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同等学力人员申请硕士学位
英语水平全国统一考试辅导丛书

综合应试 教程 第7版

梁莉娟 张秀峰 / 主编

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机械工业出版社
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**2012
超值版**



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英语水平全国统一考试辅导丛书

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主编：梁莉娟 张秀峰

参编：徐国萍 刘启升 初 萌 庞靖宇 颜 炜 谭松柏 任 雁

包丽歌 杜喜义 李立杰 吴碧宇 史湘琳 于春艳 侯小龙

张 薇 杜 峰 李妙华 郭 丹 孟宪华 罗 星



机械工业出版社
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本书是同等学力人员申请硕士学位英语水平全国统一考试辅导丛书之一。
本书依据 2008 年 11 月第 5 版最新考试大纲, 结合历年的考试真题, 系统、全面、科学地讲解了考试所包括的六大题型: 口语交际、词汇、阅读理解、完形填空、翻译和写作。

本书具有以下特点: 紧扣最新考试大纲, 有的放矢; 4 周缜密备考, 科学合理; 结合历年真题, 针对性强; 精确解析练习, 利于复习; 严格控制取材, 内容权威。

使用这本综合教程, 考生可以在较短的时间内熟悉考试的要求, 把握考试的脉络, 掌握复习的策略以及考试的重点和难点, 快速提高应试能力, 从而在考试中脱颖而出。

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丛书序

这是一套由专业培训机构环球卓越策划并联手同等学力资深辅导专家，为众多同等学力申请硕士学位人员量身定做的应试辅导用书。

本套丛书完全依据最新的第5版考试大纲（2008年11月份修订）编写，并紧密结合最近几年同等学力英语水平统一考试命题情况和考试要求进行全面修订，修订后的内容更加严谨，更加具有针对性，更加适合在职考生复习备考。

结合同等学力申请硕士学位人员对英语的实际掌握程度和成人学习英语的特点，我们组织编写了“同等学力人员申请硕士学位英语水平全国统一考试辅导丛书”。本丛书包括《2012同等学力考试词汇实战一本通》、《2012同等学力考试综合应试教程》、《2012同等学力考试历年试题精解+全真模拟试卷》3个分册，从基础到综合再到实战演练，让在职人员在有限的时间内，快速准确地把握住每一个进度，为考试做好全面细致的准备。

本丛书的特点如下：

一、名师执笔，实用性强

策划编写本丛书的老师均为中国人民大学、北京师范大学、清华大学、北京大学的常年在环球卓越北京总校、上海分校、天津分校、南京分校、沈阳分校、郑州分校等各地授课的著名的同等学力申请硕士学位英语辅导专家。本丛书是他们多年辅导经验的提炼和结晶，实用性非常强，是备受众多同等学力考生欢迎的辅导用书。

二、紧扣新大纲，直击2012年考试真题

本丛书紧扣第5版最新考试大纲，体例设置与大纲保持一致；同时各部分考点紧密结合2011年最新试题及历年真题，对命题思路分析透彻，重点突出，讲解精确；各部分内容严格控制在大纲规定的范围之内，让考生准确把握考试的重点、难点及命题趋势。

三、结合在职人员特点，量身定做

本丛书充分考虑到在职人员学习时间紧张的特点，避免了采用传统的各个专项分册的丛书构架方式（将系列丛书分为7~8册乃至更多）；而是采用《2012同等学力考试词汇实战一本通》、《2012同等学力考试综合应试教程》和《2012同等学力考试历年试题精解+全真模拟试卷》简单精练的三册制，有效控制复习用书的量，让考生在有限的时间内能够全面复习，重点把握，强化训练，应对考试。三册制的简单有效组合，在2006—2011年深受考生欢迎，位居同类图书销量排行榜榜首。

四、超值服务，更助考生一臂之力

本丛书配有超值赠送服务，由北京环球卓越在线 www.geedu.com 提供专业的服务和强大的技术支持。具体为：

1. 《2012同等学力考试词汇实战一本通》附赠光盘内容为：环球卓越“同等学力申请硕士学位英语辅导词汇速记班课程”（36学时，价值380元）的全部录音（mp3）及电子版讲义，同时可刮开封面上的账号和密码，登录 www.geedu.com，按照“图书赠送课程学习流程”

学习该部分网络视频课程。

2. 《2012 同等学力考试综合应试教程》附赠内容为：环球卓越“2012 同等学力申请硕士学位英语辅导写作专项班”（8 学时，价值 180 元）的网络视频课程，2011 年 11 月 30 日后，刮开封面上的账号和密码，登录 www.geedu.com，按照“图书赠送课程学习流程”进行学习。

3. 《2012 同等学力考试历年试题精解+全真模拟试卷》附赠内容为：环球卓越“2012 同等学力申请硕士学位英语辅导模考串讲班”（8 学时，价值 280 元）的网络视频课程，2012 年 5 月 1 日后，刮开封面上的账号和密码，登录 www.geedu.com，按照“图书赠送课程学习流程”进行学习。

环球卓越技术支持及服务热线：010-51658769。

环球卓越同等学力试题与学习资料请登录 www.geedu.com，应有尽有！

本丛书脉络清晰，内容丰富，针对性强，通俗易懂。相信广大考生在使用本丛书时，会有如临辅导班现场的切身感受；同时也真诚希望本丛书能大大提高众考生的应试能力和实际水平，助您在考场上轻松驰骋，快乐过关！

最后，感谢北京环球卓越为本丛书提供的专业服务和技术支持，愿他们精益求精，为社会提供更多、更好、更专的服务！

编 者

2011 年 11 月于北京 中国人民大学

第7版前言

本书在前面6版的基础上，经过精心规划和合理布局，再次全面修订并隆重问世！

同等学力考生最大的问题：工作忙，英语底子差，疲于应考却又无从着手，终日煎熬却不见好的收效。本书的全面修订旨在帮助众考生克服并解决这个问题。

与其他同类书籍相比，本书具有以下特点：

1. 4周规划，科学合理

全书整体布局为4周，周周攻克不同考试题型；每周7天，天天任务具体明晰。科学合理的安排，让考生由忙乱无序变为有条不紊，并真正达到“周周有攻克，天天有提升”。

2. 系统全面，考点齐全

本书涵盖同等学力英语考试的六大题型：口语交际、词汇、阅读理解、完形填空、翻译和写作，全面周到；各题型的考点、要点均一一展现，重点突出明了。

3. 编写得当，实用性强

六大考试题型，均采取“真题演练、应试技巧、专项训练”展开，让考生达到“第一步明了考试要求、第二步迅速把握考试技巧、第三步强化并真正攻克考试”的目的，简洁高效，实用性强。

4. 严格控制取材，内容权威

各个测试部分的材料选用都通过严格的筛选，来自历年英语考试的真题或相关模拟题，同时参考了大量环球卓越同等学力英语辅导名师的讲义及资料。

使用这本综合教程，考生可以在较短的时间内熟悉考试的要求，把握考试的脉络，掌握复习的策略以及重点和难点。通过系统复习，考生不仅能够提高应试能力，而且还可以提高英语的实际运用能力，从而顺利通过考试。

由于编者水平有限，而且时间仓促，书中不妥之处在所难免，衷心希望广大读者批评指正！

编者

2011年11月于北京 中国人民大学

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第一周

WEEK 1

口语交际、词汇

Dialogue Communication & Vocabulary

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本周的学习包含两个部分：口语交际和词汇。前四天是口语交际部分的学习，周五到周日是词汇部分的学习。

通过本周的学习，考生需掌握口语交际与词汇这两个部分的考试要求及做题技巧。

学习不能一蹴而就，学会了解题方法之后需要不断地练习才可以真正地掌握相关考点，经过反复练习和记忆才能达到最好的效果。



一、考试大纲的要求

二、真题演练与解析

下面以近三年的真题为例，简要地分析一下口语考题的答题要点。

2009

Directions: In this section, you will read 5 short incomplete dialogues between two speakers, each followed by four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best suits the situation to complete the dialogue by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square on your machine-scoring **ANSWER SHEET**.

1. **A:** Helen, you look great! You are much slimmer than last time I saw you.
B: _____. Actually, I've been on a diet and I've been doing a keep-fit class, too.
A. No, thanks. **B.** Well, yes.
C. You are flattering me. **D.** Are you kidding?
2. **A:** I'm so sorry. I shouldn't have thrown your violin away. Why didn't you tell me it was a birthday present from your Dad?

B: _____ What is done is done.

A. No problem. B. Don't worry. C. Forget it. D. That is fine.

3. **A:** It is really hard to maintain contact when people move around so much.

B: _____

A. You're unlucky to have lost contact with your friends.
B. That is right. I have been out of touch with my friends.
C. Is it? People just drift apart indeed!
D. I ask them to keep me informed about what they are doing.

4. **A:** Hi, John, how are you? I heard you were sick.

B: They must have confused me with somebody else. _____

A. I was sick last week. B. I could not agree with you more.
C. I've never felt better. D. So you are right.

5. **A:** It is not like George to be late for an appointment.

B: _____ He's always punctual.

A. No way. B. Anyway he's late.
C. I don't think so. D. You're right.

Section B Dialogue Comprehension

Directions: In this section, you will read 5 short conversations between a man and a woman. At the end of each conversation there is a question followed by 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the best answer to the question from the 4 choices by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square brackets on your machine-scoring ANSWER SHEET.

6. **Man:** That was an absolutely delicious meal. Your cooking is always superb but this time you have excelled yourself.

Woman: I am glad you enjoyed it. It is a recipe I haven't tried before.

Question: What does the man think of the woman's cooking?

A. It is as good as always. B. It is good enough for something new.
C. It is good, but not as good as before. D. It is better than usual.

7. **Man:** Do you think that Bob is serious about Sally?

Woman: Well, I know this. I've never seen him go out so often with the same girl.

Question: What conclusion can we draw from the woman's statement?

A. Bob is serious about Sally. B. Bob never goes steady with a girl.
C. Bob will soon change his girlfriend. D. Bob is not serious about Sally.

8. **Man:** Everybody's helping out with the dinner. Would you make the salad?

Woman: Anything but that.

Question: What does the woman mean?

A. She does not want any salad. B. She will make the salad.
C. She wants some salad. D. She'd rather do some other jobs.

9. **Man:** You know what? You should invest the money yourself.

Woman: That had crossed my mind.

Question: What does the woman mean?

- A. The idea had bothered her. B. She had invested the money.
C. The idea had occurred to her. D. She wouldn't give it a try.

10. **Woman:** Where do you plan to go for dinner?

Man: I was thinking of going to Joe's. It's a stone's throw away. Besides, the environment is good.

Question: What can we learn about Joe's?

- A. It is not far from here. B. It is not expensive.
C. It is an interesting place. D. It is known for its specialty.

答案详解

1. **B**

A 赞美对方越来越苗条了。B 回答的后半句为：事实上，我一直在节食并且正在上健身课。显然是对 A 的赞美表示肯定。B 项“嗯，是的。”符合西方人的习惯以及前后的逻辑。A 项“不用了，谢谢。”C 项“过奖了。”D 项“你没开玩笑吧？”这三个选项都不符合对赞美回答的语境。故答案为 B。

2. **C**

A 将对方的小提琴扔了，请求对方原谅。在口语交际中别人请求自己原谅，一般都会说“没关系”或者“算了吧”，C 项“算了吧。”故答案为 C。A 项“没问题。”B 项“不用担心。”D 项“很好。”这三个选项都不符合题中的语境。

3. **B**

A: 在人们如此频繁地四处迁移的情况下，要保持联系太困难了。A 项“你很不幸，和朋友失去了联系。”B 项“是这样的，我已经和许多朋友失去联系了。”C 项“是吗？人们确实慢慢地疏远了。”D 项“我让他们告诉我他们在干什么。”其中 B 项最符合语境，并且表达礼貌得体。

4. **C**

A: 你好，约翰，听说你病了。根据 B 回答的前半部分：他们肯定是把我和别人弄混了。C 项“我感觉再好不过了。”可以判断为正确答案。A 项“我上周生病了。”B 项“我完全同意你的观点。”D 项“你是对的。”这三个选项跟说话人 B 的前半部分回答意思相矛盾。

5. **D**

A: 乔治不像是那种约会迟到的人。根据 B 回答的后半部分：他总是很守时。D 项“你是对的。”可以判断为正确答案。A 项“不可能。”B 项“不管怎么说他还是迟到了。”C 项“我不这样认为。”这三个选项与说话人 B 后半部分的回答相矛盾。

6. **D**

男士：这顿饭真是太好吃了！你的厨艺一直都很精湛，但这一次你超越了自己。由此可见，男士认为女士这一次做的饭比以往任何一次都好吃。故答案为 D。

7. A

男士：你觉得鲍勃对萨利是认真的吗？女士：我从未见过鲍勃和同一个女孩约会过这么多次。从女士的回答我们可以看出女士认为鲍勃对萨利是认真的。故答案为 A。

8. D

男士：大家都在帮忙做晚餐，你来做沙拉好吗？女士：除了做沙拉让我做什么都行。从女士的回答可以看出，她不想做沙拉，宁愿做一些其他的工作。故答案为 D。

9. C

男士：你知道吗，你应该自己投资。女士：我曾经有这个想法。从女士的回答可以看出她曾经想过自己去投资。C 项“她曾经有过这个想法。”可以判断为正确答案。A 项“这个想法曾经困扰过她。”B 项“她曾经投资过。”D 项“她不愿意尝试。”这三个信息都未在女士的回答中体现出来。

10. A

女士：你打算去哪吃晚饭？男士：我想去琼记餐馆吃饭，这家餐馆离这里很近，而且，那里的环境也不错。从男士的回答可以得出关于这家餐馆的两个信息：一是那家餐馆离说话人很近，二是那家餐馆环境很好。所以 A 项“那家餐馆离这里不远。”为正确答案。B 项“那家餐馆不贵。”C 项“那家餐馆是个有趣的地方。”D 项“那家餐馆因其专业性而出名。”这三个选项都未在男士的回答中体现出来。

2010

Section A Dialogue Completion

Directions: In this section, you will read 5 short incomplete dialogues between two speakers, each followed by four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best suits the situation to complete the dialogue by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square on your machine-scoring ANSWER SHEET.

1. A: Can you take over for me here for a little while? I have a friend coming to see me.

B: I'd like to, but _____. Ask Peter, he's not so occupied at this moment.

A. how can I do it?

B. that's alright.

C. I have my hands full.

D. that's impossible.

2. A: To get an outside line, just dial 0 and the phone number. Or we can place a call for you, if you want.

B: No, thanks a lot. _____

A. Just put me through.

B. I'll try it myself.

C. I'd rather not.

D. I'll appreciate your help.

3. A: Now, it's just work, work, work. I work hard all day, every day.

B: Oh, come on. _____ You're making a good salary now.

A. Don't complain.

B. Sorry to hear about it.

C. Anything I can do for you?

D. What's your plan?

4. A: Pamela, can you come to a meeting on Friday?

B: _____ Let me check my schedule. When are you having it?

- A. No big deal. B. I'm not sure. C. Can I? D. Sure thing!

5. **A:** I'm really getting fed up with the salespersons who keep calling.

B: _____

- A. I hope it's nothing serious. B. They are so stupid!
C. So am I. It's so annoying. D. You are right. Forget it.

Section B Dialogue Comprehension

Directions: In this section, there are 10 incomplete sentences. For each sentence there are 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square brackets on your machine-scoring **ANSWER SHEET**.

6. **Man:** I've figured it all out. It looks like it'll take us about 5 hours to drive from here to Chicago.

Woman: It'd be more relaxing to take the train. But I guess we should watch our expenses.

Question: What does the woman imply?

- A. She likes to drive when she travels. B. She doesn't want to go to Chicago.
C. She doesn't know the cost of the train trip. D. It's cheaper to go to Chicago by car.

7. **Man:** How about the examination last week?

Woman: If I'd got more time, I could have made it.

Question: What does the woman imply?

- A. She was asked to take another examination. B. She failed the examination last week.
C. She did quite well in the examination. D. She didn't take the examination last week.

8. **Man:** Harvard or the State University, have you decided yet?

Woman: Well, I'd rather be a big fish in a small pond.

Question: Which university is the woman likely to choose?

- A. The State University. B. Harvard.
C. Neither. D. She hasn't decided yet.

9. **Man:** I've just found a great location to open a new shop.

Woman: But you haven't researched the market. Don't you think this is putting the cart before the horse?

Question: What does the woman mean?

- A. The man shouldn't make the decision so quickly.
B. It's too risky to choose such a location.
C. The man is doing things in the wrong order.
D. It's possible for him to make a better choice.

10. **Woman:** My results are a bit flattering because I've had quite a lot of luck.

Man: Nonsense, you're head and shoulders above the others in your group.

Question: What does the man think is the reason for the woman's success?

- A. She's really lucky. B. She's far better than the others.

C. She's got the others' support.

D. She's been working hard.

● 答案详解 ●

1. C

A: 你能在这儿替我一会儿吗? 我有个朋友要来看我。A 项“我怎么做?” B 项“好吧!” C 项“我正在忙。” D 项“那不可能。”根据 B 回答的后半句,“你问问皮特吧, 他现在不忙”, 可以判断出他想让 A 问问皮特能不能帮他。故答案为 C。

2. B

A: 接外线只需要在电话号码前加拨 0, 或者如果你愿意的话, 我可以帮你接通。B 说: 不用, 谢谢你。A 项“帮我接通吧。” B 项“我自己试试。” C 项“我宁愿不。” D 项“感谢你的帮助。”由 B 所说可知, 他不需要接线员帮他接线。故答案为 B。

3. A

A: 现在就是工作, 工作, 不停地工作。我整天都在努力工作, 天天如此。可以看出, A 在抱怨工作。B 在回答时, 应该先劝慰。A 项“别抱怨了。” B 项“听到这个很难过。” C 项“我可以为你做些什么吗?” D 项“你的计划是什么呢?” 四个选项中只有 A 项符合口语交际的表达习惯。故答案为 A。

4. B

A: 帕米拉, 你周五能来开会吗? B 回答的后半句: 让我看看我的日程表。你们什么时候开? A 项“这没什么大不了的。” B 项“我不确定。” C 项“我能吗?” D 项“没问题。”从 B 的回答可以看出, 她并不能确定自己能否参与, 故答案为 B。

5. C

A: 我快烦死了, 推销员不停地给我打电话。A 项“我希望不是什么严重的问题。” B 项“他们真愚蠢。” C 项“我也是, 太烦了。” D 项“你是对的, 算了吧。” C 项是同意对方观点的表述, 符合英文表达习惯。故答案为 C。

6. D

男士: 我算过了。从这开车去芝加哥大概要 5 个小时。女士: 坐火车去将会很惬意。但我想我们得看我们的开支。女士的话暗示了自己开车去芝加哥会比较便宜。故答案为 D。

7. B

男士: 你上周的考试怎么样? 女士: 如果我有更多的时间, 我就能成功了。由此可知, 上周她考试考得并不好。分析四个选项可知, 只有 B 符合题意。故答案为 B。

8. A

男士: 你决定上哈佛还是州立大学? 女士: 我宁做鸡头不做凤尾。由此可知, 她是想上较差一些的州立大学。故答案为 A。

9. C

男士: 我找到了一个好地方开商店。女士: 但是你还没有做市场调查。你不觉得你把这件事本末倒置了吗? 女士的话就是说男士应该先做市场调查再选店址, 而他却把做事的顺序颠倒了。故答案为 C。

10. B

女士：我的成绩还不错，因为我运气很好。男士说：不，你在团队中是出类拔萃的。由男士的话可知，女士要远比别人优秀。故答案为 B。

2011

Section A Dialogue Completion

Directions: In this section, you will read 5 short incomplete dialogues between two speakers, each followed by four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer that best suits the situation to complete the dialogue by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square brackets on your machine-scoring **ANSWER SHEET**.

1. A: Dan gave me a free ride home, but I paid for the gas.
B: You know what they say, _____.
A. one good turn deserves another. B. there's no free lunch.
C. it's who you know that counts. D. don't bite off more than you can chew.
2. A: David said he bought a new BMW for £5,000.
B: _____ Sounds pretty cheap to me!
A: Well, that's what he said.
A. Come to think of it. B. Are you sure?
C. Do you think so? D. Is he crazy?
3. A: We just came back from Phoenix. And we had the best vacation in years.
B: _____ I'm glad to hear it.
A. How was it? B. Oh, my goodness!
C. Good for you. D. Oh, there you go again.
4. A: I just can't stand this class any more!
B: _____ It's required, and you have to sit in it in order to graduate.
A. Why, you can say that again! B. Well, why not just drop out of it?
C. Why, I couldn't agree more! D. Well, you might as well get used to it.
5. A: I don't know about you, but I thought that film was terrific.
B: _____ The action was great, and so was the music.
A. I'm with you there. B. Just the same. C. More or less. D. I sure do.

Section B Dialogue Comprehension

Directions: In this section, you will read 5 short conversations between a man and a woman. At the end of each conversation, there is a question followed by 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the answer to the question from 4 choices given by marking the corresponding letter with a single bar across the square brackets on your machine-scoring **ANSWER SHEET**.

6. **Woman:** I'm tired of driving all the way to work and back every day. If only cars could drive themselves.

Man: Well, some car manufacturers are working on them. I guess you'll soon buy one if

you can afford it.

Question: What does the man imply?

- A. Cars that drive themselves may be very expensive.
- B. The women will be able to buy an intelligent car.
- C. He is working with a car producer on intelligent cars.
- D. Driving to work is really a headache.

7. **Woman:** I'd rather not talk about it. Just don't ask.

Man: Come on. I think you need to let off some steam.

Question: What does the man advise the woman to do?

- A. To keep the secret.
- B. To talk to him about the problem.
- C. To reduce the workload.
- D. To have a great rest.

8. **Man:** Julie's dress looks funny. That style went out last year.

Woman: Oh, come on, as long as it looks good on her.

Question: What does the man try to emphasize?

- A. Julie's dress is not outdated.
- B. Julie's dress does not suit her.
- C. Julie looks fine in that dress.
- D. Julie should follow the fashion.

9. **Man:** What kind of snacks do you prefer?

Woman: Oh, I've got a sweet tooth, you know.

Question: What does the woman probably like?

- A. Sandwich.
- B. Hot dogs.
- C. Potato chips.
- D. Ice cream.

10. **Man:** Annie, how does it not even cross your mind that you might want a future with someone?

Woman: It's simple. I don't mind being married to my career.

Question: What's Annie's attitude towards her future?

- A. She will stay with someone unmarried.
- B. She will live a simple life.
- C. She will fully focus on her job.
- D. She will quit her job to get married.

答案详解

1. B

A: 丹载我回家,但是我得付汽油钱。A项“善有善报。”B项“天下没有免费的午餐。”C项“你知道谁靠得住。”D项“不要自不量力。”根据B回答的前半句“你知道他们说什么来着,”可知是对A所说话的一种总结,意思就是天下没有免费的午餐。故答案选B。

2. B

A: 大卫说他花了5 000美元买了一辆新的宝马。A项“好好考虑一下吧。”B项“你确定吗?”C项“你也是这么认为的吗?”D项“他疯了吗?”根据B回答的后半句“这听起来很便宜啊!”可知这里应该是表吃惊疑惑。故答案选B。