本人真名。

本书共分七个部分：

一、常用短语 将高中阶段所学的常用动词短语和其他短语按字母顺序列出，动词短语还举例说明其用法。

二、分类短语动词表 将高中阶段所学的短语动词根据结构分成五种类型，按字母顺序列出，以利于掌握短语动词的结构、词义和用法。

三、常用搭配例解 把一些常用的搭配和句型，尤其是学生较难掌握、容易出错的搭配和句型列出，并举例说明其用法，其中第一个例句是课本的原句。

四、近义词词义辨析 把高中阶段所学的词义相近的单词编组对比，详细阐明其意义，并举例说明其用

法。

五、反义词对照表 把高中阶段所学的词义相反的单词，按名词、动词、形容词、副词和介词等一一列出，以利对比记忆。

六、句型转换 举例说明如何运用学过的单词和短语进行句型转换，使复杂的句子变得简单，帮助学生掌握同一意思的不同表达方式。

七、合成词和派生词归类表 从构词法的角度，将合成词和派生词列出，以利联想记忆。

本书的单词和短语用中英对照方式排列，以便复习；单词和短语后面都注明其在高中课本第一次出现的册数和课码（或页码），以利检索。本书从内容的编排上引导学生通过分析、比较和联想去复习和记忆单词和短语，希望有一定的指导复习的作用。

在广雅中学任教的英籍教师 Mrs Shirley 审读了本书初稿，提出了许多宝贵意见，特此致谢。

由于编者水平有限，时间又比较仓促，错漏在所难免，恳切希望读者批评指正。

编 者

1991.6.

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常用短语

(说明: 短语后面的数字表示该短语在高中英语课本第一次出现的册数和页码。)

(一) 常用动词短语

1. act as 担任; 充当 1-229
He acted as ~~chairman~~ of the meeting.
2. act out 表演, 比画着表达 3-98
The students acted out the dialogue in class.
3. add fertilizer to 给……施肥 1-193
Add some chemical fertilizer to the soil, and the vegetables will grow fast.
4. add to 增加 1-159
I'm afraid that will add to our difficulties.
5. add up to 总计 1-85
The number of the students in our school adds up to 2 000.
6. advise sb on sth 就某事向某人提出意见 3-51
The doctor advised me on medicine.
7. advise sb to do sth 劝告某人做某事 3-52
I'd like to advise you to do more reading

aloud of English.

8. agree on 对……取得一致意见 3-176
Both sides agreed on the date and place for next talk. (也可用 agree upon 或 agree about.)
9. agree to do sth 同意做某事 3-145
He agreed to lend me his bike.
10. agree with sth 与……相一致 3-175
What you've said doesn't agree with what I've heard.
11. agree with sb 同意某人的意见 1-28
I don't quite agree with you.
12. answer for 对……负责; 受到惩罚 2-37
You'll have to answer for your wrong doing one day.
13. arrive at 到达 1-295
It was getting dark when we arrived at the village.
(arrive at 后接小地方的名词, 如 school, factory, hospital 等; arrive in 后接大地方的名词, 如 country, city, Beijing 等。表示“到达某地”还可用 reach, get to, come to 等。)
14. ask sb for advice on 就某事请教某人 3-51
I'll ask the teacher for advice on English study.
15. be after 寻找, 寻求 1-175
The police are after the murderer.
16. be against 反对 2-225

She was strongly against the decision.

17. be ahead of 优于, 胜过 3-3

Dick is ahead of me in class.

18. be alone 独自一人 3-36

She didn't feel lonely though she was alone.

(alone 作表语形容词, 在句子中作表语或宾补。

常用的表语形容词还有 afraid, alive, asleep, awake, ill 等。)

19. be angry with sb 对某人气愤 3-174

She was angry with him for having broken his promise.

(angry 可与 be, become, get 等动词连用, 也可接 at sth。)

20. be ^vanxious to do sth 渴望做某事 1-173

— The mother was really anxious to see her son.

(be ^vanxious 还可接 that 从句或 for 短语。)

21. be as ^vgray as ashes 像灰一样苍白 3-96

He was so frightened that his face was as gray as ashes.

22. be asleep 在睡觉 2-272

The baby was asleep soon after he was put to bed.

23. be astonished 感到惊讶 1-253

She was astonished to learn about the sudden death of her friend.

(be astonished 相当于 be greatly surprised, 可接不定式、at 短语或 that 从句。)

24. be at sea 在海上 3-145
When he woke up, the ship was at sea.
25. be at the mercy of 在……支配或摆布下 3-154
The enemy soldiers were at the mercy of our army.
26. be away 离开 3-33
He has been away from home for months.
(表示状态的延续要用 be away from, 不能用非延续性动词 go 或 leave。)
27. be blown to pieces 被打碎成几段 3-101
He shot at the snake and it was blown to pieces.
28. be burdened with 使某人负……重担 2-257
Mr Yang was burdened with a large family.
29. be busy with 忙于做 3-27
He's a busy man; he's busy day and night with meetings.
30. be careful not to do sth 小心不做某事 1-102
The teacher told us to be careful not to misspell that word.
31. be connected with 与……相连 1-267
与……有关系 2-76
This wire is connected with that one.
He was no longer connected with those people.
32. be cruel to 对……残忍 1-135
The landlord was cruel to the farmhands.
33. be dangerous to 对……有危害 1-195

The polluted water is dangerous to our health.

34. be deep in 专心致志于 3-173
He is deep in his work.
35. be delighted by (at) 因……感到高兴 3-52
We are delighted by the news of our victory over the enemy.
36. be delighted to do sth 高兴做某事 3-124
We're delighted to have you here with us again.
37. be determined to do sth 决心做某事 3-76
We are determined to win the game.
38. be different from 与……不同 3-177
English is quite different from Chinese in spelling and pronunciation.
39. be eager to do sth 渴望做某事 1-103
The little boy is eager to see his mother.
(be eager 还可接 for 短语或 that 从句。)
40. be engaged to sb 与某人订婚 2-39
Miss Gu has been engaged to a tennis player.
41. be entered 报名参加 3-74
Over 500 runners were entered for the long run.
42. be equipped with 装有 2-197
Each classroom is equipped with four electric fans.
43. be fit for 适合; 胜任 1-101
I don't think the manager is fit for his position.
44. be fond of 喜爱, 爱好 1-229

I am fond of all science subjects.

45. be forbidden to do sth 被禁止做某事 2-52
Middle school students are forbidden to smoke.
46. be forced to do sth 被迫做某事 1-1
They were forced to put off their visit to Japan.
47. be furnished with 用……布置 2-225
His room is furnished with a new sofa and four chairs.
48. be gone 不见了 1-65
He felt lonely when his friend was gone.
(be gone 和 be come 都用来表示状态。)
49. be good to sb 对某人和蔼 2-258
The parents are good to their children and the children love their parents.
50. be in bed 在睡觉, 在床上 3-36
My brother was still in bed when I left home for work.
51. be in deep sorrow 沉浸在深切的悲痛中 1-87
The whole country was in deep sorrow at the passing away of their beloved leader.
52. be in hospital 住医院 2-125
My sick grandfather has been in hospital for a whole week.
53. be in love with 跟……恋爱 3-145
Tom is in love with Mary.
54. be in rags 穿着破衣服 1-173
Before liberation, many poor children were

in rags.

(这里 in 表示“穿着”，又如 in white, in light blue silk, in a new overcoat, in new clothes, in school uniform 等。)

55. be in the lead 领先 3-75
Our school team is still in the lead.
56. be interested in 对……感兴趣 1-15
In the beginning I wasn't interested in English.
57. be invisible to (某物)对某人来说看不见 1-100
Some stars are invisible to our eyes.
58. be kind to sb 对某人和蔼 1-85
The doctor is always kind to her patients.
59. be known as 作为……而出名 3-175
He is known as a fair judge.
60. be late with ……晚了 3-27
We were late with dinner because Mother got home at six.
61. be lined with 用……排成行 1-138
The street was lined with people on both sides.
62. be living 活着 2-1
Mr Wang, my first teacher, is still living.
63. be lost 迷路 3-32
The boy was lost and sent home by a policeman.
64. be lost at sea 海上遇难失事 3-146
I read about the news that the ship was lost at sea.

65. be made into 制成 2-21
Wood can be made into paper.
66. be made up of 由……组成 1-268
The Students' Union is made up of five boys and two girls.
67. be marked with 用……作记号 2-2
The box full of eggs is marked with "With Care".
68. be mistaken 弄错 1-27
I was mistaken about his house number.
69. be near death 快要死 3-76
The old man was near death, but with careful nursing, he pulled through.
70. be obliged to do sth 被迫做某事 2-52
He was obliged to give up drinking and smoking.
71. be of great importance 至关重要 2-152
His speech at the meeting is of great importance.
72. be of great value 很有价值 2-150
Every experience is of great value.
73. be of interest 有趣 3-177
The question the boy raised was of great interest.
74. be of the usual kind 常见的那一种 3-28
The stamps I've bought are of the usual kind.
(这里 of 表示特征, 常接 colour, age, size, height, length, width, shape, type 等名词。)

75. be off 离开 2-275
I'm sorry I must be off now.
76. be on an important subject 论述重要课题 3-52
The article is on an important subject.
77. be out of sight 看不见 1-213
The plane took off and was soon out of sight.
(其反义短语为 be in sight。)
78. be packed 挤满 3-74
The school library is packed with students every afternoon.
79. be pleased by 对……感到高兴 1-103
They were very much pleased by what the teacher said at the meeting.
80. be pleased with 对……感到满意 1-119
The teacher is pleased with my rapid progress in my studies.
81. be poisonous to 对……有毒害 1-195
Cigarettes are poisonous to our health.
82. be polite to 对……有礼貌 2-225
We should always try to be polite to people.
83. be prepared for 对……作好准备 2-257
Our soldiers are well prepared for the enemy's sudden attack.
84. be prepared to do sth 愿意做某事 3-176
My neighbours are prepared to help us with the work.
85. be present 出席 3-151

All the League members except Xiao Luo were present at the meeting.

86. be proud of 对……感到自豪 2-4
The overseas Chinese are proud of their great motherland.
(be proud 还常接 to do sth 或 that 从句。)
87. be read out 宣读 3-148
The results of the exam were read out.
88. be ready to do sth 准备好做某事 3-29
We are ready to go on the evening train.
89. be remembered as 作为……被怀念 2-224
Comrade Mao Zedong will always be remembered as a great founder of the People's Republic of China.
90. be right in doing sth 某事做得对 3-55
I'm sure I'm right in saying that.
91. be stationed 驻扎 1-280
We must find out how many enemy soldiers are stationed there.
92. be struck by 被……迷住 2-53
Most of the visitors were struck by the beauty of the mountain scenery.
93. be stuck 陷在……中间 2-273
They threw a rope to the man, who was stuck in the mud, and helped him out.
94. be successful in 做……成功 2-225
China was successful in sending up a man-made

satellite.

(be successful in 与 succeed in 或 make/gain success in 同义。)

95. be sure about 对……有把握 1-2
I'm not quite sure about his house number.
96. be sure of 相信, 确信 2-129
You may always be sure of a warm welcome at our school.
(be sure 还常接 to do sth 或 that 从句。)
97. be treated like 受到像……的对待 3-121
Many workers were not treated like human beings in the old days.
98. be terrified at 对……感到害怕 1-210
I was terrified at seeing the deadly snake.
99. be to do sth 按计划安排要做某事 2-27
该做某事 3-52
The party is to be held on Saturday evening.
What am I to do if they come on Monday morning?
(上两句中的 be to do sth 分别相当于 be going to do sth 和 should do sth。)
100. be too much for sb 对某人来说太厉害 2-128
This kind of work is too much for a young girl.
101. be torn open 被撕开 1-228
Do you know why the letter was torn open?
102. be thrown into prison 被关进监狱 2-38