

CONQUER



NEW COURSE STANDARD UP-DATED READING

征服英语

总主编 / 严 军 主编 / 崔首诗

审读 / Jack Murray(美) Jessica Meyer(英) Clarissa Green(澳)

新课标时文阅读

100 篇

九年级



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- ★ 全面展示新课标英语考试的热点题型
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中国少年儿童新闻出版总社
中国少年儿童出版社

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选择篇

Passage 1

Films at Heping Theatre Next Week

下个星期和平剧院的电影

Let the Bullets Fly

Chinese film

Director: Jiang Wen**Stars:** Ge You, Jiang Wen, Chen Kun**Time:** From Wednesday to Friday at 9:00 p. m.**Ticket Price:** 40 yuan***If You Are the One II***

Chinese film

Director: Feng Xiaogang**Stars:** Ge You, Shu Qi, Sun Honglei, Yao Chen**Time:** From Friday to Sunday, at 6:30 p. m.**Ticket Price:** 50 yuan***The Chronicles of Narnia: The Voyage of the Dawn Treader***

English film

Director: Michael Apted**Stars:** Georgie Henley, Skandar Keynes, Ben Barnes**Time:** From Tuesday to Saturday, at 9:30 a. m.**Ticket Price:** 55 yuan***My Own Swordsman***

Chinese film

Director: Shang Jing**Stars:** Yan Ni, Yao Chen, Sha Yi**Time:** From Monday to Wednesday, at 6:00 p. m.**Ticket Price:** 50 yuan (Half on Monday for children)

根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

- 1 There will be _____ shown at Heping Theatre next week.
 A. one English film B. two Chinese films
 C. two English films D. one American film
- 2 If Mr. Zhou and his 10-year-old son go to Heping Theatre to watch *My Own Swordsman* on Monday, they need to pay _____.
 A. 55 yuan B. 60 yuan C. 75 yuan D. 100 yuan
- 3 If you are free on Friday morning, you can see the film _____ at Heping Theatre.
 A. *My Own Swordsman*
 B. *Let the Bullets Fly*
 C. *If You Are the One II*
 D. *The Chronicles of Namia: The Voyage of the Dawn Treader*
- 4 You can see three films either on _____ or on _____.
 A. Wednesday; Friday B. Tuesday; Wednesday
 C. Thursday; Friday D. Saturday; Sunday
- 5 From the poster, we know _____ is a director of the film and also an actor in it.
 A. Michael Apter B. Jiang Wen
 C. Feng Xiaogang D. Shang Jing

Passage 2

Your Rights at Home and School

保护自己的权利

Grown-ups are always telling kids what to do. Do you listen to them? Usually they know what is best for you, but sometimes they can be wrong.

So, China has a special law to keep people under 18 safe. It is called the *Underage Protection Law* (《未成年人保护法》).

Teachers can punish bad students, but they cannot just do anything they like. If a teacher tries to kick you out of class, you can go to the headmaster and tell him you have the right to stay in school.

School buildings and playgrounds must also be safe for children. If the things you use in P. E. class are unsafe, the *Underage Protection Law* says the school must fix (修理) them or get new ones.

Do you know anyone who can't go to school because their parents aren't willing (愿意的) to pay for it? This is also against the law, which says parents must have their kids in school.

Kids have a right to privacy under the law, which says parents and teachers cannot read children's own letters.

The law also protects children's health. It says there should be no smoking in schools and other places where many teenagers go.

Have you ever wondered why tickets for parks and museums are cheaper for students? It's also because of the *Underage Protection Law*. It says that kids need to have lots of chances to learn.

根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

- 1 The *Underage Protection Law* keeps _____ safe.
 - A. all the people
 - B. only people under 16
 - C. people under 18
 - D. men and women
- 2 The *Underage Protection Law* protects your right _____.
 - A. when a teacher tries to kick you out of class
 - B. when the things you use in P. E. class are unsafe
 - C. when your parents don't allow you to go to school
 - D. all of the above
- 3 Who can read children's own letters?
 - A. Children's parents.
 - B. Children's teachers.
 - C. Children's friends.
 - D. Children themselves.
- 4 Why are tickets for parks and museums cheaper for students?
 - A. Because few students like to go to those places.
 - B. Because students have no money to buy tickets.
 - C. Because the *Underage Protection Law* says students have the right.
 - D. Because students don't need to have lots of chances to learn.
- 5 How many rights does the *Underage Protection Law* say in the passage?
 - A. 3.
 - B. 6.
 - C. 5.
 - D. 7.

Passage 3

School Kids Face Grown-up Choices

远离毒品,珍爱青春

What would you do if a stranger(陌生人) gave you some medicine and said it would keep you thin or help you do well in exams? Would you take it? This happens sometimes to students in Shenzhen. What those strangers want to give them is drug(毒品). A drug can be anything that changes the way your mind or body works. Students at Shenzhen

- C. He spent all his time on his study.
- D. He began to go to school.
- 5) How did the student Li Mengnan feel on her visit to the rehabilitation centers?
- A. She was shocked to see so many young drug users.
- B. She cried when she met some of her classmates in the center.
- C. She wanted to try some drugs.
- D. She told some teens to try a little.

Passage 4 The White Leather Shoes

一双白皮鞋

It happened towards evening, when I was resting in a cafe. I wore a pair of newly bought white leather shoes, which were rather expensive. Then a boy came to me.

He was in an unfit shirt, looking pale and gaunt (憔悴的). He looked about eleven or twelve. No sooner had I begun to speak than he opened the box in his hand and took out the tools of shoe-polishing. He bent down, took off my leather shoes, and began to shine them.

He was concentrating on his job when heavy rain began to pour down. People rushed into the cafe (咖啡馆) for protection from the rain. More and more people crowded in and gradually separated the boy from me.

Hours passed, and it turned dark. I had no shoes on my feet and wondered where the boy had been. I thought he would not return my leather shoes, and I would have to walk back home on my bare feet in the night.

When it was near midnight the rain ended, people started to go out. The cafe was to be closed. I had to move to the door, head lowered. Just as I went to the gate, I was speechless, mouth open but no word uttered.

A boy of eleven or twelve, looking very familiar, was sleeping on the floor with his head leaning against a box and his upper body bared. He held a package made of his shirt tightly in his arms.

I shook him slightly and woke him up. He jumped up and rubbed his eyes for a while before he recognized me. Then he opened the package hurriedly, gave me my leather shoes, and apologized to me shyly.



I paid him and wrapped around him his unfit shirt, which had wrapped my leather shoes. After saying goodbye to the boy, I was on my way home, with the image of the boy stay in my mind.

根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

- 1 Maybe my new shoes cost _____ .
 A. expensive B. much C. cheap D. little
- 2 The boy shone the shoes to _____ .
 A. help people B. learn from Lei Feng
 C. do it for fun D. make a living
- 3 I met the boy _____ .
 A. on my way home B. in a cafe
 C. at noon D. when I was working
- 4 At last I _____ my new shoes.
 A. lost B. sold C. got back D. was robbed of
- 5 I _____ the boy.
 A. was impressed by B. hated
 C. looked down on D. was cheated by

Passage 5 Mexico

墨西哥

Mexico is located on the south of the United States. It is about one fourth of the size of the United States. Mexico has more than ninety million people. The language of Mexico is Spanish. Mexico is the world's largest Spanish-speaking country.

Mexico City is the capital and largest city of Mexico. The city is also very high. It is 7,349 feet high. This makes it one of the highest capital cities in the world. The population of Mexico City grows bigger every day. About thirty million people live there. It has more people than any other city in the world, even more than Tokyo.

Mexico's three largest export (出口) countries are the United States, Canada and Germany. Its three largest import countries are the United States, Canada and Japan.

Mexico also has its special food and plants. Many of the foods we eat started in Mexico. Foods like beans, maize, avocados, tomatoes, peanuts, chili peppers, vanilla, and chocolate come from Mexico. Mexico is also famous for its cactus (仙人掌) plants. Mexico has more kinds of cactus than any other country.

Every year, millions of people go to Mexico to know more about the beautiful country. They have a great time there.

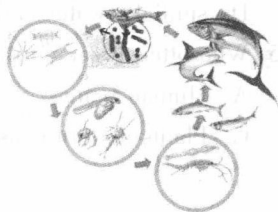
根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

- 1 What language do Mexicans speak?
A. English. B. Spanish. C. French. D. Latin.
- 2 Which of the following is NOT true?
A. Mexico City is the capital of Mexico.
B. The population of Mexico City is 30,000,000.
C. Tokyo is one of the cities with the largest population.
D. Mexico City is the highest city in the world.
- 3 What does the underlined word “import” mean in Chinese?
A. 进口 B. 港口 C. 储存 D. 工业
- 4 Mexico's three largest export countries does NOT include _____.
A. America B. Canada C. Germany D. China
- 5 According to the passage, we can know _____.
A. Mexico is about one third the size of the United States
B. Mexico is the world's second biggest Spanish-speaking country
C. foods like beans and chocolate come from Mexico
D. every year, millions of people go to Mexico on business

Passage 6 Food Chain

食物链

All living things on Earth need other living things to live on. Nothing lives alone. Most animals must live in a group, and even a plant grows close together with others of the same kind. Sometimes one living thing kills another. One eats and the other is eaten. Each kind of life eats another kind of life in order to live, and together they form a food chain. Some food chains are simple, while others are not. But all food chains begin with the sun, and all food chains become broken up if one of the links disappears.



All life needs sunlight to live on. But only plants can use sunlight directly. Plants are “factories”. They make food from sunlight, water and things in the soil and air.

Plants feed all other living things. Animals can only use the sun's energy after it has been changed into food by plants. Some animals feed directly on plants, and others eat smaller animals. Meat-eating animals only eat plants indirectly.

What about human beings? We are members of many food chains. We eat wheat,

rice, vegetables, fruits and so on. We also eat meat and drink milk. But men often break up the food chains. They kill wild animals. They also make rivers, lakes and seas dirty. When these rivers, lakes and seas are polluted, the fish in them cannot be eaten. If men eat the fish, they will get strange diseases.

Each form of life is linked to all others. Breaking the links puts all life in danger.

根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

- How does every living thing on Earth live?
 - Each plant can live alone.
 - Each animal can live alone.
 - If living things want to live, they must kill each other.
 - Every living thing on earth cannot live without others.
- What does the underlined phrase "broken up" mean in Chinese?
 - 分手
 - 驱散
 - 打断
 - 散开
- Which living things can use the sun's energy directly?
 - Animals.
 - Plants.
 - Both animals and plants.
 - All living things.
- Plants make food from _____.
 - water, sunlight and the soil
 - water and things in the soil and air
 - water, sunlight and things in the soil
 - sunlight, water and things in the soil and air
- Who often breaks up the food chains?
 - Human beings.
 - Animals.
 - Plants and animals.
 - Men and wild animals.

Passage 7

Face to Face with a Witch

与“女巫”面对面

My legs were too short to reach the floor from up there on the big chair. I was so afraid, and they started to tremble(颤抖).

It was the first time I had been to the principal's office(校长办公室). And I knew what she was going to ask me.

Why had I been running on the concrete(水泥) in the playground? Why hadn't I followed the school rules?

The principal's secretary(秘书) was sitting at her desk. She kept asking me questions like whether I liked school and what grade I was in. I didn't want to talk to her, so I just gave one-word answers.

Then she asked what my dad did. But I didn't really know what he did, so I made something up. "He plays basketball—for the Boston Celtics(波士顿凯尔特人队)," I said.

The secretary just looked at me and said nothing more. Just then, the door of the principal's office opened. There she was, the woman that everyone called "the witch".

Was she really that bad? I was surprised to see her office walls were bright yellow, and there were some nice pictures on the desk.

She told me about the pictures. I was surprised that she had a family and a kid, just like me.

Then she asked how my family was. It turned out she had known me since I was only a few weeks old. I was happy to hear that. If she knew my mum, then I wouldn't get in much trouble.

She cleaned the cut on my knee and told me to be more careful. She also told me about the rules of the playground. But she didn't punish or shout at me. And I forgot all the bad things I had heard about "the witch". I had met her, and I knew she was nice.

根据短文内容,选择正确选项。

1 Why was the writer afraid to see the principal?

- A. The principal had known his mother before.
- B. He didn't see the principal before.
- C. He played on the playground.
- D. He broke the school rules.

2 What did the writer's father do?

- A. He was a basketball player.
- B. He was a secretary.
- C. He was the principal's friend.
- D. We don't know.

3 Which of the following is not true?

- A. The writer did not know the school rules at all.
- B. The principal was very kind and nice.
- C. The principal had known the writer before.
- D. The writer liked the principal at last.