



英语·听力

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在多年执教生涯中,我深深感到很多学生在学习英语的过程中苦恼不堪。成绩低的被找不到一条人门捷径所困扰,成绩中等的却为停滞不前的分数而烦闷,成绩高的又因无法突破高分关卡让自己继续攀升而感到遗憾。这种种问题的根源是学生欠缺一套高效的英语学习思维。金点学习法是一种能够提高班级整体英语成绩的方法;是一种让学生掌握后能够迅速提高做题精准度的方法;是一种让父母相信自己的孩子掌握后能靠自己逐步提高学习成绩的方法。

什么是金点学习法?举例说明: She is the girl ______I wanted. A. when B. where C. who D. what。从这道题中不难看出加彩的词是全题的核心。将这两个词放在一起可以组成一个意群,即想要的姑娘。再来看答案,能代表人的只有 who。这就是金点提取学习法。金点学习法贯穿的思想是突出核心点的价值,掌握提炼句子、篇章核心词的技巧,以记忆少数几点的方式来进行演绎推理,获悉全篇内容的思维方式。让学生根据句子和篇章提供的信息主动出击,准确推理出各题所需内容,直线提高做题的精准度。金点学习法的要点如下:

- •金点提炼——每个句子或篇章都有其要阐述的核心,这里称之为"金点"。我们首先要以点的形式提出并体现要阐述的核心内容,即能体现文章文眼的语法点、词汇或句子。这一方法在教学过程中有助于教师引导并鼓励学生进行自主学习,另外,点化的知识面也有利于学生记忆。
- 取意总结——让学生自行根据提出的核心词组成意群,进行文意推测,也就是根据取意(词、句、或语法点)推理出本文在阐述什么内容或要表达何意。
- ·论证推理——这是一个将"金点""取意"的逻辑推理进行实体论证的过程。将金点还原于文章,以金点为核心,对文章进行字句的梳理。

由于已掌握大概的、正确的文章核心内容,依此方式进行解题的准确性高、时效性强。

- 训练巩固——设一定量的模式化练习,分层次、阶梯化地让学生依此模式进行定量练习,形成一种主动的淘金取意的做题思维。
- •拓展升华——分为答案、解析、延伸三部分。该部分内容不仅仅是"金点"部分内容的简单重复,还是"金点"部分内容经过论证后的一个精简的总结和向下一部分发展的有效延伸。这部分看似是对上部分内容和即将出现的内容的重复,实则是帮助学生不经意地进行记忆和拓展。

金点学习法从金点的提炼到取意的总结再到论证的推理最后到升 华部分,这一有机布排,切实做到了逐词、逐句、逐篇的步步讲究、步步深 究。依据此法,我们科学地为学生创造了一套改变学习方法,更新学习 理念,培养主动思考,树立学习信心的思维训练丛书,希望能帮助广大还 在为学习英语而感到苦恼的学生指点迷津、取得佳绩。

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Unit 1

Reasons and Results



考点

result n. reason n. cause n. excuse n. 理由 结果 原因 理由;借口 worried adj. catch v. delicious adj. expensive adj. 味美的 担心的 赶上 **贵的** since conj. as coni. for conj. because conj. 因为 因为 因为 因为 spare v. prepare v. afford v refuse v. 抽出 准备 买得起 拒绝 amazing adj. oversleep v. exactly adv. more than

确切地

Why is the woman worried?
那位女士为什么担心?

What will the woman do this evening? 那位女士今晚要做什么?

睡过头

I'm too tired after we landed.
我们着陆后我感觉太累了。

How did the woman know about the fire? 女士是怎么知道火灾的?

minus aldenoves except in A

超过: 多于

What is your plan for this weekend? 你这周末有什么打算?

Why do you like this place? 你为什么喜欢这个地方?

应对

令人惊异的

在有关原因和结果的听力测试中,一般会以why来询问原因或是以what或how来询问结果。这些题目大多出现在对话中,所谈事件随着条件、原因不同而有不同的结果,因此考生应该综合所有的信息进行推断。

● 在倾听材料时,注意一些常用词和交际用语,它们有时候会用来解释问题。这类题目 一般会针对谈话的目的、意图或事情发生的原因来提问。

例: Why did Jane miss the class?

A. The bus was late. B. Her clock was out of order. C. She got up later than usual.

听力材料:

M: Jane, why were you late for class this morning?

W: I overslept and missed the bus.

做该题时,我们主要看清问题中"Why"一词和"miss the class"这一情况,在倾听时关注第二个人所说的话"I overslept and missed the bus."这个解释性句子,就能找出正确答案C选项。

有关结果类题目中,答案通常是通过第二个人所说的话简单推测出来的。

例: What color does the woman like best?

A. Red.

B. Green.

C. White.

听力材料:

M: Your red and green T-shirt looks nice.

W: Thank you, but I like white best.

做该题时,关注题目中的"What color"与"like best"这些核心词汇,倾听中留意女士所说的话"I like white best."就可以判断出C项是正确答案。

金点范例

听下面一段对话, 根据录音内容选择正确答案。

- () 1. Why does Mike come to China?
 - A. For his vacation.
 - B. To listen to concerts.
 - C. To hold his own concerts.
 -) 2. What's the weather like there in March?
 - A. Rainy. B. Cloudy. C. Sunny.
 -) 3. What does Mike think about the price of the concert tickets?
 - A. It seems reasonable to him.
 - B. It's cheap.
- C. It's expensive.
-) 4. When did the drummer join the group?
 - A. When the group began.
 - B. A month ago. C. For days ago.
- 5. How long will Mike stay in China?
 - A. For a month.
- B. For four days.

- 【金 点】Why; come to China 【取 意】记下China, 听原因。
- 【金 点】What; weather 【取 意】记下weather, 听天气。
- 【金 点】What; the price of concert tickets 【取 意】记住price,听票价。
- 【金 点】When; drummer join 【取 意】记住drummer, 听加入的时间。
- 【金 点】How long; stay

【取 意】听在中国待多长时间。

听力材料

- W: Mike, welcome. How does it feel to be in China?
- M: Really good. I'm looking forward to my three concerts here.
- W: What do you think of the City Hall?
- M: It is a bit smaller than the kind of place we usually perform in, but it looks good to me.
- W: Why aren't you performing at the Government Stadium?
- M: I was told not to risk an open-air show in March. It rains so often.
- W: Some fans say that \$50 is too much for the cheapest seats.
- M: That's a lot, I know. If we had a bigger hall we could get more people in and they wouldn't have to pay so much.
- W: There are five members of your group, aren't there? Have they all been with you since the beginning?
- M: All except the drummer who's only been with us for a month.
- W: Well, Mike, it's good to have you here in Iowa. I hope you enjoy your four days here.
- M: Thank you.

答案

1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B

【金点】

- 1. in China
- 2. my three concerts here
- 3. not; open-air rains so often
- 4. a lot; I know
- 5. five members
- 6. the drummer
- 7. for a month
- 8. your four days

【取意】

- 1. 由金点1, 2取意: 迈克来此处是为了举办自己的音乐会。
- 2. 由金点3取意: 音乐会不在户外举行,因为此时多雨。
- 3. 由金点4取意:迈克知道票价有些高。
- 4. 由金点5取意: 乐队目前有五名成员。
- 5. 由金点6, 7取意: 鼓手刚刚加入有一个月。
- 6. 由金点8取意:迈克在中国要待四天。

Part One 体验篇

第-	_	节	听下面5段对话,回答相应的问题	⑤。每段对话 词	是一遍。	
()	1.	Why is the woman worried?			
			A. Her work isn't going well.			
			B. She can't get time to prepare for the	driving test.		
			C. She can't decide whether to go to co	ollege.		
()	2.	Why does the woman NOT buy the b	louse? O only i	o dridt aus	
			A. It is too small. B. She disl			-
()	3.	. How did the woman know about the f	the kind of ?ari	ordler than	
			A. She read about it. B. She wit	nessed it.	C. She saw	it on TV.
()	4.	. What will the woman probably do thi	s weekend?		
			A. Work in the garden. B. Play in	the garden.	C. Go to th	e seaside.
()	5.	. Why do they want to go to Hainan?		t Stadium?	
			A. It's warm there.			
			B. The air tickets are at a discount.			
			C. They have friends there.			
第.	_	节	听下面两段对话或独白, 回答相	应的问题。每.	段对话或独	
听			设材料,回答第6~7题。			
()	6.	. Where does the man work?			
			A. On a plane. B. In a hos	pital? / gd J abb	C. In a res	taurant.
()	7.	. How does the man feel after work?			
			A. Disappointed. B. Excited			
听:			设材料,回答第8~10题。			
()	8	. What is the probable relationship bet			
			A. Interviewer and interviewee.			
			B. Host and audience.			
			C. Guide and tourist.			W. Well. Mike
()	9	. Why does the man like Holland?		a. I hope	
			A. The people there are friendly.			
			B. The weather there is wonderful.			
			C. The cheese there is very delicious.			Later Well
()	10	. What does the man think of the hot a			聚 答
			A. Terrible. B. Amazir	ng.	C. Frighte	ning. A 5 0.1

第一节	听下面5段对话。	每段对话后有一个小题,	从题中所给的A、B、	C三个选项
	中选出最佳选项,	并标在试卷的相应位置。	、每段对话仅读一遍。	C. Bo

- - 1. What are the two speakers talking about?
 - A. Driving in England.
 - B. How to drive a car.
 - C. The driving test in England.
- 2. What will the woman do this evening?
 - A. Meet her mum at the airport.
 - B. Say goodbye to her mum at the airport.
 - C. Fly to another city together with her mum.
- 3. Why didn't the woman enjoy the dance party?
 - A. Because she didn't have the chance of seeing Eric.
 - B. Because she didn't like Eric.
 - C. Because she wasn't invited to dance with Eric.
- 4. How much are the oranges?
 - A. 6 cents a pound.
 - B. 16 cents a pound.
 - C. 60 cents a pound.
- 5. What is the man going to do?
 - A. Run to the airport.
 - B. Run to catch the bus.
 - C. Wait for another bus.

第二节 听下面5段对话或独白,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选 项,并标在试卷的相应位置。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6~8题。

- 6. Why do motorcyclists often dress in old and dark clothing?
 - A. Because they want to draw attention.
 - B. Because riding a motorcycle makes one dirty.
 - C. Because they appear respectable in such clothes.
- 7. What is the average citizens' opinion about motorcycling?
 - A. It is dangerous.
- B. It is exciting.

- 8. Why is a man on a motorcycle safer than a man in a car?
 - A. Because he is more careful.
 - B. Because he pays all his attention to driving.
 - C. Both A and B.

听第7段材料,回答第9~11题。

- 9. Why hasn't Mary seen John lately?
 - A. Because he went on a camping trip.
 - B. Because he was visiting his brother.
 - C. Because he's been studying.
- 10. Why did Mary suggest John camping?
 - A. Because John could get in touch with the nature.
 - B. Because John could have a good rest.
 - C. Because John could go to many parks.
- 11. What a wrong idea did John have about camping?
 - A. Camping was so expensive.
 - B. He could camp anywhere he wanted.
 - C. Camping was unsafe.

听第8段材料,回答第12~14题。

-)12. What had the woman finished doing before they had the conversation?
 - A. Giving a concert.
 - B. Planning a school.
 - C. Reading a newspaper.
- 13. Where did the conversation probably take place?
 - A. Travel agency.
 - B. Concert hall.
 - C. Classroom.
- 14. What is the woman planning to do?
 - A. To give more concern about music.
 - B. To perform more beautifully.
 - C. To run a special school.

听第9段材料,回答第15~17题。

- 15. Why does Jackson have to ask Li Ping to go out for dinner?
 - A. Because he isn't a good cook.
 - B. Because he has passed the exam.
 - C. Because he wants to be kind to her.

- 16. Where did Jackson spend his last birthday?
 - A. In a restaurant
 - B. In the school.
 - C. At Li Ping's home.
- 17. What kind of girl is Li Ping?
 - A. Greedy.
 - B. Simple.
 - C. Beautiful.

听第10段材料,回答第18~20题。

- 18. Where does this conversation probably take place?
 - A. At a cinema.
 - B. At an airport.
 - C. On the phone.
- 19. Why did Nancy call Bob?
 - A. Because she wanted to get in touch with him.
 - B. Because she wanted to tell him the good news.
 - C. Because she wanted to invite him to a party.
- 20. What were Nancy and Bob going to do that evening?
 - A. They wanted to see each other and discuss something.
 - B. They wanted to go to a restaurant for dinner.
 - C. They were going to a movie together.

Unit 2 Calculation Questions



考点

size n.

尺寸, 大小

degree n.

length n. 长度

气温

g

宽度

width n.

around prep.

大约

percentage n.

height n.

高度

百分率

buffet n. 自助餐

度数

discount n. / v. 打折

temperature n.

over *prep*. 超讨 price n. 价格

save v. 节省 drop v. 下降

purci

purchase v. 购买 type v. 打字

nearly adv.

差不多

earlier adv.

更早地

suppose v.

left adj. 剩下的

What is the time now?

猜想, 应该

What's Jim's number? 吉姆的号码是多少?

When is our plane to take off? 我们乘坐的飞机几点起飞?

How many children does the woman have? 这个妇女有几个孩子?

They have just announced the flight has been put off until 4:00.

他们宣布航班推迟到4点起飞。

现在是几点?

How fast can the woman type? 那位女士的打字速度是多少?

We are supposed to be there at 8:30. 我们应该8:30 到那儿。

How much are the shirt and the sweater? 衬衫和毛衣的价格是多少?

应 对

在有关细节的题目如时间、电话号码、年龄等中,更多的情况下会出现简单的判断、计算或对对话内容的主旨的推理,这就要求同学们不仅要听懂对话的内容,还要根据所听信息在短时间内进行推理、判断和计算。这部分试题失分率较高的主要原因就是同学们过度紧张。因此,掌握此类听力题的技巧,保持清醒稳定的心绪,测试结果会好

Unit 2 Calculation Questions

很多。计算题大致可分为如下两类:

直接选择:

例: When will Mr. Addison return?

A. On Thursday night.

B. On Monday night.

C. On Friday morning.

听力材料:

W: Good morning. I'm here to see Mr. Addison.

M: Mr. Addison went to Washington last Monday for a conference, and will be back on Thursday night. If you like, you may come again on Friday morning.

做该题时,我们主要听清问题中所提到的时间:这篇对话中出现了3个时间,即last Monday、Thursday night、Friday morning。男士说Mr. Addison上周一去了Washington,这周四晚上回来,所以男士让女士周五早上再来。这时通过简单的笔录就会知道A是正确答案。

2 运算题:

有关时间、金钱、年龄、数量、距离等的题目中,听到的往往不是直接答案,答案 必须通过运算才能出来。

例: How much does one ticket cost?

A. \$1.40.

B. \$4.30.

C \$6.40

听力材料:

W: Here's a ten-dollar bill. Give me two tickets for tonight's show, please.

M: Sure. Two tickets and here's a dollar forty cents change.

在做该题时,首先从题干中的词"how much"、"cost"看出应是计算题,因此要做好计数的准备。在倾听中,先写下10(美元的总价),再记下2(张票),再记下1.40(找零)。然后进行计算可知:每张票的价格是4.3美元,因此B是正确答案。

金点范例

听下面一段对话, 根据录音内容选择正确答案。

() 1. What was Robbie doing when his mother asked him at first?

A. Reading. B. Thinking.

C. Talking.

2. What's the time now?

A. 2:00 am.

B. 12:00 at night.

C. 8:00 at night.

○【金 点】What; doing

【取 意】记下doing, 听当时正在做什

W: So that's it. OK: lecekite

●【金 点】What's; time

【取 意】记下time, 听时间。

金点思维 高一英语・ 听力

- 3. What's the relationship between the woman and the man?
 - A Teacher and student.
 - B. Sister and brother.
 - C. Mother and son.
 - 4. What's Robbie's father?
 - A. A doctor.
 - B. A sailor.
 - C. A businessman.
 - work?
 - A. Tired.
- B. Busy.
- C. Proud.

- 【金 点】What; relationship; woman; man 【取 意】记下relationship, 听人物关 Die Willen will Me Allo Kannetture
- 【金 点】What; Robbie's father 【取 意】记下Robbie's father, 听职业。
- 5. How does Robbie find his parents' 【金点】How; find 【取 意】记下work, 听Robbie对父母工

作的看法。

听力 材料

- W: Hello, Robbie. What are you doing up this late?
- M: Reading.
- W: Reading? At this hour? Look at the time-nearly 12 o'clock! Ah, come on, Robbie. What are you doing up this late?
- M: Things on my mind.
- W: Do you care to talk about them? I'm your mother. If you have something to talk about, I'm always prepared to listen.
- M: You haven't been around much lately.
- W: So that's it. OK; let's talk.
- M: You and Dad are like ships that pass in the night. Dad works hard,

【金点】

- 1. Reading
- 2. nearly 12 o'clock
- 3. talk about
- 4. mother
- 5. haven't been around
- 6. Dad; late take care of patients
- 7. You; shop
- 8. Really proud

【取意】

- 1. 由金点1, 2取意: Robbie午夜十二 点还没有休息, 正在看书。
- 2. 由金点3, 4取意: 有事可以和妈妈 谈。
- 3. 由金点5取意: 父母最近不在身 边。
- 4. 由金点6取意: Robbie的爸爸工作

and he works late to take care of his patients. You work hard in your shop, and you work late.

W: I thought you were proud of the work I do.

W: I am, Mom. Really proud.

答案

1. B 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

到很晚, 因为他要照顾他的病人。

- 5. 由金点7取意: 你在商店里也工作 到很晚。
- 6. 由金点8取意: Robbie对父母的工作感到骄傲。

Part One 体验篇

第一节	听下面5段对话,回答	相应的问题。每段对话读	一遍。 yebra	
() 1.	What's the time now?			
	A. 6:40.	B. 6:50.0W B 9 1WT 8	C. 7:20.	
() 2.	How fast can the woman t	ype?		
	A. 15 words a minute.	B. 45 words a minute.	C. 80 words a r	ninute.
() 3.	How many children does	the woman have?		
	A. Three.	B. Five.	C. Two.	
() 4.	How long has the woman	peen a writer?		
		B. About 40 years.		
() 5.	How much does the man n	eed to pay?		
1	A. \$ 50.	B. \$ 30.	C. \$ 16.	
第二节	听下面两段对话或独白	I,回答相应的问题。每£	设对话或独 白词	两遍。
听第6段	材料,回答第6~7题。			
() 6.	What does the woman ask	the man to do?		
	A. Go to a bank.	B. Mail letters.	C. Buy some m	agazines.
() 7.	What time will the man pr	obably be back?		
		B. 9:30.		
听第7段				
		e woman attend?		
		ass.		