

九年制义务教育英语系列辅助教材

剑桥儿童英语教育与教学研究中心

曹冬 主编

3

 **Cambridge**
Young Learners English

小学英语分级阅读

2级A 适用小学五、六年级



YZLI0890160286



南京大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

小学英语分级阅读. 2级.A / 曹冬主编. — 南京:
南京大学出版社, 2011.11

ISBN 978-7-305-08261-0

I. ①小… II. ①曹… III. ①英语—阅读教学—小学—
—教学参考资料 IV. ①G624.313

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2011)第054000号

出版发行 南京大学出版社
社 址 南京市汉口路22号 邮 编 210093
网 址 <http://www.NjupCo.com>
出 版 人 左 健

书 名 小学英语分级阅读2级A
主 编 曹 冬
责任编辑 宫 森
审读编辑 裴维维

印 刷 北京丰富彩艺印刷有限公司
开 本 787×1092 1/16 印张8 字数 92千
版 次 2011年11月第1版 2011年11月第1次印刷
ISBN 978-7-305-08261-0
定 价 25.00元

发行热线 025-83594756 025-83686452 010-64973372
电子邮箱 Press@NjupCo.com
Sales@NjupCo.com(市场部)
剑桥儿童英语在线 www.comyoung.cn

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My photo

Class

Name



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编者的话

阅读是语言学习的一个重要方面。学习者通过阅读获得信息，扩大词汇量，开阔视野，丰富知识，全面提高语言应用能力。《英语课程标准》对中小学英语阅读能力和每个级别的阅读量提出了明确的要求。为配合中小学英语阅读教学，我们依据《英语课程标准》规定的中小学阅读能力，结合中小学现行的英语主流教材，编写了这套九年制义务教育英语分级阅读系列教材，供老师开展课堂阅读教学和学生课外自主阅读使用。

本套教材共有七册，分五个级别，完全依据《英语课程标准》一至五级的教学标准和要求而编写，词汇量从200词到4000词，完全满足三至九年级中小学学生的阅读需要。教材的编排以话题为纲，以交际能力为主线，语言难度循序渐进，符合学生的认知能力和语言水平。选编的阅读材料内容丰富，有交际会话、故事和短文，涉及中小学学生生活、学习的方方面面。

“小学英语分级阅读”材料主要以会话形式出现，配有卡通图画，构成“连环画”。从五年级开始加入一些语篇，但只是出现在每篇课文的开头，作为背景介绍，篇幅较短。“初中英语分级阅读”材料中则更多的是提供一个或者多个语篇，每篇都有参考译文、注释和相关的文化背景知识。

围绕阅读主题，编者设计了多种活动和任务，从初级的看图配话、趣味学习、拼字游戏、常识判断，到较深层的读前思考、推论归纳、背景探索，使学生从被动的阅读者转变为积极的参与者，有助于学生积极、主动地参与语言实践活动，尝试创造性地使用语言，以及考核和检测自己的阅读能力与水平。有些练习和活动采取了课堂阅读教学活动与课外阅读互动的新思路，使阅读活动从课堂延伸到课外，有利于学生思维能力培养以及智力的发展，达到潜移默化地提高学生的综合素质的目的。

剑桥儿童英语教育与教学研究中心

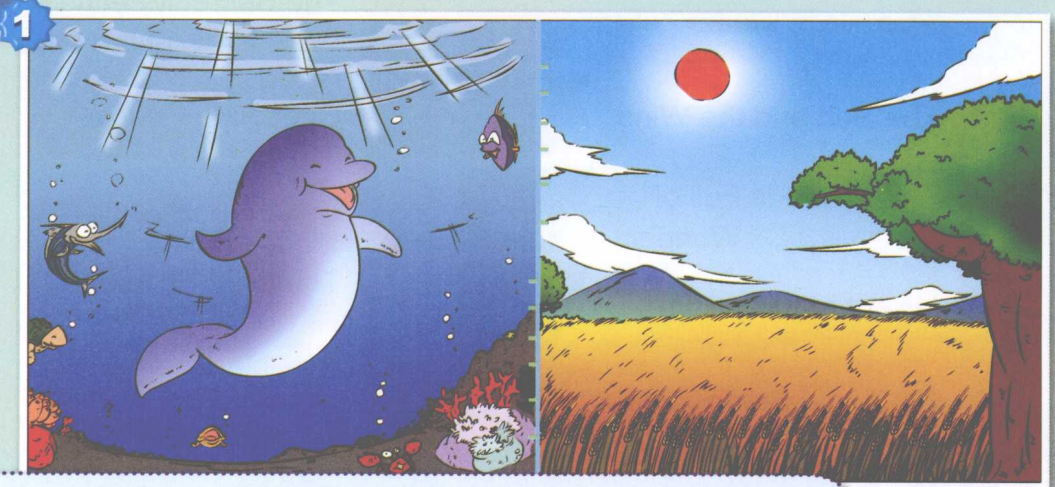
2011年7月

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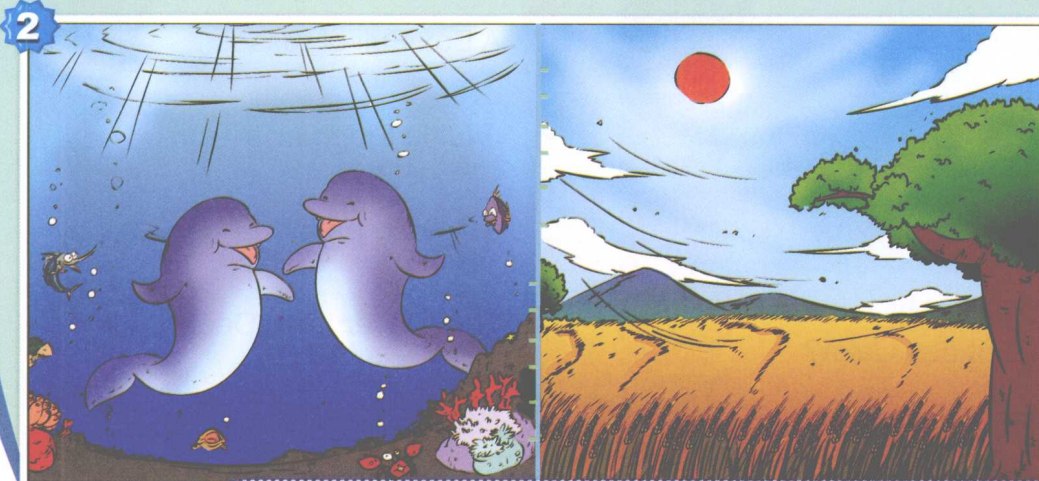
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Unit 1

Whisper of the Whale

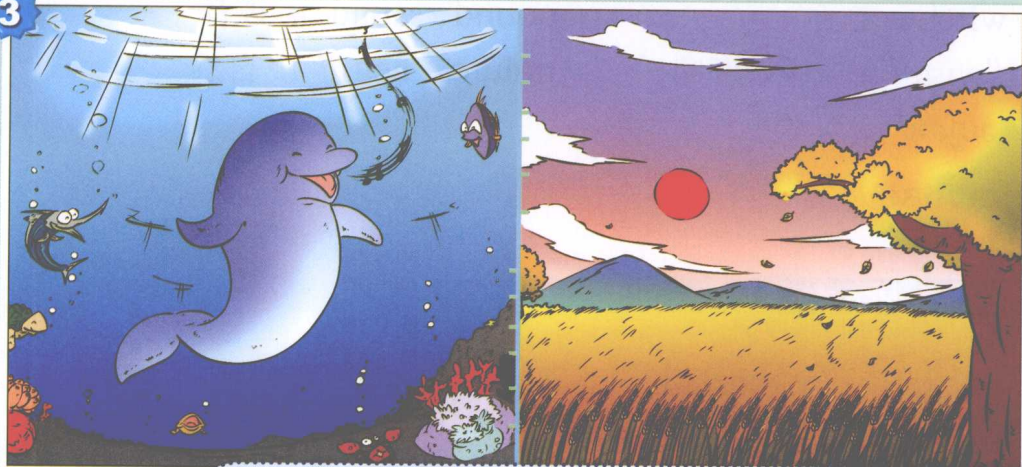


The whale whispers. Where does the whale whisper? He whispers in the sea. The wheat whistles. Where does the wheat whistle? It whistles in the field.



The whale whispers. Why does the whale whisper? He whispers to find his friend. The wheat whistles. Why does the wheat whistle? It whistles because of the wind.

3



The whale whispers. What does the whale whisper? He whispers an ocean tune. The wheat whistles. What does the wheat whistle? It whistles a autumn tune.

4



The whale whispers. When does the whale whisper? He whispers in the day. The wheat whistles. When does the wheat whistle? It whistles at night. I love the whisper of the whale. I love the whistle of the wheat. They are sounds of nature.

Words and phrases

whisper /'wɪspə/ *v.* 耳语

wheat /wi:t/ *n.* 麦子

whistle /'wɪsəl/ *v.* 吹哨, 呼啸

ocean /'əʊʃən/ *n.* 海洋

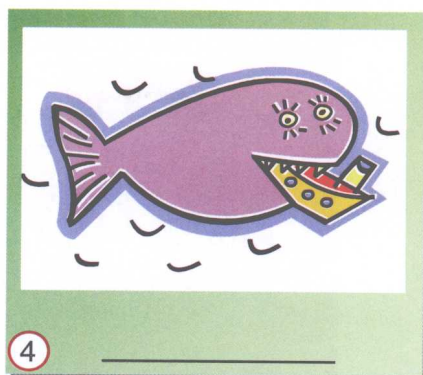
tune /tju:n/ *n.* 旋律

sound /saʊnd/ *n.* 声音

nature /'neɪtʃə/ *n.* 自然

Let's practise

1 Write the words. 看图写词。



2 Write the words that have the following meanings. 根据解释写词。

1. everything in the physical world, that is not controlled by humans

n _____

2. an area of land, used for keeping animals or growing food

f _____

3. speak quietly and softly

w _____

3 Fill in the form. 根据课文填表。

	Whale	Wheat
Where		
Why		
What		
When		

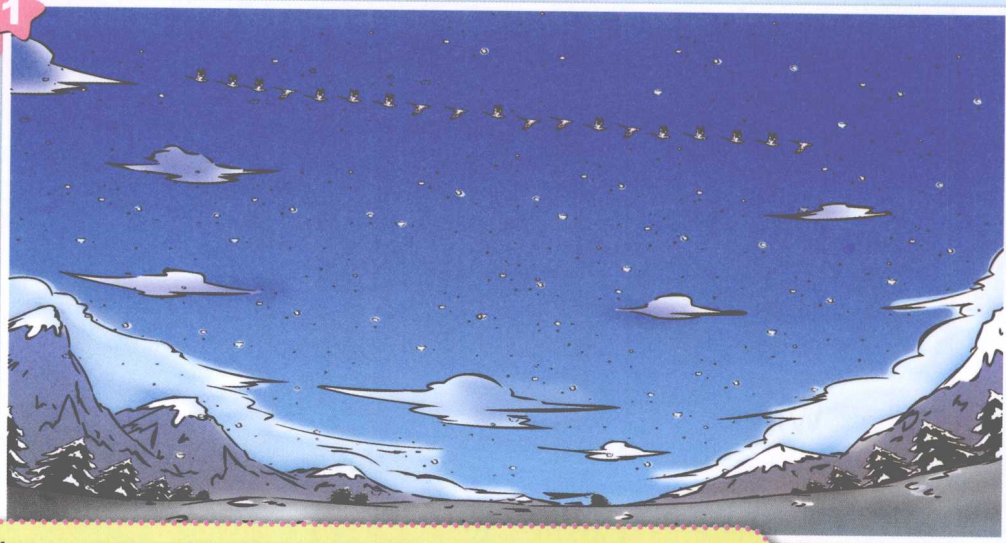
4 Read the text and choose the right answers. 读课文选择答案。

- How do you understand "It whistles because of the wind."?

A. The wheat whistles like wind.
B. Wind blows the wheat and the wheat whistles.
C. The wheat and wind whistle together.
- The whale whispers because _____.
A. his mate calls him
B. the wind blows him
C. he looks for his mate
- The whale and the wheat _____.
A. whisper in the same place
B. are both animals
C. both can make sounds of nature

Unit 2

Animals in Winter

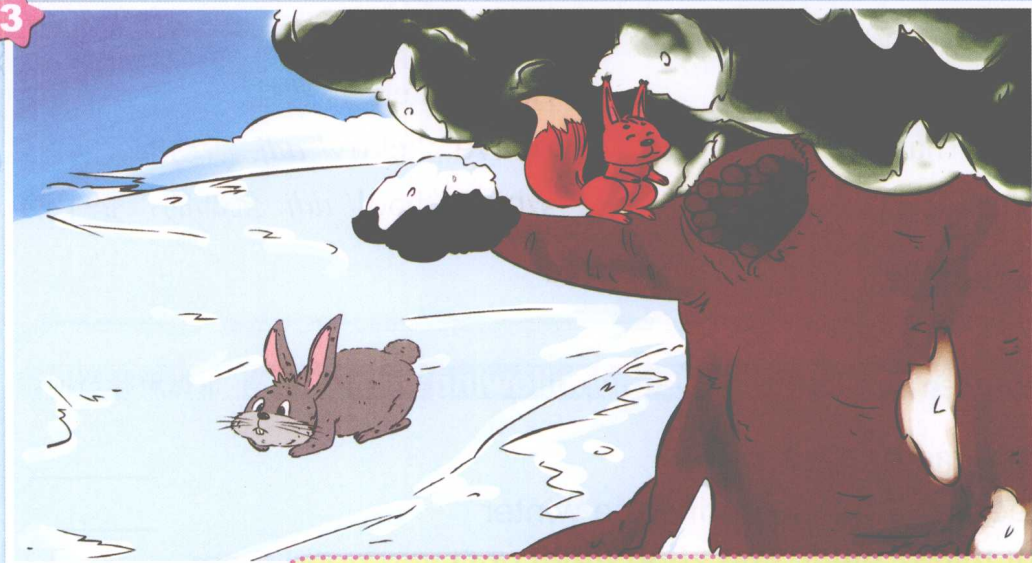


The weather gets colder and colder. Leaves fall off the trees. The winter comes. How do animals spend the winter? Some birds fly south for the winter. They go to warmer places with plenty food.



Some animals hibernate all winter. This is a deep sleep. Bears hibernate in dens. Bats hibernate in caves. They hang upside down.

3



Many animals are still active in winter. Rabbits grow new fur. The thick fur makes them warm. Squirrels gather nuts and store them in autumn. They have enough food for the whole winter.

4



What about people? We are also ready for the winter. We wear our warm winter clothes.

Words and phrases

weather /'weðə/ *n.* 天气

spend /spend/ *v.* 度过

hibernate /'haɪbəneɪt/ *v.* 冬眠

den /den/ *n.* 洞穴

bat /bæt/ *n.* 蝙蝠

hang /hæŋ/ *v.* 悬挂

active /'æktɪv/ *adj.* 活动的

whole /həʊl/ *adj.* 全部的, 整个的

Let's practise

1 Write the words that have the following meanings. 根据解释写词。

1. use time or pass time _____
2. sleep all the time during the winter _____
3. put things away and keep them until you need them _____

2 Draw the lines. 把动物和它们过冬的方式连起来。

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| 1. bats | A. store nuts before winters |
| 2. rabbits | B. wear warm clothes |
| 3. bears | C. hibernate in caves |
| 4. squirrels | D. grow new fur |
| 5. people | E. hibernate in dens |
| 6. birds | F. fly south before winters |

3 Fill in the blanks. 根据课文填空。

Example: They go to warmer places with plenty food.

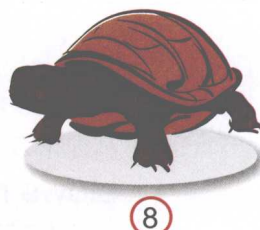
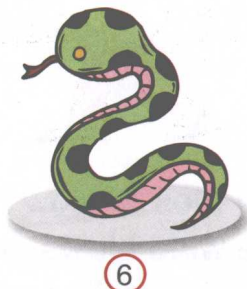
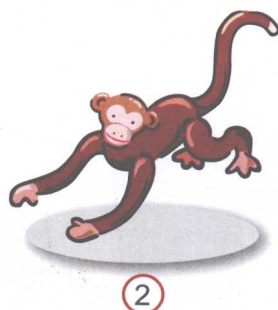
"They" refers to some birds.

1. They hang upside down. "They" refers to _____.
2. The thick fur makes them warm. "Them" refers to _____.
3. Squirrels gather nuts and store them in autumn. "Them" refers to _____.
4. They have enough food for the whole winter. "They" refers to _____.

4 Read the text and choose the right answers. 读课文选择答案。

- (1) When will bears wake up after they hibernate? _____.
 A. When he is hungry.
 B. In spring.
 C. After sleeping for a year.
- (2) Rabbits don't feel cold because of _____.
 A. enough nuts B. the warm caves C. the thick fur
- (3) Squirrels store nuts _____.
 A. in autumn every year
 B. to make them yummy
 C. and sleep for the whole winter
- (4) Which one of the following is true? _____.
 A. Bears are active in winter.
 B. Squirrels hibernate in the tree.
 C. Rabbits don't hibernate in winter.

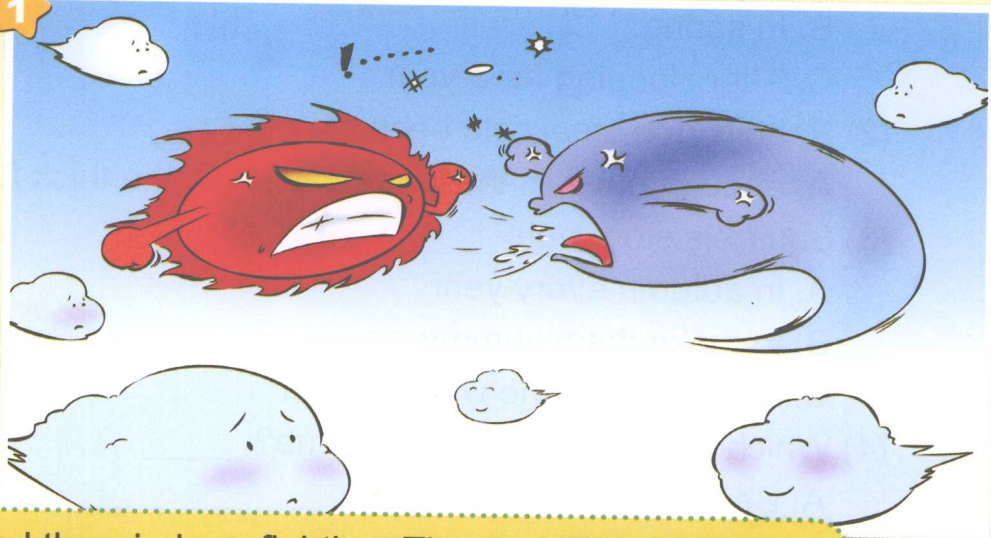
5 Do these animals hibernate? Tick or cross. 这些动物都冬眠吗? 判断对错。



Unit 3

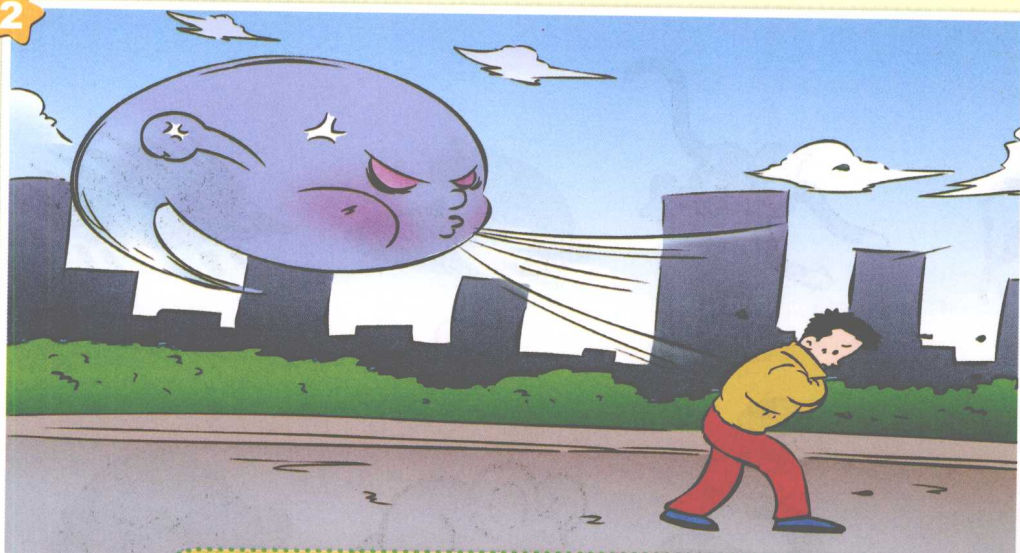
The Sun and the Wind

1



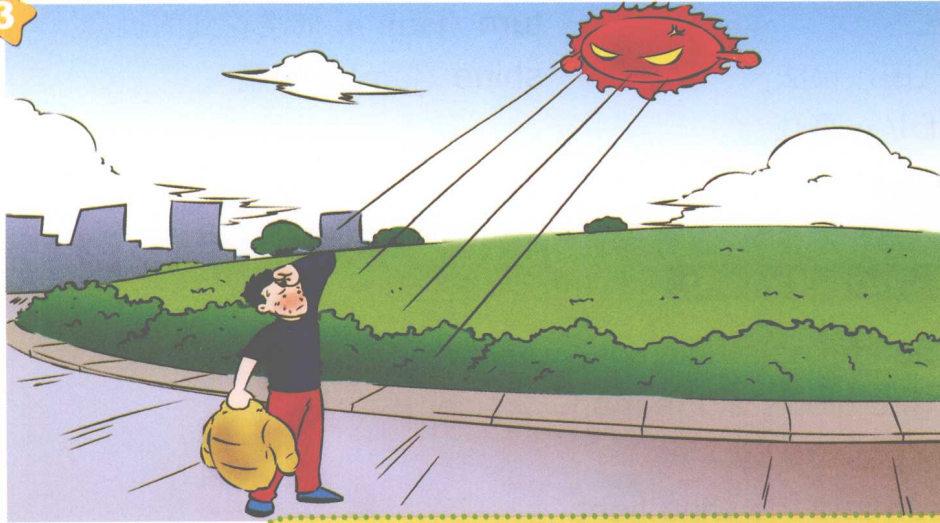
The sun and the wind are fighting. They are fighting about who is stronger. The wind says, "I am stronger than you are. I can blow away everything, but you can't!"

2



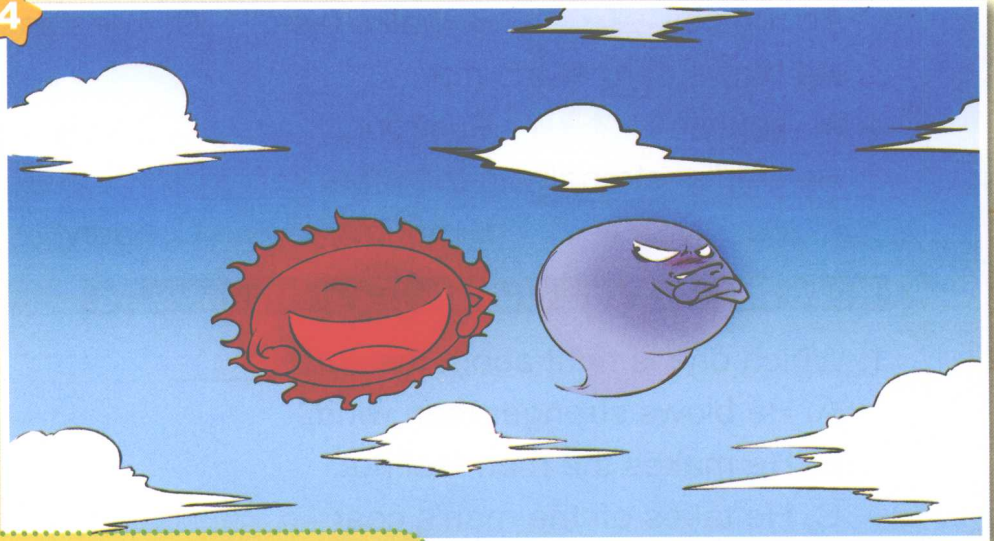
A man passes by. The wind tries to blow his coat off, so he blows hard at the man. The wind blows and blows. "It is so cold." The man muffles in his coat. The wind is very angry.

3



"It's my turn. Look at me!" The sun climbs higher and higher in the sky. He shines strongly at the man. "Oh, it is very hot now." The man takes off his coat.

4



The sun says to the wind, "Hahaha. I win! I am stronger than you are."

Words and phrases

strong /strɒŋ/ *adj.* 强壮的

pass by 经过

try /traɪ/ *v.* 试图, 设法

muffle /'mʌfəl/ *v.* 裹住

angry /'æŋɡri/ *adj.* 生气的

turn /tɜ:n/ *n.* 依次轮到的机会

shine /ʃaɪn/ *v.* 照耀

Let's practise

1 Give the correct order. 根据课文内容排序。

- () The man takes off his coat.
- () The wind blows at the man.
- () A man passes by.
- () The sun and the wind fight.
- () The man muffles in his coat.
- () The sun shines on the man.

2 Choose the proper one instead. 选出可以替代画线部分的选项。

1. A man passes by. _____
A. runs by B. walks fast C. goes past there
2. He blows hard at the man. _____
A. softly B. strongly C. hardly
3. He shines strongly on the man. _____
A. deeply B. brightly C. badly

3 Read the text and choose the right answers. 读课文选择答案。

1. Which one is right about the sun? _____
A. He blows stronger than wind.
B. He makes the man feel hot.
C. He takes off the man's coat.
2. When does the sun climb highest in the day? _____
A. In the morning. B. At noon. C. After supper.
3. If a man _____, he will put on his coat.
A. goes out in winter B. plays football C. feels warm

4 Give the answers. 根据课文回答问题。

1. What are the sun and the wind fighting about?

2. Who think he can blow everything away?

3. What does the man do when the wind blows hard?

4. What does the man do when the sun shines strongly?

5. Why is the wind angry?

6. Does the sun or the wind win? How does it win?

7. Is the wind stronger than the sun?

8. Who is cleverer (更聪明的)?

5 Answer the questions. 看图回答问题。



What's the boy doing?



What happens in the picture?
