麦克米兰

# 英语入门辞典 A MAGIC WORLD OF WORDS







## MACMILLAN VEIU rirsts DICTIONARY

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-词汇

放在句首,最清楚的位置

解释

阐释词汇的意义

bill/birthday

书眉 用以查检词汇

birthday ['bə:e,dei] 生日

解释 Your **birthday** is the day of the year you were born on. 你的 **birthday** 就是你出生的那一天。

例句和插图相互配合



Christopher's friends came to his birthday party.

插图

可以帮助学习者了解概念性的词汇

图说

重复例句,置于每一张插图下方,以加强记忆

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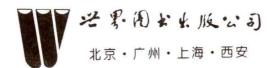
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### 英语入门辞典

A MAGIC WORLD OF WORDS







### a/accident

- **a** [ə, ei] 一个(只,张……,a是冠词)
  - 例句 Jack is a student. 杰克是一个学生。 The mailman comes to our house once a day. 邮差每天到我们家一次。 A rose is a flower. 玫瑰是一种花。
- **able** ['eib(ə)l] **有能力的**;能干的
  - 解释 When you are **able** to do something, it means that you know how to do it. 当你 **able** 做某件事时,就是指你知道怎么做。
  - 例句 Harry is **able** to count up to twenty. 哈瑞能从 1 数到 20。 Mary is **able** to ride her new bicycle. 玛丽会骑她的新脚踏车。
- about [ə'baut] 关于……;大约(be about to 即将)
  - 例句 My sister is reading a book **about** horses. 我姐姐正在阅读一本有关马的书。 There are **about** twenty boys and girls in my class at school. 学校里我班上的男孩和女孩一共约有二十个。The airplane was **about** to take off. 飞机就要起飞了。
- above [ə´bʌv] 于……之上;在上方
  - 例句 The birds flew **above** the trees. 鸟儿在树顶上飞翔。 The sun is shining **above.** 太阳在天空照耀。
- absent ['æbsənt] 不在的,缺席的
  - **解释** When you are **absent**, it means that you are not there. 如果你 **absent**, 意思是你不在那儿。
  - 例句 Sally is **absent** from school today, because she is sick. 莎莉因为生病,今天没有到学校上课。
- accident ['æksidənt] 意外之事,事故
  - 解释 An **accident** is something that happens suddenly. **ac-ci-dent** 就是指突发的事情。

### accident/across



Mary had an accident while she was roller-skating and fell down.

例句 Some **accidents** are bad. 有些意外事件是不好的。
Mary had an **accident** while she was roller-skating and fell down. 玛丽在溜滑轮时出意外跌倒了。
Terry found a dime by **accident** while she was looking for her shoes under the bed. 泰丽在床下找鞋时,意外地发现了一毛钱。

ache [eik] 疼痛

解释 Ache means that something hurts. ache 意指某部位发痛。

例句 Bob's arm **ached** after he pitched the whole baseball game. 投完整场棒球赛后,鲍伯的手臂很痛。

across [ə'krəs] 横过,越过

### across/act



Bobby sailed his toy airplane across the pond.

例句 Bobby sailed his toy airplane **across** the pond. 鲍比把玩具飞机掷过池塘。 ❖ We walked **across** the street. 我们步行过街。

act [ækt] 采取行动;扮演

| MART | Act means to do something. act 意指采取行动。

例句 The firemen **acted** quickly to put out the fire. 消防人员迅速行动将火扑灭。

**Act** also can mean to play the role of someone in a play. **act** 亦可指在一出戏中扮演某个角色。

例句 George is **acting** the part of an Indian in our Thanksgiving play. 在我们感恩节的戏中,乔治扮演一个印第安人。

### add/afraid

### add [æd] 加上;加

**MAD Add** means to put things together. **add** 意指把东西放在一起。

例句 If you **add** the number 5 and 4, you get 9. 如果你把 5 加上 4,就会得到 9。 Ellen likes **adding** lots of sugar to her milk. 爱伦喜欢在牛奶中加进很多糖。

### address [ədres, (美)´ædres] 住址

解释 An **address** is the place where you live. **address** 是指你住的地方。

例句 Carol's **address** is 34 James Street. 卡罗住在詹姆士街 34 号。

### adult ['ædʌlt] 成人

解释 An **adult** is a person who is grown-up. **adult** 是指已成年的人。

例句 Your mother and father are **adults**. 你的父母亲都是成人。
My teacher is an **adult**. 我的老师是成人。

### advertisement [əd'və:tismənt] 广告

解释 An advertisement is something that tells about a thing you can buy. advertisement 是一个消息,它告诉你有关购物的事。

例句 There were many **advertisements** in the newspaper about cars for sale. 报纸上有很多出售汽车的广告。

### afraid [ə´freid] 害怕的

解释 When you are **afraid**, it means you are scared of something. 当你**afraid**的时候,就是说你畏惧某事。

例句 Our dog was **afraid** of the storm and hid in his doghouse. 我们的狗害怕暴风雨,所以躲在狗屋里′。☆

### after/age



Our dog was **afraid** of the storm and hid in his doghouse.

after ['a:ftə, (美)'æftə] 在…之后

例句 Nancy ran **after** the ball. 南茜追着球跑。
Dan came to my house **after** school yesterday.
昨天丹在放学后到我家来。
Tuesday comes **after**Monday. 星期二在星期一之后。

afternoon [a:ftə'nu:n]

下午

解释 **Afternoon** is a time of day. It is the time between noon

and evening. **afternoon** 是白天的一部分,介于中午和黄昏的时段。

例句 We have playtime at school in the **afternoon**. 我们学校在下午有游戏时间。

again [əˈgein, əˈgen] 再一次

解释 When you do something **again**, you do it one more time. 当你 **again** 做某事时,即表示你把此事再做了一次。

例句 Please come and see me again. 请再来看我。

against [ə´geinst, ə´genst] 接触;与……竞争

例句 Tom threw the ball against the wall.

汤姆把球扔到墙上。 💸

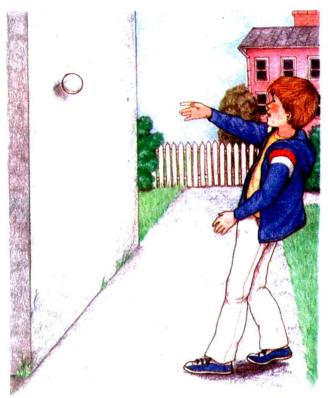
Our school played a baseball game **against** another school. 我们学校与别校比赛棒球。

age [eid3] 年龄

解释 Age is how old you are. age 就是你有多大。

例句 My sister is five years of age. 我妹妹五岁大。

### ago/ahead



Tom threw the ball against the wall.

### ago [ə'gou] 以前

解释 Ago means before the time now. ago 意指在此刻以前。

例句 The movie started a few minutes **ago**. 电影在几分钟前开演。

### agree [ə'griː] 同意

解释 When you **agree** with people, you think the same way as they do.

当你 agree 某些人时,即表示你的想法和他们一样。

例句 Karen thought it would be fun to go on a picnic, and Fred agreed. 凯伦认为去野餐很好玩,弗瑞德同意她的想法。

### ahead [ə'hed] 在前面

例句 Peggy was **ahead** of the others in the race. 贝姬在比赛中

### ahead/alarm



Peggy was ahead of the others in the race.

领先其他人。 \*\*Our team was two points **ahead** in the game. 在这场比赛中,我们的队伍超前二分。

### air [ɛə] 空气

解释 Air is what we breathe. air 是我们所呼吸的东西。Air is all around us. air 充满在我们的四周。

例句 Mary blew **air** into her balloon. 玛丽把空气吹进气球里面。 **airplane** [´ɛəplein] **飞**机

解释 An **airplane** is a thing that can fly in the air. It has two wings and an engine to make it go. **airplane** 是可以在空中飞行的东西。它有二个机翼和一个引擎使它能飞行。

例句 An airport is a place where **airplanes** land. 机场是飞机降落的地方。

alarm [ə´lɑːm] 警报器

### alarm/all

解释 An **alarm** is a thing that makes a loud noise. **alarm** 是会发出很大声响的东西。

例句 The **alarm** of a clock wakes people up in the morning. 钟里的警报器在早晨将人们叫醒。 The fire **alarm** in the building tells people that there is danger. 建筑物中的火灾警报器告诉人们有危险了。

### alike [ə'laik] 相似的

MAP When things are **alike**, it means they are almost the same. 当有些东西 **alike** 的时候,就是指它们几乎一模一样。

例句 All the puppies look very much **alike**.

所有的小狗看起来都很象。

Betsy and her sister sometimes dress **alike**.

蓓琪和她的妹妹有时候打扮得很象。

### alive [ə'laiv] 活的

**MPP** When something is **alive**, that means it is living. 当东西是 **alive** 的时候,就是它是活着的。

例句 Harry has to water the flowers if he wants to keep them alive. 如果哈瑞想要那些花存活的话,他就必须浇水。

### all [ɔːl] 全部的,一切的

例句 Dick ate all the cookies in the box. 迪克把盒子里的饼干都



All the puppies look very much alike.

### all/along

吃光了。 All of us are going to go swimming this afternoon. 我们所有的人今天下午都要去游泳。

alligator ['æligeitə] 鳄鱼

解释 An **alligator** is an animal. It has a long tail, four short legs and a large mouth. **alligator** 是一种动物。它有一条长长的尾巴,四条短短的腿和一张大嘴巴。

例句 Alligators live in rivers. 鳄鱼生长在河里。

almost ['ɔːlmoust, 'ɔːlməst] 几乎

例句 Lewis is **almost** as tall as his father. 路易士几乎和他的爸爸一样高。 № I had **almost** finished my homework when he came to see me. 他来看我时,我的家庭作业已快做完了。

alone [ə´loun] 单独的;只有解释 If you are alone, you are not with anyone.

如果你是**alone**,就表示你没有跟任何人在一起。

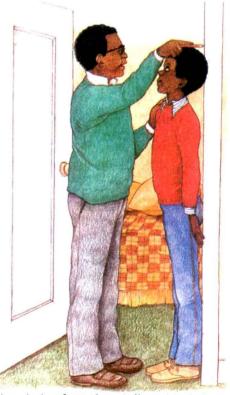
例句 She was **alone** in the house.

她单独一个人在房子里。

解释 Alone can also mean "only". alone 亦可指 "仅有"。

例句 There was just one kitten all **alone** in the window of the pet store 宠物店的展示橱窗里只有一只小猫咪。

along [ə´ləŋ] 沿着;共同 例句 People stood all **along** 



Lewis is almost as tall as his father.

### along/also

the street as the parade passed by. 游行队伍走过时,街道边站满了人。
Ruth brought **along** a ball to the park. 露丝带着球到公园去。

### alphabet ['ælfəbit] 字母

例句 A is the first letter of the **alphabet**. A 是第一个字母。
There are twenty-six letters in the English **alphabet**.
英文有 26 个字母。

### already [ɔːl'redi] 已经

例句 My sister has finished her homework **already**. 我妹妹已经做完了她的家庭作业。
You are **already** late for school. 你上学已经来不及了。

### aso ['ɔːlsou] 也

例句 Chris is wearing a blue coat and his sister is wearing one also. 克里斯穿了一件蓝色外套,他的妹妹也穿了一件。❖



Chris is wearing a blue coat and his sister is wearing one also.

### always/amuse

- always [´ɔːlwəz, ´ɔːlweiz] 总是
  - [解释] If something **always** happens, it means that it happens all the time. 如果某一件事 **always** 发生,就是说它一直在发生。
  - 例句 My dog **always** barks when he sees me coming. 我的狗看到我出现,总是汪汪地叫着。
- **am** [强 æm; 弱 əm] **是** (第一人称单数,现在式 **be** 动词)
  - 例句 | **am** happy that you can come over to play. 我很高兴你能来玩。
- amaze [ə´meiz] 使吃惊
- ambulance [´æmbjuləns] 救护车
  - | MAT | An ambulance is a special kind of car. | ambulance 是一种特别的车。

**Ambulances** are used to carry injured or sick people to a hospital. 是用来载送伤患或病人到医院的。

例句 The injured man was taken by **ambulance** to the hospital. 受伤的男子被救护车送到医院。

- American [ə´merikən] 美国人;美国的
  - 例句 Mary is American. 玛丽是美国人。
    Many Americans like soccer. 许多美国人喜欢足球。
- among [ə´mʌŋ] (三者以上)在……之中
  - 例句 Nan divided the cake **among** her friends. 兰把蛋糕分给她的朋友们。 There was one black rabbit **among** the white rabbits. 白兔子中有一只黑兔子。❖
- amuse [ə´mju:z] 娱乐;消遣
  - **MAMUSE** means to make someone happy. amuse 意指使人快乐。
  - 例句 His jokes are always **amusing** and make his friends laugh.

### amuse/and





- ◀ The children were amazed by the magic tricks.
- ▲ There was one black rabbit among the white rabbits.

他说的笑话总是有趣而使得他的朋友们发笑。The clowns **amused** everyone with their silly way of walking. 小丑用滑稽的走路方式来娱乐每一个人。

**an** [强 æn; 弱 ən, n] 一个(只,种,其后面所接的字第一个音是元音)

例句 A bear is **an** animal. 熊是一种动物。 Tom ate **an** orange. 汤姆吃了一个橘子。 We saw **an** elephant in the zoo. 我们在动物园里看到一只大象。

and [强ænd;弱ənd,ən] 和

例句 Betty has a dog **and** a cat. 贝蒂有一只狗和一只猫。 Sally **and** Tim played ball with me. 莎莉和提姆跟我玩球。

### angry/answer

### angry [´æŋgri] 生气的

解释 When you are **angry**, you feel very mad. 你 **angry** 的时候,就是说你感到非常生气。

例句 Matt was **angry** because his little brother broke his toy truck.

马特很生气,因为他的小弟把他的玩具卡车弄坏了。

### anima ['æniməl] 动物

解释 An **animal** is any living thing that is not a plant. **animal** 是指除了植物以外,任何有生命的东西。

例句 A boy, a girl, a cow, a bird, a fish, a snake, a mosquito, and a worm are all **animals**. 男孩、女孩、牛、鸟、鱼、蛇、蚊子和昆虫都是动物。

### ankle [´æŋkl] 脚踝

m释 The ankle is a part of your body. ankle 是你身体的一部分。

例句 Your **ankles** are between your feet and your legs. 你的脚踝在你的脚板和腿之间。

### another [əˈnʌðə] 又一,再一

例句 Do you want **another** cookie? 你要再来一块饼干吗?Joan ate her hot dog and then asked for **another**. 琼安吃了她的热狗后,又要了一个。

### answer ['aɪnsə] 回答;答案

**Answer** means to say something when someone calls you or asks you a question. **answer** 意指当别人打电话给你或问你话时,你接电话或回答的行动。

例句 Amy **answered** the teacher's question. 艾美回答老师的问题。 Mother called Barbara three times, but she didn't **answer**. 妈妈叫了芭芭拉三次,但是她都没有应声。 Dick **answered** the telephone. 迪克接了电话。

解释 An answer also can mean what is said, written or done to