

2012年同等学力人员申请硕士学位  
英语水平全国统一考试

# 词汇精记速记

白 洁◎主编

人大同等学力**经典版本** ◆

依据**第五版**最新大纲全面修订 ◆

**重点难点词汇、一般性认知词汇、基础词汇**分列，区别解析 ◆



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# 2012 年同等学力人员申请硕士学位 英语水平全国统一考试 词汇精记速记

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## 2012 年同等学力人员申请硕士学位英语水平全国统一考试词汇精记速记

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## — 前 言 —

同等学力英语水平考试在全国所有非英语专业统考英语试卷中,对词汇量的要求最大,达到 6 220 词。下面是与各类国考词汇量的比较。

各类英语考试词汇量比较

考试类别	四级	六级	考研入学	高级职称	同等学力
要求词汇量	4 795	6 395	5 500	6 000	6 220
要求词组	700	1 200			600
要求复用	2 000	2 200			2 360

同等学力英语考试词汇特点:

1. **词汇内容范围。**有关国家、地区及其首都和主要城市名称、世界各大洲名称、主要山脉河流名称等不包括在 6 220 词条内,而是以附录的形式给出。一些常见的派生词也不列在词条内。这些不同意味着:一是实际要求掌握的词汇量显然大于 6 220;二是要求考生必须掌握常见的词缀,否则无法辨认不包括在词条内的派生词。

2. **词义范围。**所有的词没有标出要掌握的词义、词性,这意味着每个词的任何一个词性和词义都有可能出现在考卷中,可见词汇测试范围之广。此外大纲附录还要求考生掌握 130 多个前后缀。

词汇是在各类英语考试中取得理想成绩的关键。为了帮助考生复习备考,我们根据最新版考试大纲规定的词汇,对《同等学力人员申请硕士学位英语水平全国统一考试词汇精记速记》一书做了较大的修订。针对同等学力考生社会阅历丰富、知识面宽、理解能力强、善于思考等特点,结合多年英语教学和辅导考试的实践经验,我们打破传统的完全按照字母顺序大排队的方式,将大纲词汇按难度和重点划分为四大部分,每部分内的选词按字母顺序排列,便于考生了解常考词、难点词、易混词,分轻重缓急投放复习时间和精力。具体标准与编写思路如下。

1. 第一部分是重点难点词。我们以 1995~2011 年所有词汇题的选项为主,辅以阅读中的难点词,整理、筛选出 1 200 个左右重点难点词,并对这些词进行详细讲解,例句说明用法,近义反义联想链接,目的是使考生熟练掌握这部分词,不但认知,而且会用。

2. 第二部分为一般性认知词汇。这部分词出现频率较低,出现在词汇单选题目中的几率很小,对于它们,考生只要认识、知道意思、能根据上下文推测猜出,模糊理解即可。所以这部分讲解中我们舍去了例句,用短语取而代之,通过同义词、反义词、派生词来增加词汇的重现率,以达到举一反三、串联记忆的效果。

3. 第三部分是基础词汇,也是本书今年修订改动最大的部分。我们挑选出近 2 000 个初高中时就学过的最最基本的词汇,将他们单列出来,只给词性、词义。对于这部分词汇,考生一般只需要过一遍就能完全回忆起来,这样可以大大节省复习时间。

4. 第四部分是大纲规定的 600 个词组,我们给这些词组加了例句,便于考生理解并使用。

5. 最后是附录。除了大纲附录中列出的内容外，我们还增加了常用词根的讲解，帮助考生快速记词，扩大词汇量。

总之，本书在涵盖新大纲全部词汇的基础上，有点有面，重点突出，是考生备考理想的复习材料。我们希望本书不但能帮助考生逾越单词记忆这一难关，更重要的是给考生提供一种事半功倍的高效学习词汇的方法，使考生顺利通过考试，取得高分。

本书的编写人员均是同等学力申硕辅导班的老师，他们常年跟踪历年考题的变化走向，有丰富的辅导经验，对考题中词汇的重点、难点和考生在学词、记词、用词方面存在的问题都有比较全面的了解。张锦芯教授为本书的编写提出了很多宝贵意见，赵艳清同志协助编写了其中部分内容，人大出版社的马胜利、李天英、李国庆、谢晓春同志对该书的策划和出版做了大量工作，在此，我们一并表示衷心的感谢。

限于水平和时间，疏漏和失误在所难免，欢迎广大同仁和读者批评指正。

编者

2011 年 12 月

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## 第一部分 重点难点词

## A

## \* abandon

*vt.* 放弃, 遗弃, 丢弃 [同] desert, give up, quit, leave

The sailors abandoned themselves to drinking. 水手们肆意酗酒。

[派] abandonment

[链] *give up doing sth.* } 放弃做某事  
*quit doing sth.*

## abolish

*vt.* 废除, 取消 [同] eliminate, cancel, remove, call off, do away with

The death penalty is to be abolished before the end of this year. 死刑将于年内废除。

[派] abolition

## abound

*vi.* 1. 大量存在

Oranges abound here all the year round. 这里一年到头都有很多橙子。

2. (in, with) 充满, 富裕

Streams abound with fish. 小溪里鱼很多。

Fish abound in the sea. 海中有丰富的渔产。

## abrupt

*a.* 突然的, 意外的 [同] sudden, unexpected

The abrupt change of schedule gave me lots of trouble. 行程突然改变给我造成许多麻烦。

## absorb

*vt.* 1. 吸收 [同] take in [反] give out

Plants absorb energy from the sun. 植物吸收太阳的能量。

2. 使全神贯注

A woman was absorbed in taking down the data shown on an instrument. 一位妇女正专心致志地记录仪表上显示的数据。

[派] absorption, absorptive

[搭] *be absorbed in* 全神贯注于 [反] distract sb. from doing sth. 使某人做事分心

[链] *concentrate/focus/center on* } 全神贯注于  
*be lost to ...*

## absurd

*a.* 荒谬的 [同] ridiculous, illogical, meaningless [反] reasonable, rational

What an absurd suggestion! 多么荒谬的一个建议!

[派] absurdity

## abundance

*n.* 充裕, 多量 [同] plenty [反] scarcity

At the feast there was an abundance of food and drink. 宴会上有丰盛的食品和饮料。

## abundant

*a.* 丰富的, 充裕的 [同] enough, adequate, plentiful, ample [反] scarce, insufficient

China is abundant in natural resources. 中国自然资源丰富。

[搭] *be abundant in ...* } 在……方面充裕  
 [链] *be rich in*

## abuse

*vt./n.* 1. 滥用, 妄用 [同] misuse, misemploy, misapply, mistreat

Don't abuse the confidence they have placed in you. 不要辜负他们对你的信任。

2. 辱骂, 诬蔑 [同] belittle, insult

Jenny had been abused by her father since she was eleven. 詹妮 11 岁以来一直受到父亲的辱骂。

## accelerate

*vt.* 1. 加速 [同] quicken [反] decelerate

The driver stepped on the gas and accelerated the car. 司机加大油门, 让汽车加速行驶。

2. 促进 [同] further, stimulate, promote

Sunshine, fresh air, and rest often accelerate

a person's recovery from sickness. 阳光、新鲜空气和休息常促进病人的康复。

*vi.* 增加速度 [同] speed [反] decelerate, slow down

The car suddenly accelerated. 汽车突然加快了速度。

[派] accelerator, acceleration, accelerative

[辨] accelerate 加速

speed 迅速

quicken 加快

hurry 急忙

hasten 匆匆

rush 冲

dash 猛冲

speed up 加速

step up 加速

#### \* access

*n.* 1. 接近, 获得 (机会等) [同] approach  
Finding out about these universities has become easy for anyone with Internet access. 任何会使用因特网的人都会很容易地了解这些大学的情况。

2. 入口, 通道 [同] entrance, entry, admittance, passage  
The only access to the farmhouse is across the fields. 到达那间农舍的唯一通路是穿过田间。

[派] accessible, accessibility

[搭] have/gain access to 有 (机会、手段、权利) 得到/接近/进入

[链] approach/entrance/admittance to ... 接近

#### accession

*n.* 1. 增加, 添加

This is a list of accessions to the library. 这是该图书馆的新书目录。

2. 就职, 就任 [同] succession

He inherited vast estates on his accession to the throne. 他即位后继承了大片领地。

#### \* accident

*n.* 意外事件, 事故 [同] misfortune, disaster

Accidents will happen. (谚) 意外事故难免会发生。

[辨] accident 突发事故

incident 小事件, 小环节

event 重大事件

matter 平时所说的事情

affair 已发生的事

occurrence 日常偶然发生的事

#### accidental

*a.* 意外的, 偶然 (发生) 的 [同] unintentional [反] deliberate

#### accomplish

*vt.* 完成, 实现, 成就 [同] achieve, attain, complete, fulfill, carry out [反] fail

Computers can accomplish tasks that could never before have been undertaken. 计算机能完成前人从未能开展过的工作。

[派] accomplishment

#### accumulate

*vt.* 积累, 积聚 [同] gather, amass, collect  
By working hard you may accumulate a fortune. 努力工作你就可以积蓄一笔财产。

*vi.* 堆积, 积累 [同] heap up, pile up  
The temperature in this area is low enough to allow falling snow to accumulate and slowly transform into ice. 这一地区的气温低得足以使落雪堆积并慢慢地结成冰。

[派] accumulation, accumulative

#### \* accuse

*vt.* 1. 指责 [同] blame, criticize, allege, denounce

They accuse the police of brutality. 他们谴责警察行为野蛮。

2. 控告 [同] charge, complain

He was falsely accused of stealing. 他被诬告犯有盗窃罪。

[搭] accuse sb. of sth. 为……指责某人,



为……控告某人

[链] *charge sb. with sth.* 控告

*blame sb. for sth.* 责怪

*complain to sb. of/about sth.* 抱怨

### accustomed

a. 1. 惯常的 [同] *usual* [反] *unusual*

Across the boardroom table to the right, the Honourable Harold Austin slipped into his accustomed seat. 在董事会议桌对面靠右一点的地方, 哈罗德·奥斯汀阁下在自己惯坐的椅子上入座。

2. [一般做表语] 习惯了的 [同] *used to*  
He has become accustomed to doing morning exercises every day. 他每天晨练, 已经习以为常。

### \* acknowledge

vt. 1. 承认 [同] *admit, confess* [反] *deny*  
Women's role in protecting the environment has been overlooked more often than it has been acknowledged. 妇女在保护环境方面所发挥的作用经常被忽视而得不到承认。

2. 感谢 [同] *thank, appreciate*  
We must not fail to acknowledge his services to the town. 我们必须感谢他对本市的贡献。

3. 告知收到 (信件等) [同] *confirm*  
He has acknowledged the receipt of the letter. 他已经告知收到了那封来信。

[辨] *acknowledge* 被迫承认

*admit* 大胆承认

*confess* 供认

### acquaint

vt. 使熟悉, 使认识 [同] *introduce*  
I am not personally acquainted with him. 我个人与他并不熟悉。

[搭] *be acquainted with ...* } 熟悉  
*acquaint oneself with ...* }

### \* acquire

vt. 1. 获得, 取得 [同] *earn, obtain, secure*  
A bad habit is easily acquired but broken up with difficulty. 坏习惯染上容易克服难。

2. 学到 (知识等), 养成 (习惯等) [同] *learn, develop, cultivate*

We must cherish experience acquired at the cost of blood. 我们必须珍惜用鲜血换来的经验。

[链] *inquire* = *enquire* 询问

*require* 要求

### \* acute

a. 1. (头脑或五官) 灵敏的, 敏锐的 [同] *bright, intelligent, smart, keen* [反] *dull, stupid, foolish, slow*

Dogs have an acute sense of smell. 狗有敏锐的嗅觉。

2. 急性的 [反] *chronic*

Pneumonia is an acute disease. 肺炎是一种急性病。

### adapt

vt. 1. 使适应, 使适合 [同] *accustom, adjust, arrange, tailor*

I don't think I shall ever adapt myself to this hot climate. 我认为我永远也适应不了这炎热的气候。

2. 改写, 编写 [同] *rewrite*

Difficult books are sometimes adapted for use in schools. 难的书藉有时被改写, 以便适用于学校。

[派] *adaptable, adaptability, adaptation*

[辨] *adopt* 采纳

### addicted

a. 入了迷的, 上了瘾的 [同] *enthusiastic, keen*

He is addicted to football. 他迷上了足球。

He is addicted to smoking. 他吸烟成瘾。

### \* address

n. 1. 地址, 住址 [同] *residence*

2. 讲话, 演说 [同] *lecture, speech*

His inspiring address was broadcast last night. 昨晚广播了他那篇振奋人心的讲话。

vt. 1. 向……讲话

The dean can't see you at the moment. He is

addressing the first-year students in the lecture hall. 系主任现在不能见你。他正在演讲厅给一年级的学生讲话。

## 2. 写姓名地址

This is a wrongly addressed letter. 这是一封写错地址的信。

[派] addresser, addressee

## adequate

a. 足够的, 充分的 [同] ample, sufficient

[反] inadequate, insufficient

Are you getting an adequate wage for the work you are doing? 你目前工作的待遇是否令你满意?

[派] adequacy

## adhere

vi. 依附, 附着, 坚持 [同] stick

I must adhere to my original plan in spite of the storm. 尽管有风暴, 我还得按原计划办事。

## adherence

n. 1. 遵守, 坚持 [同] loyalty

The teacher demanded adherence to the rules. 教师要求(学生)遵守规则。

2. 追随, 支持 [同] obedience, faithfulness  
[反] disobedience

It was essential that the Europeans break away from slavish adherence to authority. 欧洲人必须摆脱对权威的俯首听命。

## adjacent

a. 临近的, 毗连的 [同] neighboring, adjoining, bordering [反] distant

The two families live on adjacent streets. 这两家住在两条相邻的街上。

## admission

n. 1. 允许进入 [同] access

Admission to Professor Lu's lecture on *Hamlet* will be by ticket only. 陆教授的《哈姆雷特》讲座将凭票入场。

2. 入场费

Admission to the concert is one yuan. 音乐

会的门票是一元。

3. 坦白, 承认 [同] acknowledgement, confession, declaration

He made full admission of his crime. 他全盘供认了自己的罪行。

## \* adopt

vt. 1. 采用, 采取(态度等) [同] take up, accept

Congress adopted the new measures. 国会通过了新的议案。

2. 选定(道路、职业等) [同] choose

He adopted teaching as his profession. 他以教书为业。

3. 收养

He was adopted into a respectable family. 他被一个有声望的人家收养。

[搭] the adopted children 养子/女

[链] step mother/father 继母/父

half sister 同父/母异母/父姐妹

ex-wife/husband 前妻/夫

[辨] adapt 使适应

## advanced

a. 先进的, 高级的 [同] progressive [反] elementary

Advanced technologies enable us to build uncompromised quality into all our cars. 先进的技术, 使我们生产出的所有汽车都具有无可挑剔的质量。

## \* advantage

n. 1. 优势, 优点 [同] merit, superiority  
[反] disadvantage, handicap

The location combines advantages of country and city. 这个地点兼有农村和城市之长。

2. 利益, 好处 [同] benefit, welfare, profit, interest

We should not consider our own advantage first. 我们不应该首先考虑自己的利益。

[派] advantageous(ly)

[搭] gain/have advantage over 胜过, 优于  
be of advantage to 有利于

**advent**

*n.* 出现, 到来 [同] arrival [反] departure  
Swallows come by group at the advent of spring. 春天来临时, 燕子成群飞来。

**adverse**

*a.* 不利的, 敌对的, 逆的 [同] unfavorable, opposing, hostile [反] favorable  
Because of adverse weather conditions, the travelers stopped to camp. 由于天气状况不利, 旅行者们停下来宿营。  
[派] adversity

**advisable**

*a.* 明智的, 可取的 [同] wise, proper  
It is not absolutely necessary, but highly advisable. 这并非绝对必要, 但却是非常可取的。

**\* advise**

*vt.* 1. 劝告, 建议 [同] counsel, recommend, suggest, propose  
They strongly advised me not to do so. 他们竭力劝我不要这样做。  
2. 通告, 通知 [同] inform, notify, report  
Keep me well advised of the progress of the matter. 请随时告诉我事态的发展情况。  
[派] adviser, advisable

**advocate**

*vt.* 提倡, 鼓吹 [同] uphold, support, favor, speak for, promote, push for [反] oppose  
Professor Wu traveled throughout the country to advocate education. 吴教授走遍全国倡导教育。  
[派] advocacy  
*n.* 提倡者, 鼓吹者 [同] supporter [反] opponent  
He is an advocate of vegetarianism. 他是素食主义的提倡者。

**\* affect**

*vt.* 1. 影响, 作用 [同] influence, effect  
Will the changes in taxation affect you personally? 税法的变更会影响到你个人吗?

2. 感动 [同] impress, move, strike, touch  
He was much affected at the sad sight. 他深为这一凄凉的景象所感动。

3. (疾病) 侵袭 [同] infect, catch  
He was affected by heat. 他中暑了。  
[辨] effect 动词意思是“产生, 招致”; 名词为“结果, 影响”。  
affect 只作动词“影响”。

**affiliate**

*vt.* 使隶属 (或附属) 于  
The middle school is affiliated to the University. 这所中学附属于该大学。  
*n.* 附属机构, 分公司  
It is an affiliate of the International Typographical Union. 这是一个国际印刷协会的分会。

**affirm**

*vt.* 1. 断言, 坚持声称 [同] assert, insist  
We can safely affirm that we are right. 我们可以有把握地说, 我们是对的。  
2. 证实, 确认 [同] confirm  
His achievements have been affirmed. 他的成绩得到了肯定。

**afflict**

*vt.* 使苦恼, 使遭受, 折磨 [同] trouble, bother, upset, distress  
Famine and war still afflict mankind. 饥荒与战争依旧给人类带来痛苦。

**aggravate**

*vt.* 1. 加重, 使恶化 [同] worsen, intensify [反] alleviate  
Being out in the rain aggravated his cold. 淋雨使他的感冒恶化。  
2. 激怒, 惹恼 [同] annoy, irritate [反] soothe, calm  
That aggravated him beyond endurance. 那使他恼怒得无法忍受。

**aggregate**

*n.* 合计, 总计 [同] total  
What is the aggregate of goals from the two

football matches? 两场橄榄球赛的总进球数是多少?

a. 总计的, 合计的 [同] total, cumulative  
The aggregate number of unemployed is fifty thousand this year. 今年失业人数总共达 5 万人。

v. 1. 总计达, 合计 [同] total, sum up  
The donation aggregated to \$10,000. 捐款合计达 1 万美元。

2. 使聚集, 使积聚 [同] accumulate  
Population and wealth are aggregated in cities. 人口与资产聚集于城市中。

[搭] in the aggregate 总共, 作为总体

### aggressive

a. 1. 侵略的, 侵犯的 [同] invasive, hostile  
This is an aggressive war. 这是一场侵略战争。

2. 爱挑衅的, 放肆的 (贬) [同] offensive  
His manner is slightly aggressive. 他的态度有些自负。

3. 有进取心的, 敢作敢为的 (褒) [同] ambitious, enterprising [反] modest

A salesman has to be aggressive in order to succeed. 推销员要想获得成功, 必须具有闯劲。

### agony

n. (极度的) 痛苦, 创痛 [同] distress, misery, pain, suffering [反] enjoyment, relief, happiness

They went through the agonies of war and famine. 他们经历了战争和饥荒的痛苦。

### agreeable

a. 1. 令人愉快的 [同] pleasant, enjoyable, pleasing, favorable [反] disagreeable

The music is agreeable to the ear. 这音乐悦耳。

2. 一致的, 符合的 [同] conformable  
He was quite agreeable to the suggestion. 他很赞同这项建议。

[搭] agreeable in ... 在……方面令人愉快  
agreeable to ... 与……一致

### alarm

n. 1. 惊恐 [同] dread, panic, fright, horror, terror [反] comfort, security, safety

There is no cause for alarm. 没有理由惊慌失措。

2. 警报 [同] warning, caution

The alarm was given for a fire. 报的是火警。

3. 警报器

vt. 1. 使……惊恐 [同] frighten, panic, scare, shock, terrify [反] relieve, comfort

I was alarmed last night at the cry of fire. 昨天夜里听到失火的喊声时, 我很惊慌。

2. 向……报警 [同] warn

They alarmed the police at the sight of the fire. 看到火灾后, 他们向警察报警。

### alert

a. 警觉的 [同] watchful, attentive [反] unprepared

She was so alert that no single error in the report slipped past her. 她是如此警觉, 报告里没有一个错误逃过她的眼睛。

vt. 使警觉, 使意识到 [同] warn

The doctor alerted me to the danger of not getting enough sleep. 医生警告我要注意睡眠不足的危险性。

### alienate

vt. 1. 使疏远, 使不友好, 离间 [同] estrange, distance, isolate

The Romantic poets were alienated from society. 那些浪漫派的诗人们与社会疏远。

2. 转让, 让渡 (财产) 等

Enemy property is often alienated in time of war. 在战时敌产常被没收。

### alleviate

vt. 减轻, 使缓和 [同] ease, lessen, lighten [反] aggravate

They alleviated the boredom of waiting by singing songs. 他们以唱歌来减轻等候的厌烦。

**alike**

a. /ad. 相似的(地), 相像的(地) [同] matching, similar, resembling [反] unlike, different, dissimilar

The two brothers are very much alike. 两兄弟非常相像。

**allowance**

a. 津贴; 零用钱

The child has a weekly allowance of five dollars. 这孩子每星期有5元零用钱。

**alter**

vt. 1. 改变, 更改 [同] adjust, convert, modify, transform [反] preserve

The ship altered her course. 这艘船改变了航线。

2. 改做(衣服等) [同] remodel, refashion  
These clothes are too large; they must be altered. 这些衣服太大; 必须加以修改。

vi. 改变, 变化 [同] vary, change

[辨] alter 部分的改变, 修改

change 较大的改变, 改换

modify 修饰; 减缓

transform 深刻的改头换面

convert 转化; 转变信仰等

vary 变换

**alternative**

a. 两者择一的

They have to choose between the alternative plans of having a picnic or taking a boat trip. 他们必须在野餐或者乘船旅游这两个计划中选择一个。

n. 供选择的東西; 取舍 [同] substitute

The judge offered the criminal the alternative of a fine or six months in prison. 法官向罪犯提供两种选择: 要么罚款, 要么蹲6个月班房。

**altitude**

n. 高度; 海拔 [同] height

What altitude did the airplane reach? 这架飞机飞了多高?

The mountain has an altitude of 10,000 feet. 这座山海拔10 000英尺。

[辨] attitude 态度

latitude 纬度

longitude 经度

magnitude 巨大

multitude 众多

**amass**

vt. 积累, 积聚 [同] accumulate, collect

[反] distribute

He amassed his papers for burning. 他把文件集拢来烧毁。

**ambiguity**

n. 含糊, 不明确 [同] vagueness, uncertainty [反] certainty

The wording is likely to lead to ambiguity. 这种措词会产生歧义。

**ambiguous**

a. 模棱两可的, 意思含糊的; 引起歧义的

[同] vague, unclear, indefinite, confusing

[反] clear, definite, certain

Hague held ambiguous views on Britain's position in relation to its partners in the European Union. 黑格在英国与其欧盟伙伴国家之间的关系上持有模糊立场。

**ambition**

n. 1. 野心, 雄心 [同] enterprise, desire

A boy who is filled with ambition usually works hard. 一个充满雄心的男孩通常很用功。

2. 抱负, 志向 [同] aim, goal, objective, target

It fired his ambition to write poetry. 这激起了他写诗的热切愿望。

**ambitious**

a. 1. 有雄心的, 有抱负的 [同] enterprising

He is politically ambitious. 他有政治野心。

2. 热望的 [同] desirous, eager, hungry, longing

He is ambitious after wealth. 他热衷于追求财富。

[搭] *be ambitious to do* 热望做……

### amend

*vt.* 修改, 改良 [同] *modify, revise*

The entire chamber then debates and may amend the bill. 然后全部议员就议案辩论并可以对其修改。

*vi.* 改过自新

He was determined to amend. 他决心改过自新。

### amid

*prep.* 在……中, 在……当中 [同] *among (sth.), between*

He resigned amid rumors of misconduct. 他在滥用职权的传闻中辞职。

### \* amount

*vi. (to)* 1. 总计 [同] *number, add up to, total*

The bill amounts to \$100. 账单共计 100 美元。

2. 等于 [同] *correspond (to), equal*

His answer amounts to a refusal. 他的回答等于拒绝。

*n.* 1. 数额, 数量 [同] *quantity, sum*

A large amount of money is spent on tobacco every year. 每年都要花费大量金钱在烟草上。

2. 总和, 总额 [同] *totality, sum*

He owed me \$100 but could pay only half that amount. 他欠我 100 美元, 但只能还一半。

### amplify

*vt.* 放大, 增大, 扩大 [同] *magnify, enlarge*

An electronic device amplified the speaker's voice. 电子设备放大了演讲人的声音。

### amuse

*vt.* 逗乐, 使开心 [同] *charm, cheer, delight, enliven, please* [反] *bore, displease*

His jokes amused everyone. 他的笑话把大家都逗乐了。

### animate

*vt.* 1. 使有生命

2. 使活泼, 使生气勃勃 [同] *enliven, invigorate, stimulate*

Jim's arrival served to animate the whole party. 吉姆的到来使聚会的整个气氛活跃了起来。

### annoy

*vt.* 1. 使生气, 使恼火 [同] *anger, enrage*

He was annoyed to learn that he would not be able to catch the train. 得知赶不上火车, 他心里很烦恼。

2. 打扰 [同] *bother, disturb*

Do stop annoying your father. 别再烦你父亲了。

### annoyance

*n.* 1. 恼怒, 烦恼 [同] *discontent, irritation*

I felt annoyance at being teased. 我恼恨别人取笑我。

2. 使人烦恼的事情

Mosquitoes are an annoyance. 蚊虫招人讨厌。

### anticipate

*vt.* 预料, 预期 [同] *forecast, predict, expect, look forward to*

We anticipate the pleasure of hearing from you again. 我们期待再接到你的来信。

[派] *anticipation, anticipator, anticipative*

### \* anxiety

*n.* 1. 焦虑, 挂念, 担心 [同] *care, concern, uneasiness, worry*

We waited with anxiety for news of her safe arrival. 我们焦虑地等待她安全到达的消息。

2. 渴望, 热望 [同] *eagerness, desire, thirst*

He expressed anxiety that it should be done in no time. 他急切希望这事能立即做好。



**anxious**

a. 1. 忧虑的, 担心的 [同] concerned, uneasy, worried [反] composed

I am very anxious about my son's health. 我非常担心我儿子的健康。

2. 急于(得到)的, 渴望的 [同] desirous, eager, thirsty

We are anxious that he do his bit. 我们迫切希望他能尽到自己的本分。

[搭] *anxious about/for* 担忧 [同] worried about

*anxious for* 渴望 [同] longing for  
*anxious to do* = eager to do 渴望做

**appalling**

a. 骇人听闻的, 令人震惊, 可怕的 [同] frightening, terrifying, scaring, horrifying

This is an appalling crime. 这是一项骇人听闻的罪行。

**\* apparent**

a. 1. 明显的 [同] distinct, evident, obvious, plain, noticeable [反] hidden

This is apparent to all. 这是大家都清楚的。

2. 表面的 [同] seeming, superficial

His apparent innocence belied his complicity in the crime. 他的表面清白, 掩饰了他在这桩罪行中的同谋关系。

[搭] *apparent to* 对……是显而易见的

**\* appeal**

n. 1. 呼吁, 要求 [同] plea, request

He made one last appeal to his father to forgive him. 他最后一次恳求父亲宽恕他。

2. 吸引力 [同] attraction

These subjects have lost their appeal for most students. 对多数学生来说, 这些学科已经失去了吸引力。

3. 申诉, 上诉

The appeal court quashed the verdict. 上诉法院撤销了裁决。

vi. 1. 请求, 呼吁 [同] plead, request

At Christmas people appeal to us to help the

poor. 圣诞节期间, 人们呼吁我们捐助穷人。

2. 吸引 [同] attract, invite, tempt, charm  
Good work appeals to everyone. 好作品无人不爱。

3. 上诉 [同] sue

The decision of the Supreme Court shall not be appealed against. 最高法院的判决不容上诉。

4. 诉诸, 求助 [同] resort to, turn to

He earnestly appealed to his friends for support. 他恳切地向朋友们请求帮助。

**applaud**

v. 向……鼓掌, 向……喝彩, 称赞

The viewers cheered and applauded the young man's artistry. 观众对青年人的才艺报以赞叹声、掌声。

We applauded him for his courage. 我们称赞他的勇气。

[派] applause

**\* appoint**

vt. 1. 任命, 委派 [同] designate, nominate

The manager was told when he was appointed that his was a pressure job. 经理在被任命时得知, 他的工作压力很大。

2. 指定, 约定(时间、地点等) [同] arrange, fix, agree upon

We must appoint a time to meet again. 我们必须定个时间再集会。

[搭] *appoint sb. + (to be)* 职位(不加冠词)任命某人为……

**appraise**

vt. 估价, 估量, 估计, 评价 [同] assess, evaluate, review

The expert appraised the house. 行家对那所房子估了价。

The teacher appraised the pupil's drawing. 老师评价了那个学生的画。

[派] appraisal

**\* appreciate**

*vt.* 1. 评价, 鉴别 [同] evaluate, estimate  
You can't appreciate English poetry unless you understand its rhythm. 你若不懂英文诗的韵律, 就不能欣赏英文诗。

2. 欣赏, 赏识 [同] value, cherish, esteem, rate highly, think highly of [反] undervalue

Doctors are highly appreciated in that country. 在那个国家, 医生受到高度重视。

3. 感谢, 感激 [同] be grateful for  
We greatly appreciate your help. 我们非常感激你的帮助。

**appreciation**

*n.* 1. 欣赏 [同] admiration, enjoyment, approval [反] disapproval

An appreciation of art will enrich your life. 艺术欣赏将会丰富你的生活。

2. 领会, 体会 [同] understanding, grasp, comprehension

He has a keen appreciation of the students' needs. 他深刻了解学生们的需要。

3. 感激 [同] thanks, gratitude  
His speech voiced the appreciation of the guests of the day. 他的讲话表达了那天来宾的感激之情。

**\* approach**

*n.* 1. 走近, 接近 [同] arrival, access  
Snow announced the approach of winter. 雪宣告了冬季的来临。

2. (处理的) 办法 [同] means, method, manner

Let's take a new approach to the problem. 让我们用新方法来处理这个问题。

3. 看法, 观点 [同] angle, viewpoint, aspect, outlook

*v.* 1. 走近, 接近, 临近 [同] advance  
As winter approached the weather became colder. 因为冬天渐近, 天气变得冷些了。

2. 处理, 对待 [同] tackle, handle, cope

with, deal with

Workers will know how to approach the problem correctly. 工人们知道如何正确处理这个问题。

[搭] approach to = access to 接近

**\* approve**

*vt.* 批准, 认可 [同] authorize, pass, permit [反] disapprove, reject

The session approved the report. 会议批准了这个报告。

*vi.* 赞成, 满意 (of) [同] appreciate

He doesn't approve of what we have done. 他不赞成我们已做的事。

[派] disapprove, disapproval, approvingly

[辨] approve sth. 批准某事

approve of sth. 赞许, 同意某事

approve of sb. doing sth. 同意某人做某事

**approximate**

*a.* 大致的, 近似的 [同] about, around, rough, near, close

The approximate area of my land is half an acre. 我的土地的面积大约为半英亩。

*vi.* (to) 接近, 近似 [同] approach

The yearly output approximates to 500,000 tons. 年产量约计 50 万吨。

**arouse**

*vt.* 1. 唤醒, 叫醒 [同] awaken, wake

I was aroused from a sound sleep by sharp knocks on the door. 急剧的敲门声把我从酣睡中唤醒。

2. 唤起, 激起 [同] excite, stir up, rouse, incite

He aroused her mothering instincts. 他激起了她的母爱本能。

[搭] arouse sb. from... 从……中唤醒某人

arouse sb.'s sth. 激起某人的……

arouse sb. to do 唤起某人做某事

**arrogance**

*n.* 傲慢态度, 自大 [同] conceit, pride, su-

periority [反] humility

His arrogance heated us beyond enduring. 他的傲慢使我们怒不可遏。

### arrogant

a. 傲慢的, 自大的 [同] conceited, proud  
[反] humble

John is so arrogant that he thinks he is better than everyone else. 约翰太骄傲自大, 以为比谁都强。

### artificial

a. 1. 人工的, 人造的 [同] synthetic, man-made [反] genuine, natural

This is an artificial lake. 这是个人工湖。

2. 做作的, 不自然的 [同] unnatural, pretentious

It makes me sick to think of his highly artificial manners. 一想起他那极其矫揉造作的姿态, 就令人讨厌。

### ascend

vi. 上升, 升高 [同] rise, soar [反] descend  
A number of staircases ascend from the cobbled streets onto the ramparts. 一些楼梯从用鹅卵石铺成的街道向上通达城墙。

vt. 攀登, 登上 [同] climb [反] descend  
He ascended the flight of narrow stairs to his bedroom. 他登上狭窄的楼梯到自己的卧室去。

### ascertain

vt. 查明, 弄清, 确定 [同] make clear, make certain, determine, discover, find out  
On hearing of the case, he immediately went to work to ascertain the truth. 听到这个案子, 他就马上着手去弄清事实。

[链] certain

### ascribe

vt. 归因于, 归咎于 [同] attribute, blame on  
His death is ascribed to poisoning. 他的死被认为系中毒所致。

### aspiration

n. 强烈的愿望, 志向, 抱负 [同] ambition,

goal, objective, aim, target, desire

The university offered several more courses for the purpose of furthering the career aspirations of its students. 这所大学又开了几门新课, 目的是推动学生的职业抱负。

[搭] aspiration (for/after); aspiration (to do/to be) 渴望(做)……

his aspirations for fame 他的求名之心愿

his aspiration to be an actor 他想做演员的愿望

### aspire

vi. (to, after) 渴望, 追求, 有志于 [同] seek, aim, desire

Scholars aspire after truth. 学者追求真理。

### assassinate

vt. 暗杀, 行刺 [同] murder

They were plotting to assassinate the President during his historic visit to Iran. 他们在策划, 在总统对伊朗历史性的访问中暗杀他。

[派] assassin (刺客)

### \* assault

n. /vt. 攻击, 袭击 [同] attack, raid

The soldiers made a strong assault on the town. 士兵们猛袭该城。

The commander decided to assault the enemy in the darkness. 指挥官决定夜袭敌军。

[搭] assault against/ (up) on 袭击……

### assert

vt. 1. 宣称, 断言 [同] state, declare, allege, claim [反] deny

The lawyer asserted that the accused was not guilty. 律师声称被告无罪。

2. 维护, 坚持(权力等) [同] maintain

He persistently asserted his right to a share in the money. 他始终坚持他有分那笔钱的权利。

### assertive

a. 断定的, 过分自信的 [同] self-confident,