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中考英语

全真模拟试题

ZHONGKAO YINGYU
QUANZHEN MONI SHITI

世界知识出版社

中考英语

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丁 玲 编著
王 进

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新东方中学英语专项突破系列丛书

前 言

新东方中学英语专项突破系列丛书分初中和高中两大部分，计 22 本书。本系列丛书依据国家教育部最新颁布的《普通高级中学英语课程标准大纲》和 2003 年最新出版的全国统编中学英语教材，并结合全国各省市中（高）考情况，与现行教材同步分专题专项编写。每本书（专题）都设置了“应考（解题）技巧”、“洞穿真题”、“拓展训练”三大部分内容。

“应考（解题）技巧”部分：对每专题专项的重点知识、难点内容、考试热点、解题新思路进行了提炼、简明扼要的阐述和讲解，力求使学生从全新的解题方法、解题思维切入题点，帮助学生掌握解题应试技巧、熟悉考点，以建立起知识体系，使学习、记忆、运用程序化、规范化。

“洞穿真题”部分：对近几年来全国统考真题和地方省市、地区统考真题按专题专项梳理规范，由浅入深，偏重考点、热点题。洞穿真题部分包括“真题解析”和“题海拾贝”两项。

“真题解析”主要由执教中（高）考一线的教师们编写，通过他们丰富的一线教学经验，结合近几年的考点、热点及高分考生的解题思路和策略，精心研究编写而成。

“题海拾贝”是本系列丛书编写组经过多年的编写实践，结合学生的呼声而设的独家专项。主要包括：学习必背的知识点、词汇词组、语法点、句子和句型、相关成语、惯用语、经典佳句等。只要学生在平时的习题训练中同步背诵熟记，就能使学生们在学习英语中收到事半功倍的效果。

“拓展训练”部分：按照中（高）考要求及考试重点、难点、热点，选编了一定数量的贴近中（高）考实战的拓展训练题，让学生从多种角度，以多种形式进行听、说、读、写等操练，从而依据自己的习惯，找到适合自己发展条件的科学的学习方法，取得优异成绩。通过拓展训练，学生可以逐步提高应试能力。

本系列丛书特色：本丛书编著力量雄厚，主要由全国各外国语学校的一线教师联合编写。“真题解析”新而全，紧贴中（高）考，侧重临考应试得分，专题专项分门别类编写，便于学生找准自己的薄弱环节，加强专项强化训练。

“题海拾贝”是编者按学生平时学习时有记笔记的习惯而设的特色部分。该部分以笔记式点拨的形式出现，使学生节省了不必要的查找资料的时间，从而利用宝贵的时间集中精力记忆、巩固有用的知识和技能。本系列丛书独创的编写方法特别适合中（高）考考生集中火力、全速训练，使自己在最短的时间内达到最高的应试水平。

丛书编写组

2002年11月21日

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中考英语全真模拟试题 (一)

注意：本试卷分 I 卷和 II 卷。共 120 分。

第一卷 听力测试 (略)

第二卷 笔试部分

一、选择填空：

从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(本题共 15 分，每小题 1 分)

1. —Who washed the plates on the table?

—Jenny _____ .

A. did

B. was

C. had

D. would

2. — How are you feeling now?

— _____ .

A. Very interesting

B. Much better

C. Never mind

D. Thank you very much

3. — Could you look after my daughter for me while I'm

away?

— _____ .

- A. Yes, here you are
- B. You're welcome
- C. Yes, please
- D. With pleasure

4. — Oh, I've left my schoolbag in the classroom.

— Don't worry, I'll _____ it for you.

- A. get
- B. carry
- C. bring
- D. take

5. — We never know _____ he is.

— They say he is a doctor.

- A. whom
- B. what
- C. which
- D. where

6. — _____ ?

— Quite well, thank you.

- A. What do you do
- B. What do you think of it.
- C. How are you getting on with your English
- D. Are you good at English

7. — What's the weather going to be like next week?

— It's going to be _____ .

- A. wet
- B. dark
- C. long
- D. far

8. — My parents have been to the United States.

— Really? When _____ there?

- A. will they go

- B. did they go
- C. had they gone
- D. have they gone.

9. — How long have you _____ the football team of the school?

— About two years.

- A. been on
- B. been at
- C. joined
- D. played

10. — Would you like to come to dinner tonight?

— I'd like to, _____ I'm too busy.

- A. and
- B. if
- C. so
- D. but

11. — Will Mr. Smith be here soon?

— I can't tell. Let's go and _____ when the train arrives.

- A. look
- B. look for
- C. find
- D. find out

12. — Shall we stop and have _____ tea now?

— Great.

- A. any
- B. some
- C. little
- D. a bit

13. — May I _____ your bike?

— Sorry. I _____ it to Mary yesterday.

- A. keep; borrowed
- B. borrow; repaired
- C. use; lent
- D. lend; returned

14. — What a nice garden!

— It _____ every day.

- A. is cleaning B. has cleaned
C. must clean D. is cleaned

15. — Where is Tom?

— He's left a _____ saying that he has something important to do.

- A. excuse B. sentence
C. news D. message

二、完形填空：

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 16~30 各题目所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。（本题共 15 分，每小题 1 分）

“Jane, please let me borrow a dollar,” Jenny asked as they stood in the school lunch line. “I have one in my jacket, but I don't want to 16 and lose my place.” “OK,” agreed Jane.

Jane waited all day for Jenny to 17 back the dollar she borrowed, but Jenny always seemed to be 18. “She's just forgotten,” thought Jane. “I don't 19 to make her angry.” Still, her money didn't go 20. Some classmates, like Jenny, were 21 five dollars a week.

Weeks went by. At last Jane got up enough courage (勇气) to tell her about the 22.

“Oh Jane, I 23!” Jenny said. “I'll bring the dollar tomorrow.” The next day Jenny seemed to have forgotten

again. During the noon hour Jane saw her 24 sweets for Mary and Ann. Jenny saw Jane looking at her. 25 she said something in a low voice to the other two girls. Jane felt 26 and asked her teacher if she could go back to the 27. In the classroom, Jane saw two new pencils in Jenny's desk. An 28 came to her.

“Jenny's not 29 lately, and anyway, she really owes (欠) me. Besides, she has 30 money to buy more. A dollar doesn't mean anything to her, but it means a lot to me.”

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| 16. A. stay | B. wait |
| C. leave | D. take |
| 17. A. return | B. lend |
| C. take | D. pay |
| 18. A. busy | B. happy |
| C. free | D. sad |
| 19. A. want | B. mind |
| C. know | D. back |
| 20. A. up | B. on |
| C. far | D. back |
| 21. A. losing | B. getting |
| C. finding | D. asking |
| 22. A. money | B. lunch |
| C. place | D. classmate |
| 23. A. used | B. forgot |
| C. understood | D. thought |
| 24. A. borrowing | B. making |
| C. selling | D. buying |

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| 25. A. Even | B. Again |
| C. Then | D. Instead |
| 26. A. alone | B. bad |
| C. hungry | D. lucky |
| 27. A. office | B. classroom |
| C. shop | D. school |
| 28. A. end | B. answer |
| C. idea | D. example |
| 29. A. busy | B. pleased |
| C. healthy | D. kind |
| 30. A. little | B. enough |
| C. many | D. all |

三、阅读理解：

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。(本题共 30 分，每小题 2 分)

A

Little Tom down the street calls our dog “the keep dog”. Zip is a sheep dog. But when Tom tries to say “sheep”, it comes out “keep”. And in a way Tom is right. Zip is always bringing things home for us to keep! I'll tell you about some of them. Zip's first present was a shoe. It was made of green silk. We didn't know how Zip found the shoe. But after a moment Mary, my big sister, told me the shoe had a strange smell. I nodded (点头) and held my nose. “What do you think it is?” “It smells like something for cleaning. I think

someone tried to clean a spot (污点) off the shoe. Then he put it at the door to dry.” “ Along came Zip. And good-bye shoe!” I said. “We should take it back.” “ We can’t, ” said my sister.

“ I know we can’t,” I said. “We don’t know where Zip found it.”

“ Maybe little Tom is right,” Mary said. “Maybe Zip is a keep dog!”

31. The writer and Mary didn’t know _____ .
- A. what Zip’s first present was
 - B. how Zip carried its first present home
 - C. who owned Zip’s first present
 - D. what Zip’s first present was made of
32. Tom calls Zip “ the keep dog” because _____ .
- A. the dog likes keeping things
 - B. the dog likes playing with shoes
 - C. he doesn’t know the dog’s name
 - D. he can’t pronounce the word “sheep” well
33. What made the shoe strange was _____ .
- A. its colour
 - B. its smell
 - C. its size
 - D. that it was a silk one
34. The word “keep” in the last sentence means “_____”.
- A. keeping things for itself
 - B. bringing things for others to keep
 - C. not letting it run about

D. taking care of a small child

35. We can know from the reading that the dog _____ .

A. likes to give presents to people

B. has been kept in at the writer's home

C. has brought some trouble

D. likes to be called "the keep dog"

B

Bob always took the newspaper to Grandpa White's home before going home. Grandpa White's was at the end of the road. Bob liked Grandpa White. He was often waiting for him near the front gate with sweets or a nice cake. Besides, he often asked Bob about things he was doing—about what he was going to do for the summer and what he liked to do.

The thing that Bob didn't like about Grandpa was his never-ending stories about his boyhood (童年) in California. Bob never asked to hear about Grandpa's boyhood, but he couldn't get away.

After Grandpa's wife died in October, Bob could see that Grandpa was lonelier than ever. He would often join Bob halfway along the road and walk along with him as he gave out the papers. Grandpa seemed to have all day, and Bob often was late getting his papers to his customers (订报者), Bob didn't want to complain (抱怨), but the customers were unhappy.

36. When he took the newspaper to Grandpa White, Bob would often receive _____ .

- A. old newspapers
 - B. sweets or a cake
 - C. some money
 - D. a paper with questions for him to answer
37. Which do you think is true?
- A. Bob lived with Grandpa.
 - B. Grandpa had many stories about his boyhood.
 - C. Grandpa didn't like to read newspapers.
 - D. Bob took the newspaper to Grandpa first.
38. Bob could do nothing when _____ .
- A. the customers got their newspapers late
 - B. Grandpa began to tell him about his boyhood.
 - C. he saw Grandpa feeling lonely
 - D. Grandpa asked him about the things he was doing
39. The reading mainly (主要) tells us that _____ .
- A. Bob was still a child
 - B. Grandpa liked to tell stories
 - C. the customers sometimes got angry
 - D. lonely people need other people
40. The sentence "Grandpa seemed to have all day" means "_____".
- A. Grandpa always seemed to like daytime
 - B. Grandpa liked telling stories to Bob all day
 - C. Grandpa liked to stay with Bob all the time
 - D. Grandpa seemed to be lonely all day